PARKE BANCORP, INC. Form 10-Q November 14, 2013

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## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF 1934	OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2013.	
or [ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF 1934	OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period from to	
Commission File No. 000-513	338
PARKE BANCORP, INC.	
(Exact name of registrant as specified i	n its charter)
New Jersey	65-1241959
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)
601 Delsea Drive, Washington Township, New Jersey	08080
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
856-256-2500	
(Registrant's telephone number, including	ng area code)
N/A	
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,	if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports rec Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requ	such shorter period that the registrant was irrements for the past 90 days.
	Yes [X] No [ ]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronicany, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posterior	• •

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting

(§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

No [ ]

Yes [X]

# PARKE BANCORP, INC.

# FORM 10-Q

# FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

## Parke Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(in thousands except share and per share data)

(in thousands except share and per share data)	S	eptember 30,	Г	December 31,	
	5	2013	_	2012	
Assets		2013		2012	
Cash and due from financial institutions	\$	3,040	\$	2,601	
Federal funds sold and cash equivalents	Ψ	18,526	4	74,265	
Cash and cash equivalents		21,566		76,866	
Investment securities available for sale, at fair		21,500		70,000	
value		16,573		19,340	
Investment securities held to maturity (fair		10,575		17,540	
value of \$2,144					
at September 30, 2013 and \$2,239 at					
December 31, 2012)		2,093		2,066	
Total investment securities		18,666		21,406	
Loans held for sale		3,443		495	
Loans, net of unearned income		660,670		629,712	
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(19,680 )		(18,936	)
Net loans		640,990		610,776	,
Accrued interest receivable		2,596		2,727	
Premises and equipment, net		3,945		3,989	
Other real estate owned (OREO)		27,871		26,057	
Restricted stock, at cost		2,495		2,223	
Bank owned life insurance (BOLI)		11,024		10,743	
Deferred tax asset		4,812		4,696	
Other assets		9,721		10,499	
Total Assets	\$	747,129	\$	770,477	
10441 1 155045	Ψ	7 17,125	Ψ	770,177	
Liabilities and Equity					
Liabilities					
Deposits					
Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$	31,308	\$	30,342	
Interest-bearing deposits		580,108		606,865	
Total deposits		611,416		637,207	
FHLBNY borrowings		30,322		20,448	
Other borrowed funds		_		10,000	
Subordinated debentures		13,403		13,403	
Accrued interest payable		422		537	
Other liabilities		4,875		5,339	
Total liabilities		660,438		686,934	
Equity		·		•	
Preferred stock, cumulative perpetual, \$1,000					
liquidation value; authorized					
1,000,000 shares; Issued: 16,288 shares at					
September 30, 2013 and					
December 31, 2012		16,228		16,065	
		•		•	

Common stock, \$.10 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; Issued 6,193,710 shares at September 30, 2013 and 5,594,793 shares at December 31, 2012 619 560 Additional paid-in capital 52,665 48,869 Retained earnings 21,233 21,068 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (818) ) (745 ) Treasury stock, 210,900 shares at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, at cost (2,180)) (2,180)) Total shareholders' equity 87,747 83,637 Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries (1,056)) (94 ) Total equity 86,691 83,543 Total liabilities and equity \$ 747,129 \$ 770,477

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

## Parke Bancorp Inc. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (unaudited)

(unaud	ited)								
					For the	e thr	ee months	;	
	For the nine months ended				ended				
	September 30,				Sep	otem	ber 30,		
	2013 2012				2013 2012				
	(in thousa	nds e	except share	e	(in thousands except sh			are	
	•	data	_		`	dat	_		
Interest income:			,						
Interest and fees on loans	\$26,632		\$27,637		\$8,821		\$8,766		
Interest and dividends on investments	551		800		168		259		
Interest on federal funds sold and cash equivalents	92		178		19		59		
Total interest income	27,275		28,615		9,008		9,084		
Interest expense:	,		,,		,,,,,,,		.,		
Interest on deposits	3,849		5,011		1,184		1,552		
Interest on borrowings	582		709		156		234		
Total interest expense	4,431		5,720		1,340		1,786		
Net interest income	22,844		22,895		7,668		7,298		
Provision for loan losses	2,200		5,800		200		1,500		
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	20,644		17,095		7,468		5,798		
Noninterest income:	20,011		17,075		7,100		3,770		
Gain on sale of SBA loans	2,225		2,057		757		700		
Loan fees	523		251		200		91		
Net income from BOLI	281		138		95		47		
Service fees on deposit accounts	188		166		73		62		
Loss on sale and write-down of real estate owned	(508	)	(757	)	(53	)	(132	)	
Other	710	,	712	,	387	,	184	,	
Total noninterest income	3,419		2,567		1,459		952		
Noninterest expense:	3,117		2,507		1,100		)		
Compensation and benefits	5,035		4,267		1,653		1,415		
Professional services	1,211		1,065		456		288		
Occupancy and equipment	770		776		287		244		
Data processing	363		307		120		103		
FDIC insurance	801		824		257		278		
OREO expense	2,807		1,025		2,019		339		
Other operating expense	2,374		2,704		615		803		
Total noninterest expense	13,361		10,968		5,407		3,470		
Income before income tax expense	10,702		8,694		3,520		3,280		
Income tax expense	4,187		2,895		1,377		1,365		
Net income attributable to Company and noncontrolling	1,-0.		_,~~		_,		-,		
interest	6,515		5,799		2,143		1,915		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(358	)	(442	)	(110	)	(194	)	
Net income attributable to Company	6,157	,	5,357	/	2,033	,	1,721	,	
Preferred stock dividend and discount accretion	773		758		263		253		
Net income available to common shareholders	\$5,384		\$4,599		\$1,770		\$1,468		
United to common distribution	42,20.		+ ·,~//		7 -,. , 0		7 -, 100		

Earnings per common share:

Basic	\$0.90	\$0.78	\$0.30	\$0.25
Diluted	\$0.90	\$0.78	\$0.30	\$0.25
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	5,957,685	5,919,429	5,982,810	5,925,219
Diluted	5,958,801	5,919,429	5,989,183	5,925,219
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statement	S			

# Parke Bancorp Inc. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

	(571455765)											
	For the nine months ended September 30,					For the three months ended September 30,						
	20	)13	Julioei		)12		_				, 2012	
	20		thousan		112				n thousa	ndo		
Net income attributable to		(111	mousan	us)				(11	ii uiousa	mus	,	
	<b>¢</b>	6 157		¢	5 257		\$	2.022		\$	1 721	
Company	\$	6,157		\$	5,357		Ф	2,033		Ф	1,721	
Unrealized (losses) gains on securities:												
Non-credit related unrealized gains												
(losses) on securities with OTTI		34			20			19			(12	)
Unrealized losses on securities											`	
without OTTI		(329	)		(46	)		(25	)		(96	)
Tax Impact		118			10			3			43	
Total unrealized losses on												
securities		(177	)		(16	)		(3	)		(65	)
Gross pension liability adjustments		172			18			72			10	
Tax Impact		(68	)		(7	)		(29	)		(3	)
Total pension liability adjustment		104			11			43			7	
Total other comprehensive (loss)												
income		(73	)		(5	)		40			(58	)
Total comprehensive income	\$	6,084		\$	5,352		\$	2,073		\$	1,663	
	1 (*											

## Parke Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited)

A 1	1
Accumul	otad
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		Shares of		Additional		Other		Total	Non-	
	Preferred	Common C							Controlling	Total
	Stock	Stock	Stock	Capital	Earnings		Stock	Equity	Interest	Equity
D 1				(in the	ousands ex	cept share	data)			
Balance, December 31, 2012 Capital	\$16,065	5,594,793	\$560	\$48,869	\$21,068	\$ (745)	\$(2,180)	\$83,637	\$(94)	\$83,543
withdrawals by noncontrolling									(1.220)	(1.220.)
interest									(1,320)	(1,320)
Stock options exercised Redemption of		57,591	6	284				290		290
Warrant 10% common				(930	(720 )	1		(1,650)		(1,650)
stock dividend Net income Changes in other		541,326	53	4,442	(4,497) 6,157			(2 6,157	358	(2 ) 6,515
comprehensive income Dividend on preferred stock						(73)		(73)		(73)
(5% annually) Accretion of discount on					(612)	1		(612)		(612 )
preferred stock Balance, September 30,	163				(163)	1		_		_
2013 See accompany:	\$16,228 ing notes to	6,193,710 consolidate		-		\$(818)	\$(2,180)	\$87,747	\$(1,056)	\$86,691

# Parke Bancorp Inc. and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

(anatates)	For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 2012 (Amounts in thousands)				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net income	\$6,515		\$5,799		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$0,313		ψ3,133		
Depreciation and amortization	253		267		
Provision for loan losses	2,200		5,800		
Provision for OREO	1,200		<i>5</i> ,800		
Bank owned life insurance	(281	)	(138	)	
Supplemental executive retirement plan expense	17	,	102	,	
Gain on sale of SBA loans	(2,225	)	(2,057	)	
SBA loans originated for sale	(20,822	)	(18,679	)	
Proceeds from sale of SBA loans originated for sale	20,122	,	19,210	,	
Loss on sale & write down of other real estate owned	507		895		
Net accretion of purchase premiums and discounts on securities	30		(10	)	
Deferred income tax benefit	(117	)	_	,	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(11)	,			
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable and other assets	910		(448	)	
(Decrease) increase in accrued interest payable and other accrued liabilities	(493	)	316	,	
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,816	,	11,057		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	.,-		,		
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(2,022	)	(4,148	)	
(Purchases) redemptions of restricted stock	(272	)	1,340	,	
Proceeds from sale and call of securities available for sale	1,000	,			
Proceeds from maturities and principal payments on mortgage backed securities	3,434		5,039		
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	3,572		1,331		
Advances on other real estate owned	(168	)	(227	)	
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(39,339	)	3,230	ĺ	
Purchases of bank premises and equipment	(110	)	(217	)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(33,905	)	6,348		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Payment of dividend on preferred stock	(612	)	(610	)	
Cash payment of fractional shares on 10% stock dividend	(2	)	(1	)	
Minority interest capital withdrawal, net	(1,320	)	(900	)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	290		35		
Redemption payment for TARP Warrant	(1,650	)			
Net increase (decrease) in FHLBNY and short term borrowings	9,874		(30,119	)	
Net decrease in other borrowed funds	(10,000	)			
Net increase (decrease) in noninterest-bearing deposits	966		(2,754	)	
Net (decrease) increase in interest-bearing deposits	(26,757	)	7,599		
Net cash used in financing activities	(29,211	)	(26,750	)	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(55,300	)	(9,345	)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1,	76,866		110,228		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30,	\$21,566		\$100,883		

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest on deposits and borrowed funds	\$4,546	\$5,707
Income taxes	\$3,908	\$4,015
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Activities:		
Real estate acquired in settlement of loans	\$6,925	\$10,691

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION

Parke Bancorp, Inc. ("Parke Bancorp" or the "Company") is a bank holding company incorporated under the laws of the State of New Jersey in January 2005 for the sole purpose of becoming the holding company of Parke Bank (the "Bank").

The Bank is a commercial bank which commenced operations on January 28, 1999. The Bank is chartered by the New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance (the "Department") and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Parke Bancorp and the Bank maintain their principal offices at 601 Delsea Drive, Washington Township, New Jersey. The Bank also conducts business through branches in Galloway Township, Northfield and Washington Township, New Jersey and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

The Bank competes with other banking and financial institutions in its primary market areas. Commercial banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions and money market funds actively compete for savings and time certificates of deposit and all types of loans. Such institutions, as well as consumer financial and insurance companies, may be considered competitors of the Bank with respect to one or more of the services it renders.

The Bank is subject to the regulations of certain state and federal agencies, and accordingly, the Bank is periodically examined by such regulatory authorities. As a consequence of the regulation of commercial banking activities, the Bank's business is particularly susceptible to future state and federal legislation and regulations.

The FDIC and the Department Consent Orders: On April 9, 2012, the Bank entered into Consent Orders with the FDIC and the Department. Under the Consent Orders, the terms of which are substantially identical, the Bank is required, among other things, subject to review and approval by the FDIC and the Department: (i) to adopt and implement a plan to reduce the Bank's position in delinquent or classified assets; (ii) to adopt and implement a program providing for a periodic independent review of the Bank's loan portfolio and the identification of problem credits; (iii) to review and revise the Bank's loan policies and procedures to address identified lending deficiencies; and (iv) to adopt and implement a plan to reduce and manage each of the concentrations of credit identified by the FDIC and the Department.

The Consent Orders also require the Bank to obtain the prior approval of the FDIC and the Department before declaring or paying any dividend or appointing or changing the title or responsibilities of any director or senior executive officer. Additional regulatory provisions require FDIC prior approval before the Bank enters into any employment agreement or other agreement or plan providing for the payment of a "golden parachute payment" or the making of any golden parachute payment. The Bank believes it is in substantial compliance with the terms of the Consent Orders.

Federal Reserve Bank Memorandum of Understanding: On December 18, 2012, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia (the "Federal Reserve Bank"). Pursuant to the terms of the MOU, the Company must: (i) submit an updated comprehensive capital plan to address the Bank's long-term capital needs and the repayment of the Series A Preferred Stock; (ii) not pay any common stock dividend or pay interest on our outstanding trust preferred securities without prior Federal Reserve Bank approval if the Bank is less than well capitalized or the payment would cause it to be less than well capitalized; (iii) not redeem any securities without prior Federal Reserve Bank approval or incur any debt with a maturity greater than one year; and (iv) submit various budget and cash flow projections and other reports. The Company believes it is in substantial compliance with the terms of the MOU.

### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation: The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and predominant practices within the banking industry.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary the Bank. Also included are the accounts of 44 Business Capital Partners LLC, a joint venture formed in 2009 to originate and service SBA loans. The Bank has a 51% ownership interest in the joint venture. Parke Capital Trust I, Parke Capital Trust II and Parke Capital Trust III are wholly-owned subsidiaries but are not consolidated because they do not meet the requirements for consolidation under applicable accounting guidance. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The accompanying interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 since they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP. The accompanying interim financial statements for the nine months and three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are unaudited. The balance sheet as of December 31, 2012, was derived from the audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, these financial statements include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for such interim periods. Results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term include the allowance for loan losses, other than temporary impairment losses on investment securities, the valuation of deferred income taxes, servicing assets and carrying value of OREO.

### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01, "Balance Sheet, Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (Topic 210)". The amendments in this update clarify that the scope of ASU 2011-11 applies to derivatives accounted for in accordance with Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with Section 210-20-45 or Section 815-10-45 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. An entity is required to apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. An entity should provide the required disclosures retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. Adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)". The amendments in this update aim to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The amendments in this update seek to attain that objective by requiring an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under GAAP to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income

in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. This would be the case when a portion of the amount reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income is reclassified to a balance sheet account instead of directly to income or expense in the same reporting period. For public entities, the amendments are effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Company adopted the amendments of ASU 2011-12 effective January 1, 2013 and has applied the amendments retrospectively. Adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

ASU 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." The amendments in ASU 2013-11 include explicit guidance on the financial statement presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. The amendments in this Update are expected to reduce diversity in practice by providing guidance on the presentation of unrecognized tax benefits and will better reflect the manner in which an entity would settle at the reporting date any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position when net operating loss carryforwards, similar tax losses, or tax credit carryforwards exist. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The Bank is currently evaluating the impact of these amendments.

## NOTE 3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The following is a summary of the Company's investments in available for sale and held to maturity securities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

				Other-than-	
		Gross	Gross	temporary	
	Amortized	unrealized	unrealized	impairments	
As of September 30, 2013	cost	gains	losses	in OCI	Fair value
		(Ame	ounts in thous	ands)	
Available for sale:					
U.S. Government sponsored entities	\$7	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$7
Corporate debt obligations	500	7		_	507
Residential mortgage-backed securities	11,182	315	116	_	11,381
Collateralized mortgage obligations	621	32		_	653
Collateralized debt obligations	5,556	_	1,066	465	4,025
Total available for sale	\$17,866	\$354	\$1,182	\$465	\$16,573
Held to maturity:					
States and political subdivisions	\$2,093	\$51	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,144
States and political subdivisions	\$2,093	Φ31	φ—	<b>y</b> —	\$2,144
		_		Other-than-	
		Gross	Gross	temporary	
	Amortized	unrealized	unrealized	temporary impairments	
As of December 31, 2012	Amortized cost	unrealized gains	unrealized losses	temporary impairments in OCI	Fair value
		unrealized gains	unrealized	temporary impairments in OCI	Fair value
Available for sale:	cost	unrealized gains (Ame	unrealized losses ounts in thous	temporary impairments in OCI ands)	
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities	cost	unrealized gains (Ame	unrealized losses	temporary impairments in OCI	\$7
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations	\$7 1,500	unrealized gains (Ame	unrealized losses ounts in thous	temporary impairments in OCI ands)	\$7 1,524
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities	\$7 1,500 12,359	unrealized gains (Ame \$— 24 540	unrealized losses ounts in thous	temporary impairments in OCI ands)	\$7 1,524 12,899
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$7 1,500 12,359 916	unrealized gains (Ame	unrealized losses ounts in thous  \$—	temporary impairments in OCI ands)  \$— — —	\$7 1,524 12,899 974
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations Collateralized debt obligations	\$7 1,500 12,359 916 5,556	unrealized gains (Ame \$— 24 540 58 —	unrealized losses ounts in thous  \$— — — 1,121	temporary impairments in OCI ands)  \$— — — 499	\$7 1,524 12,899 974 3,936
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations	\$7 1,500 12,359 916	unrealized gains (Ame \$— 24 540	unrealized losses ounts in thous  \$—	temporary impairments in OCI ands)  \$— — —	\$7 1,524 12,899 974
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations Collateralized debt obligations Total available for sale	\$7 1,500 12,359 916 5,556	unrealized gains (Ame \$— 24 540 58 —	unrealized losses ounts in thous  \$— — — 1,121	temporary impairments in OCI ands)  \$— — — 499	\$7 1,524 12,899 974 3,936
Available for sale: U.S. Government sponsored entities Corporate debt obligations Residential mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations Collateralized debt obligations	\$7 1,500 12,359 916 5,556	unrealized gains (Ame \$— 24 540 58 —	unrealized losses ounts in thous  \$— — — 1,121	temporary impairments in OCI ands)  \$— — — 499	\$7 1,524 12,899 974 3,936

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities classified as available for sale and held to maturity, by contractual maturity as of September 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Amortized Cost (Amounts	Fair Value in thousands)
Available for sale:		
Due within one year	\$—	\$—
Due after one year through five years	_	
Due after five years through ten years	_	
Due after ten years	6,062	4,539
Residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	11,804	12,034
Total available for sale	\$17,866	\$16,573
Held to maturity:		
Due within one year	\$—	\$
Due after one year through five years		
Due after five years through ten years		
Due after ten years	2,093	2,144
Total held to maturity	\$2,093	\$2,144

Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities for mortgage related securities because the issuers of certain debt securities do have the right to call or prepay their obligations without any penalty.

As of September 30, 2013, there were no securities pledged as collateral for borrowed funds. As of December 31, 2012, \$10.3 million of investment securities were pledged as collateral for borrowed funds. In addition, securities with a carrying value of \$6.3 million and \$4.2 million were pledged to secure public deposits at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The following tables show the gross unrealized losses and fair value of the Company's investments with unrealized losses that are not deemed to be other than temporarily impaired ("OTTI"), aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

As of September 30, 2013	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Greater		Total		
_	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	
Description of Securities	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	
	(Amounts in thousands)						
Available for sale:							
Residential mortgage							
backed securities and							
collateralized mortgage							
obligations	4,770	116			4,770	116	
Collateralized debt							
obligations		_	3,684	1,066	3,684	1,066	
Total available for sale	\$ 4,770	\$ 116	\$ 3,684	\$ 1,066	\$ 8,454	\$ 1,182	

Held to maturity:

States and political subdivisions

\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

As of December 31, 2012	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Greater		Total				
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
Description of Securities	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses			
	(Amounts in thousands)								
Available for sale:									
Collateralized debt									
obligations		_	3,629	1,121	3,629	1,121			
Total available for sale	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,629	\$ 1,121	\$ 3,629	\$ 1,121			
Held to maturity:									
States and political									
subdivisions	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —			

Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations: The unrealized losses on the Company's investment in mortgage-backed securities relates to four securities. The losses were caused by movement in interest rates. The securities were issued by FNMA, a government sponsored entity. It is expected that the U.S. government will guarantee all contractual cash flows. Because the Company does not intend to sell the investment and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investment before recovery of its amortized cost basis, which may be maturity, it does not consider the investment in these securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2013.

Collateralized Debt Obligations: The Company's unrealized loss on investments in collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs") relates to three securities issued by financial institutions, totaling \$3.7 million. CDOs are pooled securities primarily secured by trust preferred securities ("TruPS"), subordinated debt and surplus notes issued by small and mid-sized banks and insurance companies. These securities are generally floating rate instruments with 30-year maturities, and are callable at par by the issuer after five years. The economic downturn and continued uncertainty in the economy amid a slow and inconsistent recovery has had a significant adverse impact on the financial services industry; consequently, TruPS CDOs do not have an active trading market. With the assistance of competent third-party valuation specialists, the Company utilized the following methodology to determine the fair value:

Cash flows were developed based on the estimated speeds at which the TruPS are expected to prepay (a range of 1% to 2%), the estimated rates at which the TruPS are expected to defer payments, the estimated rates at which the TruPS are expected to default (a range of 0.57% to 0.66%), and the severity of the losses on securities which default (95%). TruPS generally allow for prepayment by the issuer without a prepayment penalty any time after five years. Due to the lack of new TruPS issuances and the relatively poor conditions of the financial institution industry, a relatively modest rate of prepayment was assumed going forward. Estimates for conditional default rates ("CDR") are based on the payment characteristics of the TruPS themselves (e.g. current, deferred, or defaulted) as well as the financial condition of the TruPS issuers in the pool. Estimates for the near-term rates of deferral and CDR are based on key financial ratios relating to the financial institutions' capitalization, asset quality, profitability and liquidity. Finally, we consider whether or not the financial institution has received TARP funding, and if it has, the amount. Longer-term rates of deferral and defaults are based on historical averages. The fair value of each bond was assessed by discounting its projected cash flows by a discount rate. The discount rates were based on the yields of publicly traded TruPS and preferred stock issued by comparably rated banks (3 month LIBOR plus a spread of 400 to 959 basis points). The fair value for previous reporting periods was based on indicative market bids and resulted in much lower values due to the inactive trading market.

The underlying issuers have been analyzed, and projections have been made regarding the future performance, considering factors including defaults and interest deferrals. The analysis indicates that the

Company should expect to receive all contractual cash flows. Because the Company does not intend to sell the investments and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be maturity, it does not consider these investments to be other than temporarily impaired at September 30, 2013.

### Other Than Temporarily Impaired Debt Securities

We assess whether we intend to sell or it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell a security before recovery of its amortized cost basis less any current-period credit losses. For debt securities that are considered other than temporarily impaired and that we do not intend to sell and will not be required to sell prior to recovery of our amortized cost basis, we separate the amount of the impairment into the amount that is credit related (credit loss component) and the amount due to all other factors. The credit loss component is recognized in earnings and is the difference between the security's amortized cost basis and the present value of its expected future cash flows. The remaining difference between the security's fair value and the present value of future expected cash flows is due to factors that are not credit related and is recognized in other comprehensive income.

The present value of expected future cash flows is determined using the best estimate of cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate implicit to the security at the date of purchase or the current yield to accrete an asset-backed or floating rate security. The methodology and assumptions for establishing the best estimate cash flows vary depending on the type of security. The asset-backed securities cash flow estimates are based on bond specific facts and circumstances that may include collateral characteristics, expectations of delinquency and default rates, loss severity and prepayment speeds and structural support, including subordination and guarantees. The corporate bond cash flow estimates are derived from scenario-based outcomes of expected corporate restructurings or the disposition of assets using bond specific facts and circumstances including timing, security interests and loss severity.

We have a process in place to identify debt securities that could potentially have a credit impairment that is other than temporary. This process involves monitoring late payments, pricing levels, downgrades by rating agencies, key financial ratios, financial statements, revenue forecasts and cash flow projections as indicators of credit issues. On a quarterly basis, we review all securities to determine whether an OTTI exists and whether losses should be recognized. We consider relevant facts and circumstances in evaluating whether a credit or interest rate-related impairment of a security is other than temporary. Relevant facts and circumstances considered include: (1) the extent and length of time the fair value has been below cost; (2) the reasons for the decline in value; (3) the financial position and access to capital of the issuer, including the current and future impact of any specific events; and (4) for fixed maturity securities, our intent to sell a security or whether it is more likely than not we will be required to sell the security before the recovery of its amortized cost which, in some cases, may extend to maturity.

The following table presents a roll-forward of the credit loss component of the amortized cost of debt securities that we have written down for OTTI and the credit component of the loss that is recognized in earnings. OTTI recognized in earnings for credit-impaired debt securities is presented as additions in two components based upon whether the current period is the first time the debt security was credit-impaired (initial credit impairment) or is not the first time the debt security was credit impairments). The credit loss component is reduced if we sell, intend to sell or believe we will be required to sell previously credit-impaired debt securities. Additionally, the credit loss component is reduced if we receive cash flows in excess of what we expected to receive over the remaining life of the credit-impaired debt security, the security matures or is fully written down. Changes in the credit loss component of credit-impaired debt securities were as follows for the periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 2012