# APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC Form 10-O August 19, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-21999

\_\_\_\_\_

APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) incorporation or organization)

84-1360852

6663 OWENS DRIVE

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588 (Address of principal executive offices)

> (925) 251-3200 (Registrant's telephone number)

> > \_\_\_\_\_

Check whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO [ ]

As of August 15, 2002, there were 16,229,900 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	15
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	27
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	35
Item 2.	Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	36
Item 3.	Defaults on Senior Securities	40
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	40
Item 5.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	40
	Signatures	40

2

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2002	September 30, 2001
	(Unau	dited)
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,153,000	\$ 3,379,000
Restricted cash	117,000	117,000
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful		
accounts of \$288,000 and \$328,000	1,670,000	1,123,000
Inventory	666,000	890,000
Equipment at customers under integration		206,000
Prepaid expenses and other	1,119,000	418,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,725,000	6,133,000

Property and equipment, net	3,439,000 16,628,000 7,078,000 234,000	5,381,000 16,664,000 10,255,000 1,933,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 32,104,000	\$ 40,366,000 =======
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Lines of credit	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Accounts payable	6,888,000	8,834,000
Accrued liabilities	3,078,000	3,209,000
Deferred revenue	450,000	1,041,000
Income tax payable	76,000	302,000
± ±	64,000	1,818,000
Accrued liability related to warrants	64,000	1,818,000
Convertible promissory notes payable, net of	2 020 000	2 700 000
discounts	3,830,000	2,700,000
Notes payable	10,262,000	5,726,000
Capital lease obligations, current portion	350,000	4,085,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	25,298,000	28,015,000
Long term notes payable	419,000	379,000
Capital lease obligations, net of Current portion .	319,000	93,000
Other	27,000	39,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,063,000	28,526,000
REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK	253,000	253,000
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock	159,000	157,000
Additional paid-in capital	86,679,000	80,657,000
Unearned stock-based compensation	(94,000)	(401,000)
Accumulated deficit	(81,077,000)	(68,364,000)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	121,000	(462,000)
necumatacea other complementative roots		(102,000)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	5,788,000	11,587,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED		
STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 32,104,000	\$ 40,366,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

3

# APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (unaudited)

Three Mont	hs Ended	Nine Mont	ths Ended
June 30,		June	30,
2002	2001	2002	2001

NET REVENUES: Products and integration services . Other services	\$ 2,693,000	\$ 1,852,000 4,272,000	\$ 687,000 7,825,000	\$ 5,236,000 13,503,000
TOTAL NET REVENUES	2,693,000	6,124,000	8,512,000	18,739,000
Products and integration services . Other services	4,012,000	1,609,000 3,950,000	2,131,000 7,161,000	4,790,000 10,204,000
TOTAL COST OF REVENUES	4,012,000	5,559,000	9,292,000	14,994,000
GROSS (LOSS) PROFIT	(1,319,000)	565 <b>,</b> 000	(780,000)	3,745,000
administrative	1,955,000	3,746,000	4,758,000	13,766,000
Research and development Amortization of goodwill and other	327 <b>,</b> 000	965 <b>,</b> 000	1,465,000	2,175,000
<pre>intangibles</pre>	1,287,000	558,000	3,323,000	960,000
capitalized software intangibles Release of capitalized lease		3,699,000		3,699,000
obligation			(2,839,000)	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES LOSS FROM OPERATIONS OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	3,569,000 (4,888,000)	8,968,000 (8,403,000)	6,707,000 (7,487,000)	20,600,000 (16,855,000)
Interest income	1,000 (2,867,000) 407,000	39,000 (7,576,000) 417,000	410,000 (6,185,000) 569,000	219,000 (8,929,000) 376,000
Total other expense	2,459,000	(7,120,000)	(5,206,000)	(8,334,000)
Loss from continuing operations before income tax	(7,347,000)	(15,523,000) 54,000	(12,693,000) 20,000	(25,189,000)
NET LOSS	(7,347,000)	(15,577,000)	(12,713,000)	(25,469,000) 7,626,000
NET LOSS AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$(7,347,000)	\$(15,577,000) ======	\$(12,713,000) ======	\$(33,095,000)
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE		\$ (1.05) 	\$ (0.79)	\$ (2.42)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS Net loss	\$(7,347,000)	\$(15,577,000)	\$(12,713,000)	\$(33,095,000)
Translation gain (loss)	433,000	(11,000)	583,000	(74,000)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$(6,914,000)	\$(15,588,000)	\$(12,130,000)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

Nine Month Ended
June 30,

	June 30,	
	2002	2001
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES:		
Net loss	\$(12,713,000) (40,000)	\$(25,469,000) (59,000)
Depreciation and amortization	3,298,000 4,091,000	1,755,000 
Amortization of goodwill and other intangible assets	3,269,000	960,000
Impairment of equipment and capitalized software Stock-based compensation relating to stock options and		3,699,000
warrants	95 <b>,</b> 000	(2,015,000)
Release of capitalized lease obligation	(2,839,000)	(157,000)
Deemed interest expense related to notes payable at a		
discount		190,000
discount		1,274,000
Amortization of discount on notes payable to related party		950,000
Cost of additional warrants issued to related party		3,799,000
Amortization of discount on notes payable		171,000
Amortization of issuance costs on notes payable		17,000
Remeasurement of warrants due to registration requirements		1,120,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(270,000)	1,121,000
Inventory	430,000	729,000
Prepaid expenses and other	(89,000)	(812,000)
Other assets	957,000	(337,000)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(3,338,000)	3,491,000
Accrued liability related to warrants	65,000	2,402,000
Income tax payable	(230,000)	5,000
Deferred revenue	(591,000)	(741,000)
CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(7,905,000)	(7,907,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Restricted cash		3,000
Cash acquired in connection with acquisition	89,000	22,000
Capitalization of software development costs		(2,198,000)
Purchase of property and equipment	(382,000)	(1,582,000)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,093,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayment under line of credit		(343,000)
Proceeds from draw on equity line		1,745,000
Proceeds from issuance of notes, convertible notes and		
warrants	7,065,000	5,000,000
Proceeds from issuance of Series B preferred Stock, net of	•	•
issuance costs		4,959,000

Proceeds from warrants and options exercised for common stock	1,746,000
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(2,798,000)
Principal payment on notes payable to stockholders (140,000)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	10,309,000
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(273,000)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (2,226,000)	(1,626,000)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD 3,379,000	5,603,000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD \$ 1,153,000	\$ 3,977,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

5

# APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

		chs Ended e 31,
	2002	2001
Supplemental disclosures for cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for: Interest	\$ 28,000 24,000	\$ 647,000 89,000
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: Beneficial conversion feature on convertible		
promissory Notes payable	6,402,000 670,000	
lease liability	682,000	
capital leases		5,720,000
of Series B Preferred Stock		7,626,000
notes payable		2,548,000
issued on notes payable		5,330,000
conjunction with convertible debentures Issuance of warrants to underwriters in conjunction		546,000
with sale of Series B Preferred Stock Modification of warrant exercise price in		1,107,000
conjunction with sale of Series B Preferred Stock. Liability for future issuance of common stock to underwriters in conjunction with sale of Series B		1,017,000
Preferred Stock		573 <b>,</b> 000

software		4,974,000
Costs of borrowings on equity line		1,745,000
Conversion of advances to Series B Preferred Stock		3,500,000
Issuance of common stock in Quaartz acquisition		8,310,000
Conversion of Series B Preferred Stock into Common		
Stock		4,678,000
TOTAL NONCASH TRANSACTIONS	\$7,754,000	\$48,504,000
	========	========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

6

#### APPIANT TECHNOLOGIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit or review, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The balance sheet as of September 30, 2001 is derived from the Company's audited financial statements included in its Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001 but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein reflect all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to state fairly the results for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for any subsequent interim period or for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002.

The consolidated financial statements include our results as well as the results of our significant operating subsidiaries: Appiant Technologies North America, Inc. ("Appiant NA") and Infotel Technologies (Pte) Ltd ("Infotel").

Appiant NA revenues were 10.4% and 22.6% of consolidated net revenues for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Infotel revenues were 89.6% and 77.4% of consolidated net revenues for the nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

#### LIQUIDITY

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries contemplate the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company recorded a net loss of \$12.7 million on net revenues of \$8.5 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2002 and

sustained significant losses for the fiscal years ended 2001 and 2000. At June 30, 2002, the Company had an accumulative deficit of \$81.0 million. As a result, the Company will need to generate significantly higher revenue to reach profitability as the organization of the new inUnison(SM) portal business is built. In addition, the amortization of capitalized software and other assets that the Company has purchased or developed for the new inUnison(SM) portal commenced on December 17, 2001. The Company is developing other technologies and amortization of the costs associated with these technologies will commence upon the completion of development.

Management's plans to reverse the recent trend of losses are to increase revenues and gross margins while controlling costs, primarily based on expected revenues for the Company's inUnison(SM) portal services applications. Continued existence of the Company is dependent on the Company's ability to obtain adequate funding and eventually establish profitable operations. The Company intends to obtain additional equity and/or debt financing in order to further finance the market introduction of its inUnison(SM) portal services and to meet working capital requirements. There remains significant uncertainly, however, about the Company's ability to continue as going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### 2. NET LOSS PER SHARE

Net loss per share for both basic net loss per share, which is the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, and diluted net loss per share, which includes the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding and all dilutive potential common shares outstanding, is calculated using the treasury stock method. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, dilutive potential common shares outstanding reflects convertible

7

promissory notes payable, convertible preferred stock, and shares and warrants to purchase the Company's common stock. The following table summarizes the Company's net loss per share computations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net loss	\$ (7,347)	\$(15,577)	\$(12,713)	\$(25,469)
Preferred stock dividends				(7,626)
Basic net loss applicable to common stock	\$(7,347) =====	\$(15,577) ======	\$(12,713)	\$(33,095) ======
Weighted average shares used in net	16,188	14,854	16,055	13,684
loss per share - basic and diluted	======	======	======	======
Net income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.45)	\$ (1.05)	\$ (0.79)	\$ (2.42)
	=====	======	======	======

Antidilutive Securities:				
Shares issuable under employee				
common stock plans and warrants				
exercisable	10,018	8 <b>,</b> 579	10,018	8 <b>,</b> 579
Convertible promissory notes	18,934	2,380	18,934	2,380
Shares issuable for convertible				
preferred shares	69	36	69	36
Antidilutive securities not				
included in net loss per share				
calculation	29,021	10,995	29,021	10,995
	=======	=======	=======	=======

#### 3. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of systems and system components and is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

#### 4. SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS

The Company has adopted SOP 98-1 "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use" as it intends to offer its software applications in a hosted service model. Software development costs, including costs incurred to purchase third party software, are capitalized beginning when the Company has determined factors are present, including among others, that technology exists to achieve the performance requirements, buy versus internal development decisions have been made and the Company's management has authorized the funding for the project. Capitalization of software costs ceases when the software is substantially complete and is ready for its intended use and is amortized over its estimated useful life of two to seven years using the straight-line method. To the extent that the Company were to license software, any revenues net of any direct incremental costs such as marketing, commissions, software reproduction costs, warranty, and service obligations, would be applied against the capitalized cost of software, and no profit would be recognized from such transactions unless and until net proceeds from licenses and amortization have reduced the capitalized carrying amount of the software to zero. Subsequent proceeds from licensing the software would be recognized as revenue.

When events or circumstances indicate the carrying value of internal use software might not be recoverable, the Company will assess the recoverability of these assets by determining whether the amortization of the asset balance over its remaining life can be recovered through undiscounted future operating cash flows. The amount of impairment, if any, is recognized to the extent that the carrying value exceeds the projected discounted future operating cash flows and is recognized as a write down of the asset. In addition, when it is no longer

8

probable that computer software being developed will be placed in service, the asset will be recorded at the lower of its carrying value or fair value, if any, less direct selling costs.

Our capitalized research and development expenditures were \$1.7 million for the nine months ended June 30, 2002 and \$1.6 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2001. On December 17, 2001 the Company began amortizing \$10.4 million of these costs as the capitalized software was substantially complete and ready for its intended use. Amortization for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 was \$943,000 and \$1.8 million since we began amortizing capitalized software in December 2001. Unamortized, capitalized costs of \$7.4 million relate to those projects

that are not as yet ready for their intended use.

#### 5. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCMENTS

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 ("SFAS 141"), "Business Combinations." SFAS 141 requires the purchase method of accounting for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 and eliminates the pooling-of-interests method. The Company believes that the adoption of SFAS 141 will not have a significant impact on its financial statements.

In July 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 ("SFAS 142"), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," which is effective for fiscal years beginning after March 15, 2001. SFAS 142 requires, among other things, the discontinuance of goodwill amortization. In addition, the Standard includes provisions upon adoption for the reclassification of certain existing recognized intangibles as goodwill, reassessment of the useful lives of existing recognized intangibles, reclassification of certain intangibles out of previously reported goodwill and the testing for impairment of existing goodwill and other intangibles. The Company is currently assessing but has not yet determined the impact of SFAS 142 on its financial position and results of operations.

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, which is required to be applied in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. SFAS 144 requires, among other things, the application of one accounting model for long-lived assets that are impaired or to be disposed of by sale. The Company believes that the adoption of SFAS 144 will not have a significant impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In May 2000, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) issued EITF Issue No. 00-14, Accounting for Certain Sales Incentives. EITF Issue No. 00-14 addresses the recognition, measurement, and income statement classification for sales incentives that a vendor voluntarily offers to customers (without charge), which the customer can use in, or exercise as a result of, a single exchange transaction. Sales incentives that fall within the scope of EITF Issue No. 00-14 include offers that a customer can use to receive a reduction in the price of a product or service at the point of sale. The EITF changed the transition date for Issue 00-14, concluding that a company should apply this consensus no later than the company s annual or interim financial statements for the periods beginning after December 15, 2001. In June 2001, the EITF issued EITF Issue No. 00-25, Vendor Income Statement Characterization of Consideration Paid to a Reseller of the Vendor's Products, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2001. EITF Issue No. 00-25 addresses whether consideration from a vendor to a reseller is (a) an adjustment of the selling prices of the vendor sproducts and, therefore, should be deducted from revenue when recognized in the vendor s statement of operations or (b) a cost incurred by the vendor for assets or services received from the reseller and, therefore, should be included as a cost or expense when recognized in the vendor s statement of operations. Upon application of these EITFs, financial statements for prior periods presented for comparative purposes should be reclassified to comply with the income statement display requirements under these Issues. In September of 2001, the EITF issued EITF Issue No. 01-09, Accounting for Consideration Given by Vendor to a Customer or a Reseller of the Vendor's Products, which is a codification of EITF Issues No. 00-14, No. 00-25 and No. 00-22 Accounting for Points and Certain Other Time-or Volume-Based Sales Incentive Offers and Offers for Free Products or Services to be Delivered in the Future. The Company has adopted these issues in fiscal year 2002 and during the nine months ended June 30, 2002, we recorded \$42,000 000 of revenues from our inUnison(SM) services, and offset an additional \$180,000 were offset by certain costs incurred in association with related business-partner arrangements.

9

#### 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### CAPITAL LEASES

In December 2001, the Company reached an agreement with a vendor under which the vendor agreed to release the Company from capital lease obligations of \$3.5 million. The agreement also provided for the return of equipment capitalized under the capital lease obligations of \$0.7 million. In June 2001, the Company charged to operating expenses \$3.7 million of consulting services related to its first data center in Atlanta, Georgia, when its data center was relocated to Sunnyvale, California, as such costs had no future value following the relocation. According, the Company has recorded a gain of \$2.8 million within operating expenses equal to the difference between the capital lease obligation and the book value of the capitalized equipment returned to the vendor.

At June 30, 2002, the Company leased other computer equipment and software under capital leases. These leases extend for varying periods through 2004.

Equipment and software under capital leases included in property and equipment are as follows:

	June 30, 2002	Se	ptember 30, 2001
Equipment and software Less: accumulated amortization	\$1,193,000 (480,000)	\$	2,120,000 (614,000)
	\$ 713,000	\$	1,506,000
		===	

Future capital lease payments are as follows:

		March 31, 2001	
Fiscal Year		\$	162,000
2002 2003 2004		Ş	363,000 31,000
Less amount representing i	interest		666,000 (99,000)
Present value of minimum f Less current portion	future payments		567,000 (350,000)
		\$	217,000

#### CONTINGENCIES

In October 2001, a software vendor filed suit against the Company for breach of contract totaling approximately \$703,000 plus interest and attorney's fees. On December 28, 2001, Appiant filed an answer denying this general demand, and is preparing a counter-suit for return of over \$600,000 paid to this vendor. In August 2002, the parties entered into a mutual settlement agreement and release

of claims wherein the Company has agreed to make cash payments totaling \$200,000 between February 2003 and May 2003, and will issue warrants to purchase 50,000 shares of Appiant common stock at an exercise price of \$0.37.

In January 2002, a default judgment was issued against the Company in favor of an equipment vendor in the amount of \$123,000. The Company was successful in having that default judgment set aside on February 6, 2002. The Company subsequently entered into a mutual settlement agreement and release of claims in July 2002 wherein the Company has agreed to make payments totaling \$69,000 over the next four months.

In January 2002, a services and equipment provider filed suit in Texas for breach of contract totaling \$117,000. The Company is currently in negotiations to resolve this claim.

10

In May 2002, a customer requested indemnification of its internal defense costs and expenses arising from its defense of a lawsuit involving claims of infringement of certain patents which Appiant has licensed and which are included in Appiant's legacy voice mail product. In lieu of seeking reimbursement from Company of future defense fees, the customer offered to accept a subrogated assignment of the Company's indemnification rights form the patent owner. The Company agreed to tender the indemnification claim on to the patent owner and assign that claim to the customer to directly seek indemnification. The Company believes that this assignment to the customer will be the final resolution of this matter.

In May 2002, a note holder tendered notice of the Company's default on a settlement agreement and release relating to a \$2.75 million indebtedness arising out of the cancelled notes. The Company is currently in negotiations toward an agreement to cure the default and amend the payment plan called for in the settlement agreement.

In June 2002, the Company's former trademark counsel tendered notice of its claim for \$51,260.26 in unpaid fees and indicated that it would file suit to collect these fees. The Company disputes some of these fees, but intends to work with counsel towards a mutually agreed resolution of the matter.

In June and July 2002, several holders of debentures issued in April 2002 provided formal notices of default by the company for failing to register the shares underlying the debentures or receive shareholder approval of the issuance of all underlying shares. The Company and the debenture holders are currently in discussions regarding options for curing these defaults and/or otherwise resolving the matter.

In July 2002, a former vendor tendered notice of a demand for payment of approximately \$200,000 alleging breach of contract and open book account. The Company disputes the claims as stated, and intends to work with the vendor towards a mutually agreed resolution of the matter.

In July 2002, counsel claiming to represent holders of certain Promissory Notes due in June 2003 wrote the Company claiming that material information was withheld from certain unidentified note holders by the Company when the Notes were issued in June 2001. The Company is investigating this claim and has requested information from the note holders, and intends to continue to vigorously defend the matter.

In July 2002, a former supplier of equipment filed suit against the Company for breach of contract and breach of guarantee totaling \$419,581.95 plus interest and attorney's fees. The Company's time to respond to the suit has not yet

passed. The Company is investigating the claim and intends to work with the vendor towards a mutually agreed resolution of the matter.

While management intends to defend these matters vigorously, there can be no assurance that any of these complaints or other third party assertions will be resolved without costly litigation, or in a manner that is not adverse to our financial position, results of operations or cash flow. No estimate can be made of the possible loss or possible range of loss associated with the resolution of these matters in excess of amounts accrued.

#### 7. CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES PAYABLE AND WARRANTS

Effective April 19, 2002, Appiant commenced a secured financing of up to \$4,025,000 with certain accredited investors ("Investors") pursuant to a Debenture and Warrant Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement"), dated April 19, 2002. As of May 28, 2002, \$3,525,000 of Convertible Debentures including \$105,750 of Debentures issued as a finder's fee had closed. Under the terms of the Agreement, Appiant agreed to issue to the Investors Convertible Debentures bearing an interest rate of 8%. The Convertible Debentures may be converted into unregistered, restricted shares of Appiant Common Stock for a purchase price per share equal to the lower of (a) \$1.21, which was the deemed closing price and was determined based on the closing bid prices of the Common Stock for the five trading days immediately prior to the closing date of the initial sale of the Debentures, or (b) the average of the two lowest closing bid prices of Appiant shares for the 20-day period immediately preceding any conversion. The Convertible Debenture can be converted, at the option of the holder, at any time until one year after the Closing Date. In the event the Convertible Debentures are not converted, Appiant has the option to repay the indebtedness. Appiant also has the right to redeem the Convertible Debentures prior to maturity for an amount per share equal to 110% to 125% of the principal amount of the Convertible Debentures being redeemed, as determined by the date of redemption.

11

In addition, Appiant issued to Investors warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 1,456,612 shares of unregistered, restricted Appiant Common Stock on the total financing of \$3,525,000. Appiant has also agreed to issue warrants for 100,000 shares of unregistered, restricted Appiant Common Stock as part of the finders fee for this financing. The warrants have a term of five years and are exercisable at a warrant price equal to 110% of the closing price or \$1.33 per share. The estimated value of the warrants of \$1,635,000 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions: contractual term of 5 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.375%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 133%. The allocation of the Convertible Notes proceeds to the fair value of the warrants of \$1,109,000 was recorded as a discount on the Convertible Notes and as additional paid-in capital. In addition, as a result of the beneficial conversion feature described above for the Convertible Notes, the Company recorded \$1,982,000 additional paid-in capital, and a discount on the notes payable, which is accreted over the note maturity period to interest expense. As a result, these discounts are accreted over the note maturity period and \$727,000 was recorded as non-cash interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2002.

Terms of the financing also provide that the Investors may nominate up to two additional members to the Appiant Board of Directors, and provide the Investors certain rights and options regarding possible future equity based financings by Appiant. Appiant paid a cash finder's fee of 7% and Convertible Debentures of 3% and warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of Common Stock, and other related expenses. No underwriters were involved in this private placement.

The sale of the debentures and the warrants to the investors was exempt from the registration provisions of the Securities Act, under Sections 4(2) and 4(6) of the Securities Act, and the rules and regulations there under, because of the nature of the offerees and Investors and the manner in which the offering was conducted. The investors have acknowledged that the securities cannot be resold unless registered or exempt from registration under the securities laws. Appiant has agreed to register for resale on Form S-3 up to 12,000,000 shares of the Common Stock (the "Registrable Shares") issued to the Shareholders as soon as practicable following the Effective Date. Moreover, Appiant has agreed to seek shareholder approval of the issuance of the Registrable Shares in excess of 19.99% of issued and outstanding Appiant Common Stock.

In addition, the Company entered into several Convertible Promissory Notes Payable (the "Convertible Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of \$125,000 with a related party. The Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, which is payable in common stock at the time of conversion and are collateralized by the Company's legacy business accounts receivables, and the assets of the Infotel subsidiary, and matured on various dates from April 30, 2002 through June 22, 2002. The conversion price is equal to the lower of 90% of the closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, or 90% of any subsequent interim financing that occurs between the issuance date of the notes and the maturity date. Upon conversion, the Convertible Notes have no specific registration rights. As of June 30, 2002, the aggregate amount of \$90,000 of these Convertible Notes had been redeemed.

In connection with these Convertible Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 123,174 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of ranging from \$0.90 per share to \$1.26 per share. The estimated value of the warrants of \$40,000 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions: contractual term of 5 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.375%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 133%. The allocation of the Convertible Notes proceeds to the fair value of the warrants of \$ 39,000 was recorded as a discount on the Convertible Notes and as additional paid-in capital. Upon exercise of the warrants, the holder has no specific registration rights. In addition, as a result of the beneficial conversion feature described above for the Convertible Notes, the Company recorded \$70,000 additional paid-in capital, and a discount on the notes payable, which is accreted over the note maturity period to interest expense. As a result, these discounts are accreted over the note maturity period and \$26,000 was recorded as non-cash interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2002.

12

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company entered into several Convertible Promissory Notes Payable (the "Convertible Notes") with certain investors in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,025,000, of which \$1,550,000 was with members of the board of directors or shareholders. The Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, which is payable in common stock at the time of conversion and are collateralized by the Company's legacy business accounts receivables, and the assets of the Infotel subsidiary, and mature on various dates from April 30, 2002 through October 15, 2002. The conversion price is equal to the lower of 90% of the closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, or 90% of any subsequent interim financing that occurs between the issuance date of the notes and the maturity date. Upon conversion, the Convertible Notes have no specific registration rights.

In connection with these Convertible Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 1,315,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of ranging from \$1.32 per share to \$1.80 per share. The estimated value of the warrants of \$1,878,000 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing

model and the following assumptions: contractual term of 5 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.375%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 145%. The allocation of the Convertible Notes proceeds to the fair value of the warrants of \$974,000 was recorded as a discount on the Convertible Notes and as additional paid-in capital. Upon exercise of the warrants, the holder has no specific registration rights. In addition, as a result of the beneficial conversion feature described above for the Convertible Notes, the Company recorded \$1,051,000 additional paid-in capital, and a discount on the notes payable, which is accreted over the note maturity period to interest expense. As a result, these discounts are accreted over the note maturity period and \$826,000 and \$1,324,000 were recorded as non-cash interest expense for the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2002, respectively.

Between October 31, 2001 and December 20, 2001, the Company entered into several Convertible Promissory Notes Payable (the "Convertible Notes") with certain investors in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,390,000, of which \$400,000 was with members of the board of directors or shareholders. The Notes accrue interest at 8% per annum, which is payable in common stock at the time of conversion and are collateralized by the Company's legacy business accounts receivables, and the assets of the Infotel subsidiary, and mature on various dates from December 27, 2001 to November 16, 2003. The conversion price is equal to the lower of 90% of the closing price of the Company's common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, or 90% of any subsequent interim financing that occurs between the issuance date of the notes and the maturity date. Upon conversion, the Convertible Notes have no specific registration rights.

In connection with these Convertible Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 945,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of ranging from \$1.20 per share to \$1.77 per share. The estimated value of the warrants of \$1,269,000 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions: contractual term of 5 years, a risk free interest rate of 3.92%, a dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 148%. The allocation of the Convertible Notes proceeds to the fair value of the warrants of \$663,000 was recorded as a discount on the Convertible Notes and as additional paid in capital. Upon exercise of the warrants, the holder has no specific registration rights. In addition, as a result of the beneficial conversion feature described above for the Convertible Notes, the Company recorded \$726,000 additional paid-in capital, and a discount on the notes payable. These discounts are accreted over the note maturity period and \$82,917 and \$1,325,000 were recorded as non-cash interest expense for the three months and nine months ended June 30, 2002, respectively.

Under the June 8, 2001 Convertible Notes Payable purchase agreement, the common stock issuable pursuant to the conversion of the notes and exercise of the related warrants were to be registered within 30 days after the next round of financing. Due to the registration requirement, the warrants were classified as liabilities and re-measured at each reporting date. On December 1, 2001, certain of the warrant agreements were amended to remove the requirement to register the common stock under these warrants. Accordingly, the liability related to these warrants on December 1, 2001 of \$670,000 was reclassified to stockholders' equity, additional paid-in capital.

Under the April 19, 2002, Debenture and Warrant Purchase Agreement, the conversion price is not fixed. Due to this uncertainty in price, EITF Issue No. 00-19, "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock" applies. In accordance with the provisions of EITF 00-19, the Company estimated the fair value of all outstanding warrants as of June 30, 2002, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: Volatility of 133%; dividend yield of 0%; risk-free interest rate of 4.080%; and expected lives of 5 years. The value of all warrants as of June 30, 2002, was estimated at \$1,496,000, which was

recorded as a reclassification from additional paid-in capital to notes payable. For future quarters, the value of these warrants will be re-calculated based on their market value at quarter end.

13

#### 8. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company defines operating segments as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The operating segments disclosed are managed separately, and each represents a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The Company's reportable operating segments include Appiant Technologies Inc. (Appiant NA) and Infotel. Appiant NA includes the Company's enterprise operations in the US. Appiant NA enterprise operations include systems integration and distribution of voice processing and multimedia messaging equipment, technical support, ongoing maintenance and product development.

Infotel is a distributor and integrator of telecommunications and other electronics products operating in Singapore and provides radar system integration, turnkey project management, networking and test instrumentation services. Infotel derives substantially all of its revenue from sales in Singapore. There are no inter-segment revenues.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal year ended September 30, 2001.

	ΑI	PPIANT NA(1)	INFOTEL	TOTAL
THREE MONTHS ENDED June 30, 2002  Net revenues to external customers  Loss from operations  Non-current assets	\$	•	(98,000)	(4,888,000)
THREE MONTHS ENDED June 30, 2001  Net revenues to external customers  Income (loss) from operations  Non-current assets	\$	2,531,000 (15,735,000) 42,097,000	•	\$ 6,124,000 (15,577,000) 52,111,000
NINE MONTHS ENDED June 30, 2002 Net revenues to external customers Loss from operations Non-current assets	\$	1,924,000 (7,146,000) 27,207,000	(341,000)	\$ 8,512,000 (7,487,000) 27,377,000
NINE MONTHS ENDED June 30, 2001 Net revenues to external customers Income (loss) from operations Non-current assets	\$	7,711,000 (26,240,000) 42,097,000	\$11,028,000 771,000 10,014,000	\$ 18,739,000 (25,469,000) 52,111,000