

Edgar Filing: TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INC - Form 10-Q

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 08, 2006

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: \_\_\_\_\_ to: \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 0-21121

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

06-1456680  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

7 LASER LANE, WALLINGFORD, CT 06492  
(Address of principal executive offices)  
(Zip Code)

(203) 859-6800  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS	OUTSTANDING AS OF JULY 28, 2006
-----	-----
COMMON STOCK, \$.01 PAR VALUE	9,773,278

## TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(UNAUDITED)

(In thousands)	JUNE 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
	-----	-----
<b>ASSETS:</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,721	\$ 4,579
Receivables, net	10,012	8,359
Inventories	8,276	6,036
Refundable income taxes	150	295
Deferred tax assets	2,735	2,735
Other current assets	355	258
	-----	-----
Total current assets	27,249	22,262
	-----	-----
Fixed assets, net	5,561	4,510
Goodwill	1,469	1,469
Deferred tax assets	557	557
Intangible and other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$81 and \$41, respectively	559	534
	-----	-----
	8,146	7,070
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$35,395	\$29,332
	=====	=====
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,349	\$ 2,859
Accrued liabilities	4,606	3,198
Accrued restructuring expenses	420	420
Deferred revenue	402	410
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	10,777	6,887
	-----	-----
Accrued restructuring expenses, net of current portion	380	587
Deferred revenue, net of current portion	316	270
Other liabilities	338	331
	-----	-----
	1,034	1,188
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	11,811	8,075
	-----	-----

Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)

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Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	104	102
Additional paid-in capital	18,548	19,334
Retained earnings	9,403	7,489
Unamortized restricted stock compensation	--	(1,837)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	94	36
Treasury stock, 579,800 and 505,000 shares at cost	(4,565)	(3,867)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity	23,584	21,257
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$35,395	\$29,332
	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 30,		JUNE 30,	
(In thousands, except per share data)	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net sales	\$16,905	\$ 12,346	\$33,339	\$24,382
Cost of sales	11,159	8,092	21,906	16,451
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Gross profit	5,746	4,254	11,433	7,931
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating expenses:				
Engineering, design and product development	769	739	1,530	1,470
Selling and marketing	1,711	1,547	3,291	2,896
General and administrative	1,890	1,590	3,600	2,954
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	4,370	3,876	8,421	7,320
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income	1,376	378	3,012	611
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other income (expense):				
Interest, net	23	20	37	40
Other, net	(71)	16	(82)	15
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(48)	36	(45)	55
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income before income taxes	1,328	414	2,967	666
Income tax provision	471	147	1,053	236
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 857	\$ 267	\$ 1,914	\$ 430
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.04
Shares used in per-share calculation				
Basic	9,581	9,970	9,570	9,990
Diluted	9,927	10,246	9,898	10,379

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands)	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 1,914	\$ 430
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Share-based compensation expense	311	194
Deferred income taxes	--	(60)
Incremental tax benefits from stock options exercised	(233)	--
Depreciation and amortization	782	808
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(1,653)	(756)
Inventories	(2,240)	158
Refundable income taxes	145	--
Other current assets	(97)	159
Other assets	(83)	1
Accounts payable	2,490	(1,377)
Accrued liabilities and other liabilities	1,686	(532)
Accrued restructuring expenses	(207)	(223)
	2,815	\$(1,198)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of fixed assets	(1,775)	(1,495)
Purchases of intangible assets	--	(475)
	(1,775)	(1,970)
	-----	-----
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from option exercises	509	311
Purchases of common stock for treasury	(698)	(984)
Incremental tax benefits from stock options exercised	233	--
Payment of expenses related to preferred stock conversion and		

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registration of common stock	--	(3)
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	44	(676)
	-----	-----
Effect of exchange rate changes	58	(43)
	-----	-----
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,142	(3,887)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,579	8,628
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 5,721	\$ 4,741
	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

TransAct Technologies Incorporated ("TransAct"), which has its headquarters in Wallingford, CT and its primary operating facility in Ithaca, NY, operates in one industry segment, market-specific printers for transaction-based industries. These industries include gaming, lottery, banking and hospitality. Our printers are designed based on market specific requirements and are sold under the Ithaca(R) and Epic product brands. We distribute our products through OEMs, value-added resellers, selected distributors, and direct to end-users. Our product distribution spans across the Americas, Europe, the Middle East, Africa, the Caribbean Islands and the South Pacific. We also focus on the after-market side of the business, providing printer service, supplies and spare parts.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. These accounting principles were applied on a basis consistent with those of the consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to fairly state our financial position as of June 30, 2006, the results of our operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The December 31, 2005 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 included in our

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Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The financial position and results of operations of our foreign subsidiary are measured using the local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of such subsidiary have been translated at end of period exchange rates, and related revenues and expenses have been translated at weighted average exchange rates with the resulting translation gain or loss recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. Transaction gains and losses are included in other income.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") revised Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("FAS 123R"), which establishes accounting for share-based awards exchanged for employee services and requires companies to expense the estimated fair value of these awards over the requisite employee service period. We adopted the accounting provisions of FAS 123R beginning in the first quarter of 2006. Prior to January 1, 2006, we accounted for share-based compensation to employees in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, ("APB 25") "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. We also followed the disclosure requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("FAS 123"), as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure" ("FAS 148").

Under FAS 123R, share-based compensation expense is measured at the grant date, based on the estimated fair value of the award, and is recognized as expense over the employee's requisite service period. We have no awards with market or performance conditions. We adopted the provisions of FAS 123R on January 1, 2006, using a modified prospective application ("MPA"), which provides for certain changes to the method for valuing share-based compensation. Under the MPA, prior periods are not revised for comparative purposes. The valuation provisions of FAS 123R apply to new awards and to modifications or cancellations of awards that are outstanding on the effective date.

In November 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 123(R)-3, "Transition Election Related to Accounting for Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards." We have elected to adopt the alternative transition method provided in this FASB Staff Position for calculating the tax effects of share-based compensation pursuant to FAS 123R. The alternative transition method includes a simplified method to establish the beginning balance of the additional paid-in capital pool ("APIC pool") related to the tax effects of employee share-based compensation, which is available to absorb tax deficiencies recognized subsequent to the adoption of FAS 123R.

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We use the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to calculate the fair value of share based awards. The key assumptions for this valuation method include the expected term of the option, stock price volatility, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield and exercise price. Many of these assumptions are judgmental and highly sensitive in the determination of compensation expense. In addition, we estimate forfeitures when recognizing compensation expense, and we will adjust our estimate of forfeitures over the requisite service period based on the extent to which actual forfeitures differ, or are expected to differ, from such estimates. Changes in estimated forfeitures will be recognized through a cumulative true-up adjustment in the period of change and will also impact the amount of compensation expense to be recognized in future periods.

Under the assumptions indicated below, the weighted-average fair value of stock option grants for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$5.91. The table below indicates the key assumptions used in the option valuation calculations for options granted in the six months ended June 30, 2006 and a discussion of our methodology for developing each of the assumptions used in the valuation model:

	Six months ended June 30, 2006 -----
Expected option term	5.2 years
Expected volatility	78.4%
Risk-free interest rate	4.5%
Dividend yield	0%

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

No assumptions have been disclosed for the three months ended June 30, 2006, or the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, as no stock option grants were made during these periods.

**Expected Option Term** - This is the weighted average period of time over which the options granted are expected to remain outstanding giving consideration to our historical exercise patterns. Options granted have a maximum term of ten years. An increase in the expected term will increase compensation expense.

**Expected Volatility** - The stock volatility for each grant is measured using the weighted average of historical daily price changes of our common stock over the most recent period equal to the expected option term of the grant. An increase in the expected volatility factor will increase compensation expense.

**Risk-Free Interest Rate** - This is the U.S. Treasury rate in effect at the time of grant having a term approximately equal to the expected term of the



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option. An increase in the risk-free interest rate will increase compensation expense.

Dividend Yield - We have not made any dividend payments on our common stock, and we have no plans to pay dividends in the foreseeable future. An increase in the dividend yield will decrease compensation expense.

Prior to adopting the provisions of FAS 123R, we recorded estimated compensation expense for employee stock options based upon their intrinsic value on the date of grant pursuant to APB 25 and provided the required pro forma disclosures of FAS 123. Because we established the exercise price based on the fair market value of our common stock at the date of grant, the stock options had no intrinsic value upon grant, and therefore no expense was recorded prior to adopting FAS 123R. We recorded compensation expense for restricted stock at the fair value of the stock at the date of grant, recognized over the service period. Each accounting period, we reported the potential dilutive impact of stock options in our diluted earnings per common share using the treasury-stock method. Out-of-the-money stock options (i.e., the average stock price during the period was below the strike price of the stock option) were not included in diluted earnings per common share as their effect was anti-dilutive.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

For purposes of pro forma disclosures under FAS 123 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, the estimated fair value of the share-based awards was assumed to be amortized to expense over the stock option's vesting periods. The pro forma effects of recognizing estimated compensation expense under the fair value method on net income and net income per common share were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30, 2005	Six months ended June 30, 2005
	-----	-----
(In thousands, except per share data)		
Net income available to common shareholders:		
Net income available to common shareholders, as reported	\$ 267	\$ 430
Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of tax	81	125
Deduct: Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of tax	(226)	(395)
	-----	-----
Pro forma net income available to common shareholders	\$ 122	\$ 160
	=====	=====
Net income per common share:		

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Basic:		
As reported	\$0.03	\$0.04
Pro forma	\$0.01	\$0.02
Diluted:		
As reported	\$0.03	\$0.04
Pro forma	\$0.01	\$0.02

The pro forma effects of estimated share-based compensation expense on net income and earnings per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 were estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

On November 2, 2005, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the acceleration of the vesting of all outstanding unvested stock options granted to directors, officers and employees of the Company under our applicable stock incentive plans. As a result of the acceleration, options to acquire approximately 109,500 shares of our common stock, which otherwise would have vested from time to time over the next four years, became immediately exercisable. All other terms and conditions applicable to the outstanding stock option grants remain in effect. The option plans under which accelerated grants were issued are our 1996 Stock Plan, 1996 Directors' Stock Plan and the 2001 Employee Stock Plan.

The Compensation Committee's decision to accelerate the vesting of affected stock options was primarily based upon our required adoption of FAS 123R effective January 1, 2006. Due to the acceleration of vesting of unvested options prior to the adoption of FAS123R, we will only record compensation expense related to stock options granted in 2006 and beyond. We recorded approximately \$26,000 of compensation expense in the fourth quarter of 2005 related to the acceleration of vesting.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Upon adoption of FAS 123R, we recognized compensation expense associated with awards granted after January 1, 2006, and the unvested portion of previously granted awards that remain outstanding as of January 1, 2006, in our condensed consolidated statement of income for the first and second quarter of 2006. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, we recognized compensation expense of \$34,000 and \$55,000, respectively, for stock options and \$122,000 and \$256,000, respectively, for restricted stock, which was recorded in our condensed consolidated statement of income. The income tax benefits from share-based payments recorded in the income statement totaled \$55,000 and \$110,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. No expense related to stock options was recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. The following table illustrates the impact of the adoption of FAS 123R on reported amounts:

Three months ended	Six months ended
June 30, 2006	June 30, 2006

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	As Reported	Impact of FAS 123R Adoption	As Reported	Impact of FAS 123R Adoption
Operating income	\$1,376	\$ 34	\$3,012	\$ 55
Income before income taxes	\$1,328	\$ 34	\$2,967	\$ 55
Net income	\$ 857	\$ 22	\$1,914	\$ 36
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$0.00	\$ 0.20	\$0.00
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$0.00	\$ 0.19	\$0.00

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the adoption of FAS 123R resulted in tax benefits from stock options exercised in the period being classified as financing activities in the 2006 statement of cash flows. Shares that are issued upon exercise of employee stock options are newly issued shares and not issued from treasury stock. Upon the adoption of FAS 123R, we also reclassified the unamortized restricted stock compensation account of \$1,837,000 against additional paid-in capital. These adjustments are applied using MPA and, accordingly, have not been reflected in the 2005 financial statements.

STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS. We currently have four primary stock incentive plans: the 1996 Stock Plan, which provides for the grant of awards to officers and other key employees of the Company; the 1996 Directors' Stock Plan, which provides for non-discretionary awards to non-employee directors; the 2001 Employee Stock Plan, which provides for the grant of awards to key employees of the Company and other non-employees who may provide services to the Company; and the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, which provides for awards to executives, key employees, directors and consultants. The plans generally provide for awards in the form of: (i) incentive stock options, (ii) non-qualified stock options, (iii) restricted stock, (iv) restricted stock units, (v) stock appreciation rights or (vi) limited stock appreciation rights. However, the 2001 Employee Stock Plan does not provide for incentive stock option awards. Options granted under these plans have exercise prices equal to 100% of the fair market value of the common stock at the date of grant. Options granted have a ten-year term and generally vest over a three- to five-year period, unless automatically accelerated for certain defined events. Effective upon the approval of the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan on May 25, 2005, no new awards will be made under the 1996 Stock Plan, the 1996 Directors' Stock Plan or the 2001 Employee Stock Plan. At June 30, 2006, approximately 452,000 shares of common stock remained available for issuance under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan.

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TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(unaudited)

3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The 1996 Stock Plan, 1996 Directors' Stock Plan, 2001 Employee Stock Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan option activity is summarized below:

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	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Options outstanding at December 31, 2005:	741,501	\$ 6.10		
Granted	115,000	\$ 8.83		
Exercised	(102,971)	\$ 4.95		
Canceled	(3,000)	\$16.62		
Options outstanding at June 30, 2006	750,530	\$ 6.64	5.93	\$3,597
Options exercisable at June 30, 2006	635,530	\$ 6.24	5.27	\$3,427

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Outstanding at June 30, 2006	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Exercisable at June 30, 2006	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
\$ 2.00 - \$ 5.00	428,268	\$ 3.69	5.55	428,268	\$ 3.69
5.01 - 7.50	144,262	\$ 6.36	3.93	144,262	\$ 6.36
7.51 - 10.00	128,750	\$ 8.75	8.73	13,750	\$ 8.09
10.01 - 25.00	13,500	\$16.50	7.57	13,500	\$16.50
25.01 - 35.00	35,750	\$31.66	7.91	35,750	\$31.66
	750,530	\$ 6.64	5.93	635,530	\$ 6.24

As of June 30, 2006, unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options totaled \$625,000, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 4.6 years.

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was \$575,000 and \$692,000, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. No stock options vested during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

Cash received from stock option exercises for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$339,000 and \$509,000, respectively.

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### 3. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

RESTRICTED STOCK: Under the 1996 Stock Plan, 2001 Employee Stock Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, we have granted shares of restricted common stock, for no consideration, to our officers, directors and certain key employees. Restricted stock activity for the 1996 Stock Plan, 2001 Employee Stock Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan is summarized below:

	Restricted Stock	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
	-----	-----
Nonvested shares at December 31, 2005	187,550	\$12.23
Granted	15,000	13.78
Vested	(36,684)	12.78
Canceled	--	--
	-----	
Nonvested shares at June 30, 2006	165,866	\$12.25
	=====	

As of June 30, 2006, unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock totaled \$1,788,000, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.6 years. The total fair value of restricted stock that vested during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$48,000 and \$338,000, respectively.

### 4. INVENTORIES

The components of inventories are:

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
(In thousands)	-----	-----
Raw materials and purchased component parts	\$7,456	\$5,788
Finished goods	820	248
	-----	-----
	\$8,276	\$6,036
	=====	=====

### 5. ACCRUED PRODUCT WARRANTY LIABILITY

The following table summarizes the activity recorded in the accrued product warranty liability during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(In thousands)	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-----	-----	-----	-----

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Balance, beginning of period	\$ 600	\$ 644	\$ 644	\$ 597
Additions related to warranties issued	244	160	312	358
Warranty costs incurred	(242)	(140)	(354)	(291)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, end of period	\$ 602	\$ 664	\$ 602	\$ 664
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The current portion of the accrued product warranty liability is included in accrued liabilities and the long term portion is included in other liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets.

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 6. ACCRUED BUSINESS CONSOLIDATION AND RESTRUCTURING

In February 2001, we undertook a plan to consolidate all manufacturing and engineering into our existing Ithaca, NY facility and to close our Wallingford, CT manufacturing facility (the "Consolidation"). As of December 31, 2001, substantially all Wallingford product lines were successfully transferred to Ithaca, NY. We continue to apply the consensus set forth in EITF 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)" in recognizing the accrued restructuring expenses relating to the Consolidation. The remaining accrued restructuring balance relates to lease and other occupancy costs related to unused space at our Wallingford facility through March 31, 2008.

The following table summarizes the activity recorded in accrued restructuring expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(In thousands)	2006	2005	2006	2005
Accrual balance, beginning of period	\$ 900	\$1,345	\$1,007	\$1,454
Cash payments	(100)	(114)	(207)	(223)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Accrual balance, end of period	\$ 800	\$1,231	\$ 800	\$1,231
	=====	=====	=====	=====

#### 7. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, "Earnings Per Share."

The following table sets forth the reconciliation of basic weighted average

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shares outstanding and diluted weighted average shares outstanding:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	----- 2006 -----	2005 -----	----- 2006 -----	2005 -----
Net income	\$ 857	\$ 267	\$1,914	\$ 430
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Shares:				
Basic: Weighted average common shares outstanding	9,581	9,970	9,570	9,990
Add: Dilutive effect of outstanding options and restricted stock as determined by the treasury stock method	346	276	328	389
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Diluted: Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	9,927	10,246	9,898	10,379
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.04

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### TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 7. EARNINGS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

Unvested restricted stock is excluded from the calculation of weighted average common shares for basic EPS. For diluted EPS, weighted average common shares include the impact of restricted stock under the treasury method.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, potentially dilutive shares that were excluded from the net income per share calculation, consisting of out-of-the-money stock options, amounted to 49,250 and 49,250 shares, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, potentially dilutive shares that were excluded from the net income per share calculation, consisting of out-of-the-money stock options, amounted to 55,250 and 52,250 shares, respectively.

#### 8. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following table summarizes the Company's comprehensive income:

	Three months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30,
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(In thousands)	----- 2006	2005	----- 2006	2005
	----	----	-----	----
Net income	\$857	\$267	\$1,914	\$430
Foreign currency translation adjustment	50	(40)	58	(43)
	----	----	-----	----
Total comprehensive income	\$907	\$227	\$1,972	\$387
	====	====	=====	====

### 9. STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Changes in stockholders' equity for the six months ended June 30, 2006 were as follows (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2005	\$21,257
Net income	1,914
Issuance of shares from exercise of stock options	509
Purchases of treasury stock	(698)
Share-based compensation	311
Tax benefits from employee stock transactions	233
Foreign currency translation adjustment	58
	-----
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$23,584
	=====

### 10. SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS

In March 2005, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program (the "Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the program, we are authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of our outstanding shares of common stock from time to time on the open market over a three year period ending on March 25, 2008, depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. During the three months ended June 30, 2006, no repurchases were made. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we repurchased a total of 74,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$698,000 at an average price of \$9.33 per share. As of June 30, 2006, we repurchased a total of 579,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$4,565,000 at an average price of \$7.87 per share since the inception of the Stock Repurchase Program.

## TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In April 2005, we announced a complaint against FutureLogic, Inc. ("FutureLogic") in Connecticut, which charges FutureLogic with disseminating false and misleading statements. We assert claims of defamation and certain other charges. In May 2005, FutureLogic filed a complaint against us in California, asserting false advertising, defamation, trade libel and certain other charges. We moved to dismiss FutureLogic's action in



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California, on the grounds that any claims raised in that action should have been brought as part of the case filed by us in Connecticut. In the alternative, we moved to stay the California action pending the resolution of jurisdictional motions in the Connecticut court. In January 2006, the California court filed an order granting our motion to stay the California proceeding pending the resolution of jurisdictional motions in the Connecticut case. Under the California court's order, should the Connecticut court find that it has jurisdiction over, FutureLogic, FutureLogic's patent case will be transferred to the Connecticut court for consolidation with the action pending in that forum. The jurisdictional motions before the Connecticut court were fully briefed in February 2006 and await the decision of the Connecticut court. The action is currently in the pre-trial motion stage, and, as of June 30, 2006, we are currently unable to estimate any potential liability or range of loss associated with this litigation. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued in the financial statements related to this matter.

### 12. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation 48, "Accounting for Income Tax Uncertainties" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 defines the threshold for recognizing the benefits of tax return positions in the financial statements as "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the taxing authority. The recently issued literature also provides guidance on the derecognition, measurement and classification of income tax uncertainties, along with any related interest and penalties. FIN 48 also includes guidance concerning accounting for income tax uncertainties in interim periods and increases the level of disclosures associated with any recorded income tax uncertainties.

FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The differences between the amounts recognized in the statements of financial position prior to the adoption of FIN 48 and the amounts reported after adoption will be accounted for as a cumulative-effect adjustment recorded to the beginning balance of retained earnings. Because the guidance was recently issued, we have not yet determined the impact, if any, of adopting the provisions of FIN 48 on our financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 31, 2006, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility to extend the expiration date of our \$11.5 million revolving credit line to November 29, 2006.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements included in this report, including without limitation statements in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, which are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend",

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"estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "project" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other similar words. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, customer acceptance and market share gains, both domestically and internationally, in the face of substantial competition from competitors that have broader lines of products and greater financial resources; the introduction of new products into the marketplace by competitors; successful product development; dependence on significant customers; dependence on significant vendors; the ability to recruit and retain quality employees as we grow; dependence on third parties for sales outside the United States including Australia, New Zealand, Europe and Latin America; economic and political conditions in the United States, Australia, New Zealand, Europe and Latin America; marketplace acceptance of new products; availability of third-party components at reasonable prices; the absence of price wars or other significant pricing pressures affecting our products in the United States and abroad; risks associated with potential future acquisitions; and the outcome of lawsuits between TransAct and FutureLogic, Inc. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report and we assume no duty to update them to reflect new, changing or unanticipated events or circumstances.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared by us in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The presentation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Our estimates include those related to revenue recognition, inventory obsolescence, the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, depreciable lives of equipment, warranty obligations, contingent liabilities and restructuring accruals. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For a complete description of our accounting policies, see Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates," included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. We have reviewed those policies and determined that, in addition to the policies noted below, they remain our critical accounting policies for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS - As of January 1, 2006, we account for employee stock-based compensation costs in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("FAS 123R"). We utilize the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock based compensation at the date of grant, which requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including expected volatility and expected term. Further, as required under FAS 123R, we now estimate forfeitures for options granted, which are not expected to vest. Changes in these inputs and assumptions can materially affect the measure of estimated fair value of our share-based compensation. We adopted the provisions of FAS 123R on January 1, 2006, using a modified prospective application, which provides for certain changes to the method for valuing share-based compensation. Under the modified prospective application ("MPA"), prior periods are not revised for comparative purposes. The valuation provisions of FAS 123R apply to new awards and to awards that are outstanding on the effective date and subsequently modified or cancelled.

On November 2, 2005, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved accelerating the vesting of all outstanding unvested stock options

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granted to directors, officers and employees of the Company under our applicable stock incentive plans. As a result of the acceleration, options to acquire approximately 109,500 shares of our common stock, which otherwise would have vested from time to time over the next four years, became immediately exercisable. All other terms and conditions applicable to the outstanding stock option grants remain in effect. The option plans under which accelerated grants were issued are our 1996 Stock Plan, 1996 Directors' Stock Plan and the 2001 Employee Stock Plan.

The Compensation Committee's decision to accelerate the vesting of affected stock options was primarily based upon our required adoption of FAS 123R effective January 1, 2006. Due to the acceleration of vesting of unvested

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options prior to the adoption of FAS123R, we will only record compensation expense related to stock options granted in 2006 and beyond. We recorded approximately \$26,000 of compensation expense in the fourth quarter of 2005 related to the acceleration of vesting.

Upon adoption of FAS 123R, we recognized compensation expense associated with awards granted after January 1, 2006, and the unvested portion of previously granted awards that remain in our condensed consolidated statement of income for the first and second quarter of 2006. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, we recognized compensation expense of \$34,000 and \$55,000, respectively, for stock options and \$122,000 and \$256,000, respectively, for restricted stock, which was recorded in our condensed consolidated statement of income. The income tax benefits from share-based payments recorded in the income statement totaled \$55,000 and \$110,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. No expense related to stock options was recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2005. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the adoption of FAS 123R resulted in tax benefits from stock options exercised in the period being classified as financing activities in the 2006 statement of cash flows. Shares that are issued upon exercise of employee stock options are newly issued shares and not issued from treasury stock. Upon the adoption of FAS 123R, we also reclassified the unamortized restricted stock compensation account of \$1,837,000 against additional paid-in capital. This adjustment is applied using MPA and, accordingly, have not been reflected in the 2005 financial statements.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NET SALES. Net sales, which include printer sales and sales of spare parts, consumables and repair services, by market for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

(In thousands)	Three months ended		Three months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Point of sale and banking	\$ 4,448	26.3%	\$ 3,155	25.6%	\$1,293	41.0%
Gaming and lottery	9,144	54.1%	6,027	48.8%	3,117	51.7%
TransAct Services Group	3,313	19.6%	3,164	25.6%	149	4.7%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

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	\$16,905	100.0%	\$12,346	100.0%	\$4,559	36.9%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	
International *	\$ 3,068	18.1%	\$ 2,941	23.8%	\$ 127	4.3%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	

\* International sales do not include sales of printers made to domestic distributors or other customers who in turn ship those printers to international destinations.

Net sales for the second quarter of 2006 increased \$4,559,000, or 37%, from the same period last year due to sales increases in each of our markets: point of sale ("POS") and banking (an increase of approximately \$1,293,000, or 41%); gaming and lottery (an increase of approximately \$3,117,000, or 52%); and the TransAct Services Group ("TSG") (an increase of \$149,000, or 5%). Overall, international sales increased by \$127,000, or 4%, due largely to higher international shipments of our gaming printers.

POINT OF SALE AND BANKING:

Revenue from the POS and banking market includes sales of inkjet, thermal and impact printers used primarily by retailers in the hospitality, restaurant (including fine dining, casual dining and fast food) and specialty retail industries to print receipts for consumers, validate checks, or print on other inserted media. Revenue from this market also includes sales of printers used by banks, credit unions and other financial institutions to print and/or validate receipts at bank teller stations. Sales of our POS and banking printers worldwide increased approximately \$1,293,000, or 41%.

(In thousands)	Three months ended		Three months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Domestic	\$4,074	91.6%	\$2,463	78.1%	\$1,611	65.4%
International	374	8.4%	692	21.9%	(318)	(46.0%)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$4,448	100.0%	\$3,155	100.0%	\$1,293	41.0%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	

Domestic POS and banking printer revenue increased to \$4,074,000, representing a \$1,611,000, or 65%, increase from the second quarter of 2005, due primarily to higher sales of (1) our line of thermal printers including our new

thermal printer launched in 2005 exclusively for POS distributors and (2) our line of inkjet printers, with the most significant increase in our Bankjet (R) line of inkjet printers to existing banking customers. Although we are currently pursuing several banking opportunities, due to the project-oriented nature of these sales, we cannot predict if and when future sales may occur. International POS and banking printer shipments decreased by approximately \$318,000, or 46%, to \$374,000, due primarily to lower sales to our international POS distributors in Europe and Latin America.

We expect sales into the POS and banking market for the third quarter of 2006 to be lower than those reported for the second quarter of 2006 due to lower

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expected banking printer shipments.

### GAMING AND LOTTERY:

Revenue from the gaming and lottery market includes sales of printers used in slot machines, video lottery terminals ("VLTs") and other gaming machines that print tickets instead of issuing coins ("ticket-in, ticket-out" or "TITO") at casinos, racetracks ("racinos") and other gaming venues worldwide. Revenue from this market also includes sales of lottery printers to GTECH, the world's largest provider of lottery terminals, for various lottery applications. Sales of our gaming and lottery products increased by \$3,117,000, or 52%, from the second quarter of 2005, primarily due to higher sales of lottery printers to GTECH and higher international gaming printer sales, partially offset by a decrease in domestic sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers.

(In thousands)	Three months ended		Three months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Domestic	\$7,205	78.8%	\$4,494	74.6%	\$2,711	60.3%
International	1,939	21.2%	1,533	25.4%	406	26.5%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$9,144	100.0%	\$6,027	100.0%	\$3,117	51.7%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Domestic sales of our gaming and lottery printers increased by \$2,711,000, or 60%, due largely to a significant increase in sales of lottery printers to GTECH. Lottery printer sales to GTECH Corporation, which include thermal on-line lottery printers, increased by approximately \$3,776,000, or 963%, in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. Our quarterly sales to GTECH are directly dependent on the timing and number of new and upgraded lottery terminal installations GTECH performs, and as a result, may fluctuate significantly quarter-to-quarter. Our sales to GTECH are not indicative of GTECH's overall business or revenue. Based on the timing of orders, we expect sales of lottery printers to GTECH for the third quarter of 2006 to be less than those reported in the second quarter of 2006.

The increase in domestic lottery printer sales from GTECH was partially offset by a decrease in sales of our thermal casino printers domestically, as the domestic casino market remains weak and a large slot machine manufacturer continues to deplete a large inventory position of our printers. However, despite lower domestic gaming sales, we believe that we continue to increase market share as we realize benefits from our new sales relationship with JCM American Corporation.

International gaming and lottery printer sales increased \$406,000, or 27%, to \$1,939,000 in the second quarter of 2006. Such sales represented 21% and 25% of total sales into our gaming and lottery market during the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively. This increase was led primarily by continued growth in international gaming printer sales, primarily in Australia and Canada, somewhat offset by a decrease in gaming printer sales in Europe. We expect sales of our international gaming and lottery printers for the third quarter of 2006 to be higher than those reported for the second quarter of 2006, as we expect the rollout of ticket printing in Australia to accelerate.

### TRANSACT SERVICES GROUP:

Revenue from the TransAct Services Group ("TSG") includes sales of consumable

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products (inkjet cartridges, ribbons and paper), replacement parts, maintenance and repair services, refurbished printers, and shipping and handling charges. Sales from TSG increased by approximately \$149,000, or 5%.

(In thousands)	Three months ended		Three months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Domestic	\$2,558	77.2%	\$2,448	77.4%	\$110	4.5%
International	755	22.8%	716	22.6%	39	5.4%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$3,313	100.0%	\$3,164	100.0%	\$149	4.7%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

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Domestic revenue from TSG increased by approximately \$110,000, to \$2,558,000 largely due to higher maintenance and repair services revenue and increased sales of refurbished printers and consumable products. These increases were somewhat offset by a decline in the sale of replacement parts for certain legacy printers, as the installed base of these legacy printers in the market decline. Internationally, TSG revenue for the second quarter of 2006 was consistent with that reported for the second quarter of 2005, increasing by approximately \$39,000. We expect sales from TSG to continue to grow throughout the remainder of 2006, as our installed base of printers continues to grow and we derive benefits from the additional sales staff and our service center in Las Vegas, NV and expanded service center in Wallingford, CT.

**GROSS PROFIT.** Gross profit is measured as revenue less cost of goods sold. Cost of goods sold includes primarily the cost of all raw materials and component parts, direct labor, and the associated manufacturing overhead expenses. Gross profit increased \$1,492,000, or 35%, due primarily to a higher volume of sales in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. Gross margin decreased to 34.0% from 34.5%, due primarily to a less favorable sales mix. We expect gross margin for the third quarter of 2006 to be consistent with the gross margin reported for the second quarter of 2006.

**ENGINEERING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT.** Engineering, design and product development expenses primarily include salary and payroll related expenses for our engineering staff, depreciation and design expenses (including prototype printer expense, outside design and testing services, and supplies). Such expenses increased by \$30,000, or 4%, to \$769,000, as we incurred higher expenses related to increased engineering staffing and product development expenses related to our new line of off-premise gaming printers, which were largely offset by a decrease in costs associated with IGT's integration and attainment of jurisdictional approvals for our new Epic 950(TM) thermal casino printer on all of IGT's slot platforms worldwide (the "IGT Integration"). We incurred approximately \$50,000 of IGT Integration costs in the second quarter of 2005 that did not recur in the second quarter of 2006. Engineering and product development expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 4.6% from 6.0%, due primarily to higher sales in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. We expect engineering and product development expenses for the third quarter of 2006 to be lower than those reported in the second quarter of 2006 due to lower expected outside development expenses.

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**SELLING AND MARKETING.** Selling and marketing expenses primarily include salaries and payroll related expenses for our sales and marketing staff, sales commissions, travel expenses, expenses associated with the lease of sales offices, advertising, trade show expenses and other promotional marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for the second quarter of 2006 increased by \$164,000, or 11%, to \$1,711,000, as we incurred the full-quarter effect of expenses related to the addition of new corporate marketing staff, and new sales staff for our three Strategic Sales Units, including those for our new service centers in Las Vegas, NV and Wallingford, CT, made throughout 2005. These increases were somewhat offset by lower travel, trade show and other promotional marketing expenses compared with the second quarter of 2005. Selling and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 10.1% from 12.5%, due primarily to higher sales volume in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005. We expect selling and marketing expenses to be higher in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2006, as we expect to incur higher trade show, promotional marketing, and compensation-related expenses.

**GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE.** General and administrative expenses primarily include salaries and payroll related expenses for our executive, accounting, human resource and information technology staff, expenses for our corporate headquarters, professional and legal expenses, and telecommunication expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$300,000, or 19%, to \$1,890,000, due primarily to approximately \$220,000 of legal and consulting services related to a potential acquisition that will not be consummated. The increase was also attributable to the full-quarter effect in 2006 of compensation-related expenses associated with the relocation of our accounting department from Ithaca, NY to Wallingford, CT during 2005 and increased telecommunications expenses associated with the implementation of our new companywide phone system in the first quarter of 2006. General and administrative expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 11.2% from 12.9%, due primarily to increased sales in proportion to higher expenses in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the second quarter of 2005. We expect general and administrative expenses to be lower in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2006, as the expenses we incurred related to a potential acquisition in the second quarter of 2006 are not expected to recur.

**OPERATING INCOME.** During the second quarter of 2006 we reported operating income of \$1,376,000, or 8.1% of net sales, compared to \$378,000, or 3.1% of net sales in the second quarter of 2005. The substantial increase in our operating income and operating margin was due largely to the operating leverage we experienced in the second

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quarter of 2006 resulting from higher sales and gross profit, somewhat offset by higher operating expenses, including those related to the potential acquisition explained above, compared to that of 2005.

**INTEREST.** We recorded net interest income of \$23,000 in the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$20,000 in the second quarter of 2005. Our average cash balance was slightly higher in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the second quarter of 2005, as we did not repurchase any common stock during the second quarter of 2006. We do not expect to draw on our revolving borrowings as we expect to continue to generate cash from operations during 2006. As a result, we expect to continue to report net interest income throughout 2006. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below for more information.

**OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE).** We recorded other expense of \$71,000 in the second

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quarter of 2006 due primarily to transaction exchange losses recorded by our UK subsidiary resulting from the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the British pound. The U.S. dollar lost approximately 10% of its value compared to the British pound during this period. We recorded other income of \$16,000 in the second quarter of 2005 due primarily to transaction exchange gains recorded resulting from the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the British pound during this period.

**INCOME TAXES.** We recorded an income tax provision of \$471,000 and \$147,000 in the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively, at an effective rate of 35.5% in each period. We expect our annual effective tax rate for 2006 to be between 35% and 36%.

**NET INCOME.** We reported net income during the second quarter of 2006 of \$857,000, or \$0.09 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$267,000, or \$0.03 per diluted share, for the second quarter of 2005.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

**NET SALES.** Net sales by business unit for the current and prior year's six month period were as follows:

(In thousands)	Six months ended		Six months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Point of sale and banking	\$ 9,112	27.3%	\$ 7,109	29.1%	\$2,003	28.2%
Gaming and lottery	17,788	53.4%	11,498	47.2%	6,290	54.7%
TransAct Services Group	6,439	19.3%	5,775	23.7%	664	11.5%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$33,339	100.0%	\$24,382	100.0%	\$8,957	36.7%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
International *	\$6,877	20.6%	\$ 5,024	20.6%	\$1,853	36.9%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

\* International sales do not include sales of printers made to domestic distributors or other customers who in turn ship those printers to international destinations.

Net sales for the first half of 2006 increased \$8,957,000, or 37%, from the prior year's first half due to double-digit sales increases in all three of our markets: POS and banking (an increase of approximately \$2,003,000, or 28%); gaming and lottery (an increase of approximately \$6,290,000, or 55%); and TSG (an increase of \$664,000, or 12%). Overall, international sales increased by \$1,853,000, or 37%, due to higher international shipments of our gaming and lottery printers, somewhat offset by lower shipments of our POS and banking printers.

### POINT OF SALE AND BANKING:

Sales of our POS and banking printers worldwide increased approximately \$2,003,000, or 28%.

(In thousands)	Six months ended		Six months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----



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	-----		-----		-----	
Domestic	\$8,336	91.5%	\$5,881	82.7%	\$2,455	41.7%
International	776	8.5%	1,228	17.3%	(452)	(36.8%)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$9,112	100.0%	\$7,109	100.0%	\$2,003	28.2%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Domestic POS and banking printer sales increased to \$8,336,000, representing a \$2,455,000, or 42%, increase from the first half of 2005, due primarily to higher sales of (1) our line of thermal printers including our new thermal printer launched in 2005 exclusively for POS distributors and (2) our line of inkjet printers, with the most significant increase in our Bankjet(R) line of inkjet printers to existing banking customers. Although we are

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currently pursuing additional banking opportunities, due to the project-oriented nature of these sales, we cannot predict if and when future sales may occur. These increases were partially offset by decreasing sales of our legacy POS impact printers, as expected, as these printers are being replaced by our newer thermal and inkjet printers.

International POS and banking printer shipments decreased by approximately \$452,000, or 37%, to \$776,000, due primarily to lower sales to our international POS distributors in Europe and Latin America.

We expect sales into the POS and banking market for the third quarter of 2006 to be lower than those reported for the second quarter of 2006 due to lower expected banking printer shipments.

GAMING AND LOTTERY:

Sales of our gaming and lottery printers increased by \$6,290,000, or 55%, from the first half of 2005, primarily due to higher sales of lottery printers to GTECH, both domestically and internationally, and an increase in sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers internationally. These increases were somewhat offset by lower domestic sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers.

(In thousands)	Six months ended		Six months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Domestic	\$13,208	74.3%	\$ 8,975	78.1%	\$4,233	47.2%
International	4,580	25.7%	2,523	21.9%	2,057	81.5%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$17,788	100.0%	\$11,498	100.0%	\$6,290	54.7%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Domestic sales of our gaming and lottery printers increased by \$4,233,000, or 47%, due largely to a significant increase in sales of lottery printers to GTECH. Lottery printer sales to GTECH, which include thermal on-line lottery printers, increased by approximately \$5,705,000, or 262%, in the first half of

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2006 compared to the first half of 2005. Our quarterly sales to GTECH are directly dependent on the timing and number of new and upgraded lottery terminal installations GTECH performs, and as a result, may fluctuate significantly quarter-to-quarter. Our sales to GTECH are not indicative of GTECH's overall business or revenue. Based on the timing of orders, we expect sales of lottery printers to GTECH for the third quarter of 2006 to be less than those reported in the second quarter of 2006.

The increase in domestic lottery printer sales from GTECH was partially offset by a decrease in sales of our thermal casino printers domestically, as the domestic casino market remains weak and a large slot machine manufacturer continues to deplete a large inventory position of our printers. However, despite lower domestic gaming sales, we believe that we continue to gain increased market share as we realize benefits from our new sales relationship with JCM American Corporation.

International gaming and lottery printer sales increased \$2,057,000, or 82%, to \$4,580,000 in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005. Such sales represented 26% and 22% of total sales into our gaming and lottery market during the first half of 2006 and 2005, respectively. This increase was led primarily by continued growth in international gaming printer sales, primarily in Europe and Australia, as these international markets continue to expand ticket printing in slot machines and other gaming and amusement machines. In addition, we experienced higher gaming printer sales in Canada and higher international lottery printer sales to GTECH. We expect sales of our international gaming and lottery printers for the third quarter of 2006 to be higher than those reported for the second quarter of 2006, as we expect the rollout of ticket printing in Australia to accelerate.

### TRANSACT SERVICES GROUP ("TSG"):

Sales from TSG increased by approximately \$664,000, or 12%.

(In thousands)	Six months ended		Six months ended		Change	
	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2005		\$	%
	-----		-----		-----	-----
Domestic	\$4,918	76.4%	\$4,502	78.0%	\$416	9.2%
International	1,521	23.6%	1,273	22.0%	248	19.5%
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$6,439	100.0%	\$5,775	100.0%	\$664	11.5%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Domestic TSG revenue increased by approximately \$416,000, or 9%, to \$4,918,000, largely due to higher sales of maintenance and repair services, as well as increased sales of refurbished printers and consumable products. These increases were partly offset by a decline in the sale of replacement parts for certain legacy printers, as the installed base of these legacy printers in the market decline.

Internationally, TSG sales increased by approximately \$248,000, or 20%, to \$1,521,000, due largely to an increase in maintenance and repair services revenue. We expect sales from TSG to continue to grow throughout the remainder of 2006, as our installed base of printers continues to grow and we derive

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benefits from the additional sales staff and our service center in Las Vegas, NV and expanded service center in Wallingford, CT.

**GROSS PROFIT.** Gross profit increased \$3,502,000, or 44%, to \$11,433,000 and gross margin increased to 34.3% from 32.5%, due primarily to a higher volume of sales, somewhat offset by a less favorable sales mix, in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005. We expect gross margin for the third quarter of 2006 to be consistent with the gross margin reported for the second quarter of 2006.

**ENGINEERING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT.** Engineering, design and product development expenses increased by \$60,000, or 4%, to \$1,530,000, as we incurred higher expenses related to increased engineering staffing and product development expenses related to our new line of off-premise gaming printers, which were largely offset by a decrease in costs associated with IGT's integration and attainment of jurisdictional approvals for our Epic 950(TM) thermal casino printer on all of IGT's slot platforms worldwide (the "IGT Integration"). We incurred approximately \$150,000 of IGT Integration costs in the first half of 2005 that did not recur in the first half of 2006. Engineering and product development expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 4.6% from 6.0%, due primarily to higher sales in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005. We expect engineering and product development expenses for the third quarter of 2006 to be lower than those reported in the second quarter of 2006 due to lower expected outside development expenses.

**SELLING AND MARKETING.** Selling and marketing expenses increased by \$395,000, or 14%, to \$3,291,000, as we incurred the full six-month effect of expenses related to the addition of new corporate marketing staff, and new sales staff for our three Strategic Sales Units, including those for our service centers in Las Vegas, NV and Wallingford, CT, made throughout 2005. These increases were somewhat offset by lower trade show and promotional expenses compared with the first half of 2005. Selling and marketing expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 9.9% from 11.9%, due primarily to higher sales volume in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005. We expect selling and marketing expenses to be higher in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2006, as we expect to incur higher trade show, promotional marketing, and compensation-related expenses.

**GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE.** General and administrative expenses increased by \$646,000, or 22%, to \$3,600,000, due primarily to (1) the full six-month effect in 2006 of compensation related expenses associated with the relocation of our accounting department from Ithaca, NY to Wallingford, CT during 2005, (2) data conversion expenses associated with our Oracle software implementation, (3) legal and consulting services related to a potential acquisition that will not be consummated and (4) increased telecommunications expenses associated with the implementation of our new companywide phone system. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in recruiting costs incurred during the first half of 2005 related to the relocation of our accounting department and the increased staffing of the TSG sales unit that did not recur in the first half of 2006. General and administrative expenses decreased as a percentage of net sales to 10.8% from 12.1%, due primarily to increased sales in proportion to higher expenses in the first half of 2006 as compared to the first half of 2005. We expect general and administrative expenses to be lower in the third quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2006, as the expenses we incurred related to a potential acquisition in the second quarter of 2006 are not expected to recur.

**OPERATING INCOME.** During the first half of 2006, we reported operating income of \$3,012,000, or 9.0% of net sales, compared to \$611,000, or 2.5% of net sales in the first half of 2005. The substantial increase in our operating income and operating margin was due largely to the operating leverage we experienced in the first half of 2006 resulting from higher sales and gross profit, somewhat offset

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by higher operating expenses, compared to that of 2005.

INTEREST. We recorded net interest income of \$37,000 in the first half of 2006 compared to net interest income of \$40,000 in the first half of 2005, due to our lower average cash balances during the first half of 2006 as compared to the first half of 2005. Our average cash balance was lower in the first half of 2006 due largely to the repurchase of \$700,000 of our common stock under our stock repurchase program. We do not expect to draw on our revolving borrowings and we expect to continue to report net interest income throughout 2006. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below for more information.

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE). We recorded other expense of \$82,000 in the first half of 2006 due primarily to transaction exchange losses recorded by our UK subsidiary resulting from the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the British pound. We recorded other income of \$15,000 in the first half of 2005 due primarily to transaction

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exchange gains recorded resulting from the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the British pound during this period.

INCOME TAXES. We recorded an income tax provision of \$1,053,000 and \$236,000, respectively, in the first half of 2006 and 2005, at an effective rate of 35.5% and 35.4%, respectively. We expect our annual effective tax rate for 2006 to be between 35% and 36%.

NET INCOME. We reported net income during the first half of 2006 of \$1,914,000, or \$0.19 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$430,000, or \$0.04 per diluted share, for the first half of 2005.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### CASH FLOW

Overview: In the first half of 2006, our cash flows reflected the results of higher sales volume and our increased investment in infrastructure, compared to the same period in 2005. Despite the repurchase of approximately \$700,000 of our common stock and capital expenditures of \$1,775,000 during the first half of 2006, our cash balance increased by \$1,142,000 from December 31, 2005. We ended the second quarter of 2006 with approximately \$5.7 million in cash and cash equivalents. We expect to earn interest income on our available cash balance throughout 2006.

Operating activities: The following significant factors affected our cash provided by operations of \$2,815,000 in the first half of 2006:

- We reported net income of \$1,914,000.
- We recorded depreciation and amortization expense of \$782,000.
- Accounts receivable increased by \$1,653,000 due to higher sales and the timing of sales during the quarter.
- Inventory increased by \$2,240,000 due to anticipated future demand for our products.
- Accounts payable increased by \$2,490,000 due to increased inventory purchases and inventory levels related to higher sales volume during

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the quarter and to meet our expected future sales demand.

- Accrued liabilities increased by \$1,686,000 due to the following: (1) higher income tax accrual based on the increased level of income before taxes, (2) legal and consulting services accruals related to a potential acquisition that did not come to fruition and (3) higher consulting services accruals related to the implementation of our new companywide phone system and Oracle software.
- As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, our restructuring accrual amounted to \$800,000 and \$1,007,000, respectively. The decrease of \$207,000 is related solely to payments made on our Wallingford lease obligation. We expect to pay approximately \$420,000 of these expenses per year in 2006 and 2007, and the remainder in 2008. These payments from 2006 through 2008 relate primarily to lease obligation costs for unused space in our Wallingford, CT facility.

Investing activities: Our capital expenditures were approximately \$1,775,000 and \$1,495,000 in the first six months of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Expenditures in 2006 included approximately \$600,000 for the purchase of hardware, software and outside consulting costs related to our Oracle software implementation, \$350,000 for the purchase of hardware and consulting costs related to our new phone system, \$200,000 for the purchase of leasehold improvements made on the gaming and lottery headquarters and western region service center in Las Vegas, NV and the remaining amount primarily for the purchase of new product tooling. We expect capital expenditures for the full year 2006 to be approximately \$2,500,000. During the remainder of 2006, we expect to invest in two significant projects: (1) the implementation of Oracle software and (2) new product tooling and tooling enhancements to our existing products.

Financing activities: We generated approximately \$44,000 from financing activities during the first six months of 2006, largely due to proceeds and tax benefits from stock option exercises (approximately \$742,000) partly offset by the repurchase of Company stock (approximately \$698,000).

### WORKING CAPITAL

Our working capital increased to \$16,472,000 at June 30, 2006 from \$15,375,000 at December 31, 2005. The current ratio decreased to 2.5 to 1 at June 30, 2006 from 3.2 to 1 at December 31, 2005. The decrease in the current ratio was largely due to higher accounts payable resulting from higher sales volume and inventory purchases and an

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increase in income taxes payable resulting from a higher level of income before taxes, somewhat offset by higher accounts receivable and inventory levels.

### DEFERRED TAXES

As of June 30, 2006, we had a net deferred tax asset of approximately \$3,300,000. In order to utilize this deferred tax asset, we will need to generate approximately \$7.9 million of taxable income in future years. Based on future projections of taxable income, we have determined that it is more likely than not that the existing net deferred tax asset will be realized.

### CREDIT FACILITY AND BORROWINGS

On August 6, 2003, we entered into a \$12.5 million credit facility (the "TD

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Banknorth Credit Facility") with TD Banknorth, N.A. The TD Banknorth Credit Facility provides for an \$11.5 million revolving credit line originally expiring on July 31, 2006, and a \$1 million equipment loan facility, which expired in July 2005. On July 31, 2006, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility to extend the expiration date of our \$11.5 million revolving credit line to November 29, 2006. Borrowings under the revolving credit line bear a floating rate of interest at the prime rate and are secured by a lien on all the assets of the company. The TD Banknorth Credit Facility imposes certain quarterly financial covenants on the Company and restricts the payment of dividends on our common stock and the creation of other liens. We expect to replace or renew our credit facility during 2006.

In February 2006, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility to revise a financial covenant effective December 31, 2005.

The borrowing base of the revolving credit line under the TD Banknorth Credit Facility is based on the lesser of (a) \$11.5 million or (b) 85% of eligible accounts receivable plus (i) the lesser of (1) \$5,500,000 and (2) 45% of eligible raw material inventory plus 50% of eligible finished goods inventory, less (ii) a \$40,000 credit reserve.

As of June 30, 2006, we had no balances outstanding on the revolving credit line. Undrawn commitments under the TD Banknorth Credit Facility were approximately \$11,500,000 at June 30, 2006. However, our maximum additional available borrowings under the facility were limited to approximately \$9,300,000 at June 30, 2006 based on the borrowing base of our collateral. We were in compliance with all financial covenants of the TD Banknorth Credit Facility at June 30, 2006.

### STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM

In March 2005, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program ("the Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the Stock Repurchase Program, we are authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of our outstanding shares of common stock from time to time in the open market over a three-year period ending March 25, 2008, depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, we repurchased a total of 74,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$698,000 at an average price of \$9.33 per share. As of June 30, 2006, we have repurchased a total of 579,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$4,565,000 at an average price of \$7.87 per share since the inception of the Stock Repurchase Program.

### SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shareholders' equity increased by \$2,327,000 to \$23,584,000 at June 30, 2006 from \$21,257,000 at December 31, 2005. The increase was primarily due to the following for the six months ended June 30, 2006: (1) net income of \$1,914,000 (2) proceeds of approximately \$509,000 from the issuance of approximately 103,000 shares of common stock from stock option exercises, (3) an increase in additional paid in capital of approximately \$233,000 resulting from tax benefits resulting from the sale of employee stock from stock option exercises, and (4) compensation expense related to stock options and restricted stock of \$311,000. These increases were offset by treasury stock purchases of 74,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$698,000.

### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS / OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have experienced no material changes in our contractual obligations outside the ordinary course of business during the three months ended June 30, 2006. We have no material off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Regulation S-K 303(a)(4)(ii).

RESOURCE SUFFICIENCY

We believe that our cash on hand and cash flows generated from operations will provide sufficient resources to meet our working capital needs, including costs associated with the Consolidation, to finance our capital expenditures, to fund our Stock Repurchase Program, and meet our liquidity requirements through at least the next 12 months.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in this report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, including that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could be reasonably likely to materially affect internal controls, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal controls, during the period covered by this report.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a controls system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On April 28, 2005 we announced that we filed a complaint in Connecticut Superior Court against FutureLogic, Inc. ("FutureLogic") of Glendale, California. The complaint charges FutureLogic with disseminating false and misleading

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statements, which impugn our business reputation with the intent of damaging our business. We assert claims of defamation, tortious interference with contractual relations, tortious interference with business expectancy, and violation of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act, and seek an award of compensatory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs. FutureLogic removed this action to the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut and, on June 7, 2005, filed a motion to dismiss the claims for lack of jurisdiction. On December 7, 2005, we amended our complaint in the action pending in the District of Connecticut to add claims that FutureLogic's conduct violated the Lanham Act's bar on false and deceptive advertising.

On May 20, 2005, FutureLogic filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Central District of California against us. The complaint charges us with false advertising, defamation, trade libel, intentional interference with prospective economic advantage, common law unfair competition and statutory unfair competition and seeks an award of compensatory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs. On August 3, 2005, FutureLogic amended its complaint in California to seek a declaratory judgment that Patent No. 6,924,903 issued to us by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") on August 2, 2005, for our dual-port printer technology, is invalid, and that FutureLogic is not infringing our patent. We moved to dismiss FutureLogic's action in California, on the grounds that any claims raised in that action should have been brought as part of the case filed

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by us in the District of Connecticut. In the alternative, we moved to stay the California action pending the resolution of jurisdictional motions in the Connecticut court.

On January 20, 2006, the California District Court filed an order granting our motion to stay the California proceeding pending the resolution of jurisdictional motions in the Connecticut case. Under the California court's order, should the Connecticut court find that it has jurisdiction over FutureLogic, FutureLogic's patent case will be transferred to the District of Connecticut for consolidation with the action pending in that forum. The jurisdictional motions before the District of Connecticut were fully briefed as of February 17, 2006 and await the decision of the Connecticut court. On July 20, 2006, we filed a motion with the Connecticut court seeking a status conference to determine the future schedule of the case and the status of the jurisdictional motions. The Connecticut court has not yet scheduled such a conference. Regardless in what forum we eventually face FutureLogic's patent claims, we intend to defend against the claims vigorously, as we believe them to be without merit or factual basis. This action is in the pre-trial motion stage and we are currently unable to calculate any potential or probable liability associated with this action at this time.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risk factors that may impact future results include those disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. No changes have occurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we



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currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

### ITEM 2C. STOCK REPURCHASE

On March 25, 2005 our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program ("the Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the Stock Repurchase Program, management is authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of our outstanding shares of common stock from time to time in the open market over a three year period ending March 25, 2008, depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, we had repurchased a total of 74,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$698,000 at an average price of \$9.33 per share. As of June 30, 2006, we had repurchased a total of 579,800 shares of common stock for approximately \$4,565,000, at an average price of \$7.87 per share since the inception of the Stock Repurchase Program.

No common stock was repurchased in the three months ended June 30, 2006. Approximately \$5,435,000 remains available to purchase common stock pursuant to the stock repurchase program.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 18, 2006. Matters voted upon at the meeting and the number of votes cast for, against, withheld or abstentions are as follows:

(1) To consider and act upon a proposal to elect one Director to serve until the 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders or until the Director's successor has been duly elected and qualified. Nominee was Charles A. Dill. Votes cast were as follows: 8,406,260 shares for; and 59,929 shares withheld.

(2) To ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2006. Votes cast were as follows: 8,443,671 shares for; 18,558 shares against; and 3,960 shares abstained.

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### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

a. Exhibits filed herein

Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED  
(Registrant)

/s/ Steven A. DeMartino

August 8, 2006

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Steven A. DeMartino  
Executive Vice President, Chief  
Financial Officer, Treasurer and  
Secretary  
(Principal Financial and Accounting  
Officer)

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EXHIBIT LIST

The following exhibits are filed herewith.

Exhibit

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- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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