Colony Financial, Inc. Form 10-Q August 09, 2013 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 001-34456

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Maryland 27-0419483 (State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

2450 Broadway, 6th Floor

Santa Monica, California

(Address of Principal Executive

Offices)

90404

(Zip Code)

(310) 282-8820

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

ý

Non-Accelerated Filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No ý

As of August 7, 2013, 66,349,618 shares of the Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements.

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2012
ASSETS	(Onaddited)	2012
Cash	\$20,100	\$170,199
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	1,251,878	877,081
Loans held for investment, net	755,034	333,569
Loan held for sale	32,780	
Beneficial interests in debt securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	31,192	32,055
Other assets	24,117	22,663
Total assets	\$2,115,101	\$1,435,567
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Line of credit	\$89,000	\$
Secured financing	84,093	108,167
Accrued and other liabilities	9,137	12,944
Due to affiliates	6,201	4,984
Dividends payable	28,339	26,442
Convertible senior notes	200,000	
Total liabilities	416,770	152,537
Commitments and contingencies (Note 16)		
Equity:		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 8.5% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual,		
liquidation preference of \$25 per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 10,080,000	101	101
shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 450,000,000 shares authorized, 65,669,962 and	657	531
53,091,623 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	1,480,744	1,222,682
Distributions in excess of retained earnings		(5,167)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	7,160	5,184
Total stockholders' equity	1,472,249	1,223,331
Noncontrolling interests	226,082	59,699
Total equity	1,698,331	1,283,030
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,115,101	\$1,435,567
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.		

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Month 30,	s Ended June	Six Months I	Ended June 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Income				
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	\$22,992	\$15,994	\$44,794	\$31,435
Interest income	17,455	9,051	28,867	14,877
Other income from affiliates	317	569	688	1,119
Total income	40,764	25,614	74,349	47,431
Expenses				
Management fees (including \$987, \$608, \$2,105 and \$2,364 of share-based compensation, respectively)	6,422	3,944	12,792	8,464
Investment expenses (including \$386, \$470, \$728 and \$914				
reimbursable to affiliates, respectively)	542	1,091	1,150	1,771
Interest expense	4,816	1,829	7,171	3,323
Administrative expenses (including \$775, \$583, \$1,436 and \$1,174 reimbursable to affiliates, respectively)	1,736	1,478	3,579	3,232
Total expenses	13,516	8,342	24,692	16,790
Realized gain on payoff of loan receivable	3,560		3,560	
Other gain (loss), net	196	(276)	133	(504)
Income before income taxes	31,004	16,996	53,350	30,137
Income tax provision	242	441	594	805
Net income	30,762	16,555	52,756	29,332
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,111	1,454	7,698	1,763
Net income attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.	25,651	15,101	45,058	27,569
Preferred dividends	5,355	3,082	10,710	3,458
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$20,296	\$12,019	\$34,348	\$24,111
Net income per common share:	Ψ20,230	Ψ12,019	Ψ21,210	Ψ21,111
Basic	\$0.31	\$0.36	\$0.54	\$0.73
Diluted	\$0.31	\$0.36	\$0.54	\$0.73
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:	40.61	ψ 0.00	φ σ.ε	Ψ 0.7.2
Basic	64,384,000	32,745,500	63,212,100	32,696,100
Diluted	71,928,900	32,806,900	63,212,100	32,731,400
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.35	\$0.35	\$0.70	\$0.69
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consoli		•	+ 3., 5	+02

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Mont	Ended Jun	e	
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net income	\$30,762		\$16,555		\$52,756		\$29,332	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:								
Equity in other comprehensive (loss) income of unconsolidated joint ventures, net	(1,765)	534		2,834		254	
Unrealized (loss) gain on beneficial interests in debt securities	(602)	538		(534)	228	
Net change in fair value of derivative instruments designated as hedges	(259)	943		180		223	
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	550		(1,134)	(469)	(745)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(2,076)	881		2,011		(40)
Comprehensive income	28,686		17,436		54,767		29,292	
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,116		1,471		7,733		1,771	
Comprehensive income attributable to stockholders	\$23,570		\$15,965		\$47,034		\$27,521	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated	d financial	sta	tements.					

30, 2012

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Preferred St	tock	Common S	tock	Additional	Retained (Distribut	Accumul	ated Total			
	Shares	Amou	u 6h ares	Amou	Paid-in Inf Capital	*		e Sitovk holders	,Noncontrol Interests	ling Total Equit	У
Balance at		.	22 (24 000		4.500.450		* (** ****)	A 60 2 0 2 6		4.612.100	
December 31, 2011	_	\$—	32,624,889	\$326	\$599,470	\$5,510	\$(2,330)	\$602,976	\$10,514	\$613,490	
Net income	_				_	27,569		27,569	1,763	29,332	ļ
Other						21,507		21,307	1,703	27,332	ļ
comprehensive income (loss)	_		_		_	_	(48)	(48)	8	(40)
Issuance of 8.5% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Stock	5,800,000	58	_	_	144,942	_	_	145,000	_	145,000	
Underwriting and offering costs	_	_	_	_	(4,937)	_	_	(4,937)	_	(4,937)
Issuance of common stock for incentive fees	_	_	8,777	_	150	_	_	150	_	150	
Share-based payments Contributions	_	_	481,999	5	2,604	_	_	2,609	_	2,609	
from noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	36,376	36,376	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7,641)	(7,641)
Preferred stock dividends declared	_		_	_	_	(3,971) —	(3,971)	_	(3,971)
Common stock dividends declared (\$0.69 per share)	_	_	_	_	_	(22,848) —	(22,848)	_	(22,848)
Dolonos of Issue	5,800,000	\$58	33,115,665	\$331	\$742,229	\$6,260	\$(2,378)	\$746,500	\$41,020	\$787,520	

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Balance at December 31,	10 080 000	\$101	53 091 623	\$531	\$1,222,682	\$(5,167)	\$5 184	\$1,223,331	\$59,699	\$1,283,030
2012	10,000,000	ψ101	33,071,023	ψυυι	Ψ1,222,002	Ψ(3,107)	, ψ <i>J</i> ,10 4	Ψ1,225,551	Ψ37,077	φ1,203,030
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	45,058	_	45,058	7,698	52,756
Other										·
comprehensive	_		_	—	_	_	1,976	1,976	35	2,011
income										
Common stock			12,572,002	126	256,356	_	_	256,482	_	256,482
offerings Underwriting										
and offering	_	_	_		(540)	_	_	(540) —	(540)
costs					(0.0)			(0.0	,	(8.0)
Share-based			6,337		2,246			2,246		2,246
payments	_	_	0,337	_	2,240	_	_	2,240		2,240
Contributions										
from			_		_	_	_	_	164,772	164,772
noncontrolling interests										
Distributions to										
noncontrolling		_			_				(6,122)	(6,122)
interests									,	
Preferred stock										
dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(10,710) —	(10,710) —	(10,710)
declared										
Common stock dividends										
declared (\$0.70	_	_	_	_	_	(45,594) —	(45,594) —	(45,594)
per share)										
Balance at June 30, 2013	10 000 000	¢ 1∩1	65 660 062	¢657	¢1.490.744	¢(16.412)	\$7.160	\$1,472,249	\$226,082	\$1,698,331
,					\$1,460,744			φ1,4/2,249	φ 440,084	φ1,090,331

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Month	ns Ended June 30,
	2013	2012
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	\$52,756	\$29,332
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of discount and net origination fees on purchased and originated loans	(2,820) (989)
Paid in-kind interest added to loan principal	(218) (414)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,580	873
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	(44,794) (31,435)
Distributions of income from unconsolidated joint ventures	51,663	30,702
Share-based payments	2,246	2,759
Realized gain on payoff of loan receivable	(3,560) —
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in other assets	(4,294) (2,331)
Increase (decrease) in accrued and other liabilities	4,807	(284)
Increase in due to affiliates	1,217	776
Other adjustments, net	204	685
Net cash provided by operating activities	58,787	29,674
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures	(486,461) (172,250)
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	107,142	62,620
Investments in purchased loans receivable, net of seller financing		(56,427)
Repayments of principal on loans receivable	34,721	3,237
Net disbursements on originated loans	(482,368) —
Proceeds from sales of loans receivable		30,159
Investment deposits		(1,825)
Other investing activities, net	170	(29)
Net cash used in investing activities	(826,796) (134,515)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock, net		140,432
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	256,240	_
Dividends paid to preferred stockholders	(10,710) —
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(43,697) (22,349)
Line of credit borrowings	123,000	85,000
Line of credit repayments	(34,000) (121,000)
Secured financing repayments	(24,074) —
Net proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes	194,000	_
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	164,772	36,376
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(6,122) (7,641)
Other financing activities, net	(1,499) (1,685)
Net cash provided by financing activities	617,910	109,133
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(150,099) 4,292
Cash, beginning of period	170,199	3,872
Cash, end of period	\$20,100	\$8,164

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months	Ended June 30,
	2013	2012
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid for interest	\$3,355	\$2,205
Cash paid for income taxes	\$1,115	\$2,979
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES:		
Dividends payable	\$28,339	\$15,562
Seller-provided secured financing on purchased loan	\$—	\$103,524
Interest reserve for seller financing funded by borrower of purchased loan (Note 7)	\$—	\$9,984
Assignment of loans receivable and related liabilities to investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$	\$29,427
Deferred financing costs deducted from convertible debt issuance proceeds	\$6,000	\$ —
Offering costs included in accrued and other liabilities	\$298	\$252

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2013
(Unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Colony Financial, Inc. (the "Company") was organized on June 23, 2009 as a Maryland corporation for the purpose of acquiring, originating and managing commercial mortgages, which may be performing, sub-performing or non-performing loans (including loan-to-own strategies), and other commercial real estate-related debt and equity investments. The Company also acquires interests in single-family residential rental properties through its investment in CAH Operating Partnership, L.P. ("CAH OP"). The Company is externally managed and advised by Colony Financial Manager, LLC (the "Manager"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Colony Capital, LLC ("Colony Capital"), a privately held global real estate investment firm. The Company elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code commencing with its first taxable year ended December 31, 2009. The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-O and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. These statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the interim periods presented. However, the results of operations for the interim period presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013 or any other future period. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, as amended.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The Company consolidates entities in which it retains a controlling financial interest or entities that meet the definition of a variable interest entity ("VIE") for which the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary. In performing its analysis of whether it is the primary beneficiary, at initial investment and at each quarterly reporting period, the Company considers whether it individually has the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the entity's performance and also has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company also considers whether it is a member of a related party group that collectively meets the power and benefits criteria and, if so, whether the Company is most closely associated with the VIE. In making that determination, the Company considers both qualitative and quantitative factors, including, but not limited to: the amount and characteristics of its investment relative to other investors; the obligation or likelihood for the Company or other investors to fund operating losses of the VIE; the Company's and the other investors' ability to control or significantly influence key decisions for the VIE, and the similarity and significance of the VIE's business activities to those of the Company and the other investors. The determination of whether an entity is a VIE, and whether the Company is the primary beneficiary, involves significant judgments, including the determination of which activities most significantly affect the entities' performance, estimates about the current and future fair values and performance of assets held by the VIE and/or general market conditions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Real Estate Impairment

The Company evaluates its investments in real estate for impairment periodically or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The Company evaluates cash flows and

determines impairments on an individual property basis. In making this determination, the Company reviews, among other things, current and estimated future cash flows associated with each property, market information for each sub-market, including, where applicable, competition levels, foreclosure levels, leasing trends, occupancy trends, lease or room rates, and the market prices of similar properties recently sold or currently being offered for sale, and other quantitative and qualitative factors. If an

impairment indicator exists, the Company compares the expected future undiscounted cash flows to the carrying amount of the asset to evaluate whether the carrying value is recoverable. If the sum of the estimated undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the Company would record an impairment loss for the difference between the estimated fair value and the carrying amount of the asset.

Net Earnings per Share

The Company calculates basic earnings per share using the two-class method which defines unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends as participating securities. The two-class method is an allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each share of common stock and participating securities according to dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings. Under this method, all earnings (distributed and undistributed) are allocated to common shares and participating securities based on their respective rights to receive dividends. Earnings per common share is calculated by dividing earnings allocated to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing income allocated to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect of share-based payments and the assumed conversion of convertible notes to common shares.

3. Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

Pursuant to an investment allocation agreement between the Company, the Manager and Colony Capital, many of the Company's investments have been structured as joint ventures with one or more private investment funds or other investment vehicles ("Co-Investment Funds") managed by Colony Capital or its affiliates. The joint ventures are generally capitalized through equity contributions from the members, although certain investments are leveraged through various financing arrangements. The Company's exposure to the joint ventures is limited to amounts invested or committed to the joint ventures at inception, and neither the Company nor the other investors are required to provide financial or other support in excess of their capital commitments.

The Company's investments in unconsolidated joint ventures are summarized below:

· ·			ip	Carrying Value		
Joint Ventures	Investment Status at June 30, 2013	Percentage at June 30, 2013		June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	
CAH Operating Partnership, L.P.	Investment in CAH OP, an investment vehicle created for the purpose of acquiring and renting single-family homes	24.3	% ⁽¹⁾	\$536,936	\$ 251,501	
Portfolio 8 Investors, LLC	Preferred equity investment in an entity that acquired a multifamily portfolio composed of approximately 3,700 units located in Georgia, Florida and Texas	75.0	%(2)	65,740	_	
ColFin Court Square Funding, LLC	Preferred equity investment in an entity that acquired a Class A office tower located in Long Island City, New York	50.0	%	47,596	46,188	
ColFin 2011 CRE Holdco, LLC and Colony AMC 2011 CRE, LLC	475 performing and non-performing loans acquired in a structured transaction with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), secured mostly by commercial real estate, and 21 real estate owned ("REO") properties	44.4	%	39,839	38,220	
ColFin Bulls Funding A, LLC and ColFin Bulls Funding B, LLC	412 performing and non-performing acquired loans consisting of substantially all first mortgage recourse commercial real estate loans and 8 REO properties	32.5	%	34,982	39,662	
		33.3	%	33,729	39,317	

ColFin DB Guarantor, LLC and Colony AMC DB, LLC	509 performing and non-performing loans acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, secured mostly by commercial real estate and 122 REO properties				
ColFin NW Funding, LLC	16 performing acquired first mortgages secured by commercial real estate	37.9	%	33,122	32,676
ColFin JIH Holdco, LLC,	Equity interests in and senior mezzanine				
ColFin JIH Mezzco A, LLC	loan receivable from entities owning a	33.3	%	30,537	32,320
and ColFin JIH Opco, LLC	portfolio of 103 limited service hotels				
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(Amounts in thousands)		Ownersh	_	Carrying V	alue alue
Joint Ventures	Investment Status at June 30, 2013	Percenta at June 3 2013	_	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ColFin Cal Funding, LLC	43 performing and 9 non-performing acquired first mortgage loans secured by commercial and residential real estate	50.0	%	25,845	_
ColFin Hunt Holdco A, LLC and ColFin Hunt Holdco B, LLC	2 non-performing commercial real estate loans and 1 REO property	37.9	%	25,156	26,963
ColFin Ash Funding, LLC	2 most junior mortgage participation interests secured by 5 full-service hotels	50.0	%	24,363	24,365
ColFin STC Funding, LLC	Performing acquired senior mortgage loan secured by a retail property in Florida	50.0	%	23,153	_
ColFin Cal Funding II, LLC	41 performing acquired first mortgage loans secured by commercial and residential real estate	50.0	%	22,937	_
ColFin Mizner Funding, LLC	First mortgage loan origination secured by a multifamily development parcel located in Florida	50.0	%	20,333	_
ColFin 666 Funding, LLC	First mortgage pari-passu participation interest secured by Class A midtown Manhattan office building	33.3	%	18,232	17,595
ColFin London Funding, LLC	7 performing and non-performing acquired loans secured by commercial real estate	50.0	%	16,645	37,427
ColFin 2012 CRE ADC Holdco, LLC and Colony AMC 2012 CRE ADC, LLC	430 performing and non-performing loans acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, mostly secured by commercial real estate and 5 REO properties	50.0	%	16,235	15,370
ColFin PHX Tower Funding, LLC	First mortgage loan acquisition; pursuing foreclosure on a high-rise office tower located in Phoenix, AZ	50.0	%	16,070	16,454
ColFin Inland Funding, LLC and ColFin Inland Investor, LLC	First mortgage loan secured by a Southern California master planned development and equity participation rights	50.0	%	15,561	15,086
ColFin FCDC Funding, LLC	planned communities located in California	50.0	%	15,203	15,422
ColFin ALS Funding, LLC	Recourse loan secured by first liens on 2 Manhattan townhomes, second liens on 2 Upstate New York residences and a	33.3	%	13,310	12,841
ColFin Metro Funding, LLC	photography catalogue 73 performing and non-performing acquired loans secured by commercial real estate 860 performing and non-performing loans	50.0	%	12,598	35,274
ColFin Axle Funding, LLC	acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, mostly secured by commercial real estate, and 52 REO properties	4.5	%	12,352	12,805
Colony Funds Sants S.à r.l.	estate, and 52 KEO properties	5.1	%	11,933	11,982

ColFin Shadow Funding,	Syndicated senior secured loan to a Spanish commercial real estate company Senior loan facility origination to finance the				
LLC and ColFin Shadow	development of a master planned residential	50.0	%	11,733	_
Investor, LLC	community located near Austin, TX Performing mezzanine loan origination				
ColFin SXC Funding, LLC	cross-collateralized by a portfolio of limited-service hotels	50.0	%	10,800	10,795
	60% participation interests in 205				
ColFin MF5 Funding, LLC	performing and non-performing first mortgage loans and 2 REO properties	11.0	%	10,714	21,130
9	and a common property of the p				

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(Amounts in thousands)		Ownership		Carrying Value		
Joint Ventures	Investment Status at June 30, 2013	Percentage at June 30, 2013		June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	
ColFin Marin Funding, LLC	First mortgage loan origination for the land acquisition and pre-development costs of a waterfront mixed-use project located in Northern California	50.0	%	10,294	_	
ColFin Midwest Funding, LLC	58 performing and non-performing acquired loans primarily secured by commercial real estate	50.0	%	10,146	18,635	
ColFin Hearthstone Funding, LLC and ColFin Hearthstone Investor, LLC	Senior loan facility secured by a Southern California master planned development and equity participation rights	50.0	%	10,004	7,987	
Other unconsolidated joint ventures (investments less than \$10 million carrying value at June 30, 2013)		10.6% to 50.0%		75,780	97,066	
	,	2 3.0 /2		\$1,251,878	\$ 877,081	

(1)Ownership percentage based upon capital funded to date.

Ownership percentage represents the percentage of capital contributed by the Company as the preferred member in (2) the joint venture alongside its common member; as the preferred member, the Company earns a fixed return on its investment.

The following is a summary of significant developments affecting the joint ventures during the six months ended June 30, 2013:

The Company invested a combined \$189.8 million in eight new unconsolidated joint ventures representing five originations and three loan acquisitions. Two investments in unconsolidated joint ventures were fully resolved during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

The Company invested an additional \$295 million in CAH OP. To date, the Company has invested \$550 million in CAH OP and has no further capital commitments at this time.

Activity in the Company's investments in unconsolidated joint ventures is summarized below:

(In thousands)

(in thousands)		
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$877,081	
Contributions	486,461	
Distributions	(158,805)
Equity in net income	44,794	
Equity in other comprehensive income	9,903	
Equity in realized gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(7,069)
Foreign currency translation loss	(487)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$1,251,878	

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Combined condensed balance sheets and statements of operations for all unconsolidated joint ventures are presented below:

Combined Condensed Balance Sheets of Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$454,936	\$156,704
Loans receivable, net	2,241,237	2,383,748
Investments in real estate	2,554,404	990,105
Debt and equity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	171,350	247,963
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	438,168	436,188
Other assets	320,496	825,804
Total assets	\$6,180,591	\$5,040,512
Liabilities and Equity:		
Debt	\$635,977	\$1,018,865
Other liabilities	126,673	65,193
Total liabilities	762,650	1,084,058
Owners' equity	4,498,867	2,997,533
Noncontrolling interests	919,074	958,921
Total liabilities and equity	\$6,180,591	\$5,040,512
Company's share of equity	\$1,251,878	\$877,081

Three Months Ended June

Combined Condensed Statements of Operations of Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

	30,		Six Months Ended June 30	
(In thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012
Income:				
Interest income	\$93,085	\$92,920	\$180,013	\$184,383
Property operating income	47,361	23,075	76,758	43,825
Equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures	6,449	10,661	12,727	26,003
Other income	7,911	5,170	12,388	10,237
Total income	154,806	131,826	281,886	264,448
Expenses:				
Interest expense	6,732	9,606	10,836	20,760
Property operating expense	33,885	14,347	60,695	29,679
Other expenses	37,284	23,182	61,655	45,292
Total expenses	77,901	47,135	133,186	95,731
Other income:				
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net	51,483	193	107,668	55,953
Net income	128,388	84,884	256,368	224,670
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	26,583	14,323	56,035	35,934
Net income attributable to members	\$101,805	\$70,561	\$200,333	\$188,736
Company's equity in net income	\$22,992	\$15,994	\$44,794	\$31,435
THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CO	1.100/ 6.1		1	T 20 2012

The Company's investments in CAH OP represented 25% and 18% of the Company's total assets as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. No other single investment represented greater than 10% of total assets. No single investment generated greater than 10% of total income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Related Party Transactions of Unconsolidated Joint Ventures—The Company has equity ownership interests in certain unconsolidated asset management companies (each an "AMC") that provide management services to certain of its unconsolidated joint ventures. The AMCs earn annual management fees equal to 50 to 75 basis points times the

unpaid principal balance ("UPB") of each loan portfolio and are responsible for the payment of allocations of compensation, overhead and direct costs incurred by an affiliate of the Manager pursuant to a cost allocation arrangement.

Certain unconsolidated joint ventures reimburse Colony Capital and its affiliates for costs incurred on their behalf, including costs of property management personnel. The joint ventures, including AMCs, were allocated approximately \$6.4 million and \$2.3 million in costs from such affiliates of the Manager for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$11.8 million and \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Such costs are included in property operating and other expenses in the combined condensed statements of operations of unconsolidated joint ventures above. The Company's proportionate share, based upon its percentage interests in the joint ventures, was \$1.7 million and \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$3.4 million and \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

An affiliate of CAH OP's manager provides construction and rehabilitation services on the single-family rental homes held through CAH OP. CAH OP reimbursed approximately \$13.0 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$17.9 million and \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, to the affiliate for third party costs and overhead, which have been capitalized as investments in real estate by CAH OP.

4. Loans Receivable

The following table summarizes the Company's loans receivable:

_	June 30, 2013				December 31, 2012					
(In thousands)	Principal	Carrying Amount	Weigh Avera Coupe	ige	Weighted Average Maturity in Years	Principal	Carrying Amount	Weigh Avera Coupo	ge	Weighted Average Maturity in Years
Loans held for investment:										
Mortgage loans	\$325,280	\$296,725	8.8	%(1)	2.5	\$233,003	\$203,098	8.9	%	2.1
B-note	14,651	14,599	20.9	%	2.8	14,558	14,471	20.9	%	3.3
Mezzanine loans	446,909	443,710	10.8	%(2)	3.4	116,000	116,000	10.1	%	5.2
	\$786,840	\$755,034				\$363,561	\$333,569			
Loan held for sale:	ф 22.7 00	ф 22 7 00	4.5	C.	4.5	Ф	ф	,		,
Mortgage loans	\$32,780	\$32,780	4.5	%	4.5	\$ —	\$—	n/a		n/a

⁽¹⁾ A whole mortgage loan with a UPB of \$32.7 million pays interest at a variable rate of one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a spread of 6%.

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, all loans were performing in accordance with their contractual terms. There were no troubled debt restructurings during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

A mezzanine loan partially owned by noncontrolling interests and secured by hotel properties represented 15% of the Company's total assets as of June 30, 2013. No single loan receivable represented greater than 10% of total assets as of December 31, 2012.

Two first mortgage loans, which share the same corporate guarantor and partially owned by noncontrolling interests, generated 15% and 17% of total income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. No single loan generated greater than 10% of total income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012.

Activity in loans receivable is summarized below:

(In thousands)

Balance at December 31, 2012

\$333,569

⁽²⁾ Mezzanine loans with an aggregate UPB of \$330.9 million pay interest at variable rates of LIBOR plus a weighted-average spread of 10.8%.

Loan acquisitions and originations	482,368	
Paid in-kind interest added to loan principal	218	
Discount and net loan fee amortization	2,820	
Principal repayments	(31,161)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$787,814	

During the six months ended June 30, 2013, the Company funded \$482 million to originate or participate in the origination of loans as follows: (1) \$122.3 million participation in a first mortgage loan secured by 11 athletic clubs located in California, (2) \$327.6 million participation in mezzanine loans secured by equity interests in an entity owning a portfolio of hotels located

throughout the United States, including \$154.3 million by noncontrolling interests, and (3) \$32.2 million in the origination of a first mortgage loan secured by a regional mall located in Massachusetts. Some of the loans were subject to, and were funded net of, origination fees upon closing.

In July 2013, the Company split an originated first mortgage loan into a \$32.8 million A-note and \$90.1 million B-note, and sold the A-note to an unrelated party at par. The \$32.8 million principal balance of the A-note was classified as held for sale in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2013.

In May 2013, the borrower of a first mortgage loan originated in December 2010 paid off the entire loan and accrued interest thereon, including a yield maintenance premium of \$3.6 million (see Note 7).

Minimum scheduled principal payments required under the loan agreements for performing loans as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
Remaining 2013	\$ 5,169
2014	148,155 (1)
2015	2,366
2016	479,731
2017	116,699
Thereafter	56,000
Total	\$ 808,120

- (1) Net of \$11.5 million credit available to borrower upon full payoff.
- 5. Beneficial Interests in Debt Securities

On June 30, 2011, the Company, through a 99%-owned joint venture with a strategic partner, acquired \$28 million in beneficial interests in a series of tax-exempt bonds with an aggregate principal amount of \$40.4 million. The bonds are secured by a multifamily property located in Georgia. At closing, the bonds financed the acquisition of the property by an institutional real estate firm. The \$28 million in beneficial interests, in the form of senior certificates, were acquired at par but had an estimated fair value of \$32.1 million at acquisition. The bonds have a six-year term, bear interest at a fixed rate of 7.125%, require semi-annual interest payments each December and June, and may be prepaid, subject to the payment of certain fees. The beneficial interests in debt securities are classified as available-for-sale and stated at estimated fair value, with changes in fair value reflected in other comprehensive income or loss. The Company's beneficial interests in debt securities are summarized below:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31,
(III tilousalius)	Julic 30, 2013	2012
Principal	\$28,000	\$28,000
Unamortized premium	2,844	3,174
Amortized cost	30,844	31,174
Unrealized gain included in accumulated other comprehensive income	348	881
Fair value	\$31,192	\$32,055

Concurrently with the acquisition of beneficial interests in debt securities, the Company's strategic partner entered into an interest rate swap agreement with the borrower which, in conjunction with a special contribution/distribution arrangement with the joint venture, will result in a net current yield to the joint venture of the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") Municipal Swap Index plus 3.25% per annum (3.31% at June 30, 2013). The Company determined that the special contribution/distribution arrangement is an embedded derivative that meets the criteria for bifurcation and recorded a derivative liability. The bifurcated derivative does not qualify as a hedging instrument, so changes in the estimated fair value of the derivative are recognized in income. Unrealized gain (loss) of \$195,000 and \$(160,000) for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and \$127,000 and \$(340,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, are included in other gain (loss) in the accompanying statements of operations.

6. Credit Agreement

In September 2012, the Company amended its existing credit agreement (as amended, the "Credit Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and certain lenders. The Credit Agreement provides a credit facility in the maximum principal amount of \$175 million, with an option to increase the maximum available principal amount to \$250 million subject to certain conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement, including each lender or substitute lenders agreeing to

provide commitments for such increased amount. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement have been used by the Company to finance investments in target assets, as well as for general corporate purposes.

The maximum amount available to borrow under the Credit Agreement is the lesser of (a) 3.5 times the Company's annualized consolidated cash income (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and (b) 40% of the aggregate book value of all investment assets that at such time contribute positive cash income to the calculation of annualized consolidated cash income ("contributing investment assets"). As of June 30, 2013, the maximum amount available for borrowing was \$175 million, of which \$89 million was drawn.

Advances under the Credit Agreement accrue interest at a per annum rate equal to the sum of, at the Company's election, the one, two, three, or six month LIBOR plus 3.50% or 3.75%, depending upon the leverage ratio as defined in the Credit Agreement. At June 30, 2013, the applicable spread was 3.50% and the Company had outstanding borrowings bearing weighted average interest at 3.7%. The Company also pays a commitment fee of 0.5% or 0.4% of the unused amount (0.4% at June 30, 2013), depending upon usage.

The initial maturity date of the Credit Agreement is August 30, 2013, and any amounts outstanding upon maturity will convert automatically to a fully amortizing one-year term loan payable in quarterly installments. In the event of such conversions, the term loan will continue to bear interest at the same rate as the revolving loans from which they were converted.

Some of the Company's subsidiaries provided a continuing guaranty (the "Guaranty") under which such subsidiaries guaranty the obligations of the Company under the Credit Agreement. As security for the advances under the Credit Agreement, the Company and some of its affiliates pledged their equity interests in certain subsidiaries through which the Company directly or indirectly owns substantially all of its assets.

The Credit Agreement and the Guaranty contain various affirmative and negative covenants, including financial covenants that require the Company to maintain minimum tangible net worth and liquidity levels and financial ratios, as defined in the Credit Agreement. At June 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all of these financial covenants.

In April 2013, the Company modified a provision of the Credit Agreement restricting the Company's ability to create or incur certain types of indebtedness by excepting from such provision the issuance of up to \$287.5 million of convertible senior notes (see Note 8).

The Credit Agreement also includes customary events of default, in certain cases subject to reasonable and customary periods to cure, including but not limited to: failure to make payments when due; breach of covenants; breach of representations and warranties; insolvency proceedings; certain judgments and attachments; change of control; and failure to maintain status as a REIT. The occurrence of an event of default may result in the termination of the credit facility, accelerate the Company's repayment obligations, in certain cases limit the Company's ability to make distributions, and allow the lenders to exercise all rights and remedies available to them with respect to the collateral. There have been no events of default since the inception of the credit facility.

On August 6, 2013, the Company obtained a new credit facility and repaid all obligations due under the Credit Agreement with proceeds drawn from the new credit facility (see Note 18).

7. Secured Financing

In connection with the acquisition of a \$181 million participation interest in a first mortgage loan in May 2012, the seller provided concurrent financing for \$103.5 million, or 65% of the purchase price. The non-recourse, co-terminus financing bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.0%. Concurrently with the loan acquisition, the borrower funded, on behalf of the Company, an interest reserve account in an amount sufficient to service the interest for the term of the secured financing. The interest reserve account is controlled by the secured financing lender and is included in other assets in the accompanying balance sheet. The financing has an initial maturity of July 2014 and can be extended to January 2017, subject to an extension fee. Upon exercise of the extension option, the borrower of the first mortgage loan will again be required to fund the interest reserve account on behalf of the Company to service the interest for the extended term of the secured financing. At June 30, 2013, the outstanding balance on the secured financing was \$84.1 million. On December 23, 2010, the Company assigned a \$20.75 million first mortgage it originated to a third party in exchange for \$14 million in proceeds, and retained a \$6.75 million subordinated B-note participation. The Company accounted for the assignment as a financing transaction, as the Company retained effective control over the original

first mortgage loan and, accordingly, it did not meet the criteria of a loan sale. In April 2013, as a result of a default by the borrower, the Company exercised its option to repurchase the A-note at par from the third party. In May 2013, upon sale of the collateral property, the borrower paid off the entire loan and accrued interest thereon, including a yield maintenance premium of \$3.6 million.

Minimum scheduled principal payments due under the secured financing arrangement as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	(In thousands)
Remaining 2013	\$4,000
2014	80,093
Total	\$84,093

8. Convertible Senior Notes

On April 10, 2013, the Company issued \$200 million of its 5.00% Convertible Senior Notes due on April 15, 2023 (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes were sold to the underwriters at a discount of 3%, resulting in net proceeds of \$194 million to the Company. The Convertible Notes bear interest at 5.00% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2013. Debt issuance costs, including underwriter discounts and offering costs payable by the Company, are included in other assets in the accompanying balance sheets and are being amortized to interest expense over the contractual term of the Convertible Notes using the effective interest method.

The Convertible Notes are convertible, at the holders' option, into shares of the Company's common stock at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, subject to certain limitations as described in the indenture, at the applicable conversion rate in effect on the conversion date. The conversion rate is initially set to equal 42.3819 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$23.60 per share of common stock), subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events. The Company may redeem the Convertible Notes at its option at any time on or after April 22, 2020 if the last reported sale price of its common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price of the Convertible Notes then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date.

9. Derivative Instruments

The Company has investments in four unconsolidated joint ventures denominated in Euros that expose the Company to foreign currency risk. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company's net investments in such joint ventures totaled approximately €30.1 million, or \$39.2 million, and €31.3 million, or \$41.3 million, respectively. The Company uses collars (consisting of caps and floors) without upfront premium costs to hedge the foreign currency exposure of its net investments. At June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the total notional amount of the collars was approximately €23.9 million and €16.1 million, respectively, with termination dates ranging from July 2013 to July 2015.

The fair values of derivative instruments included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets are as follows:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets Foreign exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments included in other assets	\$1,020	\$760
Liabilities Foreign exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments included in accrued and other liabilities	\$374	\$293
Embedded derivative liability (Note 5) included in accrued and other liabilities	3,245 \$3,619	3,898 \$4,191

Certain counterparties to the derivative instruments require the Company to deposit cash or other eligible collateral for derivative financial liabilities exceeding \$100,000. As of June 30, 2013, the Company had no amounts on deposit related to these agreements.

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10. Fair Value Measurements

Financial Instruments Reported at Fair Value

The Company has certain assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. The following table summarizes the fair values of those assets and liabilities:

(In the area of a)	June 30,	December	
(In thousands)	2013	31, 2012	
Assets			
Beneficial interests in debt securities	\$31,192	\$32,055	
Foreign exchange contracts	1,020	760	
	\$32,212	\$32,815	
Liabilities			
Foreign exchange contracts	\$374	\$293	
Embedded derivative liability associated with beneficial interests in debt securities	3,245	3,898	
•	\$3,619	\$4,191	

All of the fair values in the table above fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy which rely on significant observable inputs, other than quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities, including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.

The fair value of the beneficial interests in debt securities and the associated embedded derivative liability were determined by discounting the expected cash flows using observable current and forward rates of widely used indices that closely follow the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. The fair values of foreign exchange contracts are determined by discounting the expected cash flow of each derivative instrument based on forecast foreign exchange rates. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, observable market-based inputs, and credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect the non-performance risk for both the Company and the respective counterparty. Although credit valuation adjustments, such as the risk of default, rely on Level 3 inputs, the Company has determined that these inputs are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. As a result, derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Fair Value Disclosure of Financial Instruments Reported at Cost

The following tables present the estimated fair values and carrying values of the Company's financial instruments carried at cost, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy:

June 30, 2013

	June 30, 2013				
	Fair Value Me	easurements Usi	ing		
(In thousands)	Quoted Prices Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value	Carrying Value
Assets					
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$	\$14,751	\$1,322,588	\$1,337,339	\$1,251,878
Loans held for investment	_	_	758,871	758,871	755,034
Loan held for sale	_		32,780	32,780	32,780
Liabilities					
Line of credit	\$—	\$89,100	\$	\$89,100	89,000
Secured financing	_		84,100	84,100	84,093
Convertible senior notes	201,250			201,250	200,000

(In thousands)	December 31, Fair Value Me Quoted Prices Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	asurements Usi	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value	Carrying Value
Assets					
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$—	\$20,667	\$910,450	\$931,117	\$877,081
Loans held for investment			335,734	335,734	333,569
Liabilities					
Secured financing	\$ —	\$ —	\$108,090	\$108,090	\$108,167

The Company and its unconsolidated joint ventures estimate the fair value of financial instruments carried at historical cost on a quarterly basis. These instruments are recorded at fair value only if they are impaired. No impairment was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Fair values of loans receivable are estimated using inputs such as discounted cash flow projections, interest rates available for borrowers with similar credit metrics, market comparables, dealer quotes, and other quantitative and qualitative factors. Fair values of investments in unconsolidated joint ventures are primarily derived by applying the Company's ownership interest to the fair value of the underlying assets and liabilities of each joint venture. The Company's proportionate share of each joint venture's fair value approximates the Company's fair value of the investment, as the timing of cash flows of the joint venture does not deviate materially from the timing of cash flows the Company receives from the joint venture.

The fair values of the Company's secured financing and line of credit at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were estimated by discounting expected future cash outlays at current interest rates available for similar instruments. The fair value of convertible senior notes was determined using the last trade price in active markets on the balance sheet date.

The carrying values of interest receivable and accrued and other liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term nature. Considerable judgment is necessary to interpret market data and develop estimated fair value. The use of different assumptions or methodologies could have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

11. Stockholders' Equity

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 450,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

Series A Preferred Stock

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had 10,080,000 shares of its 8.5% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Series A Preferred Stock"), issued and outstanding. The Series A Preferred Stock must be paid a dividend at a rate of 8.5% per year on the \$25.00 liquidation preference before the common stock is entitled to receive any dividends. The Series A Preferred Stock is redeemable at \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends (whether or not declared) exclusively at the Company's option commencing on March 20, 2017 (subject to the Company's right under limited circumstances to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock earlier in order to preserve its qualification as a REIT or upon the occurrence of a change of control (as defined in the articles supplementary relating to the Series A Preferred Stock)). The Series A Preferred Stock is senior to the Company's common stock with respect to dividends and distributions, including distributions upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up. The Series A Preferred Stock generally does not have any voting rights, except if the Company fails to pay dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock for six or more quarterly periods (whether or not consecutive). Under such circumstances, the Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to vote to elect two additional directors to the Company's board of directors, until all unpaid dividends have been paid or declared and set aside for payment. In addition, certain changes to the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock cannot be made without

the affirmative vote of holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock voting separately as a class.

Common Stock Offering

In January 2013, the Company completed a sale of 11,500,000 shares of its common stock, including a full exercise of the overallotment option, to underwriters at a price of \$20.20 per share. The net offering proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering costs payable by the Company, were approximately \$232.3 million. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering to make an additional investment in CAH OP, to fund acquisitions of target assets and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

At-The-Market Stock Offering Program ("ATM Program")

In May 2013, the Company entered into separate "at-the-market" equity distribution agreements with certain sales agents to offer and sell, from time to time, shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$200 million. Sales of the shares may be made in negotiated transactions and/or transactions that are deemed to be "at the market" offerings, including sales made by means of ordinary brokers' transactions, including directly on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), or sales made to or through a market maker other than on an exchange. The Company is required to pay each sales agent a commission not to exceed 2% of the gross sales proceeds for any common stock sold through such agent.

During the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company sold 1,072,002 shares of its common stock under this ATM Program for net offering proceeds of \$23.9 million after deducting commissions. The Company used net proceeds from the offering to make investments or repay amounts outstanding under the credit facility. Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan

The Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan (the "DRIP Plan") provides existing common stockholders and other investors the opportunity to purchase shares (or additional shares, as applicable) of the Company's common stock by reinvesting some or all of the cash dividends received on their shares of the Company's common stock or making optional cash purchases within specified parameters. The DRIP Plan acquires shares either in the open market, directly from the Company as newly issued common stock, or in privately negotiated transactions with third parties. As of June 30, 2013, no shares had been acquired under the DRIP Plan from the Company in the form of new issuances.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables present the changes in each component of accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to the stockholders, net of immaterial tax effect:

(In thousands)	Six Months I	Ended June 30,	2013				
	Equity in AOCI of Unconsolidat Joint Ventures	Unrealized Gain on Beneficial ed Interests in Debt Securities	Unrealized Gain on Fair Value of Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation	1	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$6,729	\$877	\$645	\$(3,067)	\$5,184	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	9,866	(532)	180	(464)	9,050	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(7,069)			(5)	(7,074)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	2,797	(532)	180	(469)	1,976	
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$9,526	\$345	\$825	\$(3,536)	\$7,160	
(In thousands)	Six Months I	Ended June 30,	2012				
	Equity in AOCI of Unconsolidat Joint Ventures	Unrealized Gain on Beneficial Interests in Debt Securities	Unrealized Gain on Fair Value of Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation	1	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$(406)	\$611	\$1,793	\$(4,328)	\$(2,330)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	247	227	195	(880))	(211)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	_	_	28	135		163	
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	247	227	223	(745)	(48)

Balance at June 30, 2012 \$(159) \$838 \$2,016 \$(5,073) \$(2,378)

Information about amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component is presented below:

(In thousands)

Component of Accumulated	Three Months Ended		Six Months	Ended June	Affected Line Item in the		
Other Comprehensive Income	June 30,		30,		Consolidated Statements of		
Other Comprehensive meonic	2013	2012	2013	2012	Operations		
Equity in realized gain on sale of					Equity in income of		
marketable securities of	\$2,844	\$ —	\$7,069	\$ —	unconsolidated joint		
unconsolidated joint ventures					ventures		
Net settlement loss on derivative				(28	Other gain (loss), net		
instruments designated as hedges	_			(20	Other gam (1088), net		
Realized foreign exchange gain		(116) 5	(135	Other gain (loss), net		
(loss)		(110) 3	(133)	Other gain (1088), net		

12. Earnings per Share

The following table provides the basic and diluted earnings per common share computations:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June			30,	
(In thousands, except share and per share data) Numerator:	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Net income	\$30,762		\$16,555		\$52,756		\$29,332	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(5,111)	(1,454)	(7,698)	(1,763)
Net income attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.	25,651		15,101		45,058		27,569	
Preferred dividends	(5,355)	(3,082)	(10,710)	(3,458)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	20,296		12,019		34,348		24,111	
Net income allocated to participating securities (nonvested shares)	(182)	(132)	(364)	(268)
Numerator for basic net income allocated to common stockholders	20,114		11,887		33,984		23,843	
Interest expense attributable to convertible senior notes	2,329		_		_		_	
Numerator for diluted net income allocated to common stockholders	\$22,443		\$11,887		\$33,984		\$23,843	
Denominator:								
Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding	64,384,000)	32,745,500)	63,212,100)	32,696,100	0
Weighted average effect of dilutive shares (1)	7,544,900		61,400				35,300	
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	71,928,900)	32,806,900)	63,212,100)	32,731,400	О
Earnings per share:								
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share—basic	\$0.31		\$0.36		\$0.54		\$0.73	
Net income attributable to common stockholders per share–diluted	\$0.31		\$0.36		\$0.54		\$0.73	

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, excluded from the calculation of diluted income per share are 3,793,300 weighted average dilutive common share equivalents which represent the assumed dilutive effect of the

⁽¹⁾ Convertible Senior Notes as the effect of their inclusion would be antidilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, weighted average dilutive shares represent the effect of shares of common stock issuable to the Manager for incentive fees due for the period.

13. Related Party Transactions

The following table summarizes the amounts incurred by the Company and payable to the Manager or its affiliates for the periods presented:

	Three Mor 30,	iths Ended June	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(In thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Base management fees	\$5,435	\$2,813	\$10,687	\$5,164	
Incentive fees	_	523		936	
Compensation pursuant to secondment agreement	301	301	609	598	
Allocated and direct investment-related expenses	386	470	728	914	
Allocated and direct administrative expenses	474	282	827	576	
	\$6.596	\$4.389	\$12.851	\$8.188	

The following table summarizes the amounts due to the Manager or its affiliates as of each balance sheet date:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Base management fees	\$5,431	\$3,932
Secondment reimbursement	433	844
Reimbursement of direct and allocated administrative and investment costs	337	208
	\$6,201	\$4,984

14. Share-Based Payments

Director Stock Plan

The Company's 2009 Non-Executive Director Stock Plan (the "Director Stock Plan") provides for the grant of restricted stock, restricted stock units and other stock-based awards to its non-executive directors. The maximum number of shares of stock reserved under the Director Stock Plan is 100,000. The individual share awards generally vest one year from the date of grant.

Equity Incentive Plan

The Company's 2011 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Equity Incentive Plan") provides for the grant of options to purchase shares of common stock, share awards (including restricted stock and stock units), stock appreciation rights, performance awards and annual incentive awards, dividend equivalent rights, long-term incentive units, cash and other equity-based awards. Certain named executive officers of the Company, other eligible employees, directors and service providers, including the Manager and employees of the Manager, are eligible to receive awards under the Equity Incentive Plan. The Company has reserved a total of 1,600,000 shares of common stock for issuance pursuant to the Equity Incentive Plan, subject to certain adjustments set forth in the plan. The share awards granted under this plan generally vest over a 3-year period from the date of grant.

A summary of the Company's vested and nonvested shares under the Director Stock Plan and Equity Incentive Plan for the six months ended June 30, 2013 is presented below:

	Restricted Stock Grants to Non-Executive Directors	Restricted Stock Grants to Employee	Manager or	Total	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested shares at December 31, 2012	8,274	17,172	496,749	522,195	\$18.17
Granted	6,837		_	6,837	21.94
Vested	(8,274)		_	(8,274)	16.32
Forfeited	_		(500)	(500)	16.16
Nonvested shares at June 30, 2013	6,837	17,172	496,249	520,258	\$18.25
Weighted average grant date fair value per share for shares granted during the period	\$ 21.94	n/a	n/a	\$21.94	

The following table summarizes the components of share-based compensation included in the consolidated statements of operations:

	Three Month 30,	s Ended June	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(In thousands, except per share amounts)	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Share-based compensation included in management fees	\$987	\$608	\$2,105	\$2,364	
Share-based compensation included in administrative expenses	72	85	141	245	
Total fair value of shares vested (1)	_		182	1,991	
Weighted average grant date fair value per share for shares granted during the period (1)	n/a	n/a	21.94	16.16	

Based on the quoted closing share price of the Company's common stock on the NYSE on grant date or vesting date

As of June 30, 2013, aggregate unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock granted under the Director Stock Plan and Equity Incentive Plan was approximately \$8.0 million. That cost is expected to be fully recognized over a weighted-average period of 25 months.

15. Income Taxes

The Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries (each a "TRS") are subject to corporate level federal, state, foreign and local income taxes. The following is a summary of the Company's income tax provision:

		ns Ended June	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(In thousands)	30, 2013	2012	2013	2012		
Current	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Federal	\$895	\$1,025	\$1,175	\$1,129		
State	170	295	301	425		
Total current tax provision	1,065	1,320	1,476	1,554		
Deferred						
Federal	(701) (759	(638) (663		
State	(122) (120	(244) (86		
Total deferred tax benefit	(823) (879	(882) (749)		
Total income tax provision	\$242	\$441	\$594	\$805		

Net deferred tax assets of \$2.1 million and \$1.2 million are included in other assets as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from temporary differences in income recognition for GAAP and tax purposes for certain investments in unconsolidated joint ventures held in TRSs.

16. Commitments and Contingencies

Pursuant to the operating agreements of certain unconsolidated joint ventures, the Company may be required to fund additional amounts for future investments, unfunded lending commitments, ordinary operating costs, guaranties or other commitments of the joint ventures. As of June 30, 2013, the Company's share of those commitments was \$16.1 million

On two of the originated loans receivable, the Company may be required to fund additional amounts to the borrowers pursuant to the loan agreements. As of June 30, 2013, the Company had combined unfunded lending commitments of \$17.3 million.

In connection with financing arrangements for certain unconsolidated joint ventures, the Company provided customary non-recourse carve-out guaranties. The Company believes that the likelihood of making any payments under the guaranties is remote, and has not accrued for a guaranty liability as of June 30, 2013.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may be involved in litigation which may result in legal costs and liability that could have a material effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations. At June 30, 2013, the Company was not involved in any litigation.

17. Segment Information

The Company's chief financial officer reviews various key financial measures to assess the performance and financial condition of each segment. Segment profit or loss is evaluated based upon income before income taxes, which includes equity in income of unconsolidated joint ventures, interest income and other income, less investment-specific expenses, including interest and asset management costs, as well as other gains or losses. Non-investment-specific income and expenses, such as

interest income on cash and cash equivalents, management fees, interest expense on the line of credit and administrative expenses, are not allocated to specific segments. There is no intersegment activity. The Company's segment disclosures present the measures used by the chief financial officer for purposes of assessing each segment's performance.

In March 2012, the Company entered into the SFR rentals segment by making the first of its series of investments into the single-family homes rental platform. Although management had determined the SFR rentals to be a separate operating segment, it did not meet the quantitative thresholds established by GAAP to be considered a reportable segment as of June 30, 2012. The operating results by segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 are presented below for comparative purposes.

The operating results for each of the reportable operating segments and reconciling items are summarized as follows:

(In thousands)	Real Estate Debt Investments	Single-Family Residential Rentals	Amounts Not Allocated to Segments	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2013				
Income:				
Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated joint	\$25,639	\$ (2,647)	\$ —	\$22,992
ventures	•	ψ (2,0 .7)		
Interest income	17,352		103	17,455
Other income from affiliates	317			317
Total income	43,308	(2,647)	103	40,764
Expenses:				
Management fees	_		6,422	6,422
Investment expenses	320	_	222	542
Interest expense	1,337	_	3,479	4,816
Administrative expenses		_	1,736	1,736
Total expenses	1,657	_	11,859	13,516
Realized gain on payoff of loan receivable	3,560			3,560
Other gain, net	196	_		196
Income (loss) before income taxes	45,407	(2,647)	(11,756)	31,004
Income tax provision		_	242	242
Net income (loss)	45,407	(2,647)	(11,998)	30,762
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	5,111			5,111
Net income (loss) attributable to Colony Financial,	\$40,296	\$ (2,647)	\$(11,998)	\$25,651
Inc.				420,00 1
(In thousands)	Real Estate Debt Investments	Single-Family Residential Rentals	Amounts Not Allocated to Segments	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2012				
Income:				
Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated joint ventures	\$16,117	\$ (123)	\$ —	\$15,994
Interest income	9,048		3	9,051
Other income from affiliates	569			569
Total income	25,734	(123)	3	25,614
Expenses:				
Management fees			3,944	3,944
Investment expenses	1,002		89	1,091
Interest expense	1,125		704	1,829
Administrative expenses		_	1,478	1,478

Total expenses Other loss, net Income (loss) before income taxes	2,127 (276) 23,331)	6,215 — (6,212)	8,342 (276) 16,996
Income tax provision				441		441
Net income (loss)	23,331	(123)	(6,653)	16,555
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1,454					1,454
Net income (loss) attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.	\$21,877	\$ (123)	\$(6,653)	\$15,101

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(In thousands)	Real Estate Debt Investments	Single-Family Residential Rentals	Amounts Not Allocated to Segments	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Income:				
Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated joint ventures	\$48,525	\$ (3,731)	\$	\$44,794
Interest income	28,613		254	28,867
Other income from affiliates	688	_		688
Total income	77,826	(3,731)	254	74,349
Expenses:				
Management fees		_	12,792	12,792
Investment expenses	820		330	1,150
Interest expense	2,784	_	4,387	7,171
Administrative expenses Total expenses	3,604	_	3,579	3,579
Realized gain on payoff of loan receivable	3,560		21,088	24,692 3,560
Other gain, net	133			133
Income (loss) before income taxes	77,915	(3,731)	(20,834)	53,350
Income tax provision		-	594	594
Net income (loss)	77,915	(3,731)	(21,428)	52,756
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,698			7,698
Net income (loss) attributable to Colony Financial,	\$70,217	\$ (3,731)	\$(21,428)	\$45,058
Inc.				ψ 13,020
(In thousands)	Real Estate Debt Investments	Single-Family Residential Rentals	Amounts Not Allocated to Segments	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012			C	
Income:				
Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated joint ventures	\$31,558	\$ (123)	\$—	\$31,435
Interest income	14,872		5	14,877
Other income from affiliates	1,119		_	1,119
Total income	47,549	(123)	5	47,431
Expenses:			0.464	0.464
Management fees	1 475	_	8,464 296	8,464
Investment expenses Interest expense	1,475 1,299	_	2,024	1,771 3,323
Administrative expenses	1,299	_	3,232	3,232
Total expenses	2,774		14,016	16,790
Other loss, net	(504)			(504)
Income (loss) before income taxes	44,271	(123)	(14,011)	30,137
Income tax provision			805	805
Net income (loss)	44,271	(123)	(14,816)	29,332
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1,763	_	_	1,763
Net income (loss) attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.	\$42,508	\$ (123)	\$(14,816)	\$27,569

The net investments in each of the reportable operating segments are summarized as follows: (In thousands)

June 30, 2013

		December 31, 2012
Assets:		
Real estate debt investments	\$1,548,062	\$1,009,944
Single-family residential rentals	536,936	251,501
Other assets not allocated to segments	30,103	174,122
Total consolidated assets	\$2,115,101	\$1,435,567
23		

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18. Subsequent Events

In July 2013, the Company sold 683,292 shares of its common stock under the ATM Program for net offering proceeds of \$13.9 million after deducting commissions.

On August 6, 2013, the Company obtained a new secured revolving credit facility to replace the existing credit facility. The new credit facility has an initial maximum principal amount of \$360 million, subject to certain conditions and limitations. At closing, the Company drew \$64.0 million to repay all existing obligations under the previous credit facility, pay closing costs and fund a new investment.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

In this quarterly report on Form 10-Q (this "Report") we refer to Colony Financial, Inc. as "we," "us," "Company," or "our," unless we specifically state otherwise or the context indicates otherwise. We refer to our manager, Colony Financial Manager, LLC, as our "Manager," and the parent company of our Manager, Colony Capital, LLC, together with its consolidated subsidiaries (other than us), as "Colony Capital."

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto, which are included in Item 1 of this Report, as well as the information contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, which is accessible on the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "SEC") website at www.sec.gov.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION RELATED TO FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements contained in this Report constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and we intend such statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions contained in Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations, beliefs, projections, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipated events," "predicts," or "potential" or the negative of these words and phrases or similar words or phrases which are predictions of or indicate future events or trends and which do not relate solely to historical matters. You can also identify forward-looking statements by discussions of our strategy, plans or intentions.

While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, assumptions and expectations, they are not guarantees of future performance. Furthermore, we disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, of new information, data or methods, future events or other changes. We caution investors not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and urge you to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks in sections entitled "Risk Factors," "Forward-Looking Statements," and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended.

Overview

We are an externally managed real estate investment and finance company that was organized in June 2009 primarily to acquire, originate and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate-related debt and equity investments at attractive risk-adjusted returns. Our investment portfolio and target assets are primarily composed of interests in: (i) loans acquired at a discount to par in the secondary market; (ii) new originations; and (iii) real estate equity, including single-family homes held as rental investment properties. Secondary debt purchases may include performing, sub-performing or non-performing loans (including loan-to-own strategies). We invest in single-family homes through our investment in CAH Operating Partnership, L.P. ("CAH OP"), which is externally managed by an affiliate of our Manager. See "Business—Our Target Assets" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 for additional information about our target assets.

We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a real estate investment trust ("REIT"), and generally are not subject to U.S. federal income taxes on our taxable income to the extent that we annually distribute all of our taxable income to stockholders and maintain qualification as a REIT, although we are subject to U.S. federal income tax on income earned through our taxable subsidiaries. We also operate our business in a manner that will permit us to maintain our exemption from registration as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

Business Objective and Outlook

Our objective is to provide attractive risk-adjusted returns to our investors through a diversified portfolio of real estate-related debt and equity investments, including single-family homes to be rented to tenants. The total return profile of our investments is composed of both current yield, which is distributed through regular-way dividends, and capital appreciation potential, which is distributed through regular-way and/or special dividends. Our investments typically fall within three general categories:

Acquisitions—the purchase of performing, sub-performing and/or non-performing commercial real estate debt, often at significant discounts to par;

Originations—the origination of structured senior and subordinate debt secured by mortgages and/or equity interests in commercial real estate with a bias towards current yield; and

Real estate equity, including single-family homes for rent.

We also may pursue other real estate-related special situation investments including commercial real estate-backed securities ("CMBS"), sale/leasebacks, triple net lease investments and minority equity interests in banks. Our investments are diversified across a wide spectrum of commercial real estate property types – office, industrial, retail, multifamily, hospitality and single-family residential – and geographically, with investments across the United States and Europe.

Significant dislocation has occurred in global real estate credit markets since the financial downturn, and while the market is in the process of recovery, we continue to find opportunities to acquire financial and real estate assets that we believe are mispriced relative to intrinsic value of the underlying collateral. We believe the recovery will occur in two general phases: phase one will involve many loan acquisition opportunities as financial institutions around the globe deleverage and divest of troubled assets, and phase two will involve an increasing number of loan originations and property acquisitions as commercial real estate fundamentals continue to stabilize and commercial real estate assets are refinanced or acquired with new capital based on revised underwriting, valuation and operating metrics. We believe phases one and two are actively underway in the United States, whereas Europe is lagging and is currently producing mostly loan acquisition opportunities. We believe that we are well positioned to capitalize on such opportunities sourcing transactions through the numerous relationships enjoyed by our Manager through its two decade history in the real estate investment business. We also believe that our Manager's in-depth understanding of commercial real estate and real estate-related investments (including our target assets), and in-house underwriting and asset management capabilities, enable us to acquire assets with attractive risk-adjusted return profiles and the potential for meaningful capital appreciation.

Our Investment Guidelines

In March 2013, we amended the terms of our investment guidelines described in "Business—Our Investment Guidelines" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the amended investment guidelines, any investment of our capital of up to \$10 million requires the approval of our chief executive officer; any investment in excess of \$10 million but less than \$150 million requires the approval of our Investment Committee; and any investment greater than or equal to \$150 million requires the approval of our board of directors.

Segments

We operate in two reportable segments: real estate debt investments and single-family residential ("SFR") rentals. The real estate debt investments segment includes our investments in originated and acquired commercial real estate debt, real estate acquired in settlement of loans, mortgage-backed securities, and other debt-related investments. The SFR rental segment represents our investment in CAH OP. Prior to 2012, our operating activities were exclusively within the real estate debt investments segment. For operating and financial information about segments, see Note 17 to our consolidated financial statements included in this Report and "—Results of Operations."

Recent Developments

Investment Activities

The following are highlights of our investment activities during the second quarter of 2013:

Invested or committed \$299 million in five new and one existing real estate debt-related investments;

Invested an additional \$175 million in CAH OP which completed all outstanding capital commitments to the joint venture, thereby bringing our cumulative investment to \$550 million to date;

Fully realized three real estate debt-related investments;

Continued to resolve loans within our loan portfolios;

Obtained financing on three of our loan portfolios, for net proceeds of \$51.7 million, or 57% of our original equity on a blended basis;

Completed the sale of 161,085 shares of common stock of First Republic Bank.

See "—Our Investments" and "—Results of Operations" for more detailed information about our recent investment activities and financial results.

Financing Activities

During the first half of 2013, we completed an offering of 11,500,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$20.20 per share for net proceeds of approximately \$232 million and also sold 1,072,002 shares of our common stock in an at-the-market equity offering at an average price of \$22.56 per share for net proceeds of approximately \$23.9 million. See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Equity Offering" for more detailed information.

In April 2013, we issued \$200 million principal amount of 5% Convertible Senior Notes (the "Convertible Notes") due April 15, 2023, at a discount of 3% to the underwriters, resulting in net proceeds to us of approximately \$194 million. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Report and "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Convertible Debt" for more detailed information.

Our Investments

The following tables summarize the carrying and fair values of our investment portfolio by our target asset type, shown net of investment-specific financing and amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests. Fair values presented below have been determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), assuming we had elected the fair value option for all of our investments. Many of our investments have been structured as joint ventures with one or more private investment funds or other investment vehicles managed by Colony Capital or its affiliates (each a "Co-Investment Fund") and are held through unconsolidated joint ventures. For more information about our investment allocation agreement and conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with these co-investments, see "Business—Co-Investment Funds" and "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Management and Our Relationship with Our Manager" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

	June 30, 2013					
(Amounts in thousands)	Carrying Value			Fair Value		
Target Asset Type	Amount Percentage of Portfolio		Amount Percent of Port			
Acquisitions	\$519,625	29	%	\$553,712	30	%
Originations (1)	652,223	37	%	655,091	35	%
Other real estate ownership (2)	60,444	4	%	68,451	4	%
Single-family residential rentals	536,936	30	%	579,800	31	%
Total investments (3)	\$1,769,228	100	%	\$1,857,054	100	%
	December 31, 2012					
(Amounts in thousands)	Carrying Val	ue		Fair Value		
Target Asset Type	Amount Percentage of Portfolio			Amount	Percentage of Portfolio	
Acquisitions	\$524,572	48	%	\$562,466	49	%
Originations (1)						
Originations (1)	234,988	22	%	236,252	21	%
Other real estate ownership (2)	234,988 70,959	22 7	% %	236,252 77,250	21 7	% %
E	· ·			*		

Originations include preferred equity in real estate owning entities which earns a fixed return, with or without equity participation.

The following table provides a reconciliation of total investments presented above to the amounts included in our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes in Item 1 of this Report:

	1 0 0				
(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2013	3	December 31, 2012		
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$1,251,878	\$1,337,339	\$877,081	\$931,117	
Loans receivable, net	787,814	791,651	333,569	335,734	
Beneficial interests in debt securities, available-for-sale	31,192	31,192	32,055	32,055	
Other assets, net	11,764	11,764	11,079	11,079	

Other real estate ownership includes real estate or equity interests obtained through foreclosures or deed-in-lieu of (2) foreclosure on the collateral of target assets originally acquired or originated as debt instruments, equity securities obtained in full or partial resolution of debt and our investment in shares of common stock of First Republic Bank.

Less: Embedded derivative liability associated	(3,245)	(3,245)	(3,898)	(3,898)
with beneficial interests in debt securities	(3,243	,	(3,243	,	(3,070	,	(3,070	,
Less: Secured financing	(84,093)	(84,100)	(108,167)	(108,090)
Less: Noncontrolling interests	(226,082)	(227,547)	(59,699)	(60,029)
Total investments	\$1,769,228		\$1,857,054		\$1,082,020		\$1,137,968	

Additional details and recent developments about our individual investments are provided in the following table and discussion:

(Amounts in millions)		Balance at Ju	ine 30, 2013	
Our Investments	Date of Initial Investment	Investment Carrying Value (1)	Committed Equity (2)	Investment Description/ Status at June 30, 2013
Single-Family Residential Rentals	Mar-12	\$536.9	\$—	Investment in CAH OP, an investment vehicle created for the purpose of acquiring and renting single-family homes Magganine loop origination secured by equity
National Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine Loan	May-13	174.5	_	Mezzanine loan origination secured by equity interests in an entity owning a diversified portfolio of 152 full service, limited service, and extended stay hotels located throughout the U.S.
Lifestyle Athletic Club Mortgage Participation	Mar-13	123.1	8.3	First mortgage loan origination secured by 11 athletic lifestyle clubs located in California Participation in mezzanine loans secured by
Centro Mezzanine Loans	Jun-11	60.0	_	equity interests in 107 retail centers located in 27 states
Multifamily Portfolio Preferred Equity	Mar-13	55.0	2.5	Preferred equity investment in an entity that acquired a multifamily portfolio composed of approximately 3,700 units located in Georgia, Florida and Texas
One Court Square Preferred Equity	Jul-12	47.6	_	Preferred equity investment in an entity that acquired a Class A office tower located in Long Island City, New York 475 performing and non-performing loans
CRE FDIC Portfolio	Aug-11	39.8	_	acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, secured mostly by commercial real estate, and 21 REO properties
Extended Stay Mezzanine B&C Loans	Dec-12	37.8	_	Performing originated mezzanine loan to Extended Stay Hotels, which includes a 680 hotel portfolio
Bulls Loan Portfolio	Jun-11	35.0	_	412 performing and non-performing acquired loans consisting of substantially all first mortgage recourse commercial real estate loans and 8 REO properties
Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II	May-12	34.7	_	First mortgage loan collateralized by 252 high-end units at 26 resorts in the US and various international destinations
DB FDIC Portfolio	Jan-10	33.7	1.7	509 performing and non-performing loans acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, secured mostly by commercial real estate and 122 REO properties
U.S. Life Insurance Loan Portfolio	Dec-09	33.1	_	16 performing acquired first mortgages secured by commercial real estate
Boston Retail First Mortgage	May-13	32.4	9.0	First mortgage loan origination secured by a regional mall located in MA.
Hotel Portfolio	Apr-10	30.5	_	Equity interests in and senior mezzanine loan receivable from entities owning a portfolio of

Multifamily Tax-Exempt Bonds	Jun-11	28.0	_	103 limited service hotels Senior interest in tax-exempt bonds secured by a multifamily residential property located in Atlanta, GA
Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan I	Sep-11	27.0	_	Performing first mortgage secured by 41 properties located primarily in Manhattan, NY and Maui
California First Mortgage Portfolio I	Apr-13	25.9	_	43 performing and 9 non-performing acquired first mortgage loans secured by commercial and residential real estate
German Loan Portfolio IV	Jul-11	25.2	_	2 non-performing commercial real estate loans and 1 REO property
Ashford Notes	Feb-12	24.4		2 most junior mortgage participation interests secured by 5 full-service hotels
Florida Retail First Mortgage	Feb-13	23.2	_	Performing acquired senior mortgage loan secured by a retail property in Florida
California First Mortgage Portfolio II	Jun-13	22.9	_	41 performing acquired first mortgage loans secured by commercial and residential real estate
Boca Raton Multifamily Land Loan	Jan-13	20.3	_	First mortgage loan origination secured by a multifamily development parcel located in Florida
Class A Manhattan Office Loan Participation	Mar-10	18.2	_	First mortgage pari-passu participation interest secured by Class A midtown Manhattan office building
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(Amounts in millions)		Balance at Ju	ine 30, 2013	
Our Investments	Date of Initial Investment	Investment Carrying Value (1)	Committed Equity (2)	Investment Description/ Status at June 30, 2013
Project London Loan Portfolio	Sep-12	16.7	_	7 performing and non-performing acquired loans secured by commercial real estate 430 performing and non-performing loans
ADC FDIC Portfolio II	Dec-12	16.2	_	acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, mostly secured by commercial real estate and 5 REO properties
Phoenix Corporate Tower Loan	Dec-12	16.1	_	First mortgage loan acquisition; pursuing foreclosure on a high-rise office tower located in Phoenix, AZ
Southern California Land Loan	May-11	15.6	_	First mortgage loan secured by a Southern California master planned development and equity participation rights
California Master Planned Communities	May-12	15.2	_	Equity interests acquired through deed-in-lieu in 2 partially developed master planned communities located in California
West Village Loan	Mar-10	13.3	_	Recourse loan secured by first liens on 2 Manhattan townhomes, second liens on 2 Upstate New York residences and a photography catalogue
Metro Loan Portfolio	Dec-12	12.6	_	73 performing and non-performing acquired loans secured by commercial real estate
Barclays FDIC Portfolio	Jul-10	12.4	0.3	860 performing and non-performing loans acquired in a structured transaction with the FDIC, mostly secured by commercial real estate, and 52 REO properties
Spanish REOC/Colonial Loan	Nov-09	11.9	_	Syndicated senior secured loan to a Spanish commercial real estate company
Texas Master Planned Community Land Loan	May-13	11.7	_	Senior loan facility origination to finance the development of a master planned residential community located near Austin, TX
Manhattan Landmark Buildings Loan	Mar-11	10.9	_	Performing first mortgage B-note secured by two landmark properties in Manhattan
New England Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine Loan	May-12	10.8	3.0	Performing mezzanine loan origination cross-collateralized by a portfolio of limited-service hotels
MF5 Loan Portfolio	Feb-12	10.7	_	60% participation interests in 205 performing and non-performing first mortgage loans and 2 REO properties
Marin County Mixed-Use Development Loan	Mar-13	10.3	3.4	First mortgage loan origination for the land acquisition and pre-development costs of a waterfront mixed-use project located in Northern California
Midwest Loan Portfolio	Nov-12	10.1	_	58 performing and non-performing acquired loans primarily secured by commercial real estate

				Senior loan facility secured by a Southern
Hearthstone ADC Loan	Nov-12	10.0	4.8	California master planned development and
				equity participation rights
Other Investments	various	75.5	0.4	16 investments, each with less than \$10 million
other investments	various	13.3	0.4	of current investment balance
Total		\$1,769.2	\$33.4	

Amounts represent the carrying value of our investment at June 30, 2013, net of investment-specific financing and (1) amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests. Amounts reflect our investments and our share of income less amounts distributed and realized since the inception of the investment.

Amounts represent our share of additional funding commitments for future investments, unfunded lending (2) commitments, ordinary operating costs, guaranties or other commitments of each investment as of June 30, 2013, as described in Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements included in this Report.

Single-Family Residential Rentals. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we invested an additional \$295 million in CAH OP. To date, we have invested \$550 million in CAH OP and have no further capital commitments at this time.

At June 30, 2013, CAH OP owned 12,358 rental units located in nine states across the United States with an estimated cost basis of approximately \$2 billion, including units owned in a joint venture with Fannie Mae. The following table provides an overview of the portfolio at June 30, 2013:

Market	Number of Homes (1)	Estimated Total Cost Basis (in thousands) (2)	Estimated Average Cost Per Home (in thousands)	Average Home Size (Square Feet)	Estimated Average Cost Per Square Foot
Properties wholly-owned by CAH OP:					
Arizona	1,033	\$136,146	\$ 132	1,653	\$80
California	2,688	730,897	272	1,624	167
Colorado	494	76,578	155	1,694	92
Delaware	25	3,289	132	1,243	106
Florida	2,119	340,391	161	1,872	86
Georgia	2,844	341,229	120	1,891	63
Nevada	773	140,526	182	1,853	98
Pennsylvania	2	308	154	713	216
Texas	1,276	155,272	122	1,856	66
Jointly-owned properties (3)	11,254 1,104 12,358	\$1,924,636	\$ 171	1,805	\$95

Represents total housing units, which are leased separately from any other housing units. No property with a single (1)deed has more than four housing units, and less than 1% of our wholly owned properties have more than one housing unit.

- (2) Includes acquisition costs and actual renovation costs plus estimated renovation costs for homes currently in construction or not yet started.
- (3) Jointly-owned properties are owned through a joint venture with Fannie Mae in which CAH OP was admitted as a managing member for an aggregate payment of \$35.1 million.

National Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine Loan. In May 2013, we and certain Co-Investment Funds participated in the origination of \$560.0 million of mezzanine debt, consisting of senior and junior tranches, secured by the equity interests in an entity owning a diversified portfolio of 152 full service, limited service, and extended stay hotels located throughout the U.S. We and the Co-Investment Funds funded \$327.6 million at closing, net of a 1% origination fee, of which our share was \$173.3 million. The senior and junior tranches bear interest at a blended rate of 1-month LIBOR plus 10.8% and are subordinate to a \$775.0 million first mortgage. Both loans have an initial maturity date of June 2016 and can be extended for a maximum of 24 months, subject to payment of extension fees and satisfaction of debt yield requirements.

Lifestyle Athletic Club Mortgage Participation. In March 2013, we participated in a recently originated \$375 million first mortgage loan secured by 11 upscale athletic clubs located in California. The loan bears an 8.0% fixed interest rate with a 25-year amortization schedule and has a five year term. The loan may be increased to \$400 million based on the achievement of certain performance metrics by the borrower. Our share of the fully funded loan will be \$132 million.

Multifamily Portfolio Preferred Equity. In March 2013, we entered into a joint venture with a minority unaffiliated investor and a separate agreement with a third party sponsor to provide participating preferred equity to an entity investing in multifamily properties. At the March 2013 closing, we and the minority investor funded preferred equity of \$34 million and \$7 million, respectively, and the sponsor funded \$14 million of common equity. In June 2013, we and the minority investor funded an additional \$21 million and \$4 million, respectively, of preferred equity and the sponsor funded \$8 million of common equity. The common and preferred equity proceeds were used along with financing proceeds to acquire multifamily properties comprising approximately 3,700 units across nine apartment communities in Georgia, Texas and Florida. Our cumulative preferred equity of \$55 million to-date provides a 12% preferred return, 1% issuance fee and a 30% profit participation after the joint venture and the sponsor have each attained a 12% internal rate of return. Our share of this participating preferred equity interest in the investment entity

is 83%.

Boston Retail First Mortgage. On May 30, 2013, we originated a \$32.7 million mortgage loan secured by a regional mall located in a suburb of Boston, MA. In addition to an initial funding component of \$32.7 million bearing interest at 1-month LIBOR plus 6.0%, the loan includes a \$9.0 million future funding component bearing interest at 1-month LIBOR plus 11.5% that the borrower can draw for reimbursement of budgeted tenant improvements, capital expenditures and leasing commissions. The mortgage loan has an initial maturity date of June 2016 and can be extended for a maximum of 24 months, subject to payment of extension fees and satisfaction of debt yield requirements.

California First Mortgage Portfolio I. In April 2013, we invested \$27 million in a joint venture with certain Co-Investment Funds that acquired a portfolio of loans secured by commercial and residential real estate. The portfolio included 52 loans, of which 83% were performing at acquisition, with an aggregate UPB of approximately \$72.3 million.

The aggregate purchase price for the portfolio was approximately \$54 million, representing 75% of the portfolio's UPB. Our share of this investment is 50%.

Florida Retail First Mortgage. In February 2013, we invested \$23 million in a joint venture with Co-Investment Funds that acquired a performing \$59 million senior mortgage loan secured by a retail mall in Florida. The loan was acquired for \$46 million, or 78% of the unpaid principal balance. The loan bears a 6.0% fixed interest rate with a 30-year amortization schedule and matures in May 2021. The current yield is approximately 9% based on purchase price. Our share of this investment is 50%.

California First Mortgage Portfolio II. In June 2013, we invested \$23 million in a joint venture with certain Co-Investment Funds that acquired a portfolio of loans secured by commercial and residential real estate. The portfolio included 41 loans, of which 100% were performing at acquisition, with an aggregate UPB of approximately \$54.5 million. The aggregate purchase price for the portfolio was approximately \$45 million, representing 83% of the portfolio's UPB. Our share of this investment is 50%.

Boca Raton Multifamily Land Loan. In January 2013, we invested \$20 million in a joint venture with a Co-Investment Fund and a strategic partner that funded a \$41 million first mortgage loan secured by a 7 acre multifamily development parcel located in Florida. The loan bears an interest rate of 12%, of which 3.5% may be paid in-kind, and is subject to a 1.5% origination fee and a 1% exit fee. The initial term of the loan is three years. Our share of the investment is 49.5%.

Texas Master Planned Community Land Loan. In May 2013, we invested in a joint venture with certain Co-Investment Funds that originated a \$23.4 million loan to finance the development of a master planned residential community near Austin, TX. The loan matures in May 2018 and bears an interest rate of 14% paid in-kind, with a 1.0% origination fee, plus profit participation. Our share of this investment is 50%, or \$12 million.

MF5 Loan Portfolio (formerly, MF5 CMBS). In February 2012, we invested \$25 million in a joint venture with certain Co-Investment Funds that acquired the most senior bond and the interest-only certificate in a CMBS trust. The senior bond has a coupon of 5.1% and is secured by approximately 270 first mortgage loans (of which 89% were performing) collateralized primarily by multifamily properties. The aggregate purchase price for the senior bond and interest-only certificate was approximately \$226.1 million, representing a discount of 27.4% to par value of the senior bond. In February 2013, the joint venture completed a desecuritization of the CMBS trust and sold a 40% participation interest in each of the assets previously held in the trust and recognized a gain on sale of \$25.8 million. Our share of the gain, based on our 11% interest in the joint venture, was \$2.8 million.

Marin Land Development Loan. In March 2013, we invested \$10 million (with a future funding obligation of \$3.4 million) in a joint venture with a Co-Investment Fund that originated a \$26.8 million loan for the land acquisition and predevelopment costs for a mixed use development in San Rafael, CA. We and the Co-Investment Fund funded \$20 million at closing for the acquisition and will fund the remaining \$6.8 million upon completion of various items. The loan bears an interest rate of 10.0% current and 5.0% paid in-kind, with a 1.0% origination fee, and matures in March 2018. Our share of this investment is 50%.

First Republic Bank. During the six months ended June 30, 2013, we sold 442,437 shares of common stock in First Republic Bank for combined net cash proceeds of \$16.4 million, and realized a combined gain of \$7.1 million. In July 2013, we sold the remaining 173,495 shares of common stock in First Republic Bank for net cash proceeds of approximately \$7.3 million. After giving effect to the July 2013 sale, we have sold all of our original 1,600,000 shares acquired in June 2010, for cumulative proceeds of \$52.4 million, or approximately 2.2 times our original invested amount of \$24 million.

Florida Residential Development Loan. In January 2013, we invested \$10 million in a joint venture with a Co-Investment Fund that originated a \$22 million first mortgage loan secured by a waterfront development parcel located in Florida. The loan bore an interest rate of 14%, with a 1% origination fee and a 1% exit fee. In June 2013, the borrower repaid the entire amount due under the loan agreement, including \$5.5 million in yield maintenance and fees. Our share of this investment was 50%.

2100 Grand B-Note. In the first quarter of 2013, the master lease tenant of the office building securing a \$21 million mortgage note filed for bankruptcy, triggering a technical default by the borrower. We had originated this loan in December 2010 together with a 1% sponsoring partner and sold an A-note participation to a third party. In April 2013,

as a result of a default by the borrower due to the tenant's bankruptcy, we exercised our option to repurchase the A-note at par from the third party. In May 2013, upon sale of the collateral property, the borrower paid off the entire loan and accrued interest thereon, including a yield maintenance premium of \$3.6 million. Our share of the gain on payoff was approximately \$3.2 million, after the promote payment due to the sponsor.

WLH Stock. We indirectly owned approximately 2.4 million shares of Class A common stock of William Lyon Homes

("WLH"), which we acquired in connection with the sale of residential lots to WLH in June 2012. In May 2013, WLH completed its initial public offering at a price of \$25 per share, after giving effect to a 1-for-8.25 share reverse stock split. After giving effect to the reverse stock split, we indirectly own approximately 291,000 shares of WLH Class A common stock at a cost basis of \$8.66 per share.

Loan Portfolio Financing. During the second quarter of 2013, three of our loan portfolios (Project London, Metro and Midwest) obtained financing from a commercial bank and returned 57% of our initial invested equity on a combined basis. The financing bears interest at 1-month LIBOR plus a spread of 3.75% to 4%. In connection with the financing, we obtained 2.5% LIBOR caps on 50% of the financing proceeds.

Some of the loans in our investment portfolio are in the process of being restructured or may otherwise be under credit watch or at risk. We make various assumptions and judgments about the collectability of our loan portfolio, including the creditworthiness of our borrowers and the value of the real estate and other assets serving as collateral for the repayment of many of our loans. If we determine that it is probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts according to the terms of a particular loan agreement, we could be required to recognize an impairment charge or a loss on the loan. If our assumptions regarding, among other things, the present value of expected future cash flows or the value of the collateral securing our loans are incorrect or general economic and financial conditions cause a significant number of borrowers to become unable to make payments under their loans, we could be required to recognize significant impairment charges, which could result in a material reduction in earnings and distributions in the period in which the loans are determined to be impaired. As a result of this analysis, some of the loan portfolios held through unconsolidated joint ventures recognized impairment totaling \$10.9 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2013. Our share of the impairment, based upon our economic interest in each portfolio, was \$2.2 million. Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP, which requires the use of estimates and assumptions that involve the exercise of judgment and that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies or those of our unconsolidated joint ventures since the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Recent Accounting Updates

Recent accounting updates are included in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Report. Results of Operations—Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

In general, period-over-period increases in our results of operations reflect our ongoing investment activities and capital-raising efforts. At June 30, 2013, we had 55 active investments representing \$1.8 billion of invested capital, including our investment in CAH OP, compared to 42 investments and \$0.8 billion at June 30, 2012. Due to the overall growth and increased number of investments in nearly every category, the results of operations presented below for each period are not directly comparable and are not necessarily indicative of future financial condition or results of operations.

We currently operate in two reportable segments: real estate debt investments and SFR rentals. The real estate debt investments segment includes our investments in originated and acquired commercial real estate debt, real estate acquired in settlement of loans, mortgage-backed securities, and other debt-related investments. The SFR rental segment represents our investment in CAH OP. Prior to 2012, our operating activities were exclusively within the real estate debt investments segment.

Income from Our Investments

Our primary source of income is our real estate debt investments, which we hold either directly or through our investments in unconsolidated joint ventures. We have been continually investing in our target assets throughout 2012 and 2013, and therefore, income from some investments may reflect less than a full quarter's results of operations. See the table and discussion in "—Our Investments" for additional information about specific investments. Income (loss) from our investments by type of investment is summarized below. We have recently re-categorized some of our investments and created additional categories within real estate debt investments. Certain amounts for the

three months ended June 30, 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013					
(In thousands)	Income (Loss)	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc.	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments:						
Real estate debt investments						
Acquisitions:						
Single loans—first mortgages	\$6,550	\$1,224	\$ 1,545	\$3,781		
Single loans—subordinated debt	1,572	1	207	1,364		
Loan portfolios	9,377	304	_	9,073		
CMBS/bonds	627	(193)	12	808		
Total acquisitions	18,126	1,336	1,764	15,026		
Originations:						
Senior & whole mortgage loans	9,420	7	372	9,041		
Subordinated debt (1)	15,305	118	2,975	12,212		
Total originations	24,725	125	3,347	21,253		
Other real estate ownership (2)	4,017			4,017		
Total real estate debt investments	46,868	1,461	5,111	40,296	,	
Single-family residential rentals	(2,647	1.461		(2,647)	
Total investments	44,221	1,461	5,111	37,649	\	
Amounts not allocated to investment segments	103	12,101	—	(11,998)	
	\$44,324 Three Month	\$13,562	\$ 5,111	\$25,651		
		ns Ended June	•	\$25,651		
(In thousands)		•	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc.	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments:	Three Montl	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial,	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments	Three Montl	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial,	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions:	Three Montl Income (Loss)	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc.	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc.	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt	Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios	Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 —	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions	Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 —	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations:	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1)	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212 240 2	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484 8,264	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189 337	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293 7,685	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2)	Three Montl Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484 8,264 3,273	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189 337 10	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212 240 2 242	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293 7,685 3,263	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments	Three Month Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484 8,264 3,273 25,734	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189 337	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212 240 2	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293 7,685 3,263 21,877		
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments Single-family residential rentals	Three Month Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484 8,264 3,273 25,734 (123	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189 337 10 2,403 —	30, 2012 Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293 7,685 3,263 21,877 (123	e	
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments	Three Month Income (Loss) \$4,685 1,256 6,760 1,496 14,197 4,780 3,484 8,264 3,273 25,734	s Ended June Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,233 1 659 163 2,056 148 189 337 10	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,074 129 9 1,212 240 2 242	Amounts Attributabl to Colony Financial, Inc. \$2,378 1,126 6,101 1,324 10,929 4,392 3,293 7,685 3,263 21,877		

\$25,614 \$9,059 \$ 1,454 \$15,101

(1) Subordinated debt includes B-notes, mezzanine loans, and preferred equity.

Other real estate ownership includes real estate or equity interests obtained through foreclosures or deed-in-lieu of (2) foreclosure on the collateral on target assets originally acquired or originated as debt instruments, equity securities obtained in full or partial resolution of debt and our investment in shares of common stock of First Republic Bank. Income from Real Estate Debt Investments

Income from acquired first mortgage loans for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$1.4 million, or 59%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase primarily reflects income from the Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II acquired in May 2012 and Florida Retail First Mortgage acquired in February 2013. The increase is partially offset by the reclassification of the Manhattan Landmark Buildings Loan as subordinated debt subsequent to the sale of an A-note in April 2012. Expenses on acquired first mortgage loans for the three months ended June 30, 2013 include interest expense and servicing costs on Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II. We obtained seller-provided financing for the May 2012 loan acquisition, which incurs contractual interest as well as amortization of deferred financing costs. All contractual interest due for the term of the financing was pre-funded by the borrower.

Income from acquired subordinated debt for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$0.2 million, or 21%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase primarily reflects a full quarter's effect from the Manhattan Landmark Buildings Loan B-note retained subsequent to the A-note sale in April 2012.

Income from loan portfolios include income from loan portfolios acquired in structured transactions with the FDIC as well as from commercial banks. For the three months ended June 30, 2013, income from loan portfolios increased \$3.0 million, or 49%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The drivers of the overall increase are: additional income from six loan portfolios acquired subsequent to June 30, 2012, lower interest expense on FDIC purchase money notes resulting from principal payments, and favorable changes in expected accretable yields on some of our existing portfolios. These increases are partially offset by decreases due to ongoing loan resolutions, interest expense on new financing obtained in the current quarter on three loan portfolios, and a combined impairment of \$2.2 million on six of our loan portfolios. Two of our FDIC portfolios acquired in late 2010 are managed by asset management companies that are wholly-owned by us. We charge a fee of 50 basis points on each portfolio's UPB per annum, payable monthly.

Income from CMBS/bonds for the three months ended June 30, 2013 decreased \$0.5 million, or 39%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The decrease primarily reflects reclassification of MF5 CMBS investment from CMBS/bonds to other loan portfolio following the desecuritization of the trust in February 2013.

Income from originated senior and whole mortgage loans for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$4.6 million, or 106%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase primarily reflects income generated from new originations including Hearthstone ADC Loan, Florida Residential Development Loan, Lifestyle Athletic Club Mortgage Participation, Boca Raton Multifamily Land Loan, Marin Land Development Loan, Texas Master Planned Community Land Loan and Boston Retail First Mortgage Loan, all originated after June 30, 2012. Included in income from originated senior and whole mortgage loans for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 is a \$2.8 million gain on the Florida Residential Development Loan, which includes our share of the make-whole fee and exit fee paid by the borrower due to an early payoff in June 2013. The increases are partially offset by the payoff of WLH Secured Loan in November 2012.

Income from originated subordinated debt for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$8.9 million, or 271%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. The increase primarily reflects income from new originations including One Court Square Preferred Equity originated in July 2012, Multifamily Portfolio Preferred Equity originated in March 2013 and National Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine Loan originated in May 2013, among others. The increase also reflects gains recognized from the early payoff of 2100 Grand B-Note and Luxury Destination Resort Loan of \$3.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, during the quarter ended June 30, 2013.

Income from other real estate ownership for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$0.8 million, or 23%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2012. Income from other real estate ownership for the three months ended June 30, 2013 includes a \$2.8 million gain from the sale of 161,085 shares of common stock in First Republic Bank. Income from other real estate ownership for the three months ended June 30, 2012 reflects a \$1.8 million gain recognized from the sale of all assets of WLH Land Acquisition. The increase also reflects improved operations of our

Hotel Portfolio, due to ongoing marketing and rehabilitation efforts, and a renewed focus on operations following the December 2012 restructuring and change in hotel management.

Certain investments individually generated greater than 10% of our total income for the periods presented. For the three months ended June 30, 2013, Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan I and II, which share the same corporate guarantor, generated 15% of total income. After deducting investment-specific interest and other expenses, and amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests, Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan I and II represent 12% of our net income attributable to stockholders. No other individual investment generated greater than 10% of our total income during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Loss from Single-Family Residential Rentals

Our investment in single-family residential rentals through CAH OP generated a loss of \$2.6 million and \$0.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, of which approximately \$1.6 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, represent our share of depreciation expense. The SFR rental business was started in March 2012 and the business has grown rapidly, therefore prior year results are not comparable to the current year results. As of June 30, 2013, CAH OP owned 12,358 units in nine states, including units operated in a joint venture with Fannie Mae, compared to 1,156 homes as of June 30, 2012 and 5,405 homes as of December 31, 2012. As of June 30, 2013, the portfolio of homes owned for greater than 180 days was 85% leased, while the overall portfolio was 49% leased. While renovation and leasing productivity continued to improve since the first quarter, the business has not achieved optimal scale in its target markets and acquisitions continue to outpace lease-up as the business builds its portfolio. Therefore, current quarter results are not indicative of a stabilized portfolio and reflects operating and administrative expenses that are disproportionate to the revenues generated from properties.

Amounts Not Allocated to Investments

Certain non-investment-specific income and expense amounts not allocated to segments are summarized below.

	Three Montl	Three Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands)	2013	2012		
Interest income from cash	\$103	\$3		
Expenses:				
Management fees	\$6,422	\$3,944		
Unconsummated deal expenses	222	89		
Interest expense	3,479	704		
Administrative expense	1,736	1,478		
Income tax provision	242	441		
Total expenses	\$12,101	\$6,656		
Management Fees—Management fees include the following:				
	Three Montl	ns Ended June 30,		
(in thousands)	2013	2012		
Base management fees	\$5,435	\$2,813		
Share-based compensation	987	608		
Incentive fees		523		
	\$6,422	\$3,944		

Base management fees have increased by approximately \$2.6 million from the three months ended June 30, 2012 to the three months ended June 30, 2013 due to an increase in our fee base, as defined in our management agreement with the Manager, and is largely dependent upon net proceeds from equity offerings. The increase resulted from one preferred stock offering, three common stock offerings and stock issued under the ATM Program since June 30, 2012, with combined net proceeds of approximately \$732 million. Share-based compensation for both periods represents expense recognized on restricted shares awarded to our Manager, certain of our executive officers and certain employees of our Manager and its affiliates in 2012, and reflects the amortization of estimated fair value of unvested shares, which we remeasure on a quarterly basis. Based upon the vesting schedule of shares awarded and the fair value as of each measurement date, share-based compensation could fluctuate significantly. Incentive fees are based upon our Core Earnings, further described under "—Non-GAAP Supplemental Financial Measure: Core Earnings," and are payable to our Manager in shares of our common stock. We did not meet the Core Earnings threshold for an incentive fee accrual for the three months ended June 30, 2013.

Interest Expense—For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, we incurred non-segment interest expense of \$3.5 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, primarily on our credit facility and convertible senior notes. Interest expense for the second quarter of 2013 was higher as the convertible senior notes were newly issued in April 2013 and due to higher average outstanding borrowings to temporarily finance our investment activities during that period. We do not attribute borrowings on our credit facility or proceeds from issuance of convertible notes to specific investments.

Administrative Expenses—Administrative expenses are summarized below:

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	Three Mont	ths Ended June 30,	
(In thousands)	2013	2012	
Reimbursements to Colony Capital:			
Compensation pursuant to secondment agreement	\$301	\$301	
Allocated overhead and direct administrative expenses	474	282	
Total reimbursements to Colony Capital	775	583	
Professional fees	447	453	
Other	514	442	
	\$1,736	\$1,478	

Total administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$0.3 million, or 17%, compared to the second quarter of 2012. The slight increase reflects the added administrative burden associated with the growth of our business.

Income Tax Provision—Our TRSs, which directly or indirectly hold certain of our investments, are subject to corporate level federal, state, foreign and local income taxes. For the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, we incurred income tax expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. The income tax provision for the second quarter of 2013 primarily reflects current income taxes due on loan resolutions in the Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and the Bulls Loan Portfolio, from the operations of our TRSs and asset management companies, and from operations relating to our investment in the Hotel Portfolio. The current taxes are partially

• offset by a net deferred tax benefit resulting from temporary differences related to income recognition for those same investments. The current taxes are partially offset by a net deferred tax benefit resulting from temporary differences related to income recognition for those same investments. The income tax provision for the second quarter of 2012 reflects current income taxes payable on loan resolutions in Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and from the operations of our TRSs. The current taxes payable are partially offset by a net deferred tax benefit resulting from temporary differences related to income recognition for our BOW Loan Portfolio, Bulls Loan Portfolio, Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and investments in certain of our foreign joint ventures.

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Income from Our Investments

Income (loss) from our investments by type of investment is summarized below. We have recently re-categorized some of our investments and created additional categories within real estate debt investments. Certain amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2012 have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation:

	Six Months l	Ended June 30	, 2013	
(In thousands)	Income (Loss)	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Amounts Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.
Amounts allocated to investment segments:				
Real estate debt investments				
Acquisitions:				
Single loans—first mortgages	\$13,204	\$2,586	\$ 3,049	\$7,569
Single loans—subordinated debt	3,123	1	403	2,719
Loan portfolios	18,652	669	_	17,983
CMBS/bonds	4,736	(122)	23	4,835
Total acquisitions	39,715	3,134	3,475	33,106
Originations:	12 212	8	740	12 464
Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1)	13,212 21,292	8 329	740	12,464
Total originations	34,504	329	3,483 4,223	17,480 29,944
Other real estate ownership (2)	7,167	331	4,223	7,167
Total real estate debt investments	81,386			70,217
Single-family residential rentals	(3,731)	J, T /1	7,070	(3,731)
Total investments	77,655	3,471	7,698	66,486
Amounts not allocated to investment segments	254	21,682	7,070 —	(21,428)
Timounts not anocated to investment segments	\$77,909	\$25,153	\$ 7,698	\$45,058
	•	Ended June 30	•	Ψ 12,020
	OIX WORKING		, 2012	
	OIX WORLDS	Expenses, Other	Net Income	Amounts
(In thousands)	Income	Expenses, Other (Income)	Net Income Attributable to	Attributable
(In thousands)		Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Attributable to Colony
(In thousands)	Income	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to	Attributable
	Income	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Attributable to Colony Financial,
Amounts allocated to investment segments:	Income	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Attributable to Colony Financial,
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments	Income	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Attributable to Colony Financial,
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions:	Income	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling	Attributable to Colony Financial,
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments	Income (Loss)	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages	Income (Loss)	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc.
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 —	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations:	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1)	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240 5	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521 15,936	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376 526	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140 15,165
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2)	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521 15,936 5,927	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376 526 22	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240 5 245	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140 15,165 5,905
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521 15,936 5,927 47,549	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376 526 22 3,278	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240 5	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140 15,165 5,905 42,508
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments Single-family residential rentals	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521 15,936 5,927 47,549 (123	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376 526 22 3,278	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240 5 245 1,763	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140 15,165 5,905 42,508 (123)
Amounts allocated to investment segments: Real estate debt investments Acquisitions: Single loans—first mortgages Single loans—subordinated debt Loan portfolios CMBS/bonds Total acquisitions Originations: Senior & whole mortgage loans Subordinated debt (1) Total originations Other real estate ownership (2) Total real estate debt investments	Income (Loss) \$6,638 1,451 15,022 2,575 25,686 9,415 6,521 15,936 5,927 47,549	Expenses, Other (Income) Loss and Income Tax Provision \$1,237 1 1,146 346 2,730 150 376 526 22 3,278	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests \$ 1,369 129 20 1,518 240 5 245	Attributable to Colony Financial, Inc. \$4,032 1,321 13,876 2,209 21,438 9,025 6,140 15,165 5,905 42,508

\$47,431 \$18,099 \$ 1,763 \$27,569

(1) Subordinated debt includes B-notes, mezzanine loans, and preferred equity.

Other real estate ownership includes real estate or equity interests obtained through foreclosures or deed-in-lieu of (2) foreclosure on the collateral on target assets originally acquired or originated as debt instruments, equity securities obtained in full or partial resolution of debt and our investment in shares of common stock of First Republic Bank. Income from Real Estate Debt Investments

Income from our debt investments for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased approximately \$27.7 million, or 65%, compared to the corresponding period in 2012. The substantial increase reflects our continuing investment activity throughout 2012 and 2013. Many of our investments owned as of June 30, 2013 were not owned for all or part of the six months ended June 30, 2012, and we added new investments in various categories, as summarized in our investments table in "—Our Investments." Income from our debt investments for the six months ended June 30, 2013 includes a \$2.8 million gain recognized from the sale of 40% participation interests in the underlying loans of MF5 CMBS in February 2013, gains from the early payoff of the Florida Residential Development Loan in June 2013, Luxury Destination Resort Loan in May 2013 and 2100 Grand B-Note in May 2013 in the amounts of \$2.8 million, \$0.8 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, as well as gain recognized from the sale of more shares of common stock in First Republic Bank during the first half of 2013 compared to the first half of 2012. These gains, along with a substantial increase in invested equity in debt investments—from \$0.7 billion at June 30, 2012 to \$1.2 billion at June 30, 2012—account for the period-over-period increase in income.

Certain investments individually generated greater than 10% of our total income for the periods presented. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan I and II, which share the same corporate guarantor, generated 17% of total income. After deducting investment-specific interest and other expenses, and amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests, these investments represent 14% of our net income attributable to stockholders. No individual investment generated greater than 10% of our total income during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

Loss from Single-Family Residential Rentals

Our investment in single-family residential rentals through CAH OP generated a loss of \$3.7 million and \$0.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, of which approximately \$2.6 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, represent our share of depreciation expense. The SFR rental business was started in March 2012 and the business has grown rapidly, therefore prior year results are not comparable to the current year results. While renovation and leasing productivity continued to improve since the first quarter, the business has not achieved optimal scale in its target markets and acquisitions continue to outpace lease-up as the business builds its portfolio. Therefore, current quarter results are not indicative of a stabilized portfolio and reflects operating and administrative expenses that are disproportionate to the revenues generated from properties.

Amounts Not Allocated to Investments

Certain non-investment-specific income and expense amounts not allocated to segments are summarized below.

	Six Months l	Ended June 30,
(in thousands)	2013	2012
Interest income from cash	\$254	\$5
Expenses:		
Management fees	\$12,792	\$8,464
Unconsummated deal expenses	330	296
Interest expense	4,387	2,024
Administrative expense	3,579	3,232
Income tax provision	594	805
Total expenses	\$21,682	\$14,821
Management Fees—Management fees include the following:		
	Six Months l	Ended June 30,
(in thousands)	2013	2012
Base management fees	\$10,687	\$5,164
Share-based compensation	2,105	2,364
Incentive fees		936

\$12,792

\$8,464

Base management fees have increased by approximately \$5.5 million from the six months ended June 30, 2012 to six months ended June 30, 2013 due to an increase in our fee base, as defined in our management agreement with the Manager, and is largely dependent upon net proceeds from equity offerings. The increase resulted from one preferred stock offering, three common stock offerings and stock issued under the ATM Program since June 30, 2012, with combined net proceeds of approximately \$732 million. Share-based compensation for both periods represents expense recognized on restricted shares awarded to our Manager, certain of our executive officers and certain employees of our Manager and its affiliates in 2012, and reflects the amortization of estimated fair value of unvested shares, which we remeasure on a quarterly basis. Based upon the vesting schedule of shares awarded and the fair value as of each measurement date, share-based compensation could fluctuate significantly. Incentive fees are based upon our Core Earnings, further described under "—Non-GAAP Supplemental Financial Measure: Core Earnings," and are payable to our Manager in shares of our common stock. We did not meet the Core Earnings threshold for an incentive fee accrual for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Interest Expense—For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, we incurred non-segment interest expense of \$4.4 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, primarily on our credit facility and convertible senior notes. Interest expense for the first half of 2013 was higher as the convertible senior notes were newly issued in April 2013 and due to higher average outstanding borrowings to temporarily finance our investment activities during that period. We do not attribute borrowings on our credit facility or proceeds from issuance of convertible notes to specific investments. Administrative Expenses—Administrative expenses are summarized below:

•	Six Months	Ended June 30,
(In thousands)	2013	2012
Reimbursements to Colony Capital:		
Compensation pursuant to secondment agreement	\$609	\$598
Allocated overhead and direct administrative expenses	827	576
Total reimbursements to Colony Capital	1,436	1,174
Professional fees	1,220	1,111
Other	923	947
	\$3,579	\$3,232

Total administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2013 increased \$0.3 million, or 11%, compared to the first half of 2012. The slight increase reflects the added administrative burden associated with the growth of our business.

Income Tax Provision—Our TRSs, which directly or indirectly hold certain of our investments, are subject to corporate level federal, state, foreign and local income taxes. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, we incurred income tax expense of \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million. The income tax provision for the first half of 2013 primarily reflects current income taxes due on loan resolutions in the Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and the Bulls Loan Portfolio, from the operations of our TRSs and asset management companies, and from operations relating to our investment in the Hotel Portfolio. The current taxes are partially offset by a net deferred tax benefit resulting from temporary differences related to income recognition for those same investments. The income tax provision for the first half of 2012 reflects current income taxes payable on loan resolutions in the Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and from the operations of our TRSs. The current taxes payable are partially offset by a net deferred tax benefit resulting from temporary differences related to income recognition for our BOW Loan Portfolio, Bulls Loan Portfolio, Cushman ADC FDIC Portfolio and investments in certain of our foreign joint ventures.

Information About Our Real Estate Debt Portfolio

The following tables summarize certain characteristics of the loans and beneficial interests in securities held by the Company and the joint ventures and our proportionate share:

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(\$ in thousands)	June 30, 201 Total Portfo		Company's Proportionate Share Unpaid				W 1 . 1				
Collateral Type	Unpaid Principal Balance	Amortized Cost (1)	Unpaid Principal Balance	Amortized Cost (1)(2)	% of Amort Cost	izeo	Weig dAvera Coup	age	Yield		Weighted Average Maturity in Years
Originated performing lo	oans										
Retail	\$92,650	\$92,241	\$92,650	\$92,241	8.4		8.5		8.5		3.0
Hospitality	449,193	445,448	250,437	248,406	22.5		11.0		11.1		3.5
Other commercial	128,370	127,560	125,720	124,910	11.3		8.1	%	8.1		4.4
Residential	79,066	78,539	33,008	32,788	3.0	%	13.1	%	13.3	%	3.4
Land	94,739	90,162	47,164	44,877	4.1	%	12.5	%	13.3	%	3.2
Total originated performing loans	844,018	833,950	548,979	543,222	49.3	%	10.2	%	10.3	%	3.6
Acquired loans and bene	ficial interest	s in bonds									
Performing:											
Retail	429,363	309,753	116,420	89,929	8.2	%	5.7	%	7.4	%	4.7
Office	289,188	202,939	76,106	52,970	4.8	%	5.4	%	8.1	%	4.5
Industrial	225,544	168,991	47,443	35,227	3.2	%	6.3	%	8.4	%	7.6
Hospitality	290,256	240,368	134,721	114,620	10.4	%	8.4	%	10.1	%	1.6
Multifamily	395,342	310,740	112,623	95,031	8.6	%	4.8	%	5.4	%	11.5
Other commercial	311,478	203,226	41,062	27,454	2.5	%	9.7	%	13.0	%	3.3
Residential	72,506	43,663	20,045	14,191	1.3	%	4.4	%	5.4	%	17.6
Land	143,825	61,814	19,528	9,561	0.9	%	6.1	%	11.7	%	1.5
Total acquired performing	2,157,502	1,541,494	567,948	438,983	39.9	%	6.4	%	8.2	%	5.8
Non-performing:											
Retail	276,505	126,497	45,149	20,484	1.8	%					
Office	412,524	103,502	114,529	25,243	2.3	%					
Industrial	153,376	71,551	31,911	16,332	1.5	%					
Hospitality	53,730	27,357	7,235	3,604	0.3	%					
Multifamily	159,567	75,062	38,753	17,684	1.6	%					
Other commercial	340,803	118,572	45,261	15,143	1.4	%					
Residential	150,156	45,112	23,496	8,582	0.8	%					
Land	716,628	137,073	68,850	13,763	1.1	%					
Total acquired non-performing	2,263,289	704,726	375,184	120,835	10.8	%					
Total acquired loans Total portfolio	4,420,791 \$5,264,809	2,246,220 \$3,080,170	943,132 \$1,492,111	559,818 \$1,103,040	50.7 100.0	% %					

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(\$ in thousands)	December 3 Total Portfo		Company's	Proportiona	te Shar	e					
Collateral Type	Unpaid Principal Balance	Amortized Cost (1)	Unpaid Principal Balance	Amortized Cost (1)(2)	% of Amort Cost	izeo	Weight Avera Coup	age	Curre Intere Yield on Co	st	Weighted Average Maturity in Years
Originated performing lo											
Retail	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	8.1	%			9.8		3.5
Office	20,258	20,223	20,056	20,021	2.7	%	8.0		8.0		2.9
Hospitality	133,285	132,515	82,937	82,472	11.2	%	11.4		11.5		5.3
Other commercial	6,109	6,109	3,054	3,054	0.4	%		%	12.2		1.8
Residential	82,196	79,840	34,960	33,860	4.6	%	12.2	%	12.8	%	3.3
Total originated performing loans	301,848	298,687	201,007	199,407	27.0	%	10.7	%	10.9	%	4.1
Acquired loans and benef	ficial interests	in bonds									
Performing:											
Retail	415,149	293,227	92,534	69,409	9.4	%	5.7	%	7.6	%	4.0
Office	307,008	211,378	77,266	52,032	7.1	%	5.4	%	8.3	%	4.9
Industrial	244,140	182,908	49,032	36,085	4.9	%	6.3	%	8.7	%	7.2
Hospitality	300,291	247,002	139,883	118,080	16.0	%	8.6	%	10.3	%	1.9
Multifamily	478,674	370,053	104,569	87,722	11.9	%	5.0	%	6.0	%	10.9
Other commercial	358,800	233,877	43,971	28,872	3.9	%	9.6	%	13.9	%	3.3
Residential	58,077	28,128	8,881	4,781	0.6	%	5.6	%	10.3	%	7.6
Land	159,611	67,642	17,228	6,968	0.9	%	5.6	%	14.3	%	1.8
Total acquired performing	2,321,750	1,634,215	533,364	403,949	54.7	%	6.6	%	8.9	%	5.1
Non-performing:											
Retail	322,592	145,863	50,130	23,371	3.1	%					
Office	422,423	106,487	114,910	24,724	3.4	%					
Industrial	181,647	86,819	35,338	17,946	2.4	%					
Hospitality	74,334	40,046	9,159	4,902	0.7	%					
Multifamily	200,119	91,772	41,704	17,618	2.4	%					
Other commercial	401,434	138,128	55,406	18,189	2.5	%					
Residential	182,411	58,319	29,431	11,847	1.6	%					
Land	856,417	164,897	80,024	15,953	2.2	%					
Total acquired non-performing	2,641,377	832,331	416,102	134,550	18.3	%					
Total acquired loans	4,963,127	2,466,546	949,466	538,499	73.0	%					
Total portfolio	\$5,264,975	\$2,765,233	\$1,150,473	\$737,906	100.0	%					

The following table summarizes the amortized cost of the total portfolio and the Company's proportionate share included in the table above:

(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 201	3	December 31, 2012		
	Total Portfolio	Company's Proportionate Share	Total Portfolio	Company's Proportionate Share	
Loans receivable, net, on the Company's consolidated balance sheet	\$787,814	\$ 544,069	\$333,569	\$ 240,914	
	31,192	31,036	32,055	31,895	

Beneficial interests in debt securities on the

Company's consolidated balance sheet

Loans receivable, net, held by unconsolidated joint	2,241,237	517 972	2,383,748	457,166
ventures	2,241,237	317,772	2,303,740	437,100
ADC loans held by unconsolidated joint ventures (a)	19,927	9,963	15,861	7,931
	\$3,080,170	\$ 1,103,040	\$2,765,233	\$ 737,906

⁽a) Certain acquisition, development and construction loans are accounted for under the equity method depending upon their characteristics.

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Our proportionate share of amortized cost is calculated as our share of the loans and debt securities based upon our ownership interest in each respective investment entity.

As of June 30, 2013, the Company's and the joint ventures' performing loan portfolio comprised fixed rate loans bearing interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 21.0% (weighted average of 7.4%) with an aggregate UPB of \$1.55 billion and variable rate loans bearing interest rates ranging from 1.2% to 12.2% (weighted average of 7.1%) with an aggregate UPB of \$1.45 billion. Maturity dates of performing loans range from July 2013 to December 2040. Scheduled maturities based on UPB of performing loans as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

(In thousands)

One year or less \$699,992
Greater than one year and less than five years 1,610,911
Greater than or equal to five years 690,617
Total \$3,001,520

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our current primary uses of liquidity are to fund:

acquisitions of our target assets and related ongoing commitments;

our operations, including overhead costs and the management fee to our Manager;

distributions to our stockholders; and

principal and interest payments on our borrowings, including interest obligation on our recently issued convertible debt.

Our current primary sources of liquidity are:

eash on hand;

our credit facility;

eash flow generated from our investments, both from operations and return of capital;

proceeds from full or partial realization of investments;

investment-level financing; and

proceeds from public or private equity and debt offerings.

We believe that our capital resources are sufficient to meet our short-term and long-term capital requirements. However, because of distribution requirements imposed on us to qualify as a REIT, which generally require that we distribute to our stockholders 90% of our taxable income, our ability to finance our growth must largely be funded by external sources of capital. As a result, in order to continue investing in our target assets and sustain our growth, we will have to rely on third-party sources of capital, including public and private offerings of securities and debt financings, which may or may not be available on favorable terms, or at all.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

We have contractual obligations to make future payments on our credit facility, including unused commitment fees, and secured financing related to Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II. There have been no material changes in our contractual obligations as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Pursuant to the operating agreements of some of our unconsolidated joint ventures, we may be required to fund additional amounts for future investments, unfunded lending commitments, ordinary operating costs, guaranties or commitments of the joint ventures. Our share of those commitments as of June 30, 2013 was \$16.1 million. At June 30, 2013, we had combined unfunded lending commitments of \$17.3 million on two of our originated loans.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Several of our unconsolidated joint ventures have financing that is not reflected on our balance sheet. See "—Investment-Level Financing" for additional information.

Dividends

U.S. federal income tax law generally requires that a REIT distribute annually at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains, and that it pay tax at

to the extent that it annually distributes less than 100% of its net taxable income. We intend to pay regular quarterly dividends to our stockholders in an amount equal to our net taxable income, if and to the extent authorized by our board of directors. Before we pay any dividend, whether for U.S. federal income tax purposes or otherwise, we must first meet both our operating requirements and debt service, if any. In addition, our new credit facility limits the amount of distributions as follows: (1) for the year ending December 31, 2013, the greater of (i) 110% of taxable income plus depreciation expense and (ii) 140% of Core Earnings as defined below, and (2) thereafter, 115% of taxable income plus depreciation expense. If our cash available for distribution is less than our net taxable income, we could be required to sell assets or borrow funds to make cash distributions or we may make a portion of the required distribution in the form of a taxable stock distribution or distribution of debt securities.

Common Stock—Our board of directors declared the following dividends in 2013:

Quarter Ended	Dividends Declared per Share	Date Paid
	Declared per Share	
March 31, 2013	\$ 0.35	April 15, 2013
June 30, 2013	\$ 0.35	July 15, 2013

Preferred Stock—We are required to make quarterly cash distributions on the 10,080,000 shares of 8.5% Series A Preferred Stock outstanding. The aggregate quarterly amount of \$5.4 million, or \$0.53125 per share, is payable on or about the 15th of each January, April, July and October.

Cash and Cash Flows

As of August 7, 2013, we had approximately \$14.3 million of cash on hand.

The following table summarizes our cash flow activity for the periods presented:

	S1X Months	Ended June 30,
(In thousands)	2013	2012
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$58,787	\$29,674
Net cash used in investing activities	(826,796) (134,515)
Net cash provided by financing activities	617,910	109,133

Operating Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, cash flows from operating activities increased \$29.1 million, or 98%, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase reflects the substantial increase in the number of investments in our portfolio. Cash flows from operating activities are primarily distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures and interest received from our investments in loans, partially offset by payment of operating expenses.

Investing Activities

The substantial increase in net cash used in investing activities reflect our growth and investment of recycled capital and new financing proceeds in income-producing assets. Cash outlays for our contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures and for investments in loans during the periods are partially offset by distributions of capital from unconsolidated joint ventures resulting from principal repayments, loan resolutions and financing activities. Cash provided by investing activities also includes principal repayments of loans receivable. We invested approximately \$673.8 million and \$228.7 million, primarily in new investments, during the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We also invested an additional \$295 million in our existing single-family homes rental platform during the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2013 reflects net proceeds of approximately \$232.3 million from our common stock offering in January 2013, \$23.9 million from at-the-market common stock offering and \$194 million from issuance of convertible senior notes, \$89 million net borrowings on our credit facility and contributions from noncontrolling interests of \$164.8 million primarily related to National Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine Loan. These amounts were offset by \$54.4 million payment of dividends, \$24.1 million of repayments on secured financing, and \$6.1 million distributions to noncontrolling interests. Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2012 related primarily to the net proceeds of \$140.4 million from our preferred stock offering and contributions from noncontrolling interests of \$36.4 million. The cash inflows

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were offset by \$22.3 million payment of dividends and net repayments of \$36 million on our credit facility.

Cash from Investments

Our investments generate cash, either from operations or as a return of our invested capital. We receive monthly or quarterly distributions from some of our unconsolidated joint ventures from earnings, principal receipts or capital transactions such as financing transactions or full or partial loan sales. We also receive interest and principal on our loans held for investment. As loans reach their maturity we may receive all or a portion of the outstanding principal balance. Certain loans held for investment require minimum principal payments, including partial paydowns of principal in the event of a sale of the underlying collateral. We may also, from time to time, fully or partially realize our investments through sale and expect to continue to resolve loans in our loan pools to generate cash, particularly those in acquired credit-distressed portfolios. We may also pursue opportunities to sell whole or partial positions in our originated loan investments or obtain financing (see "—Investment-Level Financing" and "—Leverage Policies") to generate cash and improve the return on our investments.

For the six months ended June 30, 2013, our investments generated \$204.6 million of cash from various sources as follows:

Acquired loans—We received approximately \$125.3 million from our acquired single loans and loan portfolios from various sources, such as interest and fees, loan sales and principal receipts including payoffs, and distributed \$3.5 million of this amount to noncontrolling interests. Approximately \$87.6 million of cash received was capital in nature. The major contributors to capital returned were \$51.7 million from investment-level financing on Project London Loan Portfolio, Metro Loan Portfolio and Midwest Loan Portfolio, \$10.4 million from MF5 CMBS from the partial sale of participation interest and \$10.4 million of principal receipts on the Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II. Originated loans—We received approximately \$60.9 million from our originated loans and distributed \$2.6 million to noncontrolling interests. Approximately \$38.4 million of cash received was capital in nature including \$20.3 million, \$7.3 million and \$9.9 million from the early payoff of 2100 Grand loan, Luxury Destination Resort Loan and Florida Residential Development Loan, respectively. Remainder of the cash generated from originated loans consists of current interest and required principal payments received.

Other real estate investments—We received approximately \$18.7 million from our other real estate investments of which \$16.6 million was from the sale of 442,437 shares of common stock of First Republic Bank. Single-family residential rentals—We received approximately \$5.8 million from our investments in the single-family residential rentals, which was entirely a return of capital. Credit Facility

On August 6, 2013, we entered into a new credit agreement (the "New Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent, and certain lenders, which provides a credit facility in the initial maximum principal amount of \$360 million which may be increased to \$600 million, subject to certain conditions, including each lender or substitute lender agreeing to provide commitments for such increased amount.

The maximum amount available to borrow under the New Credit Agreement at any time is limited by a borrowing base of certain investment assets, with the valuation of such investment assets generally determined according to a percentage of net book value or a multiple of Core Earnings.

At closing of the New Credit Agreement, the borrowing base valuation was sufficient to permit borrowings of up to the entire \$360 million commitment, of which we drew \$64.0 million to repay all existing obligations under our previous Credit Agreement with Bank of America, N.A., pay closing costs associated with the New Credit Agreement and fund a new investment. As of August 7, 2013, the remaining availability for borrowing under the New Credit Agreement was \$296 million.

Our previous Credit Agreement with Bank of America, N.A. contained covenants and restrictions requiring us to meet certain financial ratios and reporting requirements. At June 30, 2013, we were in compliance with all debt covenants. The following table summarizes the key financial covenants and our actual results as of and for the three months ended June 30, 2013:

		Actual Level
(\$ in thousands)	Covenant Level	June 30, 2013
Financial covenant as defined in the credit agreement:		
Consolidated Tangible Net Worth	Minimum \$1,183,007	\$1,465,159
Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Minimum 2.25 to 1.0	5.53 to 1.0
Consolidated Leverage Ratio	Maximum 0.5 to 1.0	0.23 to 1.0
Liquidity	Minimum \$5,000	\$106,100
Total Facility Permitted Borrowings	Maximum \$175,000	\$89,000

The New Credit Agreement also contains financial covenants similar to those applicable under our previous Credit Agreement, including a maximum leverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, a minimum consolidated tangible net worth level and minimum liquidity level. For more information concerning these covenants and other material terms of the New Credit Agreement, please see our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 8, 2013. Investment-Level Financing

The structured transactions with the FDIC were consummated in part with leverage provided by the FDIC with zero-coupon financing and terms ranging from two to seven years. As of June 30, 2013, five of eight FDIC portfolios had fully repaid or defeased the purchase money notes and are making distributions to investors. The notes are not guaranteed by the managing member entities in which we have ownership interests and are non-recourse to us. In addition to FDIC financing, we have various forms of investment-level financing on several of our investments, including Bulls Loan Portfolio, Project London Loan Portfolio, Metro Loan Portfolio, Midwest Loan Portfolio, Hotel Portfolio and Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II. The Hotel Portfolio we acquired through foreclosure is subject to an existing mortgage loan.

We may attempt to secure other investment-level financing in the future, if available, including term loans, securitizations, warehouse facilities, repurchase agreements and the issuance of debt and equity securities. We also expect to continue to invest in a number of our assets through co-investments with other investment vehicles managed by affiliates of our Manager and/or other third parties, which may allow us to pool capital to access larger transactions and diversify investment exposure.

Convertible Notes

In April 2013, we issued \$200 million of our 5% Convertible Notes due on April 15, 2023 to underwriters at a discount of 3%. The net offering proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and offering costs payable by us, were approximately \$193.7 million. These Convertible Notes bear interest at 5% per annum which is payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2013. The holders of the Convertible Notes may convert their Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock, at their option, at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, subject to certain limitations as described in the indenture, at the applicable conversion rate in effect on the conversion date. The conversion rate is initially set to equal 42.3819 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$23.60 per share of common stock), subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events. We may redeem the Convertible Notes at our option at any time on or after April 22, 2020 if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price of the Convertible Notes then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which we provide notice of redemption, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. We used the proceeds from the Convertible Notes offering to acquire our target assets and for working capital and general corporate purposes. **Equity Offering**

In January 2013, we completed a sale of 11,500,000 shares of our common stock to underwriters at a price of \$20.20 per share. The net offering proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering costs payable by us, were approximately \$232.3 million. We invested a portion of the proceeds in CAH OP and the remainder to acquire our target assets and for our operations.

In May 2013, we entered into separate "at-the-market" equity distribution agreements with certain sales agents to offer and sell, from time to time, shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$200 million (the "ATM Program"). Sales of the shares may be made in negotiated transactions and/or transactions that are deemed to be "at the market" offerings, including sales made by means of ordinary brokers' transactions, including directly on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), or sales made to or through a market maker other than on an exchange. We are required to pay each sales agent a

commission not to exceed 2% of the gross sales proceeds for any common stock sold through such agent. During the three months ended June 30, 2013, we sold 1,072,002 shares of our common stock under the ATM Program for net offering proceeds of \$23.9 million after deducting commissions. We used the net proceeds from the offering to make investments and repay amounts outstanding under the credit facility. In July 2013, we sold 683,292 shares of our common stock under the ATM Program for net offering proceeds of \$13.9 million after deducting commissions. As of August 7, 2013, we had \$161.8 million remaining under the ATM Program.

We may in the future offer and sell various types of equity and debt securities under our current shelf registration statement filed with the SEC. These securities may be issued from time to time at our discretion based on our needs and depending upon market conditions and available pricing.

Risk Management

Risk management is a significant component of our strategy to deliver consistent risk-adjusted returns to our stockholders. Subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exemption from registration under the 1940 Act, our Manager closely monitors our portfolio and actively manages risks associated with, among other things, our assets and interest rates. In addition, the Audit Committee of our board of directors, in consultation with management, periodically reviews our policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including key risks to which we are subject, including credit risk, liquidity risk, financing risk, foreign currency risk and market risk, and the steps that management has taken to monitor and control such risks. Underwriting

Prior to investing in any particular asset, our Manager's underwriting team, in conjunction with third party providers, undertakes a rigorous asset-level due diligence process, involving intensive data collection and analysis, to ensure that we understand fully the state of the market and the risk-reward profile of the asset. The credit risk of any particular loan investment, whether an originated loan or an acquired loan or portfolio of loans, is built into the pricing in the form of contractual interest rates, related fees charged to the borrower, estimated transaction costs, discount to acquired principal balance, among other things. Key metrics considered during the underwriting process include, but are not limited to, loan-to-collateral value ratios ("LTV"), debt service coverage ratios ("DSCR"), debt yields, sponsor credit ratings and history, and tenant credit ratings and diversity. In addition to evaluating the merits of any particular proposed investment, our Manager evaluates the diversification of our portfolio of assets. Prior to making a final investment decision, our Manager determines whether a target asset will cause our portfolio of assets to be too heavily concentrated with, or cause too much risk exposure to, any one borrower, real estate sector, geographic region, source of cash flow for payment or other geopolitical issues. If our Manager determines that a proposed acquisition presents excessive concentration risk, it may determine not to acquire an otherwise attractive asset.

Asset Management

For each asset that we originate or acquire, Colony Capital's asset management team engages in active management of the asset, the intensity of which depends on the attendant risks. Once an asset manager has been assigned to a particular asset, the manager works collaboratively with the underwriting team to formulate a strategic plan for the particular asset, which includes evaluating the underlying collateral and updating valuation assumptions to reflect changes in the real estate market and the general economy. This plan also generally outlines several strategies for the asset to extract the maximum amount of value from each asset under a variety of market conditions. Such strategies vary depending on the type of asset, the availability of refinancing options, recourse and maturity, but may include, among others, the restructuring of non-performing or sub-performing loans, the negotiation of discounted pay-offs or other modification of the terms governing a loan, and the foreclosure and management of assets underlying non-performing loans in order to reposition them for profitable disposition. As long as an asset is in our portfolio, our Manager and its affiliates track the progress of an asset against the original business plan to ensure that the attendant risks of continuing to own the asset do not outweigh the associated rewards. We monitor and evaluate period to period changes in portfolio credit risk, focusing on borrower payment history and delinquencies and, if warranted, LTV. We do not have a policy to obtain routine valuations on the underlying loan collateral if there are no indicators of significant change in the value of that collateral. We may also review other information such as (i) financial data (DSCR, debt yields, delinquencies and performing status), (ii) collateral characteristics (property occupancy, tenant

profiles, rental rates, operating expenses, site inspections, capitalization and discount rates), (iii) the borrower/sponsor's exit plan, and (iv) current credit spreads and discussions with market participants. Because of the diverse nature of acquired loans, the availability and relevance of these metrics vary significantly by loan. Subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exemption from registration under the 1940 Act, we currently expect that we will typically hold assets that we originate or acquire for between three and ten years. However, in order to maximize returns and manage portfolio risk while remaining opportunistic, we may dispose of an asset earlier than anticipated or hold an asset longer than anticipated if we determine it to be appropriate depending upon prevailing market conditions or factors regarding a particular asset. We can provide no assurances, however,

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that we will be successful in identifying or managing all of the risks associated with acquiring, holding or disposing of a particular asset or that we will not realize losses on certain assets.

Interest Rate and Foreign Currency Hedging

Subject to maintaining our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our exemption from registration under the 1940 Act, we may mitigate the risk of interest rate volatility through the use of hedging instruments, such as interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements. The goal of our interest rate management strategy is to minimize or eliminate the effects of interest rate changes on the value of our assets, to improve risk-adjusted returns and, where possible, to lock in, on a long-term basis, a favorable spread between the yield on our assets and the cost of financing such assets. In addition, because we are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we employ foreign currency risk management strategies, including the use of, among others, currency hedges. We can provide no assurances, however, that our efforts to manage interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate volatility will successfully mitigate the risks of such volatility on our portfolio. Leverage Policies

We occasionally use limited investment-level financing such as the seller financing provided by the FDIC and non-recourse financing such as the assignment of an A-note participation on our 2100 Grand investment, seller-provided financing on the Luxury Destination Club Recourse Loan II and bank loans on some of our loan and loan portfolio acquisitions and originations, in each case with a debt-to-equity ratio of less than 3-to-1. We have also temporarily used borrowings from our credit facility to finance our investments. While we believe we can achieve attractive yields on an unleveraged basis, we will continue to use prudent amounts of leverage to increase potential returns to our stockholders and/or to finance future investments. Given current market conditions, to the extent that we use borrowings to finance our assets, we currently expect that such leverage typically would not exceed, on a debt-to-equity basis, a 3-to-1 ratio, except with respect to investments financed with borrowings provided by the FDIC or under government sponsored debt programs, leverage on which we currently expect would not exceed, on a debt-to-equity basis, a 6-to-1 ratio. We consider these leverage ratios to be prudent for our target asset classes. Our decision to use leverage currently or in the future to finance our assets will be based on our Manager's assessment of a variety of factors, including, among others, the anticipated liquidity and price volatility of the assets in our investment portfolio, the potential for losses and extension risk in our portfolio, the ability to raise additional equity to reduce leverage and create liquidity for future investments, the availability of credit at favorable prices or at all, the credit quality of our assets and our outlook for borrowing costs relative to the interest income earned on our assets. Our decision to use leverage in the future to finance our assets will be at the discretion of our Manager and will not be subject to the approval of our stockholders, and we are not restricted by our governing documents or otherwise in the amount of leverage that we may use. To the extent that we use leverage in the future, we may mitigate interest rate risk through utilization of hedging instruments, primarily interest rate swap and cap agreements, to serve as a hedge against future interest rate increases on our borrowings.

Non-GAAP Supplemental Financial Measure: Core Earnings

Core Earnings is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as GAAP net income (loss) excluding non-cash equity compensation expense, incentive fees, real estate depreciation and amortization and any unrealized gains or losses from mark-to-market valuation changes (other than permanent impairment) that are included in net income. The amount is adjusted to exclude one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP and certain other non-cash items after discussions between the Manager and our independent directors and after approval by a majority of our independent directors.

We believe that Core Earnings is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance. The exclusion from Core Earnings of the items specified above allows investors and analysts to readily identify the operating results of the assets that form the core of our activity and assists in comparing those operating results between periods. Core Earnings is also the basis upon which the incentive fee to our Manager is calculated. Also, since some of our competitors use a similar supplemental measure, it facilitates comparisons of operating performance to other similar REITs. However, other REITs may use different methodologies to calculate Core Earnings, and accordingly, our calculation of Core Earnings may not be comparable to other similar REITs that present similar supplemental measures.

Core Earnings does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP, should not be considered as an alternative to net income as defined by GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund all cash flow needs.

Portions of adjustments to GAAP net income to reconcile to Core Earnings represent our proportionate share of such items incurred by our unconsolidated joint ventures. A reconciliation of our GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders to Core Earnings is presented below:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months	Ended June
	June 30,		30,	
(In thousands)	2013	2012	2013	2012
GAAP net income attributable to common stockholders	\$20,296	\$12,019	\$34,348	\$24,111
Adjustments to GAAP net income to reconcile to Core Earnings:				
Noncash equity compensation expense	1,059	693	2,246	2,609
Incentive fee		523	_	936
Depreciation expense	2,519	654	4,354	1,504
Net unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives	(297) (100	(324) 80
Core Earnings	\$23,577	\$13,789	\$40,624	\$29,240

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk includes the exposure to loss resulting from changes in interest rates, credit curve spreads, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices and credit risk in our underlying investments. The primary market risks to which the Company is exposed, either directly or indirectly through its investments in unconsolidated joint ventures, are credit risk, interest rate risk, credit curve spread risk and foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk

Our joint venture investments and loans receivable are subject to a high degree of credit risk. Credit risk is the exposure to loss from loan defaults. Default rates are subject to a wide variety of factors, including, but not limited to, borrower financial condition, property performance, property management, supply/demand factors, construction trends, consumer behavior, regional economics, interest rates, the strength of the U.S. economy, and other factors beyond our control. All loans are subject to a certain probability of default. We manage credit risk through the underwriting process, acquiring our investments at the appropriate discount to face value, if any, and establishing loss assumptions. We also carefully monitor the performance of the loans, including those held by the joint ventures, as well as external factors that may affect their value. For more information, see "—Risk Management." Interest Rate and Credit Curve Spread Risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive to many factors, including governmental, monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations and other factors beyond our control. Credit curve spread risk is highly sensitive to the dynamics of the markets for commercial real estate loans and securities we hold. Excessive supply of these assets combined with reduced demand will cause the market to require a higher yield. This demand for higher yield will cause the market to use a higher spread over the U.S. Treasury securities yield curve, or other benchmark interest rates, to value these assets. The majority of the performing loans held by our unconsolidated joint ventures are fixed rate loans. As U.S. Treasury securities are priced to a higher yield and/or the spread to U.S. Treasuries used to price the assets increases, the price at which the joint ventures could sell some of the assets may decline. Conversely, as U.S. Treasury securities are priced to a lower yield and/or the spread to U.S. Treasuries used to price the assets decreases, the value of the loan portfolios may increase. In addition, fluctuations in LIBOR rates may affect the amount of interest expense we incur in connection with borrowings under our credit facility, which, based on our debt ratio as of June 30, 2013, incurred interest expense at a per annum rate equal to the sum of, at our election, the one, two, three, six, or twelve-month LIBOR plus 3.5%. As of June 30, 2013, we had outstanding borrowings under the credit facility of \$89 million bearing interest at 3.5% plus one-month LIBOR, or 3.7%. Assuming no changes in the outstanding balance of, or interest rate applicable to, our existing variable rate debt as of June 30, 2013, a 100-basis point increase in the one-month LIBOR would have increased our annual interest expense by approximately \$0.9 million.

We utilize a variety of financial instruments on some of our investments, including interest rate swaps, caps, floors and other interest rate exchange contracts, in order to limit the effects of fluctuations in interest rates on our operations. The use of these types of derivatives to hedge interest-earning assets and/or interest-bearing liabilities carries certain risks, including the risk that losses on a hedge position will reduce the funds available for distribution and that such losses may exceed the amount invested in such instruments. A hedge may not perform its intended

purpose of offsetting losses of rising interest rates. Moreover, with respect to certain of the instruments used as hedges, we are exposed to the risk that the counterparties with which we trade may cease making markets and quoting prices in such instruments, which may render us unable to enter into an offsetting transaction with respect to an open position. If we anticipate that the income from any such hedging transaction will not be qualifying income for REIT income purposes, we may conduct all or part of our hedging activities through a to-be-formed corporate subsidiary that is fully subject to federal corporate income taxation. Our profitability may be adversely affected during any period as a result of changing interest rates.

Currency Risk

We have foreign currency rate exposures related to our equity investments in joint ventures which hold certain commercial real estate loan investments in Europe. Our sole currency exposure is to the Euro. Changes in currency rates can adversely affect the fair values and earnings of our non-U.S. holdings. As of June 30, 2013, we had approximately €30.1 million, or \$39.2 million, in European investments. Net tax-effected accumulated foreign exchange loss on the European investments was approximately \$3.5 million, or \$2.7 million after hedge gain. A 1% change in the exchange rate would result in a \$0.4 million increase or decrease in translation gain or loss on our investments in unconsolidated joint ventures. We mitigate this risk by utilizing currency instruments to hedge the capital portion of our foreign currency risk. The type of hedging instrument that we employed on our European investments was a costless collar (buying a protective put while writing an out-of-the-money covered call with a strike price at which the premium received is equal to the premium of the protective put purchased) which involved no initial capital outlay. The puts were structured with strike prices approximately 10% lower than our cost basis in such investments, thereby limiting any Euro related foreign exchange related fluctuations to approximately 10% of the original capital invested in the deal.

At June 30, 2013, we had seven outstanding collars with an aggregate notional amount of €23.9 million. The maturity dates of such instruments approximate the projected dates of related cash flows for specific investments. Termination or maturity of currency hedging instruments may result in an obligation for payment to or from the counterparty to the hedging agreement. We are exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by counterparties for these contracts. To manage this risk, we select major international banks and financial institutions as counterparties and perform a quarterly review of the financial health and stability of our trading counterparties. Based on our review as of June 30, 2013, we do not expect any counterparty to default on its obligations.

The following table summarizes the notional amount and fair value of our collars as of June 30, 2013: (In thousands, except exchange rates)

Hedged Asset	Notional Amount	Cap Range (USD/€)	Floor Range (USD/€)	Expiration Date	Fair Value
Investments in German loan portfolios	€16,070	1.428–1.510	1.130–1.290	July 2013–July 2015	\$ 562
Investment in Spanish REOC/Colonial Loan	7,800	1.380	1.250	December 2014	84
	€23,870				\$646

Inflation

Virtually all of our assets and liabilities are interest rate sensitive in nature. As a result, interest rates and other factors influence our performance more so than inflation, although inflation rates can often have a meaningful influence over the direction of interest rates. Furthermore, our financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and our distributions are determined by our board of directors primarily based on our taxable income, and, in each case, our activities and balance sheet are measured with reference to historical cost and/or fair market value without considering inflation.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of

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possible controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, we have evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon our evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at June 30, 2013.

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Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

There have been no material changes to the legal proceedings included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

The following is an update to the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012:

We expect that the trading price of our Convertible Notes will be significantly affected by changes in the market price of our common stock, the interest rate environment and our credit quality, each of which could change substantially at any time.

We expect that the trading price of the Convertible Notes will depend on a variety of factors, including, without limitation, the market price of our common stock, the interest rate environment and our credit quality. Each of these factors may be volatile, and may or may not be within our control.

For example, the trading price of the Convertible Notes will increase with the market price and volatility of our common stock. We cannot, however, predict whether the market price of our common stock will rise or fall or whether the volatility of our common stock will continue at its historical level. In addition, general market conditions, including the level of, and fluctuations in, the market price of stocks generally, may affect the market price and the volatility of our common stock. Moreover, we may or may not choose to take actions that could influence the volatility of our common stock.

Likewise, if interest rates, or expected future interest rates, rise during the term of the notes, the yield of the Convertible Notes will likely decrease, but the value of the convertibility option embedded in the notes will likely increase. Because interest rates and interest rate expectations are influenced by a wide variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control, we cannot assure you that changes in interest rates or interest rate expectations will not adversely affect the trading price of the notes.

Furthermore, the trading price of the Convertible Notes will likely be significantly affected by any change in our credit quality. Because our credit quality is influenced by a variety of factors, some of which are beyond our control, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain or improve our credit quality during the term of the Convertible Notes. In addition, because we may choose to take actions that adversely affect our credit quality, such as incurring additional debt, there can be no guarantee that our credit quality will not decline during the term of the Convertible Notes, which would likely negatively impact the trading price of the Convertible Notes.

The claims of holders of the notes will be structurally subordinated to claims of creditors of our subsidiaries because our subsidiaries will not guarantee the Convertible Notes. In addition, we are a holding company with minimal independent operations. Our ability to repay our debt, including the Convertible Notes, depends on the performance of our subsidiaries and their ability to make distributions to us.

The Convertible Notes are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. Accordingly, none of our subsidiaries is currently, and may not become, obligated to pay any amounts due pursuant to the Convertible Notes, or to make any funds available therefor. Consequently, claims of holders of the Convertible Notes will be structurally subordinated to the claims of creditors and preferred stockholders of these subsidiaries, including trade creditors. As a result, in the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of any of our subsidiaries, such subsidiaries will pay the holders of their debt and their trade creditors before they will be able to distribute any of their assets to us.

As a holding company, substantially all of our business is conducted through our subsidiaries, which are separate and distinct legal entities. Therefore, our ability to service our indebtedness, including the Convertible Notes, is dependent on the earnings and the distribution of funds (whether by dividend, distribution or loan) from our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is obligated to make funds available to us for payment on the Convertible Notes. We cannot assure you that the agreements governing the existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries will permit our subsidiaries to provide us with sufficient dividends, distributions or loans to fund payments on the notes when due. In addition, any payment of dividends, distributions or loans to us by our subsidiaries could be subject to restrictions on dividends or repatriation of earnings under applicable local law and monetary transfer restrictions in the jurisdictions in which our subsidiaries operate.

If we incur substantial additional debt, these higher levels of debt may affect our ability to pay the principal of and interest on the Convertible Notes.

We and our subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial additional debt in the future, some of which may be secured debt. Neither the base indenture nor the supplemental indenture governing the Convertible Notes restricts our ability to incur additional indebtedness or require us to maintain financial ratios or specified levels of net worth or liquidity. If we incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, these higher levels of indebtedness may affect our ability to pay the principal of and interest on the Convertible Notes, or any fundamental change purchase price, and our creditworthiness generally.

We and our subsidiaries are, and may in the future become, parties to agreements and instruments, which, among other things, may contain financial and other restrictive covenants that will limit our ability to engage in activities that may be in our long-term best interests. Our failure to comply with those covenants could result in an event of default that, if not cured or waived, could result in the acceleration of all of our debt. Additionally, if an event of default exists under the documents governing our revolving credit facility, we are restricted, in certain circumstances, from making any distributions in respect of our equity securities, including distributions to our stockholders necessary to maintain our qualification as a REIT, which could cause us to lose our REIT qualification and become subject to U.S. federal income tax.

Servicing the Convertible Notes requires a significant amount of cash, and we may not have sufficient cash flow from our business to pay our debt.

Our ability to make scheduled payments of the principal of, to pay interest on or to refinance our indebtedness, including the Convertible Notes, depends on our future performance, which is subject to economic, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. Our business may not continue to generate cash flow from operations in the future sufficient to service our debt and make necessary capital expenditures. If we are unable to generate such cash flow, we may be required to adopt one or more alternatives, such as selling assets, restructuring debt or obtaining additional equity capital on terms that may be onerous or highly dilutive. Our ability to refinance our indebtedness will depend on the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. We may not be able to engage in any of these activities or engage in these activities on desirable terms, which could result in a default on our debt obligations.

Recent regulatory actions may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes. We expect that many investors in, and potential purchasers of, the Convertible Notes will employ, or seek to employ, a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the Convertible Notes. Investors would typically implement this strategy by selling short the common stock underlying the Convertible Notes and dynamically adjusting their short position while they hold the Convertible Notes. Investors may also implement this strategy by entering into swaps on our common stock in lieu of or in addition to short selling the common stock.

The SEC and other regulatory and self-regulatory authorities have implemented various rules and may adopt additional rules in the future that may impact those engaging in short selling activity involving equity securities (including our common stock), including Rule 201 of SEC Regulation SHO, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.'s "Limit Up-Limit Down" program, market-wide circuit breaker systems that halt trading of securities for certain periods following specific market declines, and rules stemming from the enactment and implementation of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. Past regulatory actions, including emergency actions or regulations have had a significant impact on the trading prices and liquidity of equity-linked instruments. Any governmental action that similarly restricts the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the Convertible Notes to effect short sales of our common stock or enter into swaps on our common stock could similarly adversely affect the trading price and the liquidity of the Convertible Notes.

In addition, if investors and potential purchasers seeking to employ a convertible arbitrage strategy are unable to borrow or enter into swaps on our common stock, in each case on commercially reasonable terms, the trading price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes may be adversely affected.

We may not have the ability to raise funds necessary to purchase the notes upon a fundamental change.

If a "fundamental change" occurs under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes, holders of the Convertible Notes have the right, at their option, to require us to purchase for cash any or all of their Convertible Notes, or any portion of the principal amount thereof such that the principal amount that remains outstanding of each Convertible Note purchased in part equals \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The fundamental change purchase

price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. However, we may not have sufficient funds at the time we are required to purchase the Convertible Notes surrendered therefor and we may not be able to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms, if at all. In addition, our ability to purchase the Convertible Notes may be limited by law, by regulatory authority or by the agreements governing our other indebtedness outstanding at the time. If we fail to pay the fundamental change purchase price when due, we will be in default under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes. A default under the indenture or the fundamental change itself could also constitute a default under the agreements governing our other existing and future indebtedness which would further restrict our ability to make required payments under the Convertible Notes.

We may issue additional shares of our common stock or instruments convertible into our common stock, including in connection with conversions of Convertible Notes, and thereby materially and adversely affect the price of our common stock, and, in turn, the Convertible Notes.

We are not restricted from issuing additional shares of our common stock or other instruments convertible into our common stock during the life of the Convertible Notes. We cannot predict the size of future issuances or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price for our common stock. If we issue additional shares of our common stock or instruments convertible into our common stock, it may materially and adversely affect the price of our common stock and, in turn, the price of the Convertible Notes. Furthermore, the conversion or exercise of some or all of the Convertible Notes may dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders, and any sales in the public market of shares of our common stock issuable upon any such conversion or exercise could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock or the Convertible Notes. In addition, the anticipated issuance and sale of substantial amounts of common stock or the anticipated conversion or exercise of securities into shares of our common stock could depress the price of our common stock.

Holders of Convertible Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock to the extent our conversion obligations include shares of our common stock.

Holders of Convertible Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock), until the time at which they become record holders of our common stock upon conversion of the Convertible Notes. For example, if an amendment is proposed to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to the date a holder of Convertible Notes is deemed to be a record holder of our common stock following a conversion of the Convertible Notes, such holder generally will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, but will nevertheless be subject to any changes affecting our common stock.

Certain provisions in the Convertible Notes and the indenture could delay or prevent an otherwise beneficial takeover or takeover attempt of us and, therefore, the ability of holders to exercise their rights associated with a potential fundamental change or a make-whole fundamental change.

Certain provisions in the Convertible Notes and the indenture could make it more difficult or more expensive for a third party to acquire us. For example, if an acquisition event constitutes a fundamental change under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes, holders of the Convertible Notes will have the right to require us to purchase their Convertible Notes in cash. In addition, if an acquisition event constitutes a "make-whole fundamental change" under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes, we may be required to increase the conversion rate for holders who convert their Convertible Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change. Our obligations under the Convertible Notes and the indenture could increase the cost of acquiring us or otherwise discourage a third party from acquiring us or removing incumbent management.

The Convertible Notes may not be rated or may receive a lower rating than anticipated.

We do not intend to seek a rating on the Convertible Notes. However, if one or more rating agencies rates the Convertible Notes and assigns the notes a rating lower than the rating expected by investors, or reduces their rating in the future, the trading price of the Convertible Notes and the market price of our common stock could be harmed. In addition, the trading price of the Convertible Notes is directly affected by market perceptions of our creditworthiness. Consequently, if a credit ratings agency rates any of our debt in the future or downgrades or withdraws any such rating, or puts us on credit watch, the trading price of the Convertible Notes is likely to decline. Common stock eligible for future sale may have adverse effects on our stock price.

Future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock into the public market, including public offerings, private placements and sales pursuant to our ATM Program, or the perception that such sales could occur, may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

In addition, we may issue additional shares of our common stock in public offerings, private placements or pursuant to our ATM Program to make new investments or for other purposes. We are not required to offer any such shares to existing stockholders on a preemptive basis. Therefore, it may not be possible for existing stockholders to participate

in such future share issuances, which may dilute the existing stockholders' interests in us.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

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ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

On August 6, 2013, we entered into the New Credit Agreement (see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Liquidity and Capital Resources-Credit Facility"). The material terms of the New Credit Agreement are described in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 8, 2013, and are incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit	Decemination
Number	Description

- Indenture, dated as of April 10, 2013, between the Company and the Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on April 10, 2013)

 First Supplemental Indenture to the Indenture dated as of April 10, 2013 between the Company and the Bank
- of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on April 10, 2013)
 Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 4, 2013, among the

Company, CFI Mezz Funding, LLC, CFI RE Holdco, LLC, ColFin ESH Funding, LLC, ColFin 2100

- Funding, LLC, CFI CorAmerica 2100 Funding, LLC, CFI RE Masterco, LLC, and each wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company that from time to time becomes a co-borrower thereto, as Borrowers, each lender from time to time party thereto, as Lenders, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on April 10, 2013)
- 31.1* Certification of Richard B. Saltzman, President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Certification of Darren J. Tangen, Chief Operating officer, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1* Certification of Richard B. Saltzman, President and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Certification of Darren J. Tangen, Chief Operating officer, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Colony Financial, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2013, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (1) Consolidated
- Balance Sheets, (2) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (3) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (4) Consolidated Statements of Equity, (5) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (6) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- * Filed herewith

Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 9, 2013

COLONY FINANCIAL, INC.

By: /S/ RICHARD B. SALTZMAN

Richard B. Saltzman

Chief Executive Officer and President

By: /s/ DARREN J. TANGEN

Darren J. Tangen

Chief Operating Officer,

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)