Form 10-Q March 16, 2018
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
[X] Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarter ended January 31, 2018
[]Transition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 000-05378
GEORGE RISK INDUSTRIES, INC.
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)
Colorado 84-0524756 (State of incorporation) (IRS Employers Identification No.)

802 South Elm St. Kimball, NE 69145 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
(308) 235-4645
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes [X] No []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
Yes [] No [X]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]
APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding, as of March 16, 2018, was 4,968,447.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes [X] No []

GEORGE RISK INDUSTRIES, INC.
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements
The unaudited financial statements for the three and nine-month period ended January 31, 2018, are attached hereto.
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CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	January 31, 2018 (unaudited)	April 30, 2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,952,000	\$6,456,000
Investments and securities	27,496,000	26,382,000
Accounts receivable:		
Trade, net of \$16,422 and \$2,425 doubtful account allowance	2,471,000	1,848,000
Other	2,000	3,000
Income tax overpayment	474,000	253,000
Inventories, net	3,594,000	2,304,000
Prepaid expenses	487,000	193,000
Total Current Assets	\$38,476,000	\$37,439,000
Property and Equipment, net, at cost	948,000	739,000
Other Assets		
Investment in Limited Land Partnership, at cost	273,000	273,000
Projects in process	_	13,000
Other	77,000	_
Total Other Assets	\$350,000	\$286,000
Intangible Assets, net	\$1,794,000	_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$41,568,000	\$38,464,000

See accompanying notes to the condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(continued)

	January 31, 2018 (unaudited)	April 30, 2017
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	, ,	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable, trade	\$308,000	\$69,000
Dividends payable	1,580,000	1,416,000
Accrued expenses:		
Payroll and related expenses	178,000	308,000
Property taxes	3,000	
Total Current Liabilities	\$2,069,000	\$1,793,000
Long-Term Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	1,902,000	906,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$1,902,000	\$906,000
Stockholders' Equity		
Convertible preferred stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, Series 1—noncumulative, \$20 stated value, 25,000 shares authorized, 4,100 issued and outstanding	99,000	99,000
Common stock, Class A, \$.10 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 8,502,881 shares issued and outstanding	850,000	850,000
Additional paid-in capital	1,934,000	1,736,000
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,623,000	1,239,000
Retained earnings	36,232,000	35,981,000
Less: treasury stock, 3,533,934 and 3,557,606 shares, at cost	(4,141,000)	(4,140,000)
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$37,597,000	\$35,765,000
TOTAL LIABILITES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$41,568,000	\$38,464,000

See accompanying notes to the condensed financial statements

CONDENSED INCOME STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Net Sales Less: Cost of Goods Sold Gross Profit	Three months ended Jan 31, 2018 \$3,260,000 (1,826,000) \$1,434,000	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2018 \$8,597,000 (4,337,000) \$4,260,000	Three months ended Jan 31, 2017 \$2,645,000 (1,229,000) \$1,416,000	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2017 \$8,194,000 (3,899,000) \$4,295,000
Operating Expenses General and Administrative Sales Engineering Rent Paid to Related Parties Total Operating Expenses	313,000 512,000 22,000 5,000 \$852,000	833,000 1,371,000 69,000 14,000 \$2,287,000	223,000 461,000 17,000 5,000 \$706,000	664,000 1,432,000 59,000 14,000 \$2,169,000
Income From Operations	582,000	1,973,000	710,000	2,126,000
Other Income (Expense) Other Dividend and Interest Income Gain (Loss) on Investments Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets		3,000 811,000 94,000 4,000 \$912,000	1,000 332,000 51,000 — \$384,000	11,000 650,000 136,000 — \$797,000
Income Before Provisions for Income Taxes	1,081,000	2,885,000	1,094,000	2,923,000
Provisions for Income Taxes: Current Expense Deferred Tax Expense (Benefit) Total Income Tax Expense	281,000 9,000 \$290,000	852,000 1,000 \$853,000	313,000 (11,000) \$302,000	896,000 (24,000) \$872,000
Net Income	\$791,000	\$2,032,000	\$792,000	\$2,051,000
Cash Dividends Common Stock (\$0.36 per share) Common Stock (\$0.35 per share)	\$—	\$1,780,000	\$	\$1,758,000
Income Per Share of Common Stock Basic Diluted	\$0.16 \$0.16	\$0.41 \$0.41	\$0.16 \$0.16	\$0.41 \$0.41

Weighted Average Number of Common

Shares Outstanding

Basic 4,969,013 4,955,725 4,945,972 4,996,453 Diluted 4,989,513 4,976,225 4,966,472 5,016,953

See accompanying notes to the condensed financial statements

GEORGE RISK INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

Net Income	Three months ended Jan 31, 2018 \$791,000	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2018 \$2,032,000	Three months ended Jan 31, 2017 \$792,000	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2017 \$2,051,000
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax Unrealized gain (loss) on securities:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period	1,247,000	2,585,000	570,000	796,000
Reclassification adjustment for gains (losses) included in net income	(88,000)	(205,000)	(5,000	(88,000)
Income tax benefit (expense) related to other comprehensive income	(485,000)	(995,000)	(236,000)	(296,000)
Other Comprehensive Income	674,000	1,385,000	329,000	412,000
Comprehensive Income	\$1,465,000	\$3,417,000	\$1,121,000	\$2,463,000

See accompanying notes to the condensed financial statements

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2018	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income	\$2,032,000	\$2,051,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	162.000	120,000
Depreciation and amortization	163,000	138,000
(Gain) loss on sale of investments	(117,000)	
Impairments on investments	23,000	13,000
Reserve for bad debts	13,000	
Reserve for obsolete inventory		5,000
Deferred income taxes	1,000	(24,000)
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(4,000)	· —
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(636,000)	
Inventories	(1,291,000)	· ·
Prepaid expenses	(359,000)	
Other receivables	2,000	(5,000)
Income tax overpayment	(221,000)	(43,000)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	239,000	20,000
Accrued expenses	(127,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(282,000)	\$2,475,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,000	
(Purchase) of property and equipment	(342,000)	(146,000)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	2,013,000	586,000
(Purchase) of marketable securities	(653,000)	(668,000)
(Purchase) of intangible assets	(1,624,000)	<u> </u>
(Purchase) of long-term investment	_	(20,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$(602,000)	\$(248,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
(Purchase) of treasury stock	(3,000)	(551,000)
Dividends paid	, ,	(1,596,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		\$(2,147,000)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$(2,504,000)	\$80,000

Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	\$6,456,000	\$5,918,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period	\$3,952,000	\$5,998,000
Supplemental Disclosure for Cash Flow Information:		
Cash payments for:		
Income taxes	\$1,320,000	\$1,059,000
Interest paid	\$0	\$0
Cash receipts for:		
Income taxes	\$253,000	\$125,000
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Issuance of treasury stock as part of asset acquisition	\$200,000	\$0
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See accompanying notes to the condensed financial statements

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JANUARY 31, 2018

Note 1: Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. It is suggested that these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's April 30, 2017 annual report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation, have been included. Operating results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results for any other quarter or for the full year.

Accounting Estimates—The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions including the carrying value of assets. The estimates and assumptions result in approximate rather than exact amounts.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements — In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The objective of this update is to provide a robust framework for addressing revenue recognition issues and, upon its effective date, replaces almost all existing revenue recognition guidance. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and the interim periods within that year. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

In February of 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize so-called right-of-use assets and liabilities for most leases having lease terms of 12 months or more. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2019 and the interim periods starting thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

In February of 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02 Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Under this update, companies have the option to reclassify stranded tax effects caused by US Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) from accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) to retained earnings. Under current US GAAP, effects from a change in tax law is recorded as a component of the income tax provision related to continuing operations in the period of enactment, even if the deferred taxes were established for a financial statement component not part of continuing operations, such as accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). Adopting of

this standard will remove tax effects stranded in AOCI by the tax law enactment. Adoption of this ASU is optional. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and the interim periods starting thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

Note 2: Investments

The Company has investments in publicly traded equity securities, corporate bonds, state and municipal debt securities, real estate investment trusts, and money markets funds. The investments in securities are classified as available-for-sale securities and are reported at fair value. Available-for-sale investments in debt securities mature between June 2018 and November 2048. The Company uses the average cost method to determine the cost of securities sold and the amount reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings. Unrealized gains and losses are excluded from earnings and reported separately as a component of stockholders' equity. Dividend and interest income are reported as earned.

As of January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017, investments consisted of the following:

		Gross	Gross
Investments at	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized Fair
January 31, 2018	Basis	Gains	Losses Value
Municipal bonds	\$5,966,000	\$103,000	\$(238,000) \$5,831,000
Corporate bonds	\$129,000	\$2,000	\$
REITs	\$110,000	\$5,000	\$(6,000) \$109,000
Equity securities	\$15,720,000	\$4,844,000	\$(203,000) \$20,361,000
Money markets and CDs	\$1,064,000	\$ —	\$ \$1,064,000
Total	\$22,989,000	\$4,954,000	\$(447,000) \$27,496,000
		Gross	Gross
Investments at	Cost	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized Fair
Investments at April 30, 2017	Cost Basis		
		Unrealized	Unrealized Fair
April 30, 2017	Basis	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Fair Losses Value
April 30, 2017 Municipal bonds	Basis \$6,045,000	Unrealized Gains \$90,000	Unrealized Fair Losses Value \$(97,000) \$6,038,000
April 30, 2017 Municipal bonds Corporate bonds	Basis \$6,045,000 \$129,000	Unrealized Gains \$90,000 \$1,000	Unrealized Fair Losses Value \$(97,000) \$6,038,000 \$— \$130,000
April 30, 2017 Municipal bonds Corporate bonds REITs	Basis \$6,045,000 \$129,000 \$64,000	Unrealized Gains \$90,000 \$1,000 \$13,000	Unrealized Fair Losses Value \$(97,000) \$6,038,000 \$— \$130,000 \$(1,000) \$76,000

The Company evaluates all marketable securities for other-than temporary declines in fair value, which are defined as when the cost basis exceeds the fair value for approximately one year. The Company also evaluates the nature of the investment, cause of impairment and number of investments that are in an unrealized position. When an "other-than-temporary" decline is identified, the Company will decrease the cost of the marketable security to the new fair value and recognize a real loss. The investments are periodically evaluated to determine if impairment changes are required. As a result of this standard, management did not record an impairment loss during the quarter, but did record a loss of \$23,000 for the nine months ended January 31, 2018. Likewise, for the corresponding periods last year, management did not record a loss for the quarter, but did record a \$13,000 impairment loss for the nine months ended

January 31, 2017.

The following tables show the investments with unrealized losses that are not deemed to be "other-than-temporarily impaired", aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017, respectively.

Unrealized Loss Breakdown by Investment Type at January 31, 2018

	Less than 12 months		U		Total	
Description	Fair Value	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
Description	Tan value	Loss	Tan value	Loss	Tan value	Loss
Municipal bonds	\$702,000	\$(152,000)	\$1,674,000	\$(86,000)	\$2,376,000	\$(238,000)
REITs	\$56,000	\$(5,000)	\$27,000	\$(1,000)	\$83,000	\$(6,000)
Equity securities	\$534,000	\$(35,000)	\$590,000	\$(168,000)	\$1,124,000	\$(203,000)
Total	\$1,292,000	\$(192,000)	\$2,291,000	\$(255,000)	\$3,583,000	\$(447,000)

Unrealized Loss Breakdown by Investment Type at April 30, 2017

	Less than 12	months	12 months or greater		Total	
Description	Foir Volue	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized
Description	Fair Value	Loss	raii vaiue	Loss	raii vaiue	Loss
Municipal bonds	\$1,420,000	\$(19,000)	\$1,292,000	\$(78,000)	\$2,712,000	\$(97,000)
REITs	\$ —	\$ —	\$27,000	\$(1,000)	\$27,000	\$(1,000)
Equity securities	\$983,000	\$(92,000)	\$1,689,000	\$(227,000)	\$2,672,000	\$(319,000)
Total	\$2,403,000	\$(111,000)	\$3,008,000	\$(306,000)	\$5,411,000	\$(417,000)

Municipal Bonds

The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in municipal bonds were caused by interest rate increases. The contractual terms of these investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized cost of the investment. Because the Company has the ability to hold these investments until a recovery of fair value, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at January 31, 2018.

Marketable Equity Securities and REITs

The Company's investments in marketable equity securities and REITs consist of a wide variety of companies. Investments in these companies include growth, growth income, and foreign investment objectives. The individual holdings have been evaluated, and due to management's plan to hold on to these investments for an extended period, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at January 31, 2018

Note 3: Inventories

Inventories at January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

	January 31, 2018	April 30, 2017
Raw materials	\$2,704,000	\$1,579,000
Work in process	348,000	442,000
Finished goods	615,000	356,000
	3,667,000	2,377,000
Less: allowance for obsolete inventory	(73,000)	(73,000)
Totals	\$3,594,000	\$2,304,000

Note 4: Asset Purchase

In October 2017, George Risk Industries, Inc. (the "Company") purchased assets from Labor Saving Devices, Inc. ("LSDI"). The purchase price for the assets consisted of \$3,000,000 in cash and 24,097 shares of the Company's Class A common stock (valued at \$200,000, or approximately \$8.30 per share). An initial payment of \$1,000,000 in cash was made at closing, with the remaining \$2,000,000 in cash paid in November 2017.

The value of the assets purchased as described above at January 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

Type of Assets	Beginning	Amortization	Total
Type of Assets	Balance	Amoruzation	Assets, Net
Inventory	\$1,366,000		\$1,366,000
Fixed Assets	\$10,000		\$10,000
Non-compete agreement	\$10,000		\$10,000
Intangible assets	\$1,814,000	\$ (30,000	\$1,784,000
Total	\$3.200.000	\$ (30.000	\$3,170,000

Since the asset purchase took place in October 2017, there was no value to these assets at April 30, 2017.

Note 5: Business Segments

The following is financial information relating to industry segments:

		Three months ended Jan 31, 2018	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2018	Three months ended Jan 31, 2017	Nine months ended Jan 31, 2017
Net revenue: Security alarm products		\$2,715,000	\$6,683,000	\$2,214,000	\$6,955,000
Other products Total net revenue		545,000 \$3,260,000	1,914,000 \$8,597,000	431,000 \$2,645,000	1,239,000 \$8,194,000
Income from operations	:				
Security alarm products		452,000	1,534,000	603,000	1,805,000
Other products		130,000	439,000	107,000	321,000
Total income from opera	ations	\$582,000	\$1,973,000	\$710,000	\$2,126,000
Depreciation and amorti	zation:				
Security alarm products		10,000	28,000	7,000	29,000
Other products		52,000	94,000	27,000	80,000
Corporate general		15,000	41,000	13,000	29,000
Total depreciation and a	mortization	\$77,000	\$163,000	\$47,000	\$138,000
Capital expenditures: Security alarm products			260,000		
Other products			200,000	16,000	130,000
Corporate general		16,000	81,000	10,000	16,000
Total capital expenditure	26	\$16,000	\$341,000	\$26,000	\$146,000
Total Capital Expellulture	28	\$10,000	\$341,000	\$20,000	\$ 140,000
	January 31	, April 30,			
	2018	2017			
Identifiable assets:					
Security alarm products	4,424,000	3,180,00	00		
Other products	2,371,000	1,517,00	00		
Corporate general	34,773,00				
Total assets	\$41,568,00	00 \$38,464,0	000		

Note 6: Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share, assuming convertible preferred stock was converted for each period presented, are:

	For the three months ended January 31, 2018		
Net Income	Income	Shares (Denominator)	Per-share Amount
1,00 2110 01110	Ψ,>1,000		
Basic EPS Effect of dilutive securities:	\$791,000	4,969,013	\$0.1592
Convertible preferred stock	0	20,500	
Diluted EPS	\$791,000	4,989,513	\$ 0.1585
	.		
	For the nine 2018	e months ended.	January 31,
	Income	Shares	Per-share
		(Denominator	
Net Income	\$2,032,000		,
Basic EPS Effect of dilutive securities:	\$2,032,000	4,955,725	\$ 0.4100
Convertible preferred stock	0	20,500	
Diluted EPS	\$2,032,000		\$ 0.4083
	For the thre 31, 2017	e months ended	January
	Income	Shares	Per-share
Net Income	(Numerator \$792,000	(Denominator)	Amount
D : EDG	Φ ποο οοο	4.0.45.050	Φ.0.1.601
Basic EPS Effect of dilutive securities:	\$792,000	4,945,972	\$0.1601
Convertible preferred stock	0	20,500	
Diluted EPS	\$792,000	4,966,472	\$ 0.1595

For the nine months ended January 31,

2017

	Income	Shares	Per-share
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount
Net Income	\$2,051,000		
Basic EPS	\$2,051,000	4,996,453	\$0.4105
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Convertible preferred stock	0	20,500	

\$2,051,000 5,016,953

Note 7: Retirement Benefit Plan

On January 1, 1998, the Company adopted the George Risk Industries, Inc. Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a defined contribution savings plan designed to provide retirement income to eligible employees of the corporation. The Plan is intended to be qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Matching contributions by the Company of approximately \$2,000 were paid during both the quarters ending January 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Likewise, the Company paid matching contributions of approximately \$8,000 during the nine-month period ending January 31, 2018 and \$7,000 during the corresponding period the prior fiscal year.

\$0.4088

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Diluted EPS

Note 8: Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP) defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, which are required to be recorded at fair value, we consider the principal or most advantageous market in which we would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and credit risk.

US GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The levels of the fair value hierarchy under US GAAP are described below:

Level Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.

Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the Level market. These unobservable assumptions reflect our own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

Investments and Marketable Securities

As of January 31, 2018, our investments consisted of money markets, publicly traded equity securities, real estate investment trusts (REITS) as well as certain state and municipal debt securities and corporate bonds. Our marketable securities are valued using third-party broker statements. The value of the investments is derived from quoted market information. The inputs to the valuation are generally classified as Level 1 given the active market for these securities, however, if an active market does not exist, which is the case for municipal bonds and REITs, the inputs are recorded as Level 2.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The following tables set forth our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and a non-recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required by US GAAP, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis as of

January 31, 2018

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Municipal Bonds	\$-	\$5,831,000	\$ -	\$5,831,000
Corporate Bonds	\$131,000	\$-	\$ -	\$131,000
REITs	\$-	\$109,000	\$ -	\$109,000
Equity Securities	\$20,361,000	\$-	\$ -	\$20,361,000
Money Markets and CDs	\$1,064,000	\$-	\$ -	\$1,064,000
Total fair value of assets measured on a recurring basis	\$21,556,000	\$5,940,000	\$ -	\$27,496,000

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis as of

April 30, 2017

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Municipal Bonds	\$	\$6,038,000	\$ —	\$6,038,000
Corporate Bonds	\$130,000	\$—	\$ —	\$130,000
REITs	\$	\$76,000	\$ —	\$76,000
Equity Securities	\$17,381,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$17,381,000
Money Markets and CDs	\$2,757,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,757,000
Total fair value of assets measured on a recurring basis	\$20,268,000	\$6,114,000	\$ —	\$26,382,000

Note 9: Subsequent Events

None

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), which are subject to the "safe harbor" created by those sections. Any statements herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. For example, words such as "may," "will," "could," "would," "should," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "believe," "estimate," "project" or "continue," and the negatives of such terms are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The information included herein represents our estimates and assumptions as of the date of this filing. Unless required by law, we undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, or to update the reasons actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the attached condensed consolidated financial statements, and with the Company's audited financial statements and discussion for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017.

Executive Summary

The Company's performance has remained steady through the three quarters, with increased sales, being offset by increased cost of sales, and greatly improved investment returns. This is due to the continuation of our quality USA made products with the ability for customization, our notable customer service, and the purchase of the assets of Labor Saving Devices, Inc. New challenges the Company has endured over the nine months of this fiscal year include the continuation of training of our new software system, learning and incorporating the Labor Saving Devices product line, and dealing with some shortages and defects of raw materials.

Results of Operations

Net sales were \$3,260,000 for the quarter ended January 31, 2018, which is a 23.25% increase from the corresponding quarter last year. Year-to-date net sales were \$8,597,000 at January 31, 2018, which is a 4.92% increase from the same period last year. A significant part of growth in sales is a direct result of the asset purchase of Labor Saving Devices and having a new product line to sell as a result of the purchase. Also, our ongoing

commitment to outstanding customer service and customization of products are a few of the many reasons sales remained steady over the years.

Cost of goods sold was 56.0% of net sales for the quarter ended January 31, 2018 and was 46.4% for the same quarter last year. Year-to-date cost of goods sold percentages were 50.4% for the current nine months and 47.6% for the corresponding nine months last year, which is just slightly over the target of less than 50% for both the quarter and year-to-date results. There were some added expenses that were incurred with the purchase of Labor Saving Devices that happened during this quarter but they were "one time" expenses management expects the cost of goods sold percentage to fall to return to normal in the future.

Operating expenses increased by \$146,000 for the quarter and also increased by \$118,000 for the nine-months ended January 31, 2018 as compared to the corresponding periods last year. These increased costs are primarily due to increased new product development, increased commissions, and additional training and maintenance fees on our new computer software

Income from operations for the quarter ended January 31, 2018 was at \$582,000 which is an 18.02% decrease from the corresponding quarter last year, which had income from operations of \$710,000. Income from operations for the nine months ended January 31, 2018 was at \$1,973,000, which is a 7.20% decrease from the corresponding nine months last year, which had income from operations of \$2,126,000.

Other income and expenses are up when comparing to the current quarter and nine-month periods the prior year, with an increase of \$115,000 in the current quarter and an increase of \$115,000 for the current year-to-date. The majority of activity in these accounts consists of investment interest, dividends, and gain or loss on sale of investments. With the continued growth in the performance of the stock market, decisions were made to sell holdings and take the realized gain and dividends and interest payments exceeded expectations and many of our holdings had additional and increased dividend payouts.

Overall, net income for the quarter ended January 31, 2018 was down \$1,000, or 0.13%, from the same quarter last year. Similarly, net income for the nine-month period ended January 31, 2018 was down \$19,000, or 0.93%, from the same period in the prior year.

Earnings per common share for quarter ended January 31, 2018 were \$0.16 per share and \$0.41 per share for the year-to-date numbers. EPS for the quarter and nine months ended January 31, 2017 were also \$0.16 per share and \$0.41 per share, respectively.

Liquidity and capital resources

Operating

Net cash decreased \$2,504,000 during the nine months ended January 31, 2018 as compared to an increase of \$80,000 during the corresponding period last year. This is primarily due to the asset purchase of Labor Saving Devices, Inc., which was done without outside financing.

Accounts receivable increased \$636,000 for the nine months ended January 31, 2018 compared with a \$163,000 decrease for the same period last year. The current year increase is a result of improved sales and collections on accounts receivable taking a bit longer than normal. Management believes that approximately \$16,000 of accounts over 90 days have a possibility of being uncollectible.

Inventories increased \$1,291,000 during the current nine-month period as compared to an decrease of \$426,000 last year, primarily due to the inventory purchased from Labor Saving Devices.

Prepaid expenses saw a \$359,000 increase for the current nine months, primarily due to the prepayment of inventory the Company purchases. Likewise, the prior nine months showed a \$48,000 increase in prepaid expenses.

Income tax overpayment for the nine months ended January 31, 2018 increased \$221,000, as the overpayment also showed an increase of \$43,000 for the same period the prior year. The main reason for the current increase is that the Company expects to generate additional income with the asset acquisition

that happened earlier this fiscal year.

Accounts payable shows increases for both nine-month periods at \$239,000 and \$20,000, respectively. The company strives to pay all invoices within terms, and the variance in increases is primarily due to the timing of receipt of products and payment of invoices.

Accrued expenses decreased \$127,000 for the current nine-month period as compared to a \$72,000 decrease for the nine-month period ended January 31, 2017.

Investing

As for our investment activities, the Company spent approximately \$342,000 on acquisitions of property and equipment for the current nine-month period, in comparison with the corresponding nine months last year, where there was activity of \$146,000.

As a result of the asset acquisition of Labor Saving Devices, Inc. ("LSDI"), a net amount of \$1,624,000 of intangible assets were bought, along with inventory and fixed assets. Since the acquisition took place in the current year, there was no cash towards this item for the same reporting period last year.

Additionally, the Company continues to purchase marketable securities, which include municipal bonds and quality stocks. During the nine-month period ended January 31, 2018 there was quite a bit of buy/sell activity in the investment accounts. Net cash spent on purchases of marketable securities for the nine-month period ended January 31, 2018 was \$653,000 compared to \$668,000 spent in the prior nine-month period. We continue to use "money manager" accounts for most stock transactions. By doing this, the Company gives an independent third-party firm, who are experts in this field, permission to buy and sell stocks at will. The Company pays a quarterly service fee based on the value of the investments.

Financing

The Company continues to purchase back common stock when the opportunity arises. For the nine-month period ended January 31, 2018, the Company purchased \$3,000 worth of treasury stock. This is in comparison to \$551,000 spent in the same nine months period the prior year.

The company paid out dividends of \$1,617,000 during the nine months ending January 31, 2018. These dividends were paid during the second quarter. The company declared a dividend of \$0.36 per share of common stock on September 30, 2017 and these dividends were paid by October 31, 2017. As for the prior year numbers, dividend paid was \$1,596,000 for the nine months ending January 31, 2017. A dividend of \$0.35 per common share was declared and paid during the second fiscal quarter last year.

The following is a list of ratios to help analyze George Risk Industries' performance:

For the quarter ended January 31, January 31, 2018 2017

Working capital

\$36,407,000 \$34,041,000

(current assets – current liabilities) Current ratio

18.596 17.171

(current assets / current liabilities) Quick ratio

16.394 15.773

((cash + investments + AR) / current liabilities)

New Product Development

The Company and its engineering department continue to develop enhancements to product lines, develop new products which complement existing products, and look for products that are well suited to our distribution network and manufacturing capabilities. Items currently in the development process include:

A new face plate for our pool alarms is nearing completion. The innovative design is slim in style and will also allow the homeowner to change the plate to match their décor.

An updated version of the pool access alarm is currently going through ETL testing. This next-generation model combines our battery operated DPA series with our hard wired 289 series. A variety of installation options will be available through jumper pin settings.

The case for our CC15 is complete and has been submitted to U.L. for approval for the US and Canada. This will allow us to manufacture several different versions. One is a 15-amp version that would automatically turn on a whole room of lights. Another is a 220-volt version to be used in international markets.

We continue to work on high security switches. We have a triple biased high security switch design nearly complete and an adjustable magnet design was completed for recessed mounting applications.

We continue to research the possibilities of fuel level sensing and how that may also serve other agricultural based needs. Several companies from around the world have been looking for ways to secure fuel tanks and trucks. Our emphasis would be in ways to safely monitor fuel levels and report tampering.

A new float water sensor is being developed that will monitor water levels in livestock tanks and sump pumps.

Wireless technology is a main area of focus for product development. We are considering adding wireless technology to some of our current products. A wireless contact switch is in the final stages of development. Also, we are working on wireless versions of our Pool Alarm and environmental sensors that will be easy to install in current construction. We are also concentrating on making products compatible with Wi-Fi, smartphone technology and the increasing popular Z-Wave standard for wireless home automation.

An updated version of our 200-36 & 4532 overhead door switch line up is nearing completion with the new aluminum cases presently on order. The modified versions, the 200-36UF and 4532UF, are being made as a universal fit switch. This will allow an installer to replace an existing switch without drilling new holes into the cement or adjusting the location. The modified case has an additional mounting hole along with reshaped mounting holes.

Other Information

In addition to researching and developing new products, management is always open to the possibility of acquiring a business or product line that would complement our existing operations. Due to the Company's strong cash position, management believes this could be achieved without the need for outside financing. The intent is to utilize the equipment, marketing techniques and established customers to deliver new products and increase sales and profits.

There are no known seasonal trends with any of GRI's products, since we sell to distributors and OEM manufacturers. Our products are tied to the housing industry and will fluctuate with building trends.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The objective of this update is to provide a robust framework for addressing revenue recognition issues and, upon its effective date, replaces almost all existing revenue recognition guidance. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and the interim periods within that year. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

In February of 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize so-called right-of-use assets and liabilities for most leases having lease terms of 12 months or more. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2019 and the interim periods starting thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

In February of 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02 Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Under this update, companies have the option to reclassify stranded tax effects caused by US Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) from accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) to retained earnings. Under current US GAAP, effects from a change in tax law is recorded as a component of the income tax provision related to continuing operations in the period of enactment, even if the deferred taxes were established for a financial statement component not part of continuing operations, such as accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). Adopting of this standard will remove tax effects stranded in AOCI by the tax law enactment. Adoption of this ASU is optional. This update is effective in annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and the interim periods starting thereafter. The Company is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's financial statements.

GEORGE RISK INDUSTRIES, INC.
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk
Not applicable
Item 4. Controls and Procedures
Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our chief executive officer (also working as our chief financial officer), evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of January 31, 2018. Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer (also working as our chief financial officer) concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures employed at the Company were not effective to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.
We have taken measures to improve our disclosure controls and procedures. A new accounting professional was hired in October 2017 to fill the Controller position. Regarding this filing, more training will be required to fulfill disclosure control and procedure responsibilities, including review procedures for key accounting schedules and timely and proper documentation of material transactions and agreements. Until sufficient training has taken place of this new Controller, we believe this control deficiency represents material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting.
Despite the material weaknesses in financial reporting noted above, we believe that our consolidated financial statements included in this report fairly present our financial position, results of operations and cash flows as of and for the periods presented in all material respects.

We are committed to the establishment of effective internal controls over financial reporting and will place emphasis on quarterly and year-end closing procedures, timely documentation and internal review of accounting and financial reporting consequences of material contracts and agreements, and enhanced review of all schedules and account

analyses by experienced accounting department personnel or independent consultants.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2018 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

GEORGE RISK INDUSTRIE	ES, INC.	
Part II. OTHER INFORMAT	ION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings		
Not applicable		
Item 1A. Risk Factors		
Not applicable.		
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of	Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	
The following table provides of fiscal year 2018.	information relating to the Company's rep	urchase of common stock for the third quarter
	Period	Number of shares
	November 1, 2017 – November 30, 2017 December 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017 January 1, 2018 – January 31, 2018	repurchased -0- -0- 100
Item 3. Defaults upon Senior	Securities	

Not applicable

Item 4. M	ine Safety Disclosures
Not applic	cable
Item 5. Ot	her Information
Not applic	rable
Item 6. Ex	hibits
Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	<u>Material Contract – Purchase Agreement</u>
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

George Risk Industries, Inc. (Registrant)

Date March 16, 2018 By:/s/ Stephanie M. Risk-McElroy
Stephanie M. Risk-McElroy
President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Board