WORLD FUEL SERVICES CORP Form 10-Q April 30, 2013 Table of Contents

(Mark One)

**ACT OF 1934** 

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM

TO

**COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-9533** 

# WORLD FUEL SERVICES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida 59-2459427
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

9800 N.W. 41st Street, Suite 400
Miami, Florida
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(Zip Code)

Registrant s Telephone Number, including area code: (305) 428-8000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

The registrant had a total of 72,623,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding as of April 24, 2013.

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#### Part I Financial Information

#### General

The following unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of World Fuel Services Corporation and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and, therefore, omit or condense certain footnotes and other information normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information, which are of a normal and recurring nature, have been made for the interim periods reported. Results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire fiscal year. The unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013 ( 10-Q Report ) should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 ( 2012 10-K Report ). World Fuel Services Corporation ( World Fuel or the Company ) and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to in this 10-Q Report as we, our and us.

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# Item 1. Financial Statements

# **World Fuel Services Corporation and Subsidiaries**

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(Unaudited - In thousands, except per share data)

		As of				
		March 31,		December 31,		
Assets:		2013		2012		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159.600	\$	172,740		
Accounts receivable, net	φ	2,494,373	φ	2,193,866		
Inventories		634.057		572,313		
Prepaid expenses		112,430		158,909		
Other current assets		180,488		183,549		
Total current assets		3,580,948		3,281,377		
Total current assets		3,300,740		3,201,377		
Property and equipment, net		119,636		112,525		
Goodwill		468,456		470,506		
Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets		240,217		243,343		
Total assets	\$	4,409,257	\$	4,107,751		
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Short-term debt	\$	28,362	\$	26,065		
Accounts payable		2,185,325		1,814,794		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		283,654		308,439		
Total current liabilities		2,497,341		2,149,298		
Long-term debt		248,312		354,253		
Non-current income tax liabilities, net		59,459		50,879		
Other long-term liabilities		12,032		11,697		
Total liabilities		2,817,144		2,566,127		
Commitments and contingencies						
Equity:						
World Fuel shareholders equity:						
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; 100 shares authorized, none issued						
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000 shares authorized, 72,583 and 72,147 issued and		705		701		
outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively		725		721		
Capital in excess of par value		518,598		517,589		
Retained earnings		1,060,932		1,014,882		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(14,978)		(16,018)		
Total World Fuel shareholders equity		1,565,277		1,517,174		
Noncontrolling interest equity		26,836		24,450		
Total equity	Ф	1,592,113	ф	1,541,624		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	4,409,257	\$	4,107,751		

# **World Fuel Services Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited - In thousands, except per share data)

	For the Three Months ended March 31,				
	2013	- ,	2012		
Revenue	\$ 10,184,029	\$	9,479,055		
Cost of revenue	10,001,650		9,321,820		
Gross profit	182,379		157,235		
Operating expenses:					
Compensation and employee benefits	69,429		54,527		
Provision for bad debt	1,103		141		
General and administrative	44,906		43,311		
	115,438		97,979		
Income from operations	66,941		59,256		
Non-operating expenses, net:					
Interest expense and other financing costs, net	(3,659)		(4,661)		
Other income, net	120		566		
	(3,539)		(4,095)		
Income before income taxes	63,402		55,161		
Provision for income taxes	12,291		6,615		
Net income including noncontrolling interest	51,111		48,546		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	2,386		2,131		
Net income attributable to World Fuel	\$ 48,725	\$	46,415		
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.68	\$	0.65		
• •					
Basic weighted average common shares	71,288		70,998		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.68	\$	0.65		
· .					
Diluted weighted average common shares	71,999		71,774		
Comprehensive income:					
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$ 51,111	\$	48,546		
Other comprehensive income:					
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,109		2,807		
Cash flow hedges, net of income tax of \$21	(69)				
Other comprehensive income	1,040		2,807		
Comprehensive income including noncontrolling interest	52,151		51,353		
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	2,386		2,131		
Comprehensive income attributable to World Fuel	\$ 49,765	\$	49,222		

# **World Fuel Services Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity

(Unaudited - In thousands)

	Commo Shares	on Stock Amount	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total World Fuel Shareholders Equity	Noncontrolling Interest Equity	Total Equity
Balance as of December 31,								
2012	72,147	\$ 721	\$ 517,589 \$	1,014,882	\$ (16,018)	\$ 1,517,174	\$ 24,450 \$	1,541,624
Net income				48,725		48,725	2,386	51,111
Cash dividends declared				(2,675)		(2,675)		(2,675)
Amortization of share-based								
payment awards			3,748			3,748		3,748
Issuance of common stock related to share-based payment awards including income tax								
benefit of \$1,721	449	4	1,717			1,721		1,721
Purchases of common stock tendered by employees to satisfy the required withholding taxes related to								
share-based payment awards	(13)		(4,456)			(4,456)		(4,456)
Other comprehensive income					1,040	1,040		1,040
Balance as of March 31, 2013	72,583	\$ 725	\$ 518,598 \$	1,060,932	\$ (14,978)	\$ 1,565,277	\$ 26,836 \$	1,592,113

	Comm Shares		ock nount	Exc	ital in ess of Value		ained nings		Accumulated Other omprehensive Loss	Total World Fu Sharehold Equity	lers	Noncon Inte Equ	rest	Tot	al Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2011	71,154	\$	712	¢ 4	502,551	¢	836,222	¢	(6,524)	t 1220	2,961	¢	13,757	¢	1,346,718
Net income	/1,134	Ф	/12	φ .	002,331	Ф	46,415	Ф	(0,324)		5,415	Φ	2,131	Ф	48,546
Cash dividends declared							(2,664)				2,664)		2,131		(2,664)
Distribution of noncontrolling							(2,004)			(2	2,007)				(2,004)
interest													(923)	)	(923)
Amortization of share-based													( /		()
payment awards					2,435					2	2,435				2,435
Issuance of common stock related to share-based payment															
awards	758		7		2,722					2	2,729				2,729
Purchases of common stock tendered by employees to satisfy the required withholding taxes related to share-based payment															
awards	(25)				(4,072)	)				(4	1,072)				(4,072)
Other comprehensive income									2,807	2	2,807				2,807
Balance as of March 31, 2012	71.887	\$	719	\$ 5	503.636	\$	879,973	\$	(3.717)	\$ 1.380	0.611	\$	14.965	\$	1.395.576

# **World Fuel Services Corporation and Subsidiaries**

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Unaudited - In thousands)

	For the Three Months ended March 31, 2013 2012				
Cash flows from operating activities:	2010		2012		
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$ 51,111	\$	48,546		
Adjustments to reconcile net income including noncontrolling interest to net cash provided	,	'	- 7,-		
by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	10,848		9,659		
Provision for bad debt	1,103		141		
Share-based payment award compensation costs	3,872		2,904		
Deferred income tax provision	739		10,730		
Extinguishment of liabilities	(428)		(3,490)		
Foreign currency (gains) losses, net	(785)		2,274		
Other	228		(743)		
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:					
Accounts receivable, net	(303,010)		(127,281)		
Inventories	(60,162)		23,010		
Prepaid expenses	45,876		(63,607)		
Other current assets	14,266		(70,249)		
Cash collateral with financial counterparties	563		35,094		
Other non-current assets	(154)		280		
Accounts payable	370,898		143,990		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(26,249)		40,329		
Non-current income tax, net and other long-term liabilities	794		(2,795)		
Total adjustments	58,399		246		
Net cash provided by operating activities	109,510		48,792		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Acquisitions and other investments, net of cash acquired			(90)		
Capital expenditures	(12,949)		(3,948)		
Other			(115)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,949)		(4,153)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Borrowings under senior revolving credit facility and senior term loans	1,376,800		815,000		
Repayments under senior revolving credit facility and senior term loans	(1,477,550)		(815,000)		
Repayments of other debt	(2,901)		(1,492)		
Dividends paid on common stock	(2,667)		(2,664)		
Distribution of noncontrolling interest			(923)		
Federal and state tax benefits resulting from tax deductions in excess of the compensation					
cost recognized for share-based payment awards	1,721				
Purchases of common stock tendered by employees to satisfy the required withholding					
taxes related to share-based payment awards	(4,456)		(4,072)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(109,053)		(9,151)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(648)		1,690		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(13,140)		37,178		
Cash and cash equivalents, as of beginning of period	172,740		205,415		
Cash and cash equivalents, as of end of period	\$ 159,600	\$	242,593		

We declared cash dividends of \$0.0375 per common share of \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, which were paid in April 2013 and 2012, respectively.

In March 2012, we granted equity awards to certain employees of which \$2.7 million was previously recorded in accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

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### **World Fuel Services Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Unaudited)

1.	Significant A	Accounting 1	Policies

Exce	ept as updated	below, the significa	nt accounting p	oolicies we us	se for quarter	ly financial	reporting	are the same	as those d	isclosed i	n Note 1 of
the	Notes to the	Consolidated Financ	ial Statements	included in	our 2012 10-	K Report.					

Basis of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes include the accounts of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and joint ventures where we exercise operational control or have a primary benefit of its profits. All significant intercompany accounts, transactions and profits are eliminated upon consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period s presentation.

Accounts Receivable Purchase Agreement

We have a Receivables Purchase Agreement (RPA) to sell up to \$125.0 million of certain of our accounts receivable. On our sold receivables, we are charged a discount margin equivalent to a floating market rate plus 2% and certain other fees, as applicable and we retain a beneficial interest in certain of the sold accounts receivable which is included in accounts receivable, net in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2013, we had sold accounts receivable of \$70.8 million and retained a beneficial interest of \$4.8 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2013, the fees and interest paid under the receivables purchase agreement were not significant.

Goodwill

During the three months ended March 31, 2013, based on our ongoing fair value assessment of certain of our 2012 acquisitions, we recorded a \$2.0 million reduction in goodwill within our land segment primarily due to a \$3.3 million increase in identifiable intangible assets, partially offset by a \$0.9 million decrease in other acquired assets and a \$0.4 million increase in assumed liabilities. Additionally, we reclassified \$6.5 million in goodwill from our land segment to our aviation segment.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Foreign Currency Matters Parent s Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Foreign Subsidiaries. In March 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an accounting standards update (ASU) aimed at resolving the diversity in practice of accounting for the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity. In addition, the amendments in this ASU resolve the diversity in practice for the treatment of business combinations achieved in stages (sometimes also referred to as step acquisitions) involving a foreign entity. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. We are currently evaluating whether the adoption of this new guidance will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Disclosure Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements. In February 2013, the FASB issued an ASU clarifying the guidance for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of this ASU is fixed at the reporting date, except for obligations addressed within existing guidance in U.S. GAAP. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. We are currently evaluating whether the adoption of this new guidance will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Disclosure Relating to Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. In February 2013, the FASB issued an ASU amending the information that companies will be required to present relating to reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The amendments require presentation, either on the face of the financial statements or in the notes, of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component and by net income line item. This update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this ASU resulted in additional derivative disclosures included in Note 2 - Derivatives and did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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Disclosure About Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. In December 2011, the FASB issued an ASU which requires companies to disclose information about financial instruments that have been offset and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. Companies will be required to provide both net (offset amounts) and gross information in the notes to the financial statements for relevant assets and liabilities that are offset. In January 2013, the FASB issued an ASU clarifying that the requirement to disclose information about financial instruments that have been offset and related arrangements applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse purchase agreements, and securities borrowing and lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria contained in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. This update became effective at the beginning of our 2013 fiscal year. The adoption of this ASU did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

#### 2. Derivatives

We enter into financial derivative contracts in order to mitigate the risk of market price fluctuations in aviation, marine and land fuel, to offer our customers fuel pricing alternatives to meet their needs and to mitigate the risk of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. We also enter into proprietary derivative transactions, primarily intended to capitalize on arbitrage opportunities related to basis or time spreads related to fuel products we sell. We have applied the normal purchase and normal sales exception (NPNS), as provided by accounting guidance for derivative instruments and hedging activities, to certain of our physical forward sales and purchase contracts. While these contracts are considered derivative instruments under the guidance for derivative instruments and hedging activities, they are not recorded at fair value, but rather are recorded in our consolidated financial statements when physical settlement of the contracts occurs. If it is determined that a transaction designated as NPNS no longer meets the scope of the exception, the fair value of the related contract is recorded as an asset or liability on the consolidated balance sheet and the difference between the fair value and the contract amount is immediately recognized through earnings.

The following describes our derivative classifications:

Cash Flow Hedges. Includes certain of our foreign currency forward contracts we enter into in order to mitigate the risk of currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Fair Value Hedges. Includes derivatives we enter into in order to hedge price risk associated with our inventory and certain firm commitments relating to fixed price purchase and sale contracts.

*Non-designated Derivatives.* Includes derivatives we primarily enter into in order to mitigate the risk of market price fluctuations in aviation, marine and land fuel in the form of swaps or futures as well as certain fixed price purchase and sale contracts and proprietary trading. In addition, non-designated derivatives are also entered into to hedge the risk of currency rate fluctuations.

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As of March 31, 2013, our derivative instruments, at their respective fair value positions were as follows (in thousands, except weighted average fixed price and weighted average mark-to-market amount):

Hedge Strategy	Settlement Period	Derivative Instrument	Notional	Unit	Weighte Averag Fixed Pri	e	Weighted Average Mark-to- Market Amount	Sair Value Amount
Cash Flow Hedge	2013	Foreign currency contracts (long)	1,290	EUR	\$ 0	.81	0.05	\$ 58
Fair Value Hedge	2013 2013	Commodity contracts for inventory hedging (long) Commodity contracts for inventory hedging (short)	344 1,969	BBL BBL	\$ 123 124		§ 0.42 (0.15)	\$ 146 (305)
								\$ (159)
Non-Designated	2013 2013 2014 2014 2015	Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (short) Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (short) Commodity contracts (long)	38,792 28,789 892 870 26	BBL BBL BBL BBL	88 78 77 115		0.88 (0.87) 3.10 (3.10) 0.58	\$ 33,977 (25,070) 2,765 (2,693) 15
	2015 2013 2013 2013	Commodity contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long)	32 22,007 32,427 412	BBL AUD AUD BRL	1 2	.04 .03	0.01 (0.01) 0.01	130 (190) 5
	2013 2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	71,669 79,647 2,598,733 1,163,807	CAD CAD CLP CLP	1 474 479	.85	(0.01) 0.01 0.00 (0.00)	(1,036) 843 22 (37)
	2013 2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	48,270,679 42,162,424 39,638 25,010	COP COP DKK DKK			(0.00) 0.00 (0.00) 0.00	(475) 361 (141) 53
	2013 2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	17,069 34,160 136,493 193,282	EUR EUR GBP GBP	C	.76 .76 .64	(0.03) 0.03 (0.04) 0.04	(463) 943 (4,982) 8,060
	2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	111,367 110,038 210,921	INR JPY JPY	54 84 86	.73 .51 .79	(0.00) (0.00) 0.00	(4) (32) 166
	2013 2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (short)	1,586,573 1,471,020 14,700 16,367	MXN MXN NOK NOK	12 5	.75 .78 .67 .66	0.00 (0.00) (0.01) 0.01	3,919 (3,450) (92) 103
	2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (short)	3,856 9,160 8,533	PLN PLN RON	3 3 3	.22 .17 .42	(0.01) 0.01 (0.00)	(25) 76 (5)
	2013 2013 2013 2014	Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long)	27,737 26,490 30,264 250	SGD SGD ZAR GBP	1 9	.23 .24 .12	(0.00) 0.00 0.00 (0.10)	(76) 121 15 (24)
	2014	Foreign currency contracts (short)	4,290	GBP		.64	0.06	\$ 274 13,053

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The following table presents information about our derivative instruments measured at fair value and their locations on the consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

			March 31,		December 31,
Desiration	Balance Sheet Location		2013		2012
Derivative assets:					
Derivatives designated as hedging					
instruments	Other current assets	\$	39	\$	991
Commodity contracts		Ф	2.067	Ф	991
Commodity contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Other current assets		2,067		148
Foreign currency contracts	Other current assets		2,164		1.139
Derivatives not designated as			2,104		1,139
hedging instruments					
Commodity contracts	Other current assets		34,577		67.533
Commodity contracts	Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets		1,906		1,423
Commodity contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		46,744		5.776
Commodity contracts	Other long-term liabilities		70,777		46
Foreign currency contracts	Other current assets		14,105		741
Foreign currency contracts	Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets		104		771
Foreign currency contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		2,530		1,545
Torongh currency contracts	recrued expenses and other earrent numinies		99,966		77,064
		\$	102,130	\$	78,203
		Ψ	102,100	Ψ	, 0,200
Derivative liabilities:					
Derivatives designated as hedging					
instruments					
Commodity contracts	Other current assets	\$	14	\$	2,284
Commodity contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		2,250		,
j	1		2,264		2,284
Derivatives not designated as					
hedging instruments					
Commodity contracts	Other current assets		10,406		41,410
Commodity contracts	Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets		265		47
Commodity contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		62,541		20,927
Commodity contracts	Other long-term liabilities		1,022		1,034
Foreign currency contracts	Other current assets		9,395		595
Foreign currency contracts	Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets		24		
Foreign currency contracts	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		3,261		3,151
Foreign currency contracts	Other long-term liabilities				99
			86,914		67,263
		\$	89,178	\$	69,547

The following table presents the effect and financial statement location of our derivative instruments and related hedged items in fair value hedging relationships on our consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income (in thousands):

		Realized and	d Unrealized			Realized an	d Unrealized
		Gain	(Loss)			Gain	(Loss)
<b>Derivative Instruments</b>	Location	2013	2012	Hedged Items	Location	2013	2012

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Three months ended March	31.					
			Firm			
Commodity contracts	Revenue	\$	\$ 265 commitments	Revenue	\$	\$ (201)
	Cost of		Firm	Cost of		
Commodity contracts	revenue		(1,417) commitments	revenue		739
	Cost of			Cost of		
Commodity contracts	revenue	5,079	(26,329) Inventories	revenue	893	29,428
		\$ 5,079	\$ (27,481)		\$ 893	\$ 29,966

There were no gains or losses for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 that were excluded from the assessment of the effectiveness of our fair value hedges.

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The following table presents the effect and financial statement location of our derivative instruments in cash flow hedging relationships on our accumulated other comprehensive income and consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income (in thousands):

<b>Derivative Instruments</b>	Amount of Recognized in A Other Comprehe (Effective I 2013	Accumulated ensive Income	Location of Realized Gain (Effective Portion)	Amount Reclassified from Other Compreh (Effective 2013	n Accumulated nensive Income
Three months ended March 31,					
Foreign currency contracts	\$ (51)	\$	Other income, net	\$ 39	\$

In the event forecasted cash outflows are less than the hedged amounts, a portion or all of the gains or losses recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income are reclassified to the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. As of March 31, 2013, the maximum amount that could be reclassified to the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the next twelve months is not significant.

The following table presents the effect and financial statement location of our derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments on our consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income (in thousands):

		Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)						
Derivatives	Location		2013		2012			
Three months ended March 31,								
Commodity contracts	Revenue	\$	5,395	\$	(22	3)		
Commodity contracts	Cost of revenue		(293)		7,02	.1		
Foreign currency contracts	Revenue		2,668		(1,55)	2)		
Foreign currency contracts	Other income, net		3,479		(1,66	2)		
		\$	11,249	\$	3,58	4		

We enter into derivative instrument contracts which may require us to periodically post collateral. Certain of these derivative contracts contain clauses that are similar to credit-risk-related contingent features, including material adverse change, general adequate assurance and internal credit review clauses that may require additional collateral to be posted and/or settlement of the instruments in the event an aforementioned clause is triggered. The triggering events are not a quantifiable measure; rather they are based on good faith and reasonable determination by the counterparty that the triggers have occurred. The net liability position for such contracts, the collateral posted and the amount of assets required to be posted and/or to settle the positions should a contingent feature be triggered is not significant as of March 31, 2013.

### 3. Interest Income, Expense and Other Financing Costs

The following table provides additional information about our interest expense and other financing costs, net, for the periods presented (in thousands):

# For the Three Months ended March 31,

	2013	2012
Interest income	\$ 424	\$ 272
Interest expense and other financing costs	(4,083)	(4,933)
	\$ (3,659)	\$ (4,661)

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### 4. Other Comprehensive Income and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Our other comprehensive income, consisting of foreign currency translation adjustments related to our subsidiaries that have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar and cash flow hedges, was as follows (in thousands):

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Cash Flow Hedges	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ (16,130) \$	112	\$ (16,018)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	1,109	(69)	1,040
Balance as of March 31, 2013	\$ (15,021) \$	43	\$ (14,978)

The foreign currency translation adjustment gains for the three months ended March 31, 2013 were primarily due to the strengthening of the Brazilian Real as compared to the U.S. dollar.

Additional information relating to our cash flow hedges for the periods presented is included in Note 2 - Derivatives.

#### 5. Income Taxes

Our income tax provision for the periods presented and the respective effective income tax rates for such periods are as follows (in thousands, except for income tax rates):

	For the Three Months ended March 31,						
	2	2013		2012			
Income tax provision	\$	12,291	\$	6,615			
Effective income tax rate		19.4%		12.0%			

Our provision for income taxes for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 were calculated based on the estimated annual effective income tax rate for the full 2013 and 2012 fiscal years. The provision for income taxes for the three-month period ended March 31, 2012 includes an adjustment for an income tax benefit of \$3.3 million for a discrete item related to a change in estimate in an uncertain income tax position. The actual effective income tax rate for the full 2013 fiscal year may be materially different as a result of differences between estimated versus actual results and the geographic tax jurisdictions in which the results are earned.

In March 2013, we received final approval that we were awarded an additional five year special income tax concession in Singapore beginning January 1, 2013. The special income tax concession is conditional upon our meeting certain employment and investment thresholds which, if not met in accordance with our agreement, may eliminate the benefit beginning with the first year in which the conditions are not satisfied.

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### 6. Earnings per Common Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the periods presented (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For the Three Months ended March 31,				
		2013	- ,	2012	
Numerator:					
Net income attributable to World Fuel	\$	48,725	\$	46,415	
Denominator:					
Weighted average common shares for basic earnings per common share		71,288		70,998	
Effect of dilutive securities		711		776	
Weighted average common shares for diluted earnings per common share		71,999		71,774	
Weighted average securities which are not included in the calculation of					
diluted earnings per common share because their impact is anti-dilutive or					
their performance conditions have not been met		763		54	
•					
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.68	\$	0.65	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.68	\$	0.65	

### 7. Commitments and Contingencies

### **Legal Matters**

Cathay Pacific Litigation

Since April 2012, one of our subsidiaries, World Fuel Services (Singapore) Pte Ltd. (WFSS) has been involved in litigation with Cathay Pacific Airways Limited (Cathay) arising out of the emergency landing of a Cathay aircraft in Hong Kong in 2010, which Cathay alleges was caused by contaminated fuel supplied by WFSS. Cathay claims damages relating to the incident of approximately \$34.0 million. Because the outcome of litigation is inherently uncertain, we cannot estimate the possible loss or range of loss for this matter. We intend to vigorously defend against this claim, and we believe our liability in this matter (if any) should be adequately covered by insurance. As of March 31, 2013, we have not recorded any accruals associated with this claim.

Other Matters

We are a party to various claims, complaints and proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business including, but not limited to, environmental claims, commercial and governmental contract claims, such as property damage, demurrage, billing and fuel quality claims, as well as bankruptcy preference claims. We have established loss provisions for these ordinary course claims as well as other matters in which losses are probable and can be reasonably estimated. As of March 31, 2013, we had recorded certain reserves which were not significant. For those matters where a reserve has not been established and for which we believe a loss is reasonably possible, as well as for matters where a reserve has been recorded but for which an exposure to loss in excess of the amount accrued is reasonably possible, we believe that such losses will not have a material adverse effect on our business or financial condition. However, any adverse resolution of one or more such claims, complaints or proceedings during a particular period could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or cash flow for that period.

Our estimates regarding potential losses and materiality are based on our judgment and assessment of the claims utilizing currently available information. Although we will continue to reassess our reserves and estimates based on future developments, our objective assessment of the legal merits of such claims may not always be predictive of the outcome and actual results may vary from our current estimates.

#### 8. Fair Value Measurements

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities approximate fair value based on the short-term maturities of these instruments. We believe the carrying values of our debt and notes receivable approximate fair value since these instruments bear interest either at variable rates or fixed rates which are not significantly different than market rates. Based on the fair value hierarchy, our debt of \$276.7 million and \$380.3 million as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, and our notes receivable of \$10.7 million and \$12.7 million as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, are categorized in Level 3.

The following table presents information about our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting and Sub-Total Collateral		0	Total
As of March 31, 2013							
Assets:							
Commodity contracts \$	21,689	\$ 63,644	\$ \$	85,333	\$	(67,929) \$	17,404
Foreign currency contracts		16,797		16,797		(11,949)	4,848
Inventories		819		819		(819)	
Total \$	21,689	\$ 81,260	\$ \$	102,949	\$	(80,697) \$	22,252
Liabilities:							
Commodity contracts \$	25,593	\$ 50,905	\$ \$	76,498	\$	(63,814) \$	12,684
Foreign currency contracts		12,680		12,680		(11,949)	731
Inventories		998		998		(819)	179
Total \$	25,593	\$ 64,583	\$ \$	90,176	\$	(76,582) \$	13,594
As of December 31, 2012							
Assets:							
Commodity contracts \$	18,087	\$ 57,682	\$ \$	75,769	\$	(56,115) \$	19,654
Foreign currency contracts		2,434		2,434		(2,289)	145
Inventories		818		818		(525)	293
Total \$	18,087	\$ 60,934	\$ \$	79,021	\$	(58,929) \$	20,092
Liabilities:							
Commodity contracts \$	20,970	\$ 44,732	\$ \$	65,702	\$	(49,562) \$	16,140
Foreign currency contracts		3,845		3,845		(2,289)	1,556
Inventories		525		525		(525)	
Total \$	20,970	\$ 49,102	\$ \$	70,072	\$	(52,376) \$	17,696

The following table presents information regarding the balance sheet location of our commodity and foreign currency contracts net assets and liabilities (in thousands):

		As	of	
	March	31, 2013	Decen	nber 31, 2012
Commodity Contracts				
Assets:				
Other current assets	\$	15,764	\$	18,277

Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets	1,640	1,377
Total net assets	\$ 17,404	\$ 19,654
Liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 11,662	\$ 15,152
Other long-term liabilities	1,022	988
Total net liabilities	\$ 12,684	\$ 16,140
Foreign Currency Contracts		
Assets:		
Other current assets	\$ 4,768	\$ 145
Identifiable intangible and other non-current assets	80	
Total net assets	\$ 4,848	\$ 145
Liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 731	\$ 1,458
Other long-term liabilities		98
Total net liabilities	\$ 731	\$ 1,556

For our derivative contracts, we may enter into master netting, collateral and offset agreements with counterparties. These agreements provide us the ability to offset a counterparty s rights and obligations, request additional collateral when necessary or liquidate the collateral in the event of counterparty default. We net fair value of cash collateral paid or received against fair value amounts recognized for net derivative positions executed with the same counterparty under the same master netting or offset agreement.

As of March 31, 2013, we had \$26.6 million of cash collateral deposits held by financial counterparties of which \$4.3 million have been offset against the total amount of commodity fair value liabilities in the above table and the remaining \$22.3 million is included in other current assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, as of March 31, 2013, we have offset \$8.4 million of cash collateral received from customers against the total amount of commodity fair value assets in the above table. As of December 31, 2012, we had \$22.9 million of cash collateral deposits held by financial counterparties included in other current assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, as of December 31, 2012, we have offset \$6.6 million of cash collateral received from customers against the total amount of commodity fair value assets in the above table.

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The following table presents information about our assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis that utilized Level 3 inputs for the period presented (in thousands):

	eginning f Period	Fotal Losses Included in Earnings	End of Period	Change in Unrealized Losses Relating to Liabilities that are Held at end of Period	Location of Total Losses Included in Earnings
		O			· ·
Three months ended March 31,					
<u>2012</u>					
Liabilities:					
Earn-out	\$ 4,194	\$ (129)	\$ 4,323	\$ (129)	Other income, net

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 or 3 during the period presented. In addition, there were no significant Level 3 settlements, purchases, sales or issuances for the period presented.

#### 9. Business Segments

Based on the nature of operations and quantitative thresholds pursuant to accounting guidance for segment reporting, we have three reportable operating business segments: aviation, marine and land. Corporate expenses are allocated to the segments based on usage, where possible, or on other factors according to the nature of the activity. Our results of operations include (i) the results of the acquisition of certain assets of CarterEnergy Corporation in our land segment commencing on September 1, 2012, its acquisition date, and (ii) the results of the acquisition of certain assets of Multi Service Corporation, primarily in our land segment, commencing on December 31, 2012, its acquisition date. The accounting policies of the reportable operating segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (see Note 1).

Information concerning our revenue, gross profit and income from operations by segment is as follows (in thousands):

For	the	Three	M	lonths	ended

	March 31,		
Revenue:			
Aviation segment	\$ 3,930,588	\$	3,411,547
Marine segment	3,717,139		3,904,191
Land segment	2,536,302		2,163,317
	\$ 10,184,029	\$	9,479,055
Gross profit:			
Aviation segment	\$ 76,984	\$	64,914
Marine segment	41,682		55,077
Land segment	63,713		37,244

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	\$ 182,379	\$ 157,235
Income from operations:		
Aviation segment	\$ 34,880	\$ 26,833
Marine segment	15,259	27,445
Land segment	27,380	16,200
	77,519	70,478
Corporate overhead - unallocated	10,578	11,222
	\$ 66,941	\$ 59,256

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Information concerning our accounts receivable, net and total assets by segment is as follows (in thousands):

	As of		
	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012
Accounts receivable, net:			
Aviation segment, net of allowance for bad debt of \$8,901 and \$8,997 as of March 31,			
2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	\$ 694,816	\$	674,973
Marine segment, net of allowance for bad debt of \$8,425 and \$7,742 as of March 31, 2013			
and December 31, 2012, respectively	1,240,230		1,069,833
Land segment, net of allowance for bad debt of \$6,804 and \$6,980 as of March 31, 2013			
and December 31, 2012, respectively	559,327		449,060
	\$ 2,494,373	\$	2,193,866
Total assets:			
Aviation segment	\$ 1,490,633	\$	1,463,423
Marine segment	1,519,351		1,330,796
Land segment	1,229,576		1,145,756
Corporate	169,697		167,776
	\$ 4,409,257	\$	4,107,751
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### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our 2012 10-K Report and the consolidated financial statements and related notes in Item 1 - Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this 10-Q Report. The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements, and our actual results may differ significantly from the results suggested by these forward-looking statements. Some factors that may cause our results to differ materially from the results and events anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements are described in Item 1A Risk Factors of our 2012 10-K Report.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements made in this report and the information incorporated by reference in it, or made by us in other reports, filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), press releases, teleconferences, industry conferences or otherwise, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward-looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and may contain the words believe, anticipate, expect, estimate, project, could, would, will, will be, will continue, will likely result, plan, or words or phrases of the continue of the continue

Forward-looking statements are estimates and projections reflecting our best judgment and involve risks, uncertainties or other factors relating to our operations and business environment, all of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. The Company s actual results may differ materially from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These statements are based on our management s expectations, beliefs and assumptions concerning future events affecting us, which in turn are based on currently available information.

Examples of forward-looking statements in this 10-Q Report include, but are not limited to, our expectations regarding our business strategy, business prospects, operating results, effectiveness of internal controls to manage risk, working capital, liquidity, capital expenditure requirements and future acquisitions. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding demand for our products, the cost, terms and availability of fuel from suppliers, pricing levels, the timing and cost of capital expenditures, outcome of pending litigation, competitive conditions, general economic conditions and synergies relating to acquisitions, joint ventures and alliances. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. Although we believe that the estimates and projections reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, our expectations may prove to be incorrect.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results and events anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- customer and counterparty creditworthiness and our ability to collect accounts receivable and settle derivative contracts;
- changes in the market price of fuel;

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• the airline	adverse conditions in the industries in which our customers operate, including a continuation of the global recession and its impact of and shipping industries;
•	non-performance of third-party service providers;
•	loss of, or reduced sales to a significant government customer;
•	non-performance of suppliers on their sale commitments and customers on their purchase commitments;
•	changes in credit terms extended to us from our suppliers;
•	non-performance by counterparties or customers to derivative contracts;
•	our failure to effectively hedge certain financial risks and the use of derivatives;
•	changes in the political, economic or regulatory conditions generally and in the markets in which we operate;

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•	currency exchange fluctuations;
•	failure of the fuel we sell to meet specifications;
•	our ability to manage growth;
•	our ability to integrate acquired businesses;
•	material disruptions in the availability or supply of fuel;
•	risks associated with the storage, transportation and delivery of petroleum products;
•	risks associated with operating in high risk locations, such as Iraq and Afghanistan;
•	uninsured losses;
•	the impact of natural disasters, such as hurricanes;
• ( Term	our failure to comply with restrictions and covenants in our senior revolving credit facility ( Credit Facility ) and our senior term loan Loans );
•	the liquidity and solvency of banks within our Credit Facility and Term Loans;
•	increases in interest rates;

•	declines in the value and liquidity of cash equivalents and investments;		
•	our ability to retain and attract senior management and other key employees;		
•	changes in U.S. or foreign tax laws or changes in the mix of taxable income among different tax jurisdictions;		
• programs a	our ability to comply with U.S. and international laws and regulations including those related to anti-corruption, economic sanction and environmental matters;		
•	increased levels of competition;		
•	the outcome of litigation; and		
• other filing	other risks, including those described in Item 1A - Risk Factors in our 2012 10-K Report and those described from time to time in our gs with the SEC.		
of those ris	e in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for us to predict all sks, nor can we assess the impact of all of those risks on our business or the extent to which any factor may cause actual results to erially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. The forward-looking statements in this 10-Q Report are based on an smanagement believes are reasonable. However, due to the uncertainties associated with forward-looking statements, you should undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and uired by law, we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to publicly update any of them in light of new information, future otherwise.		
	statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act of mended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ).		
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#### Overview

We are a leading global fuel logistics company, principally engaged in the marketing, sale and distribution of aviation, marine, and land fuel products and related services on a worldwide basis. We compete by providing our customers with value-added benefits, including single-supplier convenience, competitive pricing, the availability of trade credit, price risk management, logistical support, fuel quality control and fuel procurement outsourcing. We have three reportable operating business segments: aviation, marine, and land. We primarily contract with third parties for the delivery and storage of fuel products, however, in some cases we own storage and transportation assets for strategic purposes. Additionally, we offer transaction management services which consist of card payment solutions and merchant processing services to customers in the aviation, marine and land transportation industries. In our aviation segment, we offer fuel and related services to major commercial airlines, second and third-tier airlines, cargo carriers, regional and low cost carriers, airports, fixed based operators, corporate fleets, fractional operators, private aircraft, military fleets and to the U.S. and foreign governments. In our marine segment, we offer fuel and related services to a broad base of marine customers, including international container and tanker fleets, commercial cruise lines, yachts and time-charter operators, as well as to the U.S. and foreign governments. In our land segment, we offer fuel and related services to petroleum distributors operating in the land transportation market, retail petroleum operators, and industrial, commercial and government customers and we engage in crude oil marketing activities.

In our aviation and land segments, we primarily purchase and resell fuel, and we do not act as brokers. Profit from our aviation and land segments is primarily determined by the volume and the gross profit achieved on fuel resales and a percentage of card payment and processing revenue. In our marine segment, we primarily purchase and resell fuel and also act as brokers for others. Profit from our marine segment is determined primarily by the volume and gross profit achieved on fuel resales and by the volume and commission rate of the brokering business. Our profitability in our segments also depends on our operating expenses, which may be significantly affected to the extent that we are required to provide for potential bad debt.

Our revenue and cost of revenue are significantly impacted by world oil prices, as evidenced in part by our revenue and cost of revenue fluctuations in recent fiscal years, while our gross profit is not necessarily impacted by changes in world oil prices. However, significant movements in fuel prices during any given financial period can have a significant impact on our gross profit, either positively or negatively depending on the direction, volatility and timing of such price movements.

We may experience decreases in future sales volumes and margins as a result of the ongoing deterioration in the world economy, the decline of the transportation industry, natural disasters and continued conflicts and instability in the Middle East, Asia and Latin America, as well as potential future terrorist activities and possible military retaliation. In addition, because fuel costs represent a significant part of our customers operating expenses, volatile and/or high fuel prices can adversely affect our customers businesses, and, consequently, the demand for our services and our results of operations. Our hedging activities may not be effective to mitigate volatile fuel prices and may expose us to counterparty risk. See Item 1A Risk Factors of our 2012 10-K Report.

### Reportable Segments

We have three reportable operating segments: aviation, marine and land. Corporate expenses are allocated to each segment based on usage, where possible, or on other factors according to the nature of the activity. We evaluate and manage our business segments using the performance measurement of income from operations. Financial information with respect to our business segments is provided in Note 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in this 10-Q Report.

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### **Results of Operations**

Our results of operations include (i) the results of the acquisition of certain assets of CarterEnergy Corporation in our land segment commencing on September 1, 2012, its acquisition date, and (ii) the results of the acquisition of certain assets of Multi Service Corporation, primarily in our land segment, commencing on December 31, 2012, its acquisition date.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2012

*Revenue.* Our revenue for the first quarter of 2013 was \$10.2 billion, an increase of \$0.7 billion, or 7.4%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Our revenue during these periods was attributable to the following segments (in thousands):

	For the Three Months ended March 31,					
		2013		2012		\$ Change
Aviation segment	\$	3,930,588	\$	3,411,547	\$	519,041
Marine segment		3,717,139		3,904,191		(187,052)
Land segment		2,536,302		2,163,317		372,985
	\$	10,184,029	\$	9,479,055	\$	704,974

Our aviation segment revenue for the first quarter of 2013 was \$3.9 billion, an increase of \$0.5 billion, or 15.2% as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Of the increase in aviation segment revenue, \$0.4 billion was due to increased volume principally attributable to new and existing customers and \$0.1 billion was due to an increase in the average price per gallon sold as a result of higher average jet fuel prices in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to the first quarter of 2012.

Our marine segment revenue for the first quarter of 2013 was \$3.7 billion, a decrease of \$0.2 billion, or 4.8%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Of the decrease in marine segment revenue, \$0.4 billion was due to a decrease in the average price per metric ton sold as a result of lower average marine fuel prices in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to the first quarter of 2012, which was partially offset by \$0.2 billion in increased volume attributable to new and existing customers.

Our land segment revenue for the first quarter of 2013 was \$2.5 billion, an increase of \$0.4 billion, or 17.2%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. The increase in land segment revenue was principally due to the inclusion of revenue from acquired businesses.

*Gross Profit.* Our gross profit for the first quarter of 2013 was \$182.4 million, an increase of \$25.1 million, or 16.0% as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Our gross profit during these periods was attributable to the following segments (in thousands):

#### For the Three Months ended March 31

	march 31,					
		2013	ŕ	2012		\$ Change
Aviation segment	\$	76,984	\$	64,914	\$	12,070
Marine segment		41,682		55,077		(13,395)
Land segment		63,713		37,244		26,469
	\$	182,379	\$	157,235	\$	25,144

Our aviation segment gross profit for the first quarter of 2013 was \$77.0 million, an increase of \$12.1 million, or 18.6%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Of the increase in aviation segment gross profit, \$7.1 million was due to increased volume attributable to new and existing customers, \$3.7 million was due to gross profit from acquired businesses and \$1.3 million was principally due to fluctuations in customer mix.

Our marine segment gross profit for the first quarter of 2013 was \$41.7 million, a decrease of \$13.4 million, or 24.3%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Of the decrease in marine segment gross profit, \$16.9 million was due to decreased gross profit per metric ton sold principally due to a further shift in business mix to lower risk, lower margin business and a lack of price volatility during the quarter. This was partially offset by \$3.5 million in increased volume attributable to new and existing customers.

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Our land segment gross profit for the first quarter of 2013 was \$63.7 million, an increase of \$26.5 million, or 71.1%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Of the increase in land segment gross profit, \$20.4 million was due to gross profit from acquired businesses and \$6.1 million was due to higher gross profit per gallon sold principally due to fluctuations in customer mix.

*Operating Expenses.* Total operating expenses for the first quarter of 2013 were \$115.4 million, an increase of \$17.5 million, or 17.8%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. The following table sets forth our expense categories (in thousands):

	For the Three Months ended March 31,					
		2013		2012		\$ Change
Compensation and employee benefits	\$	69,429	\$	54,527	\$	14,902
Provision for bad debt		1,103		141		962
General and administrative		44,906		43,311		1,595
	\$	115,438	\$	97,979	\$	17,459

The \$14.9 million increase in compensation and employee benefits was principally due to the inclusion of expenses from acquired businesses. The \$1.0 million increase in provision for bad debt was principally due to an overall increase in the accounts receivable balance. The \$1.6 million increase in general and administrative expenses was due to \$5.9 million related to the inclusion of expenses from acquired businesses, which was partially offset by \$4.3 million in decreased expenses due to efforts to drive greater operational efficiencies.

*Income from Operations*. Our income from operations for the first quarter of 2013 was \$66.9 million, an increase of \$7.7 million, or 13.0%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Income from operations during these periods was attributable to the following segments (in thousands):

	For the Three	Months ch 31,	ended	
	2013	cii 01,	2012	\$ Change
Aviation segment	\$ 34,880	\$	26,833	\$ 8,047
Marine segment	15,259		27,445	(12,186)
Land segment	27,380		16,200	11,180
	77,519		70,478	7,041
Corporate overhead - unallocated	10,578		11,222	(644)
	\$ 66,941	\$	59,256	\$ 7,685

Our aviation segment income from operations for the first quarter of 2013 was \$34.9 million, an increase of \$8.0 million, or 30.0%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. This increase resulted from \$12.1 million in higher gross profit, which was partially offset by increased operating expenses of \$4.1 million. Of the increase in aviation segment operating expenses, \$2.6 million was related to the inclusion of acquired businesses.

Our marine segment income from operations for the first quarter of 2013 was \$15.3 million, a decrease of \$12.2 million, or 44.4%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. This decrease resulted from \$13.4 million in lower gross profit, which was partially offset by decreased operating

expenses of \$1.2 million.

Our land segment income from operations for the first quarter of 2013 was \$27.4 million, an increase of \$11.2 million, or 69.0%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. This increase resulted from \$26.5 million in higher gross profit, which was partially offset by increased operating expenses of \$15.3 million. Of the increase in land segment operating expenses, \$14.1 million was related to the inclusion of acquired businesses.

Corporate overhead costs not charged to the business segments for the first quarter of 2013 were \$10.6 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million, or 5.7%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012.

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Non-Operating Expenses, net. For the first quarter of 2013, we had non-operating expenses, net of \$3.5 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million as compared to the first quarter of 2012. This decrease was principally due to a \$1.1 million decrease in interest expense and other financing costs, net as a result of lower average borrowing rates under the Credit Facility in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to the first quarter of 2012 and \$0.5 million in earnings from our equity investments in the first quarter of 2013. This was partially offset by a \$1.0 million change resulting from foreign currency exchange losses of \$0.5 million for the first quarter of 2013 as compared to foreign currency exchange gains of \$0.5 million for the first quarter of 2012.

*Income Taxes.* For the first quarter of 2013, our effective income tax rate was 19.4% and our income tax provision was \$12.3 million, as compared to an effective income tax rate of 12.0% and an income tax provision of \$6.6 million for the first quarter of 2012. The higher effective income tax rate for the first quarter of 2013 resulted principally from differences in the results of our subsidiaries in tax jurisdictions with different income tax rates as compared to the first quarter of 2012 and an income tax benefit of \$3.3 million for a discrete item related to a change in estimate for an uncertain tax position recorded in the first quarter of 2012.

*Net Income and Diluted Earnings per Common Share.* Our net income for the first quarter of 2013 was \$48.7 million, an increase of \$2.3 million, or 5.0%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Diluted earnings per common share for the first quarter of 2013 was \$0.68 per common share, an increase of \$0.03 per common share, or 4.6%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012.

Non-GAAP Net Income and Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings per Common Share. Our non-GAAP net income for the first quarter of 2013 was \$55.0 million, an increase of \$2.1 million, or 4.0%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. Non-GAAP diluted earnings per common share for the first quarter of 2013 was \$0.77 per common share, an increase of \$0.03 per common share, or 4.1%, as compared to the first quarter of 2012. The following table sets forth the reconciliation between our net income and non-GAAP net income for the first quarter of 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

	For the Three Months ended March 31,				
		2013		2012	
Net income attributable to World Fuel	\$	48,725	\$	46,415	
Share-based compensation expense, net of income taxes of		2.542		2.001	
\$1,329 and \$904 for 2013 and 2012, respectively Intangible asset amortization expense, net of income taxes of		2,543		2,001	
\$2,113 and \$245 for 2013 and 2012, respectively		3,732		4,466	
Non-GAAP net income attributable to World Fuel	\$	55,000	\$	52,882	

The following table sets forth the reconciliation between our diluted earnings per common share and non-GAAP diluted earnings per common share for the first quarter of 2013 and 2012:

	For the Three Months ended March 31,					
		2013		2012		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.68	\$		0.65	
Share-based compensation expense, net of income taxes		0.04			0.03	

Intangible asset amortization expense, net of income taxes	0.05	0.06
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.74

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The non-GAAP financial measures exclude costs associated with share-based compensation and amortization of acquired intangible assets, primarily because we do not believe they are reflective of the Company's core operating results. We believe the exclusion of share-based compensation from operating expenses is useful given the variation in expense that can result from changes in the fair value of our common stock, the effect of which is unrelated to the operational conditions that give rise to variations in the components of our operating costs. Also, we believe the exclusion of the amortization of acquired intangible assets is useful for purposes of evaluating operating performance of our core operating results and comparing them period-over-period. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures, when considered in conjunction with our financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP, are useful to investors to further aid in evaluating the ongoing financial performance of the Company and to provide greater transparency as supplemental information to our GAAP results. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our presentation of non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP earnings per common share may not be comparable to the presentation of such metrics by other companies. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash Flows

The following table reflects the major categories of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. For additional details, please see the consolidated statements of cash flows.

	For the Three Months ended March 31,					
		2013		2012		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	109,510	\$	48,792		
Net cash used in investing activities		(12,949)		(4,153)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(109,053)		(9,151)		

*Operating Activities*. For the three months ended March 31, 2013, net cash provided by operating activities was \$109.5 million as compared to \$48.8 million for the first three months of 2012. The \$60.7 million increase in operating cash flows was primarily due to favorable year-over-year changes in working capital items.

*Investing Activities.* For the three months ended March 31, 2013, net cash used in investing activities was \$12.9 million as compared to \$4.2 million for the first three months of 2012. The \$8.7 million increase in cash used in investing activities was principally due to capital expenditures for fuel transportation equipment and the upgrade and expansion of one of our inventory storage facilities during the first three months of 2013.

*Financing activities.* For the three months ended March 31, 2013, net cash used in financing activities was \$109.1 million as compared \$9.2 million for the first three months of 2012. The \$99.9 million increase in cash used in financing activities was principally due to net repayments of borrowings under our Credit Facility in the first three months of 2013 as compared to the first three months of 2012.

Other Liquidity Measures

Cash and Cash Equivalents. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$159.6 million and \$172.7 million, respectively, of which \$74.3 million and \$172.7 million, respectively, was available for usage by our U.S. subsidiaries without incurring additional costs. Our primary uses of cash and cash equivalents are to fund accounts receivable, purchase inventory and make strategic investments, primarily acquisitions. We are usually extended unsecured trade credit from our suppliers for our fuel purchases; however, certain suppliers require us to either prepay or provide a letter of credit. Increases in oil prices can negatively affect liquidity by increasing the amount of cash needed to fund fuel purchases as well as reducing the amount of fuel which we can purchase on an unsecured basis from our suppliers.

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Credit Facility and Term Loans. We have a senior revolving credit facility ( Credit Facility ) which permits borrowings of up to \$800.0 million with a sublimit of \$300.0 million for the issuance of letters of credit and bankers acceptances. Under the Credit Facility, we have the right to request increases in available borrowings up to an additional \$150.0 million, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The Credit Facility expires in July 2016. We had no outstanding borrowings under our Credit Facility as of March 31, 2013 and had \$100.5 million of outstanding borrowings as of December 31, 2012. Our issued letters of credit under the Credit Facility totaled \$19.1 million and \$47.4 million as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. We also had \$247.3 million and \$247.5 million in senior term loans ( Term Loans ) outstanding as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Our liquidity, consisting of cash and cash equivalents and availability under the Credit Facility, fluctuates based on a number of factors, including the timing of receipts from our customers and payments to our suppliers as well as commodity prices. Our Credit Facility and our Term Loans contain certain financial covenants with which we are required to comply. Our failure to comply with the financial covenants contained in our Credit Facility and our Term Loans could result in an event of default. An event of default, if not cured or waived, would permit acceleration of any outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facility and our Term Loans, trigger cross-defaults under other agreements to which we are a party and impair our ability to borrow and issue letters of credit, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. As of March 31, 2013, we were in compliance with all financial covenants contained in our Credit Facility and our Term Loans.

Other Credit Lines. Additionally, we have other uncommitted credit lines aggregating \$203.3 million primarily for the issuance of letters of credit, bank guarantees and bankers—acceptances. These credit lines are renewable on an annual basis and are subject to fees at market rates. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our outstanding letters of credit and bank guarantees under these credit lines totaled \$168.9 million and \$184.2 million, respectively. We also have a Receivables Purchase Agreement (RPA) to allow for the sale of up to \$125.0 million of our accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2013, we had sold accounts receivable of \$70.8 million and recorded a retained beneficial interest of \$4.8 million under the RPA.

Short-Term Debt. As of March 31, 2013, our short-term debt of \$28.4 million represents the current maturities (within the next twelve months) of certain promissory notes related to acquisitions, loans payable to noncontrolling shareholders of a consolidated subsidiary, Term Loan borrowings and capital lease obligations.

We believe that available funds from existing cash and cash equivalents and our Credit Facility, together with cash flows generated by operations, remain sufficient to fund our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months. In addition, to further enhance our liquidity profile, we may choose to raise additional funds which may or may not be needed for additional working capital, capital expenditures or other strategic investments. Our opinions concerning liquidity are based on currently available information. To the extent this information proves to be inaccurate, or if circumstances change, future availability of trade credit or other sources of financing may be reduced and our liquidity would be adversely affected. Factors that may affect the availability of trade credit or other forms of financing include our financial performance (as measured by various factors, including cash provided from operating activities), the state of worldwide credit markets, and our levels of outstanding debt. Depending on the severity and direct impact of these factors on us, financing may be limited or unavailable on terms favorable to us.

**Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements** 

Except for changes in the contractual obligations and off-balance sheet arrangements described below, there were no other material changes from December 31, 2012 to March 31, 2013. For a discussion of these matters, refer to Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements in Item 7 of our 2012 10-K Report.

Contractual Obligations

Derivative Obligations. As of March 31, 2013, our net derivative obligations were \$13.4 million, principally due within one year.

Purchase Commitment Obligations. As of March 31, 2013, our purchase commitment obligations were \$25.0 million, principally due within one year.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements
Letters of Credit and Bank Guarantees. In the normal course of business, we are required to provide letters of credit to certain suppliers. A majority of these letters of credit expire within one year from their issuance, and expired letters of credit are renewed as needed. As of March 31, 2013, we had issued letters of credit and bank guarantees totaling \$188.0 million under our Credit Facility and other uncommitted credit lines. For additional information on our Credit Facility and other credit lines, see the discussion in Liquidity and Capital Resources above.
Recent Accounting Pronouncements
Information regarding recent accounting pronouncements is included in Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this 10-Q Report.
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
Derivatives
The following describes our derivative classifications:
Cash Flow Hedges. Includes certain of our foreign currency forward contracts we enter into in order to mitigate the risk of currency exchange rate fluctuations.
Fair Value Hedges. Includes derivatives we enter into in order to hedge price risk associated with our inventory and certain firm commitments relating to fixed price purchase and sale contracts.
Non-designated Derivatives. Includes derivatives we primarily enter into in order to mitigate the risk of market price fluctuations in aviation, marine and land fuel in the form of swaps or futures as well as certain fixed price purchase and sale contracts and proprietary trading. In addition, non-designated derivatives are also entered into to hedge the risk of currency rate fluctuations.
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As of March 31, 2013, our derivative instruments, at their respective fair value positions were as follows (in thousands, except weighted average fixed price and weighted average mark-to-market amount):

Hedge Strategy	Settlement Period	<b>Derivative Instrument</b>	Notional	Unit	Weighted Average Fixed Price	Weighted Average Mark-to- Market Amount	Fair Value Amount
Cash Flow Hedge	2013	Foreign currency contracts (long)	1,290	EUR	\$ 0.81	\$ 0.05 \$	58
Fair Value Hedge	2013 2013	Commodity contracts for inventory hedging (long) Commodity contracts for inventory hedging (short)	344 1,969	BBL BBL	\$ 123.50 124.88	(0.15)	(305)
Non-Designated	2013 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013	Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (short) Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (short) Commodity contracts (short) Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (long) Commodity contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	870 26 32 22,007 32,427	BBL BBL BBL BBL AUD AUD BRL CAD CLP CLP COP DKK DKK EUR EUR GBP GBP INR	\$ 73.58 88.44 78.21 77.22 115.68 113.77 1.04 1.03 2.02 1.01 1.01 474.79 479.85 1,800.41 1,804.60 5.68 5.72 0.76 0.76 0.64 0.64 54.73 84.51	\$ 0.88 \$ (0.87) 3.10 (3.10) 0.58 0.58 0.01 (0.01) 0.01 (0.01) 0.00 (0.00) (0.00) 0.00 (0.00) 0.00 (0.03) 0.03 (0.04) 0.04 (0.00) (0.00) (0.00)	
	2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013 2013	Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	210,921 1,586,573 1,471,020 14,700 16,367 3,856 9,160 8,533 27,737 26,490	MXN MXN NOK NOK PLN PLN RON SGD SGD	86.79 12.75 12.78 5.67 5.66 3.22 3.17 3.42 1.23 1.24	0.00 0.00 (0.00) (0.01) 0.01 (0.01) 0.01 (0.00) (0.00)	166 3,919 (3,450) (92) 103 (25) 76 (5) (76) 121
	2013 2014 2014	Foreign currency contracts (short) Foreign currency contracts (long) Foreign currency contracts (short)	30,264 250 4,290	GBP	9.12 0.62 0.64	0.00 (0.10) 0.06	15 (24) 274 13,053

There have been no material changes to our exposures to interest rate or foreign currency risk since December 31, 2012. Please refer to our 2012 10-K Report for a complete discussion of our exposure to these risks.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

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As of the end of the period covered by this 10-Q Report, we evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e). Based upon this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2013.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2013.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system will be met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there is only the reasonable assurance that our controls will succeed in achieving their goals under all potential future conditions.

#### Part II Other Information

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information with respect to repurchases of common stock made by us during the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013 (in thousands, except average per share):

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Per Share Paid	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	Total Cost of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	Re Pu	naining Authorized Common Stock epurchases under blicly Announced ns or Programs (2)
1/1/13-1/31/13		\$		\$	\$	50,000
2/1/13-2/28/13						50,000
3/1/13-3/31/13	13	39.58				50,000
Total	13	\$ 39.58		\$	\$	50,000

<sup>(1)</sup> These shares relate to the purchase of common stock tendered by employees to satisfy the required withholding taxes related to share-based payment awards.

(2) In October 2008, our Board of Directors authorized a \$50.0 million common stock repurchase program. The program does not require a minimum number of shares of common stock to be purchased and has no expiration date but may be suspended or discontinued at any time. As of March 31, 2013, no shares of our common stock had been repurchased under this program. The timing and amount of shares of common stock to be repurchased under the program will depend on market conditions, share price, securities law and other legal requirements and other factors.

### Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits set forth in the following index of exhibits are filed as part of this 10-Q Report:

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d 14(a).
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d 14(a).
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following materials from World Fuel Services Corporation s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2013, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language); (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## **Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 30, 2013 World Fuel Services Corporation

/s/ Michael J. Kasbar Michael J. Kasbar President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Ira M. Birns
Ira M. Birns
Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer