

KENNAMETAL INC
Form 10-Q
February 05, 2010

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009
Commission file number 1-5318
KENNAMETAL INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

Pennsylvania **25-0900168**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
World Headquarters
1600 Technology Way
P.O. Box 231
Latrobe, Pennsylvania **15650-0231**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Website: www.kennametal.com

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(724) 539-5000**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of capital stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Title of Each Class | Outstanding at January 31, 2010 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Capital Stock, par value \$1.25 per share | 81,543,005 |

**KENNAMETAL INC.
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009
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This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements are statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact they use words such as should, anticipate, estimate, approximate, expect, may, will, project, intend, plan, believe and meaning and expression in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance or events. Forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q may concern, among other things, Kennametal's expectations regarding our strategy, goals, plans and projections regarding our financial position, liquidity and capital resources, results of operations, market position, and product development, all of which are based on current expectations that involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Among the factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements are risks and uncertainties related to: the recent downturn in our industry; deepening or prolonged economic recession; restructuring and related actions (including associated costs and anticipated benefits); changes in our debt ratings; compliance with our debt arrangements; our foreign operations and international markets, such as currency exchange rates, different regulatory environments, trade barriers, exchange controls, and social and political instability; changes in the regulatory environment in which we operate, including environmental, health and safety regulations; our ability to protect and defend our intellectual property; competition; our ability to retain our management and employees; demands on management resources; availability and cost of the raw materials we use to manufacture our products; global or regional catastrophic events, including terrorist attacks or acts of war; integrating acquisitions and achieving the expected savings and synergies; business divestitures; potential claims relating to our products; energy costs; commodity prices; labor relations; demand for and market acceptance of new and existing products; and implementation of environmental remediation matters. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements prove incorrect, actual outcomes could vary materially from those indicated. These and other risks are more fully described in the Risk Factors Section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, in this Form 10-Q and in our other periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to forward-looking statements as a result of future events or developments.

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****KENNAMETAL INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

| (in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Sales | \$ 442,865 | \$ 546,061 | \$ 852,260 | \$ 1,189,435 |
| Cost of goods sold | 302,777 | 385,899 | 594,371 | 814,153 |
| Gross profit | 140,088 | 160,162 | 257,889 | 375,282 |
| Operating expense | 117,902 | 128,118 | 234,064 | 279,074 |
| Restructuring charges (Note 8) | 3,348 | 6,204 | 11,178 | 14,616 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 3,367 | 3,269 | 6,707 | 6,678 |
| Operating income | 15,471 | 22,571 | 5,940 | 74,914 |
| Interest expense | 5,954 | 8,000 | 12,325 | 15,083 |
| Other income, net | (1,866) | (5,716) | (4,818) | (4,630) |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes | 11,383 | 20,287 | (1,567) | 64,461 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | 5,090 | 4,701 | (39) | 13,078 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | 6,293 | 15,586 | (1,528) | 51,383 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations | (56) | (28) | (1,423) | 427 |
| Net income (loss) | 6,237 | 15,558 | (2,951) | 51,810 |
| Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests | 270 | (101) | 899 | 684 |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kennametal | \$ 5,967 | \$ 15,659 | \$ (3,850) | \$ 51,126 |
| Amounts attributable to Kennametal Shareowners: | | | | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | \$ 6,023 | \$ 15,687 | \$ (2,427) | \$ 50,699 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations | (56) | (28) | (1,423) | 427 |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Kennametal | \$ 5,967 | \$ 15,659 | \$ (3,850) | \$ 51,126 |
| PER SHARE DATA ATTRIBUTABLE TO KENNAMETAL (Note 16) | | | | |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.22 | \$ (0.03) | \$ 0.69 |
| Discontinued operations | | | (0.02) | 0.01 |
| | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.22 | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.70 |

Diluted earnings (loss) per share:

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| | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Continuing operations | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.21 | \$ (0.03) | \$ 0.68 |
| Discontinued operations | | | (0.02) | 0.01 |
| | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.21 | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.69 |
| Dividends per share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.24 | \$ 0.24 |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 81,149 | 72,630 | 80,461 | 73,515 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 81,855 | 73,199 | 80,461 | 74,347 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)**

| (in thousands, except per share data) | December 31, 2009 | June 30, 2009 |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 95,835 | \$ 69,823 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$27,944 and \$25,228 | 274,632 | 278,977 |
| Inventories (Note 12) | 378,167 | 381,306 |
| Deferred income taxes | 52,861 | 51,797 |
| Other current assets | 62,390 | 94,001 |
| Total current assets | 863,885 | 875,904 |
| Property, plant and equipment: | | |
| Land and buildings | 362,016 | 357,285 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,340,336 | 1,322,107 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (997,214) | (959,066) |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 705,138 | 720,326 |
| Other assets: | | |
| Investments in affiliated companies | 2,240 | 2,138 |
| Goodwill (Note 19) | 506,349 | 502,983 |
| Other intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$60,180 and \$53,159 (Note 19) | 169,071 | 174,453 |
| Deferred income taxes | 23,433 | 23,129 |
| Other | 50,373 | 48,041 |
| Total other assets | 751,466 | 750,744 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,320,489 | \$ 2,346,974 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Current maturities of long-term debt and capital leases (Note 13) | \$ 2,641 | \$ 21,147 |
| Notes payable to banks | 17,055 | 28,218 |
| Accounts payable | 96,420 | 87,176 |
| Accrued income taxes | 10,343 | 18,897 |
| Accrued expenses | 75,642 | 81,838 |
| Other current liabilities (Note 8) | 151,507 | 141,693 |
| Total current liabilities | 353,608 | 378,969 |
| Long-term debt and capital leases, less current maturities (Note 13) | 319,085 | 436,592 |

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| | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Deferred income taxes | 71,816 | 71,281 |
| Accrued pension and postretirement benefits | 137,269 | 132,787 |
| Accrued income taxes | 5,181 | 5,497 |
| Other liabilities | 33,285 | 54,393 |
| Total liabilities | 920,244 | 1,079,519 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| EQUITY (Note 17) | | |
| Kennametal shareowners' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value; 5,000 shares authorized; none issued | | |
| Capital stock, \$1.25 par value; 120,000 shares authorized; 81,491 and 73,232 shares issued | 101,864 | 91,540 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 478,923 | 357,839 |
| Retained earnings | 762,923 | 786,345 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 35,270 | 11,719 |
| Total Kennametal shareowners' equity | 1,378,980 | 1,247,443 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 21,265 | 20,012 |
| Total equity | 1,400,245 | 1,267,455 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$ 2,320,489 | \$ 2,346,974 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (UNAUDITED)**

| Six months ended December 31 (in thousands) | 2009 ^a | 2008 ^a |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net (loss) income | \$ (2,951) | \$ 51,810 |
| Adjustments for non-cash items: | | |
| Depreciation | 40,770 | 42,240 |
| Amortization | 6,707 | 6,678 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 8,551 | 4,526 |
| Restructuring charges | 62 | 1,346 |
| Loss on divestiture | 527 | |
| Deferred income tax provision | (877) | 2,290 |
| Other | (147) | (696) |
| Changes in certain assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions and divestitures: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 11,985 | 113,176 |
| Inventories | 8,446 | (24,187) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (20,572) | (78,782) |
| Accrued income taxes | (6,300) | 2,571 |
| Other | 7,230 | (5,482) |
| Net cash flow provided by operating activities | 53,431 | 115,490 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | (19,266) | (68,659) |
| Disposals of property, plant and equipment | 1,659 | 1,668 |
| Acquisition of business assets, net of cash acquired | | (65,381) |
| Proceeds from divestiture | 27,788 | |
| Other | 343 | 174 |
| Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities | 10,524 | (132,198) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Net decrease in notes payable | (11,248) | (10,581) |
| Net (decrease) increase in short-term revolving and other lines of credit | (18,400) | 20,100 |
| Term debt borrowings | 254,779 | 578,012 |
| Term debt repayments | (370,261) | (423,785) |
| Purchase of capital stock | (146) | (127,531) |
| Net proceeds from equity offering (Note 17) | 120,696 | |
| Dividend reinvestment and employee benefit and stock plans | 3,789 | 3,758 |
| Cash dividends paid to shareowners | (19,572) | (17,912) |
| Other | (2,481) | 3,814 |
| Net cash flow (used for) provided by financing activities | (42,844) | 25,875 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 4,901 | (25,914) |

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 26,012 | (16,747) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 69,823 | 86,478 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 95,835 | \$ 69,731 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

^a Amounts presented for all years include cash flows from discontinued operations.

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KENNAMETAL INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION

Kennametal Inc. was incorporated in Pennsylvania in 1943 and maintains its world headquarters in Latrobe, Pennsylvania. Kennametal Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, Kennametal or the Company) is a leading global manufacturer and supplier of tooling, engineered components and advanced materials consumed in production processes. End users of our products include metalworking manufacturers and suppliers across a diverse array of industries including the aerospace, automotive, machine tool, light machinery and heavy machinery industries, as well as manufacturers, producers and suppliers in a number of other industries including coal mining, highway construction, quarrying and oil and gas exploration and production industries. Our end users' products include items ranging from airframes to coal, engines to oil wells and turbochargers to motorcycle parts. We operate two global business units consisting of Metalworking Solutions & Services Group (MSSG) and Advanced Materials Solutions Group (AMSG).

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements, which include our accounts and those of our consolidated subsidiaries, should be read in conjunction with our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2009 was derived from the audited balance sheet included in our 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K. These interim statements are unaudited; however, we believe that all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results of the interim periods were made and all adjustments are normal, recurring adjustments. The results for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full fiscal year. Unless otherwise specified, any reference to a year is to a fiscal year ended June 30. For example, a reference to 2010 is to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. When used in this Form 10-Q, unless the context requires otherwise, the terms we, our and us refer to Kennametal Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

3. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

As of September 30, 2009, Kennametal adopted and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 105-10, The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (ASC 105-10). The FASB Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) is the single source of authoritative nongovernmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Codification does not change current U.S. GAAP, but is intended to simplify user access to all authoritative U.S. GAAP by providing all of the authoritative literature related to a particular topic in one place. All existing accounting standard documents will be superseded and all other accounting literature not included in the Codification will be considered non-authoritative. The Codification affects the way companies reference U.S. GAAP in financial statements and in their accounting policies.

In December 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2009-17, Consolidations (Topic 810) Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities. The amendments in this update to the Codification are the result of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 167,

Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R) (ASU 2009-17). ASU 2009-17 modifies how a company determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. ASU 2009-17 clarifies that the determination of whether a company is required to consolidate an entity is based on, among other things, an entity's purpose and design and a company's ability to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. ASU 2009-17 requires an ongoing reassessment of whether a company is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity.

ASU 2009-17 also requires additional disclosures about a company's involvement in variable interest entities and any significant changes in risk exposure due to that involvement. ASU 2009-17 is effective for Kennametal beginning July 1, 2010. We are in the process of evaluating the provisions of ASU 2009-17 to determine the impact of adoption on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-16, Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860) Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (ASU 2009-16). The amendments in this update to the Codification are the result of SFAS No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets - an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140. ASU 2009-16 requires additional information regarding transfers of financial assets, including securitization transactions, and where companies have continuing exposure to the risks related to transferred financial assets. ASU 2009-16 eliminates the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity, changes the requirements for derecognizing financial assets, and requires additional disclosures. ASU 2009-16 is effective for Kennametal beginning July 1, 2010. We are in the process of evaluating the provisions of ASU 2009-16 to determine the impact of adoption on our consolidated financial statements.

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KENNAMETAL INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements. The amendments in this update to the Codification are the result of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 08-1, Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables (ASU 2009-13). ASU 2009-13 will allow companies to allocate arrangement consideration in multiple deliverable arrangements in a manner that better reflects the transaction's economics and will often result in earlier revenue recognition. In addition, the residual method of allocating arrangement consideration is no longer permitted under ASU 2009-13. ASU 2009-13 is to be applied prospectively and is effective for Kennametal beginning July 1, 2010. We are in the process of evaluating the provisions of ASU 2009-13 to determine the impact of adoption on our consolidated financial statements.

As of September 30, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASU 2009-05, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value (ASU 2009-05). ASU 2009-05 supplements and amends the guidance in ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to clarify how an entity should measure the fair value of liabilities. ASU 2009-05 also clarifies that restrictions preventing the transfer of a liability should not be considered as a separate input or adjustment in the measurements of its fair value. The adoption of ASU 2009-05 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. See Note 5 for additional disclosures.

As of September 30, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 825-10, Interim Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments. ASC 825-10 expands required fair value disclosures to interim periods for all financial instruments that are within the scope of ASC 825-10, Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments. ASC 825-10 also requires entities to disclose the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments as well as significant changes in such methods and assumptions from prior periods. The adoption of ASC 825-10 expanded the related disclosures in our consolidated financial statements. See Note 6 for additional disclosures.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 805-20, Business Combinations which establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer accounts for business combinations and includes guidance for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. It also provides guidance for the measurement of goodwill, the recognition of contingent consideration and the accounting for preacquisition gain and loss contingencies, as well as acquisition-related transaction costs and the recognition of changes in the acquirer's income tax valuation allowance. ASC 805-20 is to be applied prospectively. The adoption of ASC 805-20 expanded the disclosure requirements for goodwill and requires companies to disclose the gross amount of goodwill before and after accumulated impairment losses. See Note 19 for additional disclosures.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 805-20, Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies. This new guidance amends the previous guidance on Business Combinations and establishes a model to account for preacquisition contingencies. ASC 805-20 requires an acquirer to recognize at fair value an asset or liability assumed in a business combination that arises from a contingency if the acquisition-date fair value can be determined during the measurement period. If the acquisition-date fair value cannot be determined, then the acquirer should follow the recognition criteria ASC 450-20, Accounting for Contingencies and, Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss, to determine whether the contingency should be recognized as of the acquisition date or after it. The adoption of ASC 805-20, which is to be applied prospectively, had no impact on our consolidated financial statements given we had no acquisitions during the six months ended December 31, 2009.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 350-30, Accounting for Defensive Intangible Assets. ASC 350-30 applies to all acquired intangible assets in situations in which the entity does not intend to actively use the asset but

intends to hold the asset to prevent others from obtaining access to the asset with limited exceptions. ASC 350-30 requires that defensive intangible assets be accounted for as a separate unit of accounting and be assigned a useful life. The adoption of ASC 350-30 had no impact on our consolidated financial statements as we have no defensive intangible assets.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 715-20, Employers Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets. ASC 715-20 expands the current disclosure requirements in ASC 715-20, Employers Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits. The additional guidance in ASC 715-20 requires companies to disclose how investment allocation decisions are made by management, major categories of plan assets, significant concentrations of risk within plan assets and information about the valuation of plan assets. Additional footnote disclosures will be required in our consolidated financial statements included in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 323-10, Equity Method Investment Accounting Considerations. ASC 323-10 addresses a number of matters associated with the impact that ASC 805-20 and ASC 810-10

Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements might have on the accounting for equity method investments. ASC 323-10 provides guidance on how an equity method investment should initially be measured, how it should be tested for impairment and how changes in classification from equity method to cost method should be treated as well as other issues. The adoption of ASC 323-10 had no impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 260-10, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities*. ASC 260-10 states that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The adoption of ASC 260-10 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

As of July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 810-10, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* to establish accounting and reporting standards for any noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. ASC 810-10 clarifies that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary should be reported as a component of equity in the consolidated financial statements and requires disclosure on the face of the consolidated statement of income of the amounts of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolled interest. ASC 810-10 has also changed the related disclosure requirements for our consolidated financial statements. See the consolidated statements of income, consolidated balance sheet and Note 17 for required disclosures.

On July 1, 2009, Kennametal adopted ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements* as it relates to nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities. The adoption of ASC 820-10 did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

4. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES

| Six months ended December 31 (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$ 14,012 | \$ 14,344 |
| Income taxes | 8,016 | 1,037 |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash information: | | |
| Contribution of stock to employees' defined contribution benefit plans | 2,683 | |
| Change in fair value of interest rate swaps | | (13,691) |
| Changes in accounts payable related to purchases of property, plant and equipment | | (12,800) |

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Fair value measurements are assigned a level within the hierarchy based on the lowest significant input level. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g., interest rates); and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

As of December 31, 2009 the fair values of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized as follows:

| (in thousands) | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Assets: | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Derivative contracts ^a | \$ | \$ 264 | \$ | \$ 264 |
| Total assets | \$ | \$ 264 | \$ | \$ 264 |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Derivative contracts ^a | \$ | \$ 7,123 | \$ | \$ 7,123 |

^a Foreign currency derivative contracts are valued based on observable market spot and forward rates and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The methods used to estimate the fair value of our financial instruments are as follows:

Cash and Equivalents, Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt and Notes Payable to Banks The carrying amounts approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of the instruments.

Long-Term Debt Fixed rate debt had a fair market value of \$323.4 million and \$314.1 million at December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively. The fair value is determined based on the quoted market price of this debt as of December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively.

7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

As part of our financial risk management program, we use certain derivative financial instruments. We do not enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes and therefore hold no derivative instruments for trading purposes. We use derivative financial instruments to provide predictability to the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates on our consolidated results and to achieve our targeted mix of fixed and floating interest rates on outstanding debt. We account for derivative instruments as a hedge of the related asset, liability, firm commitment or anticipated transaction when the derivative is specifically designated as a hedge of such items. Our objective in managing foreign exchange exposures with derivative instruments is to reduce volatility in cash

flow, allowing us to focus more of our attention on business operations. With respect to interest rate management, these derivative instruments allow us to achieve our targeted fixed-to-floating interest rate mix as a separate decision from funding arrangements in the bank and public debt markets. We measure hedge effectiveness by assessing the changes in the fair value or expected future cash flows of the hedged item. The ineffective portions are recorded in other income, net.

The fair value of derivatives designated and not designated as hedging instruments in the consolidated balance sheet are as follows:

| (in thousands) | December 31, 2009 | June 30, 2009 |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments: | | |
| Other current assets — range forward contracts | \$ 176 | \$ 182 |
| Other current liabilities — range forward contracts | (18) | |
| Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments | 158 | 182 |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments: | | |
| Other current assets — currency forward contracts | 88 | 13 |
| Other current liabilities — currency forward contracts | (7,105) | (36) |
| Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | (7,017) | (23) |
| Total derivatives | \$ (6,859) | \$ 159 |

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Certain currency forward contracts hedging significant cross-border intercompany loans are considered as other derivatives and therefore do not qualify for hedge accounting. These contracts are recorded at fair value in the balance sheet, with the offset to other income, net. Losses (gains) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments have been recognized as follows:

| Six months ended December 31 (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 |
|--|----------|---------|
| Other expense (income), net — currency forward contracts | \$ 6,997 | \$ (16) |

FAIR VALUE HEDGES

Fixed-to-floating interest rate swap agreements, designated as fair value hedges, are entered into from time to time to hedge our exposure to fair value fluctuations on a portion of our fixed rate debt. These interest rate swap agreements convert a portion of our fixed rate debt to floating rate debt. These contracts require periodic settlement and the difference between amounts to be received and paid under the interest rate swap agreements is recognized in interest expense. We record the gain or loss on these contracts as an asset or a liability, as applicable, in the balance sheet, with the offset to the carrying value of the debt. Any gain or loss resulting from changes in the fair value of these contracts offset the corresponding gains or losses from changes in the fair values of the debt.

In February 2009, we terminated interest rate swap agreements to convert \$200.0 million of our fixed rate debt to floating rate debt. These agreements were originally set to mature in June 2012. Upon termination, we received a cash payment of \$13.2 million. This gain is being amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining term of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, \$2.8 million was recognized as a reduction in interest expense. We had no such agreements outstanding at December 31, 2009.

Gains related to fair value hedges represent a reduction in interest expense and have been recognized as follows:

| Six months ended December 31 (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 |
|--|------------|----------|
| Interest expense — interest rate swap agreements | \$ (2,848) | \$ (896) |

CASH FLOW HEDGES

Currency forward contracts and range forward contracts (a transaction where both a put option is purchased and a call option is sold), designated as cash flow hedges, hedge anticipated cash flows from cross-border intercompany sales of products and services. Gains and losses realized on these contracts at maturity are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and are recognized as a component of other income, net when the underlying sale of products or services are recognized into earnings. The notional amount of the contracts translated into U.S. dollars at December 31, 2009 and 2008, was \$29.2 million and \$66.7 million, respectively. The time value component of the fair value of range forwards is excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. Assuming the market rates remain constant with the rates at December 31, 2009, we expect to recognize into earnings in the next 12 months gains on outstanding derivatives of \$0.04 million.

Floating-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements, designated as cash flow hedges, are entered into from time to time to hedge our exposure to interest rate changes on a portion of our floating rate debt. These interest rate swap agreements convert a portion of our floating rate debt to fixed rate debt. We record the fair value of these contracts

as an asset or a liability, as applicable, in the balance sheet, with the offset to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (AOCI). We had no such agreements outstanding at December 31, 2009.

Gains related to cash flow hedges have been recognized as follows:

| Six months ended December 31 (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 |
|--|----------|----------|
| Gains recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income range forward contracts | \$ 38 | \$ 4,943 |
| Gains reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income into other (income) expense, net range forward contracts | \$ 1,510 | \$ 866 |

For the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, no portions of the gains (losses) recognized in earnings were due to ineffectiveness and no amount was excluded from our effectiveness testing.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****8. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES**

As previously announced, the Company continued to implement restructuring plans to reduce costs and improve operating efficiencies. These actions relate to the rationalization of certain manufacturing and service facilities, as well as other employment and cost reduction programs. Restructuring and related charges recorded in the six months ended December 31, 2009 amounted to \$12.7 million, including \$11.2 million of restructuring charges. Restructuring related charges of \$1.0 million and \$0.5 million were recorded in cost of goods sold and operating expense, respectively, during the six months ended December 31, 2009. We realized incremental pre-tax benefits from these restructuring programs of approximately \$30 million and \$60 million for the three and six months ended December 31, 2009, respectively.

Restructuring and related charges recorded in the six months ended December 31, 2008 amounted to \$19.2 million, including \$14.9 million of restructuring charges, of which \$0.3 million were related to inventory disposals and recorded in cost of goods sold, and \$4.3 million of restructuring-related charges recorded in cost of goods sold.

We intend to undertake further restructuring actions which are expected to generate an additional \$30 million to \$35 million in annual savings once fully implemented over the next six to nine months. We expect to incur pre-tax cash charges of approximately \$40 million to \$45 million in connection with the execution of these new initiatives, most of which are expected to be cash expenditures. These new plans, together with restructuring programs previously announced over the past few quarters, are expected to produce annual ongoing pre-tax permanent savings of \$155 million to \$160 million once all are fully implemented. The combined total pre-tax charges are expected to be approximately \$155 million to \$160 million, including the \$94.2 million recorded since inception through the December 2009 quarter.

The restructuring accrual is recorded in other current liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet and the amount attributable to each segment is as follows:

| (in thousands) | June 30, 2009 | Expense | Asset | | Translation | December 31, 2009 |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | | | Write-down | Cash Expenditures | | |
| MSSG | | | | | | |
| Severance | \$ 19,988 | \$ 6,598 | \$ | \$ (18,454) | \$ 522 | \$ 8,654 |
| Facilities | 518 | | | (110) | (18) | 390 |
| Other | 201 | 197 | | (440) | 149 | 107 |
| Total MSSG | 20,707 | 6,795 | | (19,004) | 653 | 9,151 |
| AMSG | | | | | | |
| Severance | 4,465 | 1,112 | | (4,731) | 101 | 947 |
| Facilities | 158 | 66 | (66) | | | 158 |
| Other | 48 | 332 | | (77) | (3) | 300 |
| Total AMSG | 4,671 | 1,510 | (66) | (4,808) | 98 | 1,405 |
| Corporate | | | | | | |
| Severance | 1,584 | 2,873 | | (2,745) | 4 | 1,716 |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|
| Total Corporate | 1,584 | 2,873 | | (2,745) | 4 | 1,716 |
| Total | \$ 26,962 | \$ 11,178 | \$ (66) | \$ (26,557) | \$ 755 | \$ 12,272 |

9. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On June 30, 2009, we completed the sale of our high speed steel drills and related product lines as we continued to focus on shaping our business portfolio and rationalizing our manufacturing footprint. This divestiture, which was part of our MSSG segment, was accounted for as discontinued operations. Cash proceeds from this divestiture amounted to \$29.0 million, of which \$2.0 million was received prior to closing and \$27.0 million was received during the current six month period. We incurred pre-tax charges related to the divestiture of \$0.1 million and \$2.3 million during the three and six months ended December 31, 2009, respectively. These pre-tax charges as well as the related tax effects were recorded in discontinued operations. We expect to incur additional pre-tax charges related to this divestiture of approximately \$0.2 million over the next three months.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The following represents the results of discontinued operations:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Sales | \$ | \$ 22,623 | \$ | \$ 48,514 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations before income taxes | \$ (59) | \$ (29) | \$ (2,269) | \$ 553 |
| Income tax benefit (expense) | 3 | 1 | 846 | (126) |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations | \$ (56) | \$ (28) | \$ (1,423) | \$ 427 |

10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock options are granted to eligible employees at fair market value on the date of grant. Stock options are exercisable under specific conditions for up to 10 years from the date of grant. On October 21, 2008, at its Annual Meeting of Shareowners, the Company's shareowners approved the Amended and Restated Kennametal Stock and Incentive Plan of 2002 (the 2002 Plan). The 2002 Plan was amended primarily to (i) increase the aggregate number of shares of the Company's Capital Stock available for issuance under the 2002 Plan from 7,500,000 to 9,000,000, (ii) place a limit on the number of full share awards that may be made under the 2002 Plan, and (iii) provide that shares delivered to or withheld by the Company to pay withholding taxes under the 2002 Plan or any of the Company's prior stock plans and shares not issued upon the net settlement or net exercise of stock appreciation rights, in each case, will no longer be available for future grants under the 2002 Plan. In addition to stock option grants, the 2002 Plan permits the granting of restricted stock awards and restricted stock units to directors, officers and key employees.

Options

The assumptions used in our Black-Scholes valuation related to stock option grants made during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 2.3% | 3.0% |
| Expected life (years) ⁽¹⁾ | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Expected volatility ⁽²⁾ | 43.9% | 27.7% |
| Expected dividend yield | 1.8% | 1.3% |

(1) Expected life is derived from historical experience.

(2) Expected volatility is

based on the
historical
volatility of our
capital stock.

Changes in stock options for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Options | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Life (years) | Aggregate Intrinsic value (in thousands) |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Options outstanding, June 30, 2009 | 3,389,355 | \$ 25.95 | | |
| Granted | 922,499 | 21.56 | | |
| Exercised | (114,578) | 17.94 | | |
| Lapsed and forfeited | (188,672) | 27.93 | | |
| Options outstanding, December 31, 2009 | 4,008,604 | \$ 25.08 | 6.5 | \$ 11,924 |
| Options vested and expected to vest, December 31, 2009 | 3,892,012 | \$ 25.08 | 6.4 | \$ 11,491 |
| Options exercisable, December 31, 2009 | 2,318,465 | \$ 24.27 | 4.9 | \$ 7,955 |

Stock option expense for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$3.0 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2009, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to options outstanding was \$7.4 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The weighted average fair value per option granted during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$7.28 and \$7.15, respectively. The fair value of options vested during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$4.0 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

The amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$2.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. The related tax benefit for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$0.7 million and \$2.8 million, respectively.

Under the provisions of the 2002 Plan, participants may deliver our stock, owned by the holder for at least six months, in payment of the option price and receive credit for the fair market value of the shares on the date of delivery. There were no such shares delivered during the six months ended December 31, 2009. The fair value of shares delivered during the six months ended December 31, 2008 was \$0.6 million.

Restricted Stock Awards

Changes in restricted stock awards for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Fair Value |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Unvested restricted stock awards, June 30, 2009 | 419,761 | \$ 31.99 |
| Vested | (136,994) | 30.54 |
| Lapsed and forfeited | (25,555) | 32.91 |
| Unvested restricted stock awards, December 31, 2009 | 257,212 | \$ 32.77 |

During the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, compensation expense related to restricted stock awards was \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2009, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock awards was \$4.2 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2 years.

Restricted Stock Units Time vesting

In fiscal year 2010, we began granting time vesting restricted stock units under the 2002 Plan in place of restricted stock awards that had been traditionally granted under the plan.

Changes in time vesting restricted stock units for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Stock Units | Weighted Average Fair Value |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Unvested time vesting restricted stock units, June 30, 2009 | | \$ |
| Granted | 203,515 | 21.58 |

| | | | |
|---|---------|----|-------|
| Lapsed and forfeited | (9,321) | | 21.48 |
| Unvested time vesting restricted stock units, December 31, 2009 | 194,194 | \$ | 21.59 |

During the six months ended December 31, 2009, compensation expense related to time vesting restricted stock units was \$1.1 million. As of December 31, 2009, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested time vesting restricted stock units was \$2.5 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.4 years.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)***Restricted Stock Units STEP*

As of December 31, 2009, participating executives have been granted awards, under the Kennametal Inc. 2008 Strategic Transformational Equity Program, under the 2002 Plan (STEP), equal to that number of restricted stock units having a value of \$34.3 million. A further amount of \$3.0 million is available under the STEP for additional awards that may be made to other executives. There are no voting rights or dividends associated with these restricted stock units.

Under the STEP, participants may earn up to a cumulative 35 percent of the maximum restricted stock units awarded if certain threshold levels of the performance conditions are achieved through two interim dates of September 30, 2009 and 2010. The threshold level of performance conditions for September 30, 2009 was not achieved. Generally, the payment of any restricted stock units under the STEP is conditioned upon the participants being employed by the Company on the date of payment and the satisfaction of all other provisions of the STEP.

The assumptions used in our valuation for the EPS performance based portion of STEP restricted stock units granted during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|---------------------------------------|------|---------|
| Expected quarterly dividend per share | N/A | \$ 0.12 |
| Risk-free interest rate | N/A | 2.3% |

Changes in the EPS performance-based portion of STEP restricted stock units for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Stock Units | Weighted Average Fair Value |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Unvested EPS performance-based STEP restricted stock units, June 30, 2009 | 568,800 | \$ 35.06 |
| Granted | | |
| Forfeited | | |
| Unvested EPS performance-based STEP restricted stock units, December 31, 2009 | 568,800 | \$ 35.06 |

As of December 31, 2009, we continued to assume that none of the EPS performance-based STEP restricted stock units will vest.

The assumptions used in our lattice model valuation for the TSR performance-based portion of STEP restricted stock units granted during the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 were as follows.

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Expected volatility | N/A | 34.1% |
| Expected dividend yield | N/A | 2.0% |
| Risk-free interest rate | N/A | 2.3% |

Changes in the TSR performance-based STEP restricted stock units for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

| | Stock Units | Weighted Average Fair Value |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Unvested TSR performance-based STEP restricted stock units, June 30, 2009 | 306,270 | \$ 8.01 |
| Granted | | |
| Forfeited | | |
| Unvested TSR performance-based STEP restricted stock units, December 31, 2009 | 306,270 | \$ 8.01 |

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

During the six months ended December 31, 2009, compensation expense related to STEP restricted stock units was \$0.3 million. Based on a change in the probability of achieving the performance criteria related to the vesting of the EPS performance-based portion of the restricted stock units, we reversed previously recognized compensation expense related to these units of \$0.9 million for the six months ended December 31, 2008. As of December 31, 2009, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested STEP restricted stock units was \$1.0 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.8 years.

11. BENEFIT PLANS

We sponsor several defined benefit pension plans. Additionally, we provide varying levels of postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to most U.S. employees.

The table below summarizes the components of net periodic pension cost:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Service cost | \$ 1,997 | \$ 1,923 | \$ 3,995 | \$ 3,888 |
| Interest cost | 10,675 | 10,267 | 21,350 | 20,853 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (11,591) | (11,548) | (23,164) | (23,477) |
| Amortization of transition obligation | 14 | 13 | 29 | 31 |
| Amortization of prior service credit | (70) | (54) | (140) | (107) |
| Special termination benefits | 507 | | 1,967 | |
| Recognition of actuarial losses | 1,128 | 469 | 2,251 | 958 |
| Net periodic pension cost | \$ 2,660 | \$ 1,070 | \$ 6,288 | \$ 2,146 |

The table below summarizes the components of the net periodic other postretirement cost:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Service cost | \$ 25 | \$ 89 | \$ 50 | \$ 178 |
| Interest cost | 316 | 418 | 633 | 837 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 2 | 12 | 4 | 24 |
| Recognition of actuarial gains | (92) | (21) | (184) | (42) |
| Net periodic other postretirement benefit cost | \$ 251 | \$ 498 | \$ 503 | \$ 997 |

12. INVENTORIES

We used the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method of valuing inventories for approximately 50 percent and 49 percent of total inventories at December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, respectively. Because inventory valuations under the LIFO method are based on an annual determination of quantities and costs as of June 30 of each year, the interim LIFO valuations are based on our projections of expected year-end inventory levels and costs. Therefore, the interim financial results are subject to any year-end LIFO inventory adjustments.

Inventories consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | December 31, 2009 | June 30, 2009 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 237,662 | \$ 242,276 |
| Work in process and powder blends | 130,076 | 134,713 |
| Raw materials and supplies | 72,215 | 78,851 |
| Inventories at current cost | 439,953 | 455,840 |
| Less: LIFO valuation | (61,786) | (74,534) |
| Total inventories | \$ 378,167 | \$ 381,306 |

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KENNAMETAL INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13. LONG TERM DEBT AND CAPITAL LEASES

Long term debt and capital lease obligations consist primarily of Senior Unsecured Notes issued in June 2002 having an aggregate face amount of \$300.0 million as well as borrowings under a five-year, multi currency, revolving credit facility entered into in March 2006 (2006 Credit Agreement) which permits revolving credit loans of up to \$500.0 million. The 2006 Credit Agreement requires us to comply with various restrictive and affirmative covenants, including two financial covenants: a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio (as those terms are defined in the agreement).

On July 6, 2009, we entered into an amendment to our 2006 Credit Agreement. The amendment provides for the exclusion of certain cash restructuring charges from the earnings component used in the calculation of the leverage and interest ratios. In addition, the amendment provides for an increase in the permitted leverage ratio for certain quarterly measurement dates. The amendment also provides restrictions on share repurchases and securitizations, as well as future acquisitions and capital leases should leverage ratios exceed the permitted ratio that prevailed prior to the amendment. Furthermore, the amendment would require security interest in our domestic accounts receivable and inventories should our leverage ratio exceed a certain threshold. The amendment includes an increase in interest rates on borrowings of approximately 200 basis points.

14. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

We are subject to various U.S. Federal, state and international environmental laws and regulatory requirements and are involved from time to time in investigations or proceedings of various potential environmental issues concerning activities at our facilities or former facilities or remediation efforts as a result of past activities (including past activities of companies we have acquired). From time to time, we receive notices from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or equivalent state or international environmental agencies that we are a potentially responsible party (PRP) under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (commonly known as the Superfund Act) and/or equivalent laws. These notices assert potential liability for cleanup costs at various sites, which include sites owned by us, sites we previously owned and treatment or disposal sites not owned by us.

Superfund Sites We are involved as a PRP at several Superfund sites, and have responded to notices for other Superfund sites as to which our records disclose no involvement or for which predecessors of certain of our acquired companies have acknowledged responsibility. We have established reserves that we believe to be adequate to cover our share of the potential costs of remediation at certain of the Superfund sites; at December 31, 2009, the total of these accruals was \$0.2 million. For the remaining Superfund sites, proceedings in those matters have not yet progressed to a stage where it is possible to estimate the ultimate cost of remediation, the timing and extent of remedial action that may be required by governmental authorities or the amount of our liability alone or in relation to that of any other PRPs.

Other Environmental Issues We also maintain reserves for other potential environmental issues. At December 31, 2009, the total of these accruals was \$5.5 million and represents anticipated costs associated with the remediation of these issues. We recorded unfavorable foreign currency translation adjustments of \$0.1 million during the six months ended December 31, 2009 related to these reserves.

15. INCOME TAXES

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The effective income tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was 44.7 percent compared to 23.2 percent, respectively. The increase in the current quarter rate was driven by restructuring and related charges in lower tax jurisdictions and a benefit in the prior year quarter related to the completion of a routine income tax examination for certain prior fiscal years.

The effective income tax rate for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was 2.5 percent (benefit on a loss) compared to 20.3 percent (provision on income), respectively. The current year rate was unfavorably impacted by restructuring and related charges in lower tax jurisdictions and from the effects of having a relatively low pre-tax base. The prior year rate reflects a benefit from the completion of a routine income tax examination for certain prior fiscal years and the release of a valuation allowance in Europe.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, while diluted earnings per share is calculated to reflect the potential dilution that occurs related to the issuance of capital stock under stock option grants, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units. The difference between basic and diluted earnings per share relates solely to the effect of capital stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units.

For purposes of determining the number of diluted shares outstanding, weighted average shares outstanding for basic earnings per share calculations were increased due solely to the dilutive effect of unexercised capital stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units by 0.7 million shares and 0.6 million shares for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and 0.8 million shares for the six months ended December 31, 2008. For the six months ended December 31, 2009, the effect of unexercised capital stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units was anti-dilutive and therefore has been excluded from diluted shares outstanding as well as from the diluted earnings per share calculation. Unexercised stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units to purchase our capital stock of 2.9 million shares for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and 3.0 million shares for the six months ended December 31, 2009 are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the option exercise price was greater than the average market price, and therefore their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

17. EQUITY

A summary of the changes in the carrying amounts of total equity, Kennametal shareowners equity and equity attributable to noncontrolling interests as of December 31, 2009 is as follows:

| (in thousands) | Kennametal Shareowners Equity | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| | Capital stock | Additional capital | Retained earnings | Accumulated other comprehensive income | Noncontrolling interests | Total Equity |
| Balance as of June 30, 2009 | \$ 91,540 | \$ 357,839 | \$ 786,345 | \$ 11,719 | \$ 20,012 | \$ 1,267,455 |
| Net (loss) income | | | (3,850) | | 899 | (2,951) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | 23,551 | 530 | 24,081 |
| Dividend reinvestment | 8 | 138 | | | | 146 |
| Capital stock issued under employee benefit and stock plans | 261 | 10,451 | | | | 10,712 |
| Purchase of capital stock | (8) | (138) | | | | (146) |
| Equity offering | 10,063 | 110,633 | | | | 120,696 |
| Cash dividends paid to shareowners | | | (19,572) | | | (19,572) |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|-------|-------|
| Cash dividends paid to noncontrolling interests | | | | | | (176) | (176) |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|-------|-------|

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| Total equity, | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2009 | \$ 101,864 | \$ 478,923 | \$ 762,923 | \$ 35,270 | \$ 21,265 | \$ 1,400,245 | |

During July 2009, we completed the issuance of 8,050,000 shares of our capital stock generating gross proceeds of \$126.8 million and net proceeds, after deduction of fees, of \$120.7 million. The net proceeds were used to pay down outstanding indebtedness under our revolving credit facility.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

A summary of the changes in the carrying amounts of total equity, Kennametal shareowners' equity and equity attributable to noncontrolling interests as of December 31, 2008 is as follows:

| (in thousands) | Kennametal Shareowners' Equity | | | Accumulated other comprehensive income | Noncontrolling interests | Total Equity |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | Capital stock | Additional capital | Retained earnings | | | |
| Balance as of June 30, 2008 | \$ 96,076 | \$ 468,169 | \$ 941,553 | \$ 142,109 | \$ 21,527 | \$ 1,669,434 |
| Net income | | | 51,126 | | 684 | 51,810 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | (129,956) | (2,508) | (132,464) |
| Dividend reinvestment | 22 | 393 | | | | 415 |
| Capital stock issued under employee benefit and stock plans | 275 | 6,403 | | | | 6,678 |
| Purchase of capital stock | (4,987) | (122,544) | | | | (127,531) |
| Cash dividends paid to shareowners | | | (17,912) | | | (17,912) |
| Cash dividends paid to noncontrolling interests | | | | | (303) | (303) |
| Noncontrolling interest share buy out | | | | | (165) | (165) |
| Total equity, December 31, 2008 | \$ 91,386 | \$ 352,421 | \$ 974,767 | \$ 12,153 | \$ 19,235 | \$ 1,449,962 |

The amounts of comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Kennametal shareowners' and noncontrolling interests are disclosed in Note 18.

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****18. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

Comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|
| | December 31, | | December 31, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 6,237 | \$ 15,558 | \$ (2,951) | \$ 51,810 |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives designated and qualified as cash flow hedges, net of income tax | (6) | 130 | (1,045) | 1,131 |
| Reclassification of unrealized losses on expired derivatives designated and qualified as cash flow hedges, net of income tax | 57 | 2,220 | 20 | 4,866 |
| Unrecognized net pension and other postretirement benefit (losses) gains, net of income tax | (316) | 3,143 | 554 | 4,564 |
| Reclassification of net pension and other postretirement benefit losses, net of income tax | 598 | 566 | 1,191 | 898 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of income tax | (1,948) | (49,344) | 23,361 | (143,923) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | 4,622 | (27,727) | 21,130 | (80,654) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests | 384 | (709) | 1,429 | (1,824) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Kennametal Shareowners | \$ 4,238 | \$ (27,018) | \$ 19,701 | \$ (78,830) |

19. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair value of the net assets of acquired companies. Goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are tested at least annually for impairment. We perform our annual impairment tests during the June quarter in connection with our annual planning process. We also perform specific impairment tests on an interim basis if we deem that a triggering event indicating impairment of the goodwill for a reporting unit or an indefinite-lived intangible asset may have occurred. We evaluate the recoverability of goodwill for each of our reporting units by comparing the fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying value. The fair values of our reporting units are determined using a combination of a discounted cash flow analysis and market multiples based upon historical and projected financial information. We apply our best judgment when assessing the reasonableness of the financial projections used to determine the fair value of each reporting unit. We evaluate the recoverability of indefinite-lived intangible assets using a discounted cash flow analysis based on projected financial information. This evaluation is sensitive to changes in market interest rates and other external factors. A summary of the carrying amount of goodwill attributable to each segment as well as the changes in such are as follows:

| (in thousands) | MSSG | AMSG | Total |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Goodwill | \$ 278,614 | \$ 375,211 | \$ 653,825 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | (15,674) | (135,168) | (150,842) |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Balance as of June 30, 2009 | \$ 262,940 | \$ 240,043 | \$ 502,983 |
| Acquisitions / Divestitures | (121) | | (121) |
| Adjustments | | 19 | 19 |
| Translation | 2,433 | 1,035 | 3,468 |
| Change in Goodwill | 2,312 | 1,054 | 3,366 |
| Goodwill | 280,926 | 376,265 | 657,191 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | (15,674) | (135,168) | (150,842) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2009 | \$ 265,252 | \$ 241,097 | \$ 506,349 |

Table of Contents**KENNAMETAL INC.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The components of other intangible assets and their useful lives are as follows:

| (in thousands) | Estimated Useful Life (in years) | December 31, 2009 | | June 30, 2009 | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization |
| Contract-based | 4 to 15 | \$ 6,381 | \$ (5,080) | \$ 6,357 | \$ (4,896) |
| Technology-based and other | 4 to 15 | 39,436 | (20,522) | 39,472 | (18,971) |
| Customer-related | 10 to 20 | 112,738 | (26,867) | 111,687 | (22,773) |
| Unpatented technology | 30 | 19,527 | (4,269) | 19,484 | (3,802) |
| Trademarks | 5 to 20 | 10,841 | (3,442) | 10,782 | (2,717) |
| Trademarks | Indefinite | 40,328 | | 39,830 | |
| Total | | \$ 229,251 | \$ (60,180) | \$ 227,612 | \$ (53,159) |

During the six months ended December 31, 2009, we recorded amortization expense of \$6.7 million related to our other intangible assets offset by foreign currency translation adjustments of \$1.3 million.

20. SEGMENT DATA

We operate two reportable operating segments consisting of MSSG and AMMSG, and Corporate. We do not allocate certain corporate shared service costs, certain employee benefit costs, certain employment costs, such as performance-based bonuses and stock-based compensation expense, interest expense, other expense, income taxes or noncontrolling interest to our operating segments.

Our external sales, intersegment sales and operating income (loss) by segment are as follows:

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | December 31, | | December 31, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| External sales: | | | | |
| MSSG | \$ 261,487 | \$ 322,007 | \$ 492,478 | \$ 727,402 |
| AMMSG | 181,378 | 224,054 | 359,782 | 462,033 |
| Total external sales | \$ 442,865 | \$ 546,061 | \$ 852,260 | \$ 1,189,435 |
| Intersegment sales: | | | | |
| MSSG | \$ 27,961 | \$ 36,353 | \$ 58,655 | \$ 87,043 |
| AMMSG | 4,391 | 4,662 | 8,233 | 11,615 |
| Total intersegment sales | \$ 32,352 | \$ 41,015 | \$ 66,888 | \$ 98,658 |
| Total sales: | | | | |
| MSSG | \$ 289,448 | \$ 358,360 | \$ 551,133 | \$ 814,445 |
| AMMSG | 185,769 | 228,716 | 368,015 | 473,648 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Total sales | \$ 475,217 | \$ 587,076 | \$ 919,148 | \$ 1,288,093 |
| Operating income (loss): | | | | |
| MSSG | \$ 6,793 | \$ 6,904 | \$ (5,973) | \$ 49,283 |
| AMSG | 29,928 | 19,437 | 53,035 | 49,427 |
| Corporate | (21,250) | (3,770) | (41,122) | (23,796) |
| Total operating income | \$ 15,471 | \$ 22,571 | \$ 5,940 | \$ 74,914 |

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We evaluated subsequent events after the balance sheet date of December 31, 2009 through February 5, 2010, prior to the issuance of these condensed consolidated financial statements and concluded that no subsequent events occurred that would require recognition in these condensed consolidated financial statements and no subsequent events occurred that would require disclosure in these condensed consolidated financial statements except as disclosed in Note 8.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OVERVIEW

Kennametal Inc. is a leading global supplier of tooling, engineered components and advanced materials consumed in production processes. We believe that our reputation for manufacturing excellence as well as our technological expertise and innovation in our principal products has enabled us to achieve a leading market presence in our primary markets. End users of our products include metalworking manufacturers and suppliers across a diverse array of industries including the aerospace, automotive, machine tool, light machinery and heavy machinery industries, as well as manufacturers, producers and suppliers in a number of other industries including coal mining, highway construction, quarrying, and oil and gas exploration and production industries. Our end users' products include items ranging from airframes to coal, engines to oil wells and turbochargers to motorcycle parts.

Sales for the quarter ended December 31, 2009 improved sequentially by 8 percent from the preceding quarter. The improvement in sales was driven by an increase in industrial activity in certain markets and geographies. Compared to sales for the December quarter one year ago, sales were lower by 19 percent.

For the quarter ended December 31, 2009, we recorded net income attributable to Kennametal of \$6.0 million or \$0.07 per diluted share. Included in the results were pre-tax restructuring charges of \$3.3 million as well as a net loss from discontinued operations of \$0.1 million. Higher sales volume, increased permanent savings from restructuring programs and benefits from other cost reduction actions were the drivers for the net income.

The net results for the quarter ended December 31, 2009 improved sequentially from the September 2009 quarter.

This improved performance was aided by higher sales, increased permanent savings from restructuring programs and ongoing cost discipline. In addition, restructuring charges and discontinued operations expenditures were both lower on a sequential basis.

The permanent savings that we are realizing from restructuring are the result of programs that we have undertaken over the past twenty-one months. Pre-tax benefits from these restructuring actions reached approximately \$30 million in the current quarter due to manufacturing rationalization and workforce reduction programs. Most of these benefits were incremental to the same quarter one year ago. Kennametal continues to seek opportunities for further profitability enhancements and is implementing additional actions aimed at further reducing its current cost structure. As a result, we now expect to recognize approximately \$155 million to \$160 million of pre-tax charges and realize approximately \$155 million to \$160 million in annual pre-tax benefits related to our restructuring programs.

We generated cash flow from operating activities of \$53.4 million during the six months ended December 31, 2009.

This was aided by ongoing strong focus on management of working capital. We also reduced our capital expenditures to \$19.3 million for the current period, which represents a \$49.4 million decrease from the December period one year ago. Providing further cash during the current six month period was the receipt of remaining cash proceeds of \$27 million from the June 2009 sale of our high speed steel business.

We took other steps to improve our financial position and enhance our liquidity, including two significant actions taken in July 2009 which involved the amendment of our revolving credit facility and the issuance of 8.1 million shares of our capital stock.

Cash and cash equivalents were \$95.8 million as of December 31, 2009, an increase of \$26.0 million for the current period. Total debt at December 31, 2009 was \$338.8 million, a reduction of \$147.2 million since June 30, 2009. Total equity was \$1,400.2 million at December 31, 2009, an increase of \$132.8 million since June 30, 2009.

We remain confident in our operational ability and financial strength and believe that we are well positioned to continue to expand our sales and achieve higher levels of profitability in an improving global economy.

The following narrative provides further discussion and analysis of our results of operations, liquidity and capital resources as well as other pertinent matters.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

RESULTS OF CONTINUING OPERATIONS

SALES

Sales for the three months ended December 31, 2009 were \$442.9 million, a decrease of \$103.2 million, or 19 percent, from \$546.1 million in the prior year quarter. Sales declined organically by 23 percent partially offset by a 4 percent increase from favorable foreign currency effects. Global industrial production and the corresponding demand in most industries and markets were well below the levels of the prior year quarter due to the slow economic recovery from the global recession.

Sales for the six months ended December 31, 2009 were \$852.3 million, a decrease of \$337.1 million, or 28 percent, from \$1,189.4 million in the prior year period. Sales declined organically by 30 percent partially offset by a 2 percent increase from a business acquisition made in the prior fiscal year. Organic sales declined in all major metalworking markets except India. Organic sales decreased in the advance materials segment primarily due to lower sales in the engineered products business as well as reduced demand for energy related products.

GROSS PROFIT

Gross profit for the three months ended December 31, 2009 was \$140.1 million, a decrease of \$20.1 million from \$160.2 million in the prior year quarter. This decrease was primarily due to lower organic sales volume and reduced absorption of manufacturing costs due to lower production levels. The impact of these items was offset to a considerable extent by increased permanent savings from restructuring programs, lower raw material costs and favorable foreign currency effects of \$5.6 million as well as favorable business unit mix. The gross profit margin for the three months ended December 31, 2009 was 31.6 percent as compared to 29.3 percent generated in the prior year quarter.

Gross profit for the six months ended December 31, 2009 was \$257.9 million, a decrease of \$117.4 million from \$375.3 million in the prior year. This decline was primarily due to lower organic sales volume, reduced absorption of manufacturing costs due to lower production levels and unfavorable business unit mix. The impact of these items was offset to a considerable extent by increased permanent savings from restructuring programs, lower raw material costs and one-time benefits from certain labor negotiations in Europe as well as favorable foreign currency effects of \$0.3 million. The gross profit margin for the six months ended December 31, 2009 was 30.3 percent as compared to 31.6 percent in the prior year.

OPERATING EXPENSE

Operating expense for the three months ended December 31, 2009 decreased \$10.2 million or 8 percent to \$117.9 million compared to \$128.1 million in the prior year quarter. The decrease is attributable to a \$21.4 million decrease in employment expenses driven by restructuring programs and cash management activities, the impact of other cost reductions of \$5.2 million, partially offset by a \$12.3 million increase in incentive compensation expense and unfavorable foreign currency effects of \$4.0 million.

Operating expense for the six months ended December 31, 2009 decreased \$45.0 million or 16 percent to \$234.1 million compared to \$279.1 million in the prior year period. The decrease is attributable to a \$44.8 million decrease in employment expenses driven by restructuring programs and cost management activities, the impact of other cost reduction actions of \$11.5 million and favorable foreign currency effects of \$1.6 million, partially offset by a \$9.2 million increase in incentive compensation expense and the unfavorable impact of a prior year business acquisition.

RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

Over the past several quarters, the Company has undertaken a series of restructuring programs to reduce cost and improve operating efficiencies. These actions related to facility rationalizations and employment reductions. Restructuring and related charges recorded in the three months ended December 31, 2009 amounted to \$4.1 million, including \$3.3 million of restructuring charges. Restructuring related charges of \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million were recorded in cost of goods sold and operating expense, respectively, during the three months ended December 31, 2009. We realized incremental pre-tax benefits from these restructuring programs of approximately \$30 million for the three months ended December 31, 2009.

Restructuring and related charges recorded in the six months ended December 31, 2009 amounted to \$12.7 million, including \$11.2 million of restructuring charges. Restructuring related charges of \$1.0 million and \$0.5 million were recorded in cost of goods sold and operating expense, respectively, during the six months ended December 31, 2009. We realized incremental pre-tax benefits from these restructuring programs of approximately \$60 million for the six months ended December 31, 2009. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements set forth in Part I Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

We intend to undertake further restructuring actions which are expected to generate an additional \$30 million to \$35 million in annual savings once fully implemented over the next six to nine months. We expect to incur pre-tax cash charges of approximately \$40 million to \$45 million in connection with the execution of these new initiatives, most of which are expected to be cash expenditures. These new plans, together with restructuring programs previously announced over the past few quarters, are expected to produce annual ongoing pre-tax permanent savings of \$155 million to \$160 million once all are fully implemented. The combined total pre-tax charges are expected to be approximately \$155 million to \$160 million, including the \$94.2 million recorded since inception through the December 2009 quarter.

AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLES

Amortization expense was \$3.4 million for the three months ended December 31, 2009, an increase of \$0.1 million from \$3.3 million in the prior year quarter. Amortization expense was \$6.7 million for both the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense for the three months ended December 31, 2009 of \$6.0 million decreased \$2.0 million, or 26 percent, from \$8.0 million in the prior year quarter. Interest expense for the six months ended December 31, 2009 of \$12.3 million decreased \$2.8 million, or 18 percent, from \$15.1 million in the prior year quarter. These decreases were primarily due to repayment of outstanding indebtedness under our revolving credit facility with proceeds from our issuance of capital stock in July 2009, partially offset by higher interest rates related to the amended credit agreement.

OTHER INCOME, NET

Other income, net for the three months ended December 31, 2009 was \$1.9 million, compared to \$5.7 million for the three months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease was primarily driven by unfavorable change in foreign currency transaction results of \$2.3 million and lower interest income.

Other income, net for the six months ended December 31, 2009 was \$4.8 million, compared to \$4.6 million for the six months ended December 31, 2008. The change was primarily driven by a favorable change in foreign currency transaction results of \$2.0 million, offset by lower interest income.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was 44.7 percent compared to 23.2 percent, respectively. The increase in the current quarter rate was driven by restructuring and related charges in lower tax jurisdictions and a benefit in the prior year quarter related to the completion of a routine income tax examination for certain prior fiscal years.

The effective income tax rate for the six months ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was 2.5 percent (benefit on a loss) compared to 20.3 percent (provision on income), respectively. The current year rate was unfavorably impacted by restructuring and related charges in lower tax jurisdictions and from the effects of having a relatively low pre-tax base. The prior year rate reflects a benefit from the completion of a routine income tax examination for certain prior fiscal years and the release of a valuation allowance in Europe.

BUSINESS SEGMENT REVIEW

Our operations are organized into two reportable operating segments consisting of Metalworking Solutions & Services Group (MSSG) and Advanced Materials Solutions Group (AMSG), and Corporate. The presentation of segment information reflects the manner in which we organize segments for making operating decisions and assessing performance. Corporate represents certain corporate shared service costs, certain employee benefit costs, certain employment costs, including performance-based bonuses and stock-based compensation expense, and eliminations of operating results between segments.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)****METALWORKING SOLUTIONS & SERVICES GROUP**

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| External sales | \$ 261,487 | \$ 322,007 | \$ 492,478 | \$ 727,402 |
| Intersegment sales | 27,961 | 36,353 | 58,655 | 87,043 |
| Operating income (loss) | 6,793 | 6,904 | (5,973) | 49,283 |

For the three months ended December 31, 2009, MSSG external sales were \$261.5 million compared to \$322.0 million for the prior year quarter. This decrease was the result of an organic sales decline of 23 percent, partially offset by favorable foreign currency effects of 4 percent. Sequentially, sales increased by 13 percent from the preceding quarter and represents the second consecutive quarter of sequential growth as global industrial production continued to improve modestly. On a regional basis, India had a year-over-year organic sales increase of 5 percent. Europe and North America reported organic sales declines of 30 percent and 24 percent, respectively, compared with the prior year December quarter. Latin America and Asia Pacific also experienced year-over-year organic sales declines of 17 percent and 1 percent, respectively.

For the three months ended December 31, 2009, operating income was flat compared with the same quarter of the prior year. This was driven by benefits from restructuring programs and continued cost containment, offset by a reduction in sales of \$60.5 million.

For the six months ended December 31, 2009, MSSG external sales were \$492.5 million compared to \$727.4 million for the prior year period. This decrease was the result of an organic sales decline of 32 percent. On a regional basis, Europe and North America reported organic sales declines of 37 percent and 32 percent, respectively, compared to the prior year period. Latin America, Asia Pacific and India also experienced organic sales declines of 25 percent, 22 percent and 13 percent, respectively.

For the six months ended December 31, 2009, MSSG operating loss was \$6.0 million compared to operating income of \$49.3 million for the prior year period. The primary drivers which led to the lower operating performance were reduced sales volume and the related impact of reduced manufacturing cost absorption due to lower production levels. The impact of these items was offset to a considerable extent by increased permanent savings from restructuring programs and one-time benefits from certain labor negotiations in Europe as well as other cost reduction actions and higher price realization.

ADVANCED MATERIALS SOLUTIONS GROUP

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended December 31, | | Six Months Ended December 31, | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| External sales | \$ 181,378 | \$ 224,054 | \$ 359,782 | \$ 462,033 |
| Intersegment sales | 4,391 | 4,662 | 8,233 | 11,615 |
| Operating income | 29,928 | 19,437 | 53,035 | 49,427 |

For the three months ended December 31, 2009, AMSSG external sales were \$181.4 million compared to \$224.1 million for the prior year quarter. This decrease was the result of 22 percent organic decline, partially offset by the favorable impact of foreign currency effects of 3 percent. The organic decline was primarily driven by lower sales in the engineered products business as well as reduced demand for energy related products and capital equipment.

Sequentially, sales increased by 2 percent.

For the three months ended December 31, 2009, AMSG operating income was \$29.9 million compared to \$19.4 million for the prior year quarter. The primary drivers which led to higher operating performance were increased permanent savings from restructuring programs as well as other cost reduction actions, partially offset by lower sales volume.

For the six months ended December 31, 2009, AMSG external sales were \$359.8 million compared to \$462.0 million for the prior year period. This decrease was the result of 26 percent organic decline, partially offset by the favorable impact of acquisitions of 4 percent. The organic decline was primarily driven by lower sales in the engineered products business as well as reduced demand for energy related products.

For the six months ended December 31, 2009, AMSG operating income was \$53.0 million compared to \$49.4 million for the prior year period. The primary drivers which led to higher operating performance were increased permanent savings from restructuring programs as well as other cost reduction actions, partially offset by lower sales volume.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

CORPORATE

| (in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|----------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|
| | December 31, | | December 31, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Operating loss | \$ (21,250) | \$ (3,770) | \$ (41,122) | \$ (23,796) |

For the three months ended December 31, 2009, operating loss was \$21.3 million compared to operating loss of \$3.8 million for the prior year quarter. The increase in operating loss was primarily due to higher provisions for incentive compensation programs and higher spending on implementation of certain long-term strategic projects, partially offset by savings from salary reductions currently in effect.

For the six months ended December 31, 2009, operating loss was \$41.1 million compared to operating loss of \$23.8 million for the prior year period. The increase in operating loss was primarily due to higher provisions for incentive compensation programs, higher spending on implementation of certain long-term strategic projects and restructuring related charges, partially offset by savings from salary reductions currently in effect.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash flow from operations is our primary source of funds for financing our capital expenditures and internal growth. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, cash flow provided by operating activities was \$53.4 million, driven by our operating performance and continued focus to reduce our working capital. Our cash flow from operations exceeded our investment in capital expenditures for that period. Also during the current period, we received remaining cash proceeds of \$27.0 million from the divestiture of our high speed steel drills business that was completed in June 2009 and \$0.8 million from the sale of the our gage business in October 2009.

As an additional source of funds to meet our cash requirements, we have a five-year, multi currency, revolving credit facility entered into in March 2006 (2006 Credit Agreement) that extends to March 2011 and permits revolving credit loans of up to \$500.0 million. As of December 31, 2009, we had no outstanding borrowings under the agreement. In addition to our revolving credit facility, we obtain local financing through credit lines with commercial banks in the various countries in which we operate.

The 2006 Credit Agreement requires us to comply with various restrictive and affirmative covenants, including two financial covenants: a maximum leverage ratio and a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio (as those terms are defined in the agreement).

On July 6, 2009, we entered into an amendment to our 2006 Credit Agreement. The amendment provides for the exclusion of certain cash restructuring charges from the earnings component used in the calculation of the leverage and interest ratios. In addition, the amendment provides for an increase in the permitted leverage ratio for certain quarterly measurement dates. The amendment also provides restrictions on share repurchases and securitizations as well as future acquisitions and capital leases should leverage ratios exceed the permitted ratio that prevailed prior to the amendment. Furthermore, the amendment would require security interest in our domestic accounts receivable and inventories should our leverage ratio exceed a certain threshold. The amendment includes an increase in interest rates on borrowings of approximately 200 basis points.

Also during July 2009, we completed the issuance of 8.1 million shares of capital stock generating net proceeds of \$120.7 million which were used to pay down outstanding indebtedness under our revolving credit facility.

At December 31, 2009, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$95.8 million. Total shareholders' equity was \$1,379.0 million and total debt was \$338.8 million. Our current senior credit ratings are at investment grade levels. We believe that our current financial position, liquidity and credit ratings provide access to the capital markets. We continue to closely monitor our liquidity position and the condition of the capital markets as well as the counterparty risk of our credit providers. We believe that cash flow from operations and the availability under our credit lines will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements over the next 12 months.

There have been no material changes in our contractual obligations and commitments since June 30, 2009.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)***Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities*

During the six months ended December 31, 2009, cash flow provided by operating activities was \$53.4 million, compared to \$115.5 million for the prior year period. Cash flow provided by operating activities for the current year period consisted of net loss and non-cash items amounting to \$52.6 million of cash generation plus cash provided by changes in certain assets and liabilities netting to \$0.8 million. Contributing to the changes in certain assets and liabilities were a decrease in accounts receivable of \$12.0 million, a decrease in inventories of \$8.4 million and an increase in other of \$7.2 million, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$20.6 million and a decrease in accrued income taxes of \$6.3 million.

During the six months ended December 31, 2008, cash flow provided by operating activities consisted of net income and non-cash items totaling \$108.2 million and changes in certain assets and liabilities netting to \$7.3 million. Contributing to the changes in certain assets and liabilities were a decrease in accounts receivable of \$113.2 million partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$78.8 million due in part to a \$14.3 million payment of 2008 performance-based bonuses, and an increase in inventories of \$24.2 million.

Cash Flow Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities

Cash flow provided by investing activities was \$10.5 million for the six months ended December 31, 2009, an increase of \$142.7 million, compared to cash flow used for investing activities of \$132.2 million in the prior year period. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, cash flow provided by investing activities included \$27.0 million in remaining cash proceeds from the sale of our high speed steel drills business and related product lines and \$0.8 million in cash proceeds from the sale of our gage business, partially offset by \$19.3 million used for purchases of property, plant and equipment, which consisted primarily of equipment upgrades.

Cash flow used for investing activities was \$132.2 million for the six months ended December 31, 2008. Cash flow used for investing activities included \$68.7 million used for purchases of property, plant and equipment, which consisted primarily of equipment upgrades, and \$65.4 million used for the acquisition of business assets.

Cash Flow (Used for) Provided by Financing Activities

Cash flow used for financing activities was \$42.8 million for the six months ended December 31, 2009 compared to cash flow provided by financing activities of \$25.9 million in the prior year period. During the six months ended December 31, 2009, cash flow used for financing activities included \$120.7 million in net proceeds from issuance of capital stock and \$3.8 million of dividend reinvestment and the effect of employee benefit and stock plans partially offset by \$145.1 million net decrease in borrowings and \$19.6 million of cash dividends paid to shareowners.

For the six months ended December 31, 2008, cash flow provided by financing activities was \$25.9 million. Cash flow provided by financing activities included a \$163.7 million net increase in borrowings and \$3.8 million of dividend reinvestment and the effect of employee benefit and stock plans, partially offset by \$127.5 million used for the repurchase of capital stock and \$17.9 million of cash dividends paid to shareowners.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

At December 31, 2009, total assets were \$2,320.5 million having decreased \$26.5 million from \$2,347.0 million at June 30, 2009. Total liabilities decreased \$159.3 million from \$1,079.5 million at June 30, 2009 to \$920.2 million at December 31, 2009.

Working capital was \$510.3 million at December 31, 2009, an increase of \$13.4 million from \$496.9 million at June 30, 2009. The increase in working capital was driven primarily by an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$26.0 million, a decrease in current maturities of long-term debt and capital leases of \$18.5 million and a decrease in notes payable of \$11.2 million, partially offset by a decrease in other current assets of \$31.6 million and an increase in other current liabilities of \$9.8 million. Foreign currency effects accounted for \$4.9 million, \$3.1 million, \$0.8 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.01 million of the change in cash and cash equivalents, other current liabilities, other current assets, notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt and capital leases, respectively.

Property, plant and equipment, net decreased \$15.2 million from \$720.3 million at June 30, 2009 to \$705.1 million at December 31, 2009, primarily due to depreciation expense of \$40.8 million, partially offset by the favorable impact of

foreign currency effects of \$8.0 million and capital additions of \$19.3 million.

Table of Contents**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)**

At December 31, 2009, other assets were \$751.5 million, an increase of \$0.8 million from \$750.7 million at June 30, 2009. The primary drivers for the increase were an increase in goodwill and other assets of \$3.4 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, partially offset by a decrease in intangible assets of \$5.4 million. The increase in goodwill was primarily due to favorable foreign currency effects of \$3.5 million. The decrease in intangible assets was due to amortization expense of \$6.7 million, partially offset by favorable foreign currency effects of \$1.3 million. Long-term debt and capital leases decreased \$117.5 million from \$436.6 million at June 30, 2009 to \$319.1 million at December 31, 2009, primarily due to repayment of outstanding indebtedness under our revolving credit facility with proceeds from the issuance of capital stock.

Shareowners' equity was \$1,379.0 million at December 31, 2009, an increase of \$131.6 million from \$1,247.4 million at June 30, 2009. The increase was primarily attributed to an increase from foreign currency translation adjustments of \$22.8 million and net proceeds from issuance of capital stock of \$120.7 million, partially offset by net loss attributable to Kennametal of \$3.9 million and cash dividends paid to shareowners of \$19.6 million.

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

We are subject to various U.S. Federal, state and international environmental laws and regulatory requirements and are involved from time to time in investigations or proceedings of various potential environmental issues concerning activities at our facilities or former facilities or remediation efforts as a result of past activities (including past activities of companies we have acquired). From time to time, we receive notices from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or equivalent state or international environmental agencies that we are a potentially responsible party (PRP) under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (commonly known as the Superfund Act) and/or equivalent laws. These notices assert potential liability for cleanup costs at various sites, which include sites owned by us, sites we previously owned and treatment or disposal sites not owned by us.

Superfund Sites We are involved as a PRP at several Superfund sites, and have responded to notices for other Superfund sites as to which our records disclose no involvement or for which predecessors of certain of our acquired companies have acknowledged responsibility. We have established reserves that we believe to be adequate to cover our share of the potential costs of remediation at certain of the Superfund sites; at December 31, 2009, the total of these accruals was \$0.2 million. For the remaining Superfund sites, proceedings in those matters have not yet progressed to a stage where it is possible to estimate the ultimate cost of remediation, the timing and extent of remedial action that may be required by governmental authorities or the amount of our liability alone or in relation to that of any other PRPs.

Other Environmental Issues We also maintain reserves for other potential environmental issues. At December 31, 2009, the total of these accruals was \$5.5 million and represents anticipated costs associated with the remediation of these issues. We recorded unfavorable foreign currency translation adjustments of \$0.1 million during the six months ended December 31, 2009 related to these reserves.

DISCUSSION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies since June 30, 2009.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

See Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements set forth in Part I Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a description of new accounting standards.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no other material changes to our market risk exposure since June 30, 2009.

Table of Contents**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, the Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)). The Company's disclosure controls were designed to provide a reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote. However, the controls have been designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving the controls' stated goals. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2009.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS****ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾ | Average Price Paid per Share |
|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| October 1 through October 31, 2009 | 1,194 | \$ 23.78 |
| November 1 through November 30, 2009 | 3,099 | 24.57 |
| December 1 through December 31, 2009 | 2,235 | 23.43 |
| Total | 6,528 | \$ 24.03 |

- (1) During the six months ended December 31, 2009, employees delivered 3,429 shares of restricted stock to Kennametal, upon vesting, to satisfy tax-withholding requirements and 3,099 shares were purchased

on the open
market on
behalf of
Kennametal to
fund the
Company's
dividend
reinvestment
program.

The company has no publicly announced repurchase plans or programs as of December 31, 2009.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The information set forth in Part II, Item 4 of the Company's September 30, 2009 Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by reference.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(31) Rule 13a-14a/15d-14(a) Certifications

(31.1) Certification executed by Carlos M. Cardoso, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Kennametal Inc. Filed herewith.

(31.2) Certification executed by Frank P. Simpkins, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Kennametal Inc. Filed herewith.

(32) Section 1350 Certifications

(32.1) Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, executed by Carlos M. Cardoso, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Kennametal Inc., and Frank P. Simpkins, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Kennametal Inc. Filed herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KENNAMETAL INC.

Date: February 5, 2010

By: /s/ Martha A. Bailey
Martha A. Bailey
Vice President Finance and Corporate
Controller