

NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 16, 2011

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q

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(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 0-18649

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The National Security Group, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

63-1020300  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

661 East Davis Street  
Elba, Alabama  
(Address of principal executive offices)

36323  
(Zip-Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number including Area Code (334) 897-2273

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Act). (Check One) :  Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of May 16, 2011, there were 2,466,600 shares, \$1.00 par value, of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC

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CERTIFICATIONS



Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Any statement contained in this report which is not a historical fact, or which might otherwise be considered an opinion or projection concerning the Company or its business, whether expressed or implied, is meant as and should be considered a forward-looking statement as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The following report contains forward-looking statements that are not strictly historical and that involve risks and uncertainties. Such statements include any statements containing the words “expect,” “plan,” “estimate,” “anticipate” or other words of a similar nature. Management cautions investors about forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve certain evaluation criteria, such as risks, uncertainties, estimates, and/or assumptions made by individuals informed of the Company and industries in which we operate. Any variation in the preceding evaluation criteria could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, the following:

- § The insurance industry is highly competitive and the Company encounters significant competition in all lines of business from other insurance companies. Many of the competing companies have more abundant financial resources than the Company.
- § Insurance is a highly regulated industry. It is possible that legislation may be enacted which would have an adverse effect on the Company’s business.
- § The Company is subject to regulation by state governments for each of the states in which it conducts business. The Company cannot predict the subject of any future regulatory initiative(s) or its (their) impact on the Company’s business.
- § The Company is rated by various insurance rating agencies. If a rating is downgraded from its current level by one of these agencies, sales of the Company’s products and stock could be adversely impacted.
- § The Company’s financial results are adversely affected by increases in policy claims received by the Company. While a manageable risk, this fluctuation is often unpredictable.
- § The Company’s investments are subject to a variety of risks. Investments are subject to defaults and changes in market value. Market value can be affected by changes in interest rates, market performance and the economy.
- § The Company mitigates risk associated with life policies through implementing effective underwriting and reinsurance strategies. These factors mitigate, not eliminate, risk related to mortality and morbidity exposure. The Company has established reserves for claims and future policy benefits based on amounts determined by independent actuaries. There is no assurance that these estimated reserves will prove to be sufficient or that the Company will not incur claims exceeding reserves, which could result in operating losses.
- § The Company mitigates risk associated with property and casualty policies through implementing effective underwriting and reinsurance strategies. The Company obtains reinsurance which increases underwriting capacity and limits the risk associated with policy claims. The Company is subject to credit risk with regard to reinsurers as reinsurance does not alleviate the Company’s liability to its insured’s for the ceded risks. The Company utilizes a third-party to develop a reinsurance treaty with reinsurers who are reliable and financially stable. However, there is no guarantee that booked reinsurance recoverable will actually be recovered. A reinsurer’s insolvency or inability to make payments due could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of the Company.
- § The Company’s ability to continue to pay dividends to shareholders is contingent upon profitability and capital adequacy of the insurance subsidiaries. The insurance subsidiaries operate under regulatory restrictions that could

limit the ability to fund future dividend payments of the Company. An adverse event or series of events could materially impact the ability of the insurance subsidiaries to fund future dividends and consequently the Board of Directors would have to suspend the declaration of dividends to shareholders.

§ The Company is subject to the risk of adverse settlements or judgments resulting from litigation of contested claims. It is difficult to predict or quantify the expected results of litigation because the outcome depends on decisions of the court and jury that are based on facts and legal arguments presented at the trial.

## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

|   | March 31,<br>2011 | December 31,<br>2010 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| (unaudited)   |                   |                      |
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                   |                      |
| Investments   |                   |                      |
| Fixed maturities held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (estimated fair value: 2011 - \$4,501; 2010 - \$5,144) | \$ 4,352          | \$ 4,959             |
| Fixed maturities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (cost: 2011 - \$76,683; 2010 - \$77,119)       | 77,420            | 78,468               |
| Equity securities available-for-sale, at estimated fair value (cost: 2011 - \$5,211; 2010 - \$5,478)        | 9,091             | 9,047                |
| Trading securities  | 838               | 705                  |
| Receivable for securities sold  | 125               | -                    |
| Mortgage loans on real estate, at cost  | 395               | 935                  |
| Investment real estate, at book value   | 5,579             | 5,010                |
| Policy loans  | 1,149             | 1,123                |
| Company owned life insurance  | 5,583             | 5,520                |
| Other invested assets   | 3,898             | 3,915                |
| <b>Total Investments</b>  | <b>108,430</b>    | <b>109,682</b>       |
| Cash  | 3,266             | 1,572                |
| Accrued investment income   | 826               | 823                  |
| Policy receivables and agents' balances   | 9,421             | 9,531                |
| Reinsurance recoverable   | 1,637             | 1,699                |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs   | 10,220            | 10,189               |
| Property and equipment, net   | 2,356             | 2,437                |
| Other assets  | 1,116             | 934                  |
| <b>Total Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 137,272</b> | <b>\$ 136,867</b>    |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                   |                      |
| Property and casualty benefit and loss reserves   | \$ 13,372         | \$ 13,184            |

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|  |                   |                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Accident and health benefit and loss reserves  | 1,893             | 1,881             |
| Life and annuity benefit and loss reserves   | 29,249            | 28,897            |
| Unearned premiums  | 26,365            | 26,433            |
| Policy and contract claims   | 600               | 611               |
| Other policyholder funds   | 1,368             | 1,351             |
| Short-term notes payable   | -                 | 500               |
| Long-term debt   | 12,372            | 12,372            |
| Accrued income taxes   | 238               | 127               |
| Deferred income tax liability  | 1,065             | 1,043             |
| Other liabilities  | 6,547             | 6,758             |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>   | <b>93,069</b>     | <b>93,157</b>     |
| Contingencies  | -                 | -                 |
| <b>Shareholders' Equity</b>  |                   |                   |
| Preferred stock, \$1 par value, 500,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding        | -                 | -                 |
| Class A common stock, \$1 par value, 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding | -                 | -                 |
| Common stock, \$1 par value, 3,000,000 authorized, 2,466,600 shares issued and outstanding   | 2,467             | 2,467             |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 4,951             | 4,951             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income   | 2,890             | 3,022             |
| Retained earnings  | 33,895            | 33,270            |
| <b>Total Shareholders' Equity</b>  | <b>44,203</b>     | <b>43,710</b>     |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>  | <b>\$ 137,272</b> | <b>\$ 136,867</b> |

The Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.



## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

|  | Three Months   |                 |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
|  | Ended March 31 |                 |
|  | 2011           | 2010            |
| <b>REVENUES</b>                        |                |                 |
| Net premiums earned                    | \$ 14,870      | \$ 15,038       |
| Net investment income                  | 1,142          | 1,326           |
| Net realized investment gains          | 770            | 669             |
| Other income                           | 255            | 299             |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                  | <b>17,037</b>  | <b>17,332</b>   |
| <b>EXPENSES</b>                        |                |                 |
| Policyholder benefits paid or provided | 9,322          | 8,473           |
| Policy acquisition costs               | 2,924          | 2,748           |
| General expenses                       | 2,563          | 2,585           |
| Taxes, licenses and fees               | 480            | 487             |
| Interest expense                       | 285            | 258             |
| <b>Total Expenses</b>                  | <b>15,574</b>  | <b>14,551</b>   |
| <b>Income Before Income Taxes</b>      | <b>1,463</b>   | <b>2,781</b>    |
| <b>INCOME TAX EXPENSE</b>              |                |                 |
| Current                                | 350            | 602             |
| Deferred                               | 118            | 285             |
|  | 468            | 887             |
| <b>Net Income</b>                      | <b>\$ 995</b>  | <b>\$ 1,894</b> |
| <b>EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE</b>       |                |                 |
|  | \$ 0.40        | \$ 0.77         |
| <b>DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE</b>    |                |                 |
|  | \$ 0.150       | \$ 0.150        |

The Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

|  | Accumulated |                   |                            |              |                            |
|--|-------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
|  | Total       | Retained Earnings | Other Comprehensive Income | Common Stock | Additional Paid-in Capital |
| Balance at December 31, 2010   | \$ 43,710   | \$ 33,270         | \$ 3,022                   | \$ 2,467     | \$ 4,951                   |
| Comprehensive Income   |             |                   |                            |              |                            |
| Net income three months ended 3/31/2011                                    | 995         | 995               |                            |              |                            |
| Other comprehensive income (net of tax)                                    |             |                   |                            |              |                            |
| Unrealized loss on securities, net of reclassification adjustment of \$508 | (180 )      |                   | (180 )                     |              |                            |
| Unrealized gain on interest rate swap                                      | 48          |                   | 48                         |              |                            |
| Total Comprehensive Income   | 863         |                   |                            |              |                            |
| Cash dividends   | (370 )      | (370 )            |                            |              |                            |
| Balance at March 31, 2011 (Unaudited)                                      | \$ 44,203   | \$ 33,895         | \$ 2,890                   | \$ 2,467     | \$ 4,951                   |

The Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.



## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)  
(In thousands)

|  | Three Months    |           |
|--|-----------------|-----------|
|  | Ended March 31, |           |
|  | 2011            | 2010      |
| <b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>  |                 |           |
| Net income   | \$ 995          | \$ 1,894  |
| Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities: |                 |           |
| Change in receivable for securities sold   | (125 )          | (73 )     |
| Change in accrued investment income  | (3 )            | (60 )     |
| Change in reinsurance recoverable  | 62              | 113       |
| Change in deferred policy acquisition costs  | (31 )           | (273 )    |
| Change in accrued income taxes   | 111             | 452       |
| Change in deferred income taxes  | 118             | 285       |
| Depreciation expense   | 93              | 74        |
| Change in policy liabilities and claims  | 583             | (458 )    |
| Other, net   | (1,122 )        | (1,236 )  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities  | 681             | 718       |
| <b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>  |                 |           |
| Cost of investments acquired   | (8,172 )        | (13,372 ) |
| Sale and maturity of investments   | 10,050          | 10,411    |
| Purchase of property and equipment   | (12 )           | (17 )     |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities  | 1,866           | (2,978 )  |
| <b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>  |                 |           |
| Change in other policyholder funds   | 17              | 6         |
| Change in short-term notes payable   | (500 )          | -         |
| Dividends paid   | (370 )          | (370 )    |
| Net cash used in financing activities  | (853 )          | (364 )    |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents  | 1,694           | (2,624 )  |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period   | 1,572           | 4,686     |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period   | \$ 3,266        | \$ 2,062  |

The Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The National Security Group, Inc. (the Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: National Security Insurance Company (NSIC), National Security Fire and Casualty Company (NSFC) and NATSCO, Inc. (NATSCO). NSFC includes a wholly-owned subsidiary - Omega One Insurance Company (Omega). The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. The financial information presented herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, which includes information and disclosures not presented herein.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Among the more significant estimates included in these financial statements are reserves for future policy benefits, liabilities for losses and loss adjustment expenses, reinsurance recoverable asset on associated loss and loss adjustment expense liabilities, deferred policy acquisition costs, deferred income tax assets and liabilities, assessments of other than temporary impairments on investments and accruals for contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

##### Intangibles-Goodwill and Other

Effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010, the FASB revised guidance related to goodwill impairment testing. The revised guidance clarifies that when evaluating goodwill associated with a reporting unit that has a zero or negative carrying value, an initial determination should be made as to whether it is more likely than not that the goodwill is impaired. When impairment is more likely than not, the goodwill is required to be tested for impairment. We adopted the guidance on January 1, 2011. Adoption did not have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

##### Fair Value Measurements

Effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010, the FASB revised guidance to require additional disclosure about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. We adopted the guidance on January 1, 2011; adoption did not have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

##### Accounting Changes Not Yet Adopted

##### Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts

Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, the FASB revised guidance regarding the interpretation of which costs relating to the acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts qualify for deferral. The guidance permits deferral of qualifying costs associated only with successful contract acquisitions. The portion of internal selling agent and underwriter salary and benefit costs allocated to unsuccessful contracts, as well as advertising costs, are excluded. The guidance should be applied prospectively, but may be applied retrospectively for all prior periods. We are currently evaluating the impact of this revised guidance. However, we do not expect a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.



THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.  
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
 (Continued)

NOTE 2 – REINSURANCE

In the normal course of business, NSFC seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from catastrophes or other events that cause unfavorable underwriting results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with other insurance enterprises or reinsurers. NSFC maintains a catastrophe reinsurance agreement to cover losses from catastrophic events, primarily hurricanes.

Under the catastrophe reinsurance program, the Company retains the first \$3.5 million in losses from each event. Reinsurance is maintained in four layers as follows:

| Layer        | Reinsurers' Limits of Liability                |
|--------------|--|
| First Layer  | 95% of \$6,500,000 in excess of \$3,500,000    |
| Second Layer | 95% of \$7,500,000 in excess of \$10,000,000   |
| Third Layer  | 100% of \$25,000,000 in excess of \$17,500,000 |
| Fourth Layer | 100% of \$30,000,000 in excess of \$42,500,000 |

Layers 1-4 cover events occurring from January 1-December 31 of the contract year. All significant reinsurers under the program carry A.M. Best ratings of A- (Excellent) or higher, or equivalent ratings.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the claim liability associated with the reinsured policy. Amounts paid for prospective reinsurance contracts are reported as prepaid reinsurance premiums and amortized over the remaining contract period.

In the normal course of business, NSIC seeks to limit its exposure to loss on any single insured and to recover a portion of benefits paid by ceding reinsurance to other insurance enterprises or reinsurers under excess coverage contracts. NSIC retains a maximum of \$50,000 of coverage per individual life. The cost of reinsurance is amortized over the contract period of the reinsurance.

NOTE 3 – CALCULATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share were based on net income divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding. The weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period ending March 31, 2011 and 2010 were 2,466,600.

NOTE 4 – CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were no changes in shareholders' equity except for net income of \$995,000 and \$1,894,000, respectively; dividends paid of \$370,000 in 2011 and 2010; changes in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of applicable taxes of \$(132,000) and 743,000, respectively. Other comprehensive income consists of accumulated unrealized gains and losses on securities and unrealized gains and losses on interest rate swaps.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Continued)

## NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost and aggregate fair values of investments in securities are as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands)                           |           |            |            |           |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| March 31, 2011                                   |           |            |            |           |
|  | Amortized | Gross      | Gross      | Fair      |
|  | Cost      | Unrealized | Unrealized | Value     |
|  |           | Gains      | Losses     |           |
| Available-for-sale securities:                   |           |            |            |           |
| Corporate debt securities                        | \$ 19,747 | \$ 1,197   | \$ 67      | \$ 20,877 |
| Mortgage backed securities                       | 6,799     | 220        | 125        | 6,894     |
| Private label mortgage backed securities         | 12,261    | 155        | 283        | 12,133    |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 19,434    | 194        | 718        | 18,910    |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of      |           |            |            |           |
| U.S. Government corporations and agencies        | 18,442    | 388        | 224        | 18,606    |
| Total fixed maturities                           | 76,683    | 2,154      | 1,417      | 77,420    |
| Equity securities                                | 5,211     | 4,340      | 460        | 9,091     |
|  |           |            |            |           |
| Total \$   | 81,894    | \$ 6,494   | \$ 1,877   | \$ 86,511 |
| Held-to-maturity securities:                     |           |            |            |           |
| Corporate debt securities                        | \$ -      | \$ -       | \$ -       | \$ -      |
| Mortgage backed securities                       | 2,443     | 120        | 13         | 2,550     |
| Private label mortgage backed securities         | 96        | 3          | -          | 99        |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 1,489     | 32         | 14         | 1,507     |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of      |           |            |            |           |
| U.S. Government corporations and agencies        | 324       | 21         | -          | 345       |
|  |           |            |            |           |
| Total \$   | 4,352     | \$ 176     | \$ 27      | \$ 4,501  |



## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

| (Dollars in thousands)  |           |            |            |           |
|---|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| December 31, 2010   |           |            |            |           |
|   | Amortized | Gross      | Gross      | Fair      |
|   | Cost      | Unrealized | Unrealized | Value     |
|   |           | Gains      | Losses     |           |
| Available-for-sale securities:  |           |            |            |           |
| Corporate debt securities   | \$ 22,405 | \$ 1,666   | \$ 119     | \$ 23,952 |
| Mortgage backed securities  | 7,053     | 326        | 104        | 7,275     |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | 13,313    | 200        | 407        | 13,106    |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions                                      | 18,902    | 252        | 739        | 18,415    |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations and agencies | 15,446    | 446        | 172        | 15,720    |
| Total fixed maturities  | 77,119    | 2,890      | 1,541      | 78,468    |
| Equity securities   | 5,478     | 4,014      | 445        | 9,047     |
| Total   | \$ 82,597 | \$ 6,904   | \$ 1,986   | \$ 87,515 |
| Held-to-maturity securities:  |           |            |            |           |
| Mortgage backed securities  | \$ 2,669  | \$ 126     | \$ 1       | \$ 2,794  |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | 118       | 4          | -          | 122       |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions                                      | 1,837     | 48         | 12         | 1,873     |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations and agencies | 335       | 20         | -          | 355       |
| Total   | \$ 4,959  | \$ 198     | \$ 13      | \$ 5,144  |

The amortized cost and aggregate fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are as follows. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

| (Dollars in Thousands)                 |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
|  | Amortized | Fair      |
| Available-for-sale securities:         | Cost      | Value     |
| Due in one year or less                | \$ 952    | \$ 989    |
| Due after one year through five years  | 12,610    | 13,278    |
| Due after five years through ten years | 23,892    | 24,857    |
| Due after ten years                    | 39,229    | 38,296    |
| Total                                  | \$ 76,683 | \$ 77,420 |
| <br>                                   |           |           |
| Held-to-maturity securities:           |           |           |
| Due in one year or less                | \$ 500    | \$ 500    |
| Due after one year through five years  | 300       | 307       |
| Due after five years through ten years | 1,342     | 1,417     |
| Due after ten years                    | 2,210     | 2,277     |
| Total                                  | \$ 4,352  | \$ 4,501  |

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

A summary of securities available-for-sale with unrealized losses as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 along with the related fair value, aggregated by the length of time that investments have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, is as follows:

|   | (Dollars in thousands) |                   |                     |                   |            |                   | March 31, 2011                      |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
|   | Less than 12 months    |                   | 12 months or longer |                   | Total      |                   | Total Securities in a Loss Position |
|   | Gross                  |                   | Gross               |                   | Gross      |                   |                                     |
|   | Fair Value             | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |                                     |
| Fixed maturities  |                        |                   |                     |                   |            |                   |                                     |
| Corporate debt securities   | \$980                  | \$17              | \$1,707             | \$50              | \$2,687    | \$67              | 6                                   |
| Mortgage backed securities  | 993                    | 34                | 1,409               | 91                | 2,402      | 125               | 7                                   |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | 578                    | 1                 | 2,319               | 282               | 2,897      | 283               | 9                                   |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions                                       | 1,638                  | 20                | 9,126               | 698               | 10,764     | 718               | 37                                  |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies | 5,002                  | 29                | 3,997               | 195               | 8,999      | 224               | 19                                  |
| Equity securities   | 405                    | 27                | 767                 | 433               | 1,172      | 460               | 5                                   |
|   | \$9,596                | \$128             | \$19,325            | \$1,749           | \$28,921   | \$1,877           | 83                                  |

|                   | (Dollars in thousands) |                   |                     |                   |            |                   | December 31, 2010                   |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                   | Less than 12 months    |                   | 12 months or longer |                   | Total      |                   | Total Securities in a Loss Position |
|                   | Gross                  |                   | Gross               |                   | Gross      |                   |                                     |
|                   | Fair Value             | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |                                     |
| Fixed maturities: | \$4,504                | \$112             | \$250               | \$7               | \$4,754    | \$119             | 11                                  |

|   |          |         |         |       |          |         |    |
|---|----------|---------|---------|-------|----------|---------|----|
| Corporate debt securities   |          |         |         |       |          |         |    |
| Mortgage backed securities  | 1,909    | 104     | -       | -     | 1,909    | 104     | 8  |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | 2,463    | 46      | 3,591   | 361   | 6,054    | 407     | 12 |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions                                       | 8,216    | 612     | 1,304   | 127   | 9,520    | 739     | 34 |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies | 4,020    | 172     | -       | -     | 4,020    | 172     | 9  |
| Equity securities   | 264      | 10      | 903     | 435   | 1,167    | 445     | 3  |
|   | \$21,376 | \$1,056 | \$6,048 | \$930 | \$27,424 | \$1,986 | 77 |



## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
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A summary of securities held-to-maturity with unrealized losses as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 along with the related fair value, aggregated by the length of time that investments have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, is as follows:

|   | (Dollars in thousands) |                   |                     |                   |            |                   | March 31, 2011                      |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
|   | Less than 12 months    |                   | 12 months or longer |                   | Total      |                   | Total Securities in a Loss Position |
|   | Gross                  |                   | Gross               |                   | Gross      |                   |                                     |
|   | Fair Value             | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |                                     |
| Fixed maturities  |                        |                   |                     |                   |            |                   |                                     |
| Corporate   | \$-                    | \$-               | \$-                 | \$-               | \$-        | \$-               | -                                   |
| Mortgage backed securities  | -                      | -                 | 319                 | 13                | 319        | 13                | 1                                   |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | -                      | -                 | -                   | -                 | -          | -                 | -                                   |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions                                       | -                      | -                 | 161                 | 14                | 161        | 14                | 1                                   |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies | -                      | -                 | -                   | -                 | -          | -                 | -                                   |
| Equity securities   | -                      | -                 | -                   | -                 | -          | -                 | -                                   |
|   | \$-                    | \$-               | \$480               | \$27              | \$480      | \$27              | 2                                   |

|                           | (Dollars in thousands) |                   |                     |                   |            |                   | December 31, 2010                   |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | Less than 12 months    |                   | 12 months or longer |                   | Total      |                   | Total Securities in a Loss Position |
|                           | Gross                  |                   | Gross               |                   | Gross      |                   |                                     |
|                           | Fair Value             | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |                                     |
| Fixed maturities:         |                        |                   |                     |                   |            |                   |                                     |
| Corporate debt securities | \$-                    | \$-               | \$-                 | \$-               | \$-        | \$-               | -                                   |

|   |       |      |     |     |       |      |   |
|---|-------|------|-----|-----|-------|------|---|
| Mortgage backed securities  | 331   | 1    | -   | -   | 331   | 1    | 1 |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | -     | -    | -   | -   | -     | -    | - |
| Obligations of state and political subdivisions                                       | 161   | 12   | -   | -   | 161   | 12   | 1 |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies | -     | -    | -   | -   | -     | -    | - |
|   | \$492 | \$13 | \$- | \$- | \$492 | \$13 | 2 |

According to the most recent accounting guidance, for securities in an unrealized loss position, the Company is required to assess whether the Company has the intent to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before the anticipated recovery. If either of these conditions is met, the Company is required to recognize an other-than-temporary impairment with the entire unrealized loss reported in earnings. For securities in an unrealized loss position that do not meet these conditions, the Company assesses whether the impairment of a security is other-than-temporary. If the impairment is determined to be other-than-temporary, the Company is required to separate the other-than-temporary impairments into two components: the amount representing the credit loss and the amount related to all other factors. The credit loss is the portion of the amortized book value in excess of the net present value of the projected future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate implicit in the debt security prior to impairment. The credit loss component of other-than-temporary impairments is reported in earnings, whereas the amount relating to factors other than credit losses are recorded in other comprehensive income, net of taxes.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Continued)

Management has evaluated each security in a significant unrealized loss position. For the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the Company realized no additional other-than-temporary impairments. The single largest accumulated loss at March 31, 2011 was in the equity portfolio and totaled \$355,000. The second largest loss position was in the bond portfolio and totaled \$178,000. The third largest loss position was in the bond portfolio and totaled \$102,000. Most unrealized losses in the fixed income portfolio are interest rate driven as opposed to credit quality driven and management believes no ultimate loss will be realized. The Company has no material exposure to sub-prime mortgage loans and less than 3% of the fixed income investment portfolio is rated below investment grade. In evaluating whether or not the equity loss positions were other-than-temporary impairments, Management evaluated financial information on each company and where available reviewed analyst reports from at least two independent sources. Based on a review of the available financial information, the prospect for future earnings of each company and consideration of the Company's intent and ability to hold the securities until market values recovered, it was determined that the remaining securities in an accumulated loss position in the portfolio were temporary impairments.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company realized no other than temporary impairments. The single largest accumulated loss was in the equity portfolio and totaled \$360,000. The second largest loss position was in the bond portfolio and totaled \$185,000. The third largest loss position was in the equity portfolio and totaled \$83,000. Most unrealized losses in the fixed income portfolio are interest rate driven as opposed to credit quality driven, and management believes no ultimate loss will be realized. The Company has no material exposure to sub-prime mortgage loans and less than 4% of the fixed income investment portfolio is rated below investment grade.

An analysis of the net change in unrealized appreciation on available-for-sale securities follows:

|  | (Dollars in thousands) |                      |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|
|  | March 31<br>,2011      | December<br>31, 2010 |
|  | (unaudited)            |                      |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on available-for-sale securities before deferred tax | \$ (301 )              | \$ 1,261             |
| Deferred income tax  | 121                    | (414 )               |
| Net change in unrealized appreciation on available-for-sale securities                     | \$ (180 )              | \$ 847               |

## NOTE 6 – INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes tax-related interest and penalties as a component of tax expense. The Company incurred no interest or penalties as of both March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. The Company is not subject to examinations by authorities related to its U.S. federal or state income tax filings for years prior to 2007. Tax returns have been filed through the year 2009 with

extensions filed for 2010.

Net deferred tax liabilities are determined based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities given the provisions of the enacted tax laws. Management believes that, based on its historical pattern of taxable income, the Company will produce sufficient income in the future to realize its deferred tax assets. The Company recognized net deferred tax liability positions of \$1,065,000 at March 31, 2011 and \$1,043,000 at December 31, 2010.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

The tax effect of significant differences representing deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | March 31,<br>2011 | December 31,<br>2010 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| General insurance expenses                           | \$ 1,450          | \$ 1,442             |
| Unearned premiums                                    | 1,791             | 1,795                |
| Claims liabilities                                   | 305               | 301                  |
| Trading securities                                   | 7                 | 17                   |
| Other than temporary impairments on securities owned | 149               | 115                  |
| Unrealized loss on interest rate swaps               | 52                | 77                   |
| Deferred tax assets                                  | \$ 3,754          | \$ 3,747             |
| Depreciation   | \$ (162 )         | \$ (171 )            |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs                    | (3,032 )          | (2,874 )             |
| Unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale    | (1,625 )          | (1,745 )             |
| Deferred tax liabilities                             | \$ (4,819 )       | \$ (4,790 )          |
| Net deferred tax liability                           | \$ (1,065 )       | \$ (1,043 )          |

The appropriate income tax effects of changes in temporary differences are as follows (dollars in thousands):

|                                   | Quarter ended March 31, |        |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
|                                   | 2011                    | 2010   |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs | \$ 158                  | \$ 240 |
| Other-than-temporary-impairments  | (34 )                   | 19     |
| Trading securities                | 10                      | -      |
| Unearned premiums                 | 4                       | (35 )  |
| General insurance expenses        | (8 )                    | 55     |
| Depreciation                      | (9 )                    | (4 )   |
| Claim liabilities                 | (4 )                    | 10     |
|                                   | \$ 118                  | \$ 285 |

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

Total income tax expense varies from amounts computed by applying current federal income tax rates to income before income taxes. The reason for these differences and the approximate tax effects are as follows:

|  | (Dollars in thousands)  |        |
|--|-------------------------|--------|
|  | Quarter ended March 31, |        |
|  | 2011                    | 2010   |
| Federal income tax rate applied to pre-tax income    | \$ 497                  | \$ 946 |
| Dividends received deduction and tax-exempt interest | (50 )                   | (55 )  |
| Company owned life insurance                         | (22 )                   | (30 )  |
| Small life deduction                                 | (110 )                  | (97 )  |
| Other, net   | 153                     | 123    |
| Federal income tax expense                           | \$ 468                  | \$ 887 |

## NOTE 7 –LONG-TERM DEBT

Short-term notes payable consisted of the following as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

|   | (Dollars in thousands) |        |
|---|------------------------|--------|
|   | 2011                   | 2010   |
| Line of credit with variable interest rate equal to the WSJ prime rate, currently 5.0%. Interest payments due quarterly. Unsecured. | \$ -                   | \$ 500 |

Long-term debt consisted of the following as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

|  | (Dollars in thousands) |          |
|--|------------------------|----------|
|  | 2011                   | 2010     |
| Subordinated debentures issued on December 15, 2005 with fixed interest rate of 8.83% each distribution period thereafter until December 15, 2015 when the coupon rate shall equal the 3-month LIBOR | \$ 9,279               | \$ 9,279 |

plus 3.75% applied to the outstanding principal; maturity December 2035. Interest payments due quarterly. All may be redeemed at any time following the tenth anniversary of issuance. Unsecured.

Subordinated debentures issued on June 21, 2007 with a floating interest rate equal to the 3 Month LIBOR plus 3.40% applied to the outstanding principal; maturity June 15, 2037. Interest payments due quarterly. All may be redeemed at any time following the fifth anniversary of issuance. Unsecured.

|  |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
|  | 3,093     | 3,093     |
|  | \$ 12,372 | \$ 12,372 |

THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

The \$9,279,000 of subordinated debentures is due in 2035 and \$3,093,000 of subordinated debentures is due in 2037.

The subordinated debentures (debentures) have the same maturities and other applicable terms and features as the associated trust preferred securities (TPS). Payment of interest may be deferred for up to 20 consecutive quarters; however, stockholder dividends cannot be paid during any extended interest payment period or any time the debentures are in default. All have stated maturities of thirty years. None of the securities require the Company to maintain minimum financial covenants. The Company has guaranteed that amounts paid to the Trusts will be remitted to the holders of the associated TPS. This guarantee, when taken together with the obligations of the Company under the debentures, the Indentures pursuant to which the debentures were issued, and the related trust agreement (including obligations to pay related trust fees, expenses, debt and other obligations with respect to the TPS), provides a full and unconditional guarantee of amounts due the Trusts. The amount guaranteed is not expected to at any time exceed the obligations of the TPS, and no additional liability has been recorded related to the guarantee.

On September 13, 2007, the Company entered into a 5 year swap effective September 17, 2007 with a notional amount of \$3,000,000 and designated the swap as a hedge against changes in cash flows attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate (LIBOR) associated with the subordinated debentures issued on June 21, 2007. Commencing December 17, 2007, under the terms of the swap, the Company will receive interest at the three-month LIBOR rate plus 3.4% and pay interest at the fixed rate of 8.34%.

On March 19, 2009, the Company entered into a forward swap effective September 17, 2012, which will also hedge against changes in cash flows following the termination of the 5 year swap agreement discussed previously. Commencing September 17, 2012, under the terms of the forward swap, the Company will receive interest at the three-month LIBOR rate plus 3.4% and pay interest at the fixed rate of 7.02%. This forward swap will effectively fix the interest rate on \$3,000,000 in debt until September of 2019.

On May 26, 2010, the Company entered into a forward swap with a notional amount of \$9,000,000 effective December 15, 2015, which will hedge against changes in cash flows following the termination of the fixed rate period. Quarterly, commencing March 16, 2016 under the terms of the forward swap, the Company will pay interest at a fixed rate of 8.49% until March 15, 2020.

The swaps entered into in 2007, 2009 and 2010 have fair values of \$167,000 (liability), \$19,000 (asset) and \$6,000 (liability), respectively, for a net liability of \$154,000 at March 31, 2011 (\$227,000 at December 31, 2010). The swap liability is reported as a component of other liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. A net valuation gain of \$48,000 is included in accumulated other comprehensive income related to the swap agreements for the current period. A net valuation loss of \$90,000 was included in accumulated other comprehensive income related to the swap at December 31, 2010.

We use dollar offset at the hedge's inception and for each reporting period thereafter to assess whether the derivative used in a hedging transaction is expected to be, and has been, effective in offsetting changes in the fair value of the hedged item. Since inception no portion of the hedged item has been deemed ineffective. For all hedges, we discontinue hedge accounting if it is determined that a derivative is not expected to be, or has ceased to be, effective as a hedge.



The Company's interest rate swaps include provisions requiring the Company to post collateral when the derivative is in a net liability position. The Company has securities on deposit with fair market values of \$822,000 (\$660,000 of which is posted as collateral) (\$660,000 at December 31, 2010). See Note 9 for additional information about the interest rate swaps.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

In December of 2010, the Company renewed an unsecured line of credit for \$700,000, with an interest rate of 5%, to be made available for general corporate purposes. No funds were drawn on this line at March 31, 2011 and \$500,000 was drawn on this line at December 31, 2010.

NOTE 8 – CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Company and its subsidiaries continue to be named individually as parties to litigation related to the conduct of their insurance operations. These suits involve alleged breaches of contracts, torts, including bad faith and fraud claims based on alleged wrongful or fraudulent acts of agents of the Company's subsidiaries, and miscellaneous other causes of action. Most of these lawsuits include claims for punitive damages in addition to other specified relief.

The Company's property & casualty subsidiaries are defending a number of matters filed in the aftermath of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama. These actions include individual lawsuits and purported statewide class action lawsuits, although to date no class has been certified in any action. These actions make a number of allegations of underpayment of hurricane-related claims, including allegations that the flood exclusion found in the Company's subsidiaries' policies, and in certain actions other insurance companies' policies, is either ambiguous, unenforceable as unconscionable or contrary to public policy, or inapplicable to the damage sustained. The various suits seek a variety of remedies, including actual and/or punitive damages in unspecified amounts and/or declaratory relief. All of these matters are in various stages of development and the Company's subsidiaries intend to vigorously defend them. The outcome of these disputes is currently uncertain.

The Company has been sued in a putative class action in the State of Alabama. The Plaintiff alleges entitlement to, but did not receive, payment for general contractor overhead and profit ("GCOP") in the proceeds received from the Company concerning the repair of the Plaintiff's home. Plaintiff alleges that said failure to include GCOP is a material breach by the Company of the terms of its contract of insurance with Plaintiff and seeks monetary damages in the form of contractual damages. A class certification hearing was held on March 1, 2010 with the trial court taking the Plaintiff's motion for class certification under advisement. On May 10, 2010, the trial court issued its ruling granting Plaintiff's motion to certify the class. The Company filed its Appellant Brief on October 5, 2010. The Company denies Plaintiff's allegations and intends to vigorously defend this lawsuit.

In April 2007, the Company sold substantially all of its 50% interest in its subsidiary, Mobile Attic, Inc. The Company, Peter L. Cash and Russell L. Cash (collectively the "Sellers") sold to Purchaser 61% of the outstanding stock of Mobile Attic under the terms of a Stock Purchase Agreement dated April 5, 2007, executed by Sellers, Mobile Attic and Purchaser's assignor, James W. Bagley (the "Stock Purchase Agreement").

Under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, the Purchaser paid the Company \$2,700,000 for 45% of the total outstanding stock of Mobile Attic and paid the other Sellers \$960,000 for an additional 16% of the total outstanding stock in Mobile Attic, thus obtaining a controlling interest of 61% of the outstanding stock. The Stock Purchase Agreement also required the Purchaser as a condition to the transaction to cause the Company to be released from its guaranty of a bank loan to Mobile Attic having an outstanding principal balance of approximately \$9,400,000. The bank loan was secured by portable storage containers of Mobile Attic. The Sellers made certain warranties to the

Purchaser in the Stock Purchase Agreement regarding the financial condition of Mobile Attic and agreed to jointly and severally indemnify the Purchaser for any damages resulting from a breach of any of the warranties.

On January 9, 2009, Mobile Attic, MA Manufacturing Company, Inc., and Purchaser initiated an action against Peter Cash, Cash Brothers Leasing, Inc., Bridgeville Trailers, Inc., and Barfield, Murphy, Shank & Smith, P.C. in the

NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Continued)

United States District Court for the Middle District of Alabama. In the complaint, Plaintiffs asserted, among other claims, a claim for damages resulting from a breach of certain of the warranties regarding the financial statements of Mobile Attic and other financial information provided by Mobile Attic. Purchaser then notified the Company of its claim for breach of warranty under the Stock Purchase Agreement and requested indemnity from the Company.

The Purchaser has asserted that the Company is jointly and severally liable with the other Sellers (whom the Company believes have limited resources) for all losses suffered by Purchaser as a result of Sellers' misrepresentations. Purchaser claims that the misrepresentations caused Purchaser to purchase the stock of Mobile Attic, Inc. with the result that Sellers should be liable for all of Purchaser's losses resulting from the transaction, which include the value paid for the stock of Mobile Attic, Inc., the losses suffered on the assumption of the bank loan, the operating losses funded by Purchaser after the transaction, and attorneys' fees incurred by Purchaser to enforce its claim for indemnity.

On July 9, 2009, the Company filed a complaint in intervention requesting the Court to find that the Company is not liable for indemnity under the Stock Purchase Agreement, or in the alternative, to award damages to the Company for any loss suffered as a result of the fraudulent actions of Peter Cash and as a result of the negligence of Mobile Attic and its auditors in the preparation of Mobile Attic's financial statements. [Mobile Attic, Inc., MA Manufacturing Company, Inc. and Bagley Family Revocable Trust, plaintiffs, v. Peter L. Cash, Cash Brothers Leasing, Inc., Bridgeville Trailers, Inc., and Barfield, Murphy, Shank & Smith, P.C, defendants, v. The National Security Group, Inc., intervenor plaintiff, v. Peter L. Cash, Barfield, Murphy, Shank & Smith, P.C. and Bagley Family Revocable Trust, intervenor defendants, U.S. District Court, Middle District of Alabama, Eastern Division, Civil Action No. 09-cv-00024.]

On August 13, 2009, the Court granted the Company's motion to intervene. The parties have conducted initial discovery in this action, and at the request of the Court, each party filed an amended complaint on or before August 23, 2010. The Purchaser has asserted counterclaims against the Company for losses incurred as a result of failure to disclose material facts or alleged innocent, negligent or reckless false representations made to induce Purchaser to enter into the Stock Purchase Agreement, breach of the Stock Purchase Agreement and indemnification of Purchaser's losses and damages as a result of the breach of representations and warranties in the Stock Purchase Agreement.

The Company has denied the allegations supporting Purchaser's claims. The financial records of Mobile Attic have been in the possession of Purchaser since Purchaser acquired the stock of Mobile Attic in early 2007 and are only available to the Company through discovery in the litigation. The Company is actively conducting discovery in defense of Purchaser's claims and has requested Purchaser to provide the financial information supporting the allegations made in its complaint. Discovery has not been completed at this time. The Company believes that the Purchaser's claim for damages is unreasonable and excessive even if the Purchaser is able to prove the alleged misrepresentations in Mobile Attic's financial statements. Given the difficulty in obtaining access to the Mobile Attic financial records and the fact that discovery is ongoing, the Company is unable to predict the amount of the ultimate liability that the Company may have if the Purchaser is successful in this litigation. Management has recorded an estimate of aggregate litigation related expenses related to these actions as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and the amounts are included in other liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Company establishes and maintains reserves on contingent liabilities. In many instances, however, it is not feasible to predict the ultimate outcome with any degree of accuracy.

THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
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#### NOTE 9 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Our securities available-for-sale consists of fixed maturity and equity securities which are recorded at fair value in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The change in the fair value of these investments, unless deemed to be other than temporarily impaired, is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income.

We are permitted to elect to measure financial instruments and certain other items at fair value, with the change in fair value recorded in earnings. We elected not to measure any eligible items using the fair value option.

Accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, and establishes a framework to make the measurement of fair value more consistent and comparable. In determining fair value, we primarily use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets.

The Company categorizes assets and liabilities carried at their fair value based upon a fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 1 assets and liabilities consist of money market fund deposits and certain of our marketable debt and equity instruments, including equity instruments offsetting deferred compensation, that are traded in an active market with sufficient volume and frequency of transactions.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 2 assets include certain of our marketable debt and equity instruments with quoted market prices that are traded in less active markets or priced using a quoted market price for similar instruments. Level 2 assets also include marketable equity instruments with security-specific restrictions that would transfer to the buyer, marketable debt instruments priced using indicator prices which represent non-binding market consensus prices that can be corroborated by observable market quotes, as well as derivative contracts and debt instruments priced using inputs that are observable in the market or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data. Marketable debt instruments in this category generally include commercial paper, bank time deposits, repurchase agreements for fixed-income instruments, and a majority of floating-rate notes, corporate bonds, and municipal bonds.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of fair value of assets or liabilities.

Level 3 assets and liabilities include marketable debt instruments, non-marketable equity investments, derivative contracts, and company issued debt whose values are determined using inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the values of the instruments being measured. Level 3 assets also include marketable debt instruments

that are priced using indicator prices that we were unable to corroborate with observable market quotes.

Marketable debt instruments in this category generally include asset-backed securities and certain of our floating-rate notes, corporate bonds, and municipal bonds.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
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## Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011 are summarized in the following table by the type of inputs applicable to the fair value measurements (in thousands):

| Description   | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using |                  |                  |               |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|
|   | Total   | Level 1          | Level 2          | Level 3       |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>   |   |                  |                  |               |
| Fixed maturities available-for-sale   | \$ 77,420                                       | \$ 18,606        | \$ 58,814        | \$ -          |
| Corporate debt securities   |   |                  |                  |               |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  |   |                  |                  |               |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions                                      |   |                  |                  |               |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations and agencies |   |                  |                  |               |
| Trading securities  | 838   | 838              | -                | -             |
| Equity securities available-for-sale  | 9,091   | 8,312            |                  | 779           |
| <b>Total Financial Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 87,349</b>                                | <b>\$ 27,756</b> | <b>\$ 58,814</b> | <b>\$ 779</b> |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>  |   |                  |                  |               |
| Interest rate swap  | \$ 154  | \$ -             | \$ -             | \$ 154        |
| <b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>  | <b>\$ 154</b>                                   | <b>\$ -</b>      | <b>\$ -</b>      | <b>\$ 154</b> |

The table below presents a reconciliation for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three months ended March 31, 2011:

| (In Thousands)    | For the three-months ended March 31, 2011 |                                      |                    |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
|                   | Fixed Maturities Available-for-Sale       | Equity Securities Available-for-Sale | Interest Rate Swap |
| Beginning balance | \$ -                                      | \$ 787                               | \$ (227 )          |



|   |      |        |           |
|---|------|--------|-----------|
| Total gains or losses (realized and unrealized):  |      |        |           |
| Included in earnings  | -    | (8 )   | -         |
| Included in other comprehensive income  | -    | -      | 73        |
| Purchases:  | -    | -      | -         |
| Sales:  | -    | -      | -         |
| Issuances:  | -    | -      | -         |
| Settlements   | -    | -      | -         |
| Transfers in/(out) of Level 3   | -    | -      | -         |
| Ending balance  | \$ - | \$ 779 | \$ (154 ) |
| The amount of total gains or losses for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held as of March 31, 2011 |      |        |           |
|   | \$ - | \$ -   | \$ -      |

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Continued)

For the quarter ended March 31, 2011, there were no assets or liabilities measured at fair values on a nonrecurring basis.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010 are summarized in the following table by the type of inputs applicable to the fair value measurements (in thousands):

| Description   | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using |                  |                  |               |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|
|   | Total   | Level 1          | Level 2          | Level 3       |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>   |   |                  |                  |               |
| Fixed maturities available-for-sale   |   |                  |                  |               |
| Corporate debt securities   | \$ 23,952                                       | \$ -             | \$ 23,952        | \$ -          |
| Mortgage backed securities  | 7,275   | -                | 7,275            | -             |
| Private label mortgage backed securities  | 13,106  | -                | 13,106           | -             |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions                                      | 18,415  | -                | 18,415           | -             |
| U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government corporations and agencies |   |                  |                  |               |
| Trading securities  | 705   | 705              | -                | -             |
| Equity securities available-for-sale  | 9,047   | 8,260            | -                | 787           |
| <b>Total Financial Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 88,220</b>                                | <b>\$ 24,685</b> | <b>\$ 62,748</b> | <b>\$ 787</b> |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>  |   |                  |                  |               |
| Interest rate swap  | \$ 227  | \$ -             | \$ -             | \$ 227        |
| <b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>  | <b>\$ 227</b>                                   | <b>\$ -</b>      | <b>\$ -</b>      | <b>\$ 227</b> |

The table below presents a reconciliation for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2010:

| For the year ended December 31, 2010  |                                 |   |                       |
|---|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| (In Thousands)  | Corporate<br>Debt<br>Securities | Equity Securities<br>Available-for-Sale | Interest<br>Rate Swap |
| Beginning balance   | \$ 577                          | \$ 662                                  | \$ (60 )              |
| Total gains or losses (realized and<br>unrealized):   |                                 |   |                       |
| Included in earnings  | 63                              | -                                       | -                     |
| Included in other comprehensive<br>income   | -                               | (19 )                                   | (167 )                |
| Purchases:  | -                               | 144                                     | -                     |
| Sales:  | (640 )                          | -                                       | -                     |
| Issuances:  | -                               | -                                       | -                     |
| Settlements   | -                               | -                                       | -                     |
| Transfers in/(out) of Level 3   | -                               | -                                       | -                     |
| Ending balance  | \$ -                            | \$ 787                                  | \$ (227 )             |
| The amount of total gains or losses for<br>the<br>period included in earnings<br>attributable to the<br>change in unrealized gains or losses<br>relating<br>to assets and liabilities still held as of<br>December 31, 2010 | \$ -                            | \$ -                                    | \$ -                  |

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2010, there were no assets or liabilities measured at fair values on a nonrecurring basis.

The Company is exposed to certain risks in the normal course of its business operations. The primary risk that is managed through the use of derivatives is interest rate risk on floating rate borrowings. This risk is managed through the use of interest rate swaps which are designated as cash flow hedges. For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the interest rate swap is included as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged transaction is recognized in earnings. The Company does not hold or issue derivatives that are not designated as hedging instruments. Please see Note 7 for additional information about the interest rate swaps.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practical to estimate that value:

Cash and cash equivalents—the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Mortgage receivables—the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value to the restrictive nature and limited marketability of the mortgage notes.

Other invested assets—the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Other policyholder funds—the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Debt—the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

The carrying amount and estimate fair value of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

|                                     | In Thousands of Dollars |                      |                   |                      |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
|                                     | March 31, 2011          |                      | December 31, 2010 |                      |
|                                     | Carrying Value          | Estimated Fair Value | Carrying Value    | Estimated Fair Value |
| Assets and related instruments      |                         |                      |                   |                      |
| Mortgage loans                      | \$ 395                  | \$ 395               | \$ 935            | \$ 935               |
| Policy loans                        | 1,149                   | 1,149                | 1,123             | 1,123                |
| Company owned life insurance        | 5,583                   | 5,583                | 5,520             | 5,520                |
| Other invested assets               | 3,898                   | 3,898                | 3,915             | 3,915                |
| Liabilities and related instruments |                         |                      |                   |                      |

|                          |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Other policyholder funds | 1,368  | 1,368  | 1,351  | 1,351  |
| Short-term debt          | -      | -      | 500    | 500    |
| Long-term debt           | 12,372 | 12,372 | 12,372 | 12,372 |

## NOTE 10 – SEGMENTS

The Company's property and casualty insurance operations comprise one business segment. The property and casualty insurance segment consists of seven lines of business: dwelling fire and extended coverage, homeowners (including mobile homeowners), ocean marine, other liability, private passenger auto liability, commercial auto liability and auto physical damage. Management organizes the business utilizing a niche strategy focusing on lower valued dwellings as well as higher risk automobile products. Our chief decision makers (President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer) review results and operating plans making decisions on resource allocations on a company-wide basis. The Company's products are primarily produced through agents within the states in which we operate. The Company's life and accident and health operations comprise the second business segment. The life and accident and health insurance segment consists of two lines of business: traditional life insurance and accident and health insurance.

## THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

The following table presents the Company's gross premiums written and earned for the property and casualty segment and the life and accident and health segment for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively:

|  | Three Months Ended |           |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
|  | March 31,          |           |
|  | 2011               | 2010      |
| Premiums written:                        |                    |           |
| Life, accident and health operations:    |                    |           |
| Traditional life insurance               | \$ 1,305           | \$ 1,315  |
| Accident and health insurance            | 484                | 491       |
| Total life, accident and health          | 1,789              | 1,806     |
| Property and Casualty operations:        |                    |           |
| Dwelling fire & extended coverage        | 6,697              | 6,591     |
| Homeowners (Including mobile homeowners) | 6,007              | 6,401     |
| Ocean marine                             | 119                | 100       |
| Other liability                          | 334                | 326       |
| Private passenger auto liability         | 854                | 1,187     |
| Commercial auto liability                | 119                | 133       |
| Auto physical damage                     | 336                | 470       |
| Total property and casualty              | 14,466             | 15,208    |
| Gross premiums written                   | \$ 16,255          | \$ 17,014 |
| Reinsurance premium ceded                | (1,529 )           | (1,528 )  |
| Net premiums written                     | \$ 14,726          | \$ 15,486 |
| Premiums earned:                         |                    |           |
| Life, accident and health operations:    |                    |           |
| Traditional life insurance               | \$ 1,386           | \$ 1,364  |
| Accident and health insurance            | 483                | 498       |
| Total life, accident and health          | 1,869              | 1,862     |
| Property and Casualty operations:        |                    |           |
| Dwelling fire & extended coverage        | 6,499              | 6,382     |
| Homeowners (Including mobile homeowners) | 6,244              | 6,594     |
| Ocean marine                             | 319                | 320       |
| Other liability                          | 310                | 310       |
| Private passenger auto liability         | 756                | 675       |
| Commercial auto liability                | 119                | 132       |
| Auto physical damage                     | 297                | 302       |

|                             |           |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Total property and casualty | 14,544    | 14,715    |
| Gross premiums earned       | \$ 16,413 | \$ 16,577 |
| Reinsurance premium ceded   | (1,543 )  | (1,539 )  |
| Net premiums earned         | \$ 14,870 | \$ 15,038 |

THE NATIONAL SECURITY GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)  
(Continued)

NOTE 11 – SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Mortgage loans of \$538,000 on real estate were converted to investment real estate during the quarter.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Company subsidiaries, National Security Fire and Casualty Company and Omega One insurance Company incurred a significant increase in insurance claims in the month of April that will materially impact second quarter 2011 earnings. A series of severe spring storm systems occurred in the month of April 2011 causing widespread tornado, wind and hail damage and generating over 1,600 policyholder claims to-date. The storm damage impacted policyholders in the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, Oklahoma, South Carolina and Tennessee. The heaviest concentration of insured losses were incurred in a tornado outbreak in the states of Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi from April 25th through April 27th.

Based on the latest estimates of reported claims through the date of this Form 10-Q filing, total insured losses are expected to approach \$10,000,000. The estimated net of tax second quarter cost attributable to this series of storms, after reinsurance recoveries, is expected to be in the range of \$4.5 to \$4.9 million.

Since these storms occurred after financial statement period reported in this Form 10-Q, no provision for losses has been made in the accompanying financial statements. Losses from this event will be reported in results of operations for the period ending on June 30, 2011.



REVIEW OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
The National Security Group, Inc.

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of The National Security Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2011, and condensed consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related condensed consolidated statement of shareholders' equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2011. These condensed consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of The National Security Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2010, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated March 31, 2011, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Warren Averett Kimbrough & Marino, LLC

Birmingham, Alabama  
May 16, 2011



Item 2.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion addresses the financial condition of The National Security Group, Inc. (referred to in this document as we, our, us, the Company or NSEC) as of March 31, 2011, compared with December 31, 2010 and its results of operations and cash flows for the quarter ending March 31, 2011, compared with the same period last year. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this report and with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

This discussion will primarily consist of an analysis of the two segments of our operations. The life segment consists of the operations of our life insurance subsidiary, National Security Insurance Company (NSIC). The property and casualty (P&C) segment consists of the operations of our two property and casualty insurance subsidiaries, National Security Fire & Casualty Company (NSFC) and Omega One Insurance Company (Omega).

This discussion contains forward-looking statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations. These statements are based upon current plans, estimates and projections. Our actual results may differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" contained on Page 3 of this report.

The reader is assumed to have access to the Company's 2010 Annual Report. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report and with condensed consolidated financial information on pages 4 through 25 of this form 10-Q.

Information in this discussion is presented in whole dollars rounded to the nearest thousand.

The National Security Group operates in the property and casualty and life, accident and supplemental health insurance businesses and markets products primarily through independent agents. The company operates in eleven states with over 43% of total premium revenue generated in the states of Alabama and Mississippi. Property and casualty insurance is the most significant segment accounting for 87.4% of total insurance premium revenue during the first three months of 2011. Revenue generated from the life segment accounted for 12.6% of total insurance premium revenue.

National Security Insurance Company (NSIC) is a life, accident and health insurance company founded in 1947 and is the oldest subsidiary of the Company. The premium revenue produced in NSIC from the traditional life products and accident and health products accounted for 9.3% and 3.3%, respectively, of total premium revenue. All references to NSIC in the remainder of this management discussion and analysis will refer to the combined life, accident and health insurance operations and will compose the life segment of the Company. NSIC is licensed to underwrite life and accident and health insurance in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina and Texas.

Omega One Insurance Company (Omega) is a property and casualty insurance company incorporated in 1992. Omega is a wholly owned subsidiary of National Security Fire and Casualty Company (NSFC) and is the smallest of the insurance subsidiaries accounting for approximately 7.9% of consolidated premium revenue. Omega is licensed and underwrites property and casualty insurance in the states of Alabama and Louisiana. There is no material product differentiation between those products underwritten by NSFC and Omega as both primarily underwrite

personal lines of insurance.

National Security Fire and Casualty Company (NSFC) is a property and casualty insurance company and is the largest of the insurance subsidiaries accounting for over 79.5% of total premium revenue of the Company. NSFC operates primarily in the personal lines segment of the property and casualty insurance market. NSFC has been in operation since 1959. NSFC is licensed and underwrites property and casualty insurance in the states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, Oklahoma, South Carolina and Tennessee. NSFC is licensed, but does not currently underwrite any business, in the states of Kentucky and West Virginia. NSFC also underwrites insurance on a non-admitted or surplus lines basis in the states of Louisiana, Missouri and Texas.

All of the insurance subsidiaries are Alabama domiciled insurance companies and therefore the Alabama Department of Insurance is the primary insurance regulator. However, each subsidiary is subject to regulation by the respective insurance regulators of each state in which it is licensed to transact business. Insurance rates charged by each of the insurance subsidiaries are typically reviewed and approved by each insurance department for the respective state to which the rates will apply.

All of our insurance companies have been assigned ratings by A.M. Best. The property and casualty group has been assigned a group rating of "B++" (Good) with a negative outlook. In addition, A.M. Best has assigned an issuer credit rating of "bbb" with a negative outlook. NSFC, the largest of the insurance subsidiaries, carries the same A.M. Best ratings as the group. Omega carries an A.M. Best rating of "B+" (Good) with a stable outlook and an issuer credit rating of "bbb-" with a stable outlook. The life insurance subsidiary, NSIC, has been assigned a rating of "B" (Fair) with a stable outlook and an issuer credit rating of "bb" with a stable outlook. All ratings are reviewed at least annually by A.M. Best with the latest ratings effective date of January 28, 2011.

The two primary segments in which we report insurance operations are the personal lines property and casualty segment (NSFC) and the life, accident and health insurance segment (NSIC). Please note that due to the small amount of premium revenue produced by Omega and the fact that Omega is a wholly owned subsidiary of NSFC underwriting similar lines of business, all references to NSFC in the remainder of this management discussion and analysis will include the insurance operations of both NSFC and Omega. Our income is principally derived from net underwriting profits and investment income. Net underwriting profit is principally derived from earned premiums received less claims paid, sales commissions to agents, costs of underwriting and insurance taxes and fees. Investment income includes interest and dividend income and gains and losses on investment holdings.

## CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Summary:

The Company ended the first quarter of 2011 with net income of \$995,000 compared to \$1,894,000 for the same period last year; a 47.5% decrease. The primary reason for the decline in net income was the \$849,000 increase in policyholder benefits paid or provided. The 10% increase in policyholder benefits paid or provided was largely related to the \$551,000 increase in incurred losses and incurred adjustment expenses in the P&C segment compared to the same period last year. In addition, the life insurance segment ended March 2011 with a \$191,000 increase in incurred losses compared to March 2010 with the primary source being death and maturity benefits.

The P&C segment is primarily comprised of personal lines consisting of dwelling fire, homeowners and personal automobile lines of business. While the company does maintain a small portion of commercial business (ocean marine and commercial automobile), these lines of business contributed only 3.4% of total earned premium for the P&C segment for 2011 and 2010 and are therefore not separately distinguished from the personal lines in this discussion.

### Premium Revenue:

Consolidated premium revenue was \$14,870,000 as of March 2011 compared to \$15,038,000 as of March 2010; a decrease of \$168,000 or 1.1%. We continue to limit new business production in our dwelling lines of business in areas with high concentrations of coastal exposure along the Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana coast. These efforts have reduced the rate of new business production which has led to short term stagnation in revenue growth. To offset these reductions, we are increasing marketing efforts in areas with less coastal storm exposure.

Life segment premium revenue was virtually unchanged in the period ending March 31, 2011 at \$1,869,000 compared to \$1,862,000 for the same period last year; an increase of 0.3%. Year-to-date premiums earned for NSIC were up slightly from production of traditional life insurance products compared to the prior year ending the first quarter of 2011 with a \$22,000 increase. However, a \$15,000 decline in A&H premium offset the small improvement previously mentioned.

The P&C segment ended March 2011 with year-to-date earned premiums of \$13,001,000 compared to \$13,176,000 for the same period last year; a decrease of 1.3%. The largest program experiencing a decline was the homeowners program which ended March 2011 with a decrease in earned premium of 5.3% compared to March 2010. The implementation of stricter underwriting standards along with ongoing limitations on growth along the Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana were the primary reasons for the decrease in premiums earned for this program compared to March 2010.

The table below provides earned premium revenue by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

|  | Three months ended March 31, |               | Percent<br>increase<br>(decrease) |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
|  | 2011                         | 2010          |                                   |
| Life, accident and health operations:    |                              |               |                                   |
| Traditional life insurance               | \$ 1,386,000                 | \$ 1,364,000  | 1.61 %                            |
| Accident and health insurance            | 483,000                      | 498,000       | (3.01 )%                          |
| Total life, accident and health          | 1,869,000                    | 1,862,000     | 0.38 %                            |
| Property and Casualty operations:        |                              |               |                                   |
| Dwelling fire & extended coverage        | 6,499,000                    | 6,382,000     | 1.83 %                            |
| Homeowners (Including mobile homeowners) | 6,244,000                    | 6,594,000     | (5.31 )%                          |
| Ocean marine                             | 319,000                      | 320,000       | (0.31 )%                          |
| Other liability                          | 310,000                      | 310,000       | - %                               |
| Private passenger auto liability         | 756,000                      | 675,000       | 12.00 %                           |
| Commercial auto liability                | 119,000                      | 132,000       | (9.85 )%                          |
| Auto physical damage                     | 297,000                      | 302,000       | (1.66 )%                          |
| Reinsurance premium ceded                | (1,543,000 )                 | (1,539,000 )  | 0.26 %                            |
| Total property and casualty              | 13,001,000                   | 13,176,000    | (1.33 )%                          |
| Total earned premium revenue             | \$ 14,870,000                | \$ 15,038,000 | \$ (1.12 )%                       |

#### Investment income:

Investment income decreased \$184,000 to \$1,142,000 as of March 2011 from \$1,326,000 in March 2010. The decrease in investment income was primarily due to lower yields on reinvested cash flows from sells and maturities in the fixed income portfolio.

#### Realized investment gains and losses:

For the first quarter of 2011, realized investment gains totaled \$770,000 compared to \$669,000 for the same period last year; an increase of \$101,000. The investment gains realized on the sale of bonds and common stock in the current year totaled \$386,000 and \$354,000 in the P&C and life segments, respectively compared to \$341,000 and \$328,000 for the same period last year.

#### Other income:

Other income was \$255,000 for the first quarter of 2011 compared to \$299,000 as of March 2010; a decrease of 14.7%. Other income is primarily composed of billing, payment and policy fees associated with residential property and automobile policies issued in the P&C segment. Due to the decline in production in our homeowners program in the P&C segment as well as slower growth in the dwelling fire and automobile programs; billing, payment and policy fees declined and was the primary reason for the overall reduction in other income for the current year.



Policyholder benefits:

Policyholder benefits paid or provided as of March 2011 were \$9,322,000 (62.7% of net premiums earned) compared to \$8,473,000 (56.3% of net premiums earned) for the same period last year. The primary reason for the 6.4 percentage point increase in the loss ratio for the quarter was related to increased claim activity in the P&C segment.

In the first quarter of 2011, the P&C segment experienced an increase in claim frequency from severe weather events which accounted for 3.8 percentage points of the 6.4 percentage point increase in year over year policyholder benefits. In addition, the P&C segment experienced an increase in claim frequency in the automobile program in the first quarter of 2011 with incurred losses of \$1,104,000 compared to \$888,000 for the same period last year. The \$216,000 increase in incurred automobile losses contributed 1.4 percentage points to the increase in policyholder benefits for the first quarter of 2011. The remaining increase in policyholder benefits was due to a slight increase in death and maturity benefits from the life insurance segment (1.2 percentage points).

Policy acquisition cost:

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, policy acquisition costs were \$2,924,000 compared to \$2,748,000 for the same period last year primarily due to increased amortization of policy acquisition costs due to a reduction in new business production.

General Expenses:

General expenses were down \$22,000 in the quarter ending March 2011 at \$2,563,000 compared to \$2,585,000 as of March 2010. General expenses as a percent of earned premium remained unchanged at 17.2% for both years.

Taxes, licenses and fees:

Taxes, licenses and fees remained comparable to the prior quarter ending March 2011 at \$480,000 compared to \$487,000 for the same period last year. Taxes, licenses and fees as a percentage of earned premiums remained relatively unchanged at 3.3% for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 and 3.2% for the same period last year.

Income taxes:

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, income tax expense was \$468,000 compared to \$887,000 for the same period last year. Income tax expense was composed of current taxes totaling \$351,000 and \$602,000 for first quarter of 2011 and 2010, respectively, while deferred tax expense totaled \$117,000 and \$285,000, respectively, for the same time periods respectively. The effective tax rate for the quarter ending March 31, 2011 was 32.0% compared to 31.9% for the same period last year.

Liquidity and capital resources:

The Company ended the first quarter of 2011 with aggregate equity capital, unrealized investment gains (net of income taxes) and retained earnings of \$44,203,000 up \$493,000 compared to \$43,710,000 at December 31, 2010. The increase consisted of net income totaling \$995,000, net unrealized losses of \$180,000 and a net unrealized gain of \$48,000 related to an interest rate swap. Cash dividends paid totaled \$370,000 for the period.

The Company has \$12,372,000 in debt outstanding consisting of long-term debt from the proceeds of two separate trust preferred securities issuances, the latest of which totaled \$3,000,000 and was completed in June 2007. An operating line of credit was obtained by the holding company in December of 2009 to allow flexibility with respect to cash management at the holding company level. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2010 was \$500,000 which

was repaid during the first quarter of 2011.

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The Company had \$3,266,000 in cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2011 compared to \$2,062,000 at March 31, 2010. Net cash provided by operating activities of \$681,000 combined with net cash provided by investing activities of \$ 1,866,000 were the primary reasons for the increase of cash during the quarter. Cash flow from operations declined \$37,000 for the quarter compared to the same period last year. The primary reason for the decline in operating cash flow was a reduction in net income for the quarter related to increased claims and policy acquisition costs which were partially offset by a decline in accrued and deferred income taxes.

The liquidity requirements of the Company are primarily met by funds provided from operations of the life insurance and property/casualty subsidiaries. The Company receives funds from its subsidiaries consisting of dividends, payments for federal income taxes, and reimbursement of expenses incurred at the corporate level for the subsidiaries. These funds are used to pay stockholder dividends, corporate interest, corporate administrative expenses, federal income taxes, and for funding investments in subsidiaries.

As disclosed in Note 8 to the condensed consolidated financial statements regarding contingencies, the Company is involved in litigation related to the sale of Mobile Attic, Inc. As is customarily discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis, the Company's liquidity requirements are primarily met by funds provided from operations of the insurance subsidiaries. The Company maintains minimal liquidity in order to maximize liquidity within the insurance subsidiaries in order to support ongoing insurance operations. The Company has no separate source of revenue other than dividends and fees from the insurance subsidiaries. Also, dividends from the insurance subsidiaries are subject to regulatory restrictions and, therefore, are limited depending on capital levels and earnings of the subsidiaries. In the event of a substantial adverse judgment related to the litigation against the Company, we could face limitations in our ability to fund shareholder dividends and service interest payments on outstanding debt.

The uncertainty related to the pending litigation could also temporarily impair our ability to raise new debt or equity capital until this matter is resolved. The Company is vigorously defending the allegations raised in this litigation and is unable to determine a potential ultimate liability at this time which limits our ability to predict the ultimate impact on our liquidity and capital resources.

The Company's subsidiaries require cash in order to fund policy acquisition costs, claims, other policy benefits, interest expense, general expenses, and dividends to the Company. Premium and investment income, as well as maturities, calls, and sales of invested assets, provide the primary sources of cash for both subsidiaries. A significant portion of the Company's investment portfolio consists of readily marketable securities, which can be sold for cash.

#### Subsequent Events:

The Company's business is concentrated primarily in the Southeastern United States. As disclosed in Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, unusually severe storms during the month of April occurring in much of the Southeastern United States will materially impact earnings during the second quarter. The Company maintains a catastrophe reinsurance program to limit the effect of such catastrophic events on the Company's financial condition. However, due to numerous tornado outbreaks over the month of April, the aggregate impact of the April storms will materially impact 2011 earnings.

Except as discussed above and in Note 8 and Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company is aware of no known trends, events, or uncertainties reasonably likely to have a material effect on its liquidity, capital resources, or operations. Additionally, the Company has not been made aware of any recommendations of regulatory authorities, which if implemented, would have such an effect.



### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Under smaller reporting company rules we are not required to disclose information required under Item 3. However, in order to provide information to our investors, we have elected to provide information related to market risk.

The Company's primary objectives in managing its investment portfolio are to maximize investment income and total investment returns while minimizing overall credit risk. Investment strategies are developed based on many factors including changes in interest rates, overall market conditions, underwriting results, regulatory requirements, and tax position. Investment decisions are made by management and reviewed by the Board of Directors. Market risk represents the potential for loss due to adverse changes in fair value of securities. The three potential risks related to the Company's fixed maturity portfolio are interest rate risk, prepayment risk, and default risk. The primary risk related to the Company's equity portfolio is equity price risk. The Company has not incurred material losses in its investment portfolio in the first three months of 2011 related to interest rate changes, defaults on certain securities and changes in value of equity investments. These changes are discussed in detail under Item 2 of this Form 10-Q. For further information regarding market risk, reference is made to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management carried out an evaluation, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2011. Based upon that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13A-15(d) under the Exchange Act that occurred during the three month period ended March 31, 2011, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Please refer to Note 8 to the financial statements.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change in risk factors previously disclosed under Item 1A. of the Company's annual report for 2010 on Form 10-K.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

### Item 5. Other Information

None

### Item 6. Exhibits

a. Exhibits

31.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

31.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U. S. C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

b. Reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended March 31, 2011

| Date of Report   | Date Filed       | Description  |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| January 21, 2011 | January 25, 2011 | Press release, dated January 25, 2011, issued by The National Security Group, Inc. |
| March 31, 2011   | March 31, 2011   | Press release, dated March 31, 2011 issued by The National Security Group, Inc.    |

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed by the undersigned duly authorized officer, on its behalf and in the capacity indicated.

The National Security Group, Inc.

/s/ William L. Brunson, Jr.  
William L. Brunson, Jr.  
President and Chief Executive  
Officer

/s/ Brian R. McLeod  
Brian R. McLeod  
Vice President and Chief Financial  
Officer

Dated: May 16, 2011



