READING INTERNATIONAL INC

Form 10-O August 05, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

	wasnington, D.C. 20549	
(Mark One)	FORM 10-Q	
þQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUA 1934	ANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF TH	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the quarterly period ended: June	30, 2011	
	OR	
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUA" 1934	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF TH	IE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the transition period from	to	

Commission file number 1-8625

READING INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA 95-3885184 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or (IRS Employer Identification No.)

organization)

500 Citadel Drive, Suite 300 90040 Commerce, CA (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (213) 235-2240

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check

one): Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer p Non-accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No \flat

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of August 4, 2011, there were 21,461,348 shares of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share and 1,495,490 shares of Class B Voting Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share outstanding.

READING INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Item 1 – Financial Statements

PART I – Financial Information

Deading Intermetional Inc. and Cubaidiania		
Reading International, Inc. and Subsidiaries		
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)		
(U.S. dollars in thousands except par value amounts)		
	June 30,	December
	2011	31, 2010
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$38,234	\$34,568
Receivables	6,620	5,470
Inventory	917	989
Investment in marketable securities	3,142	2,985
Restricted cash	2,410	2,159
Deferred tax asset, net	2,257	
Prepaid and other current assets	5,788	3,536
Assets held for sale	4,531	55,210
Total current assets	63,899	104,917
Total culton assets	03,077	104,517
Property held for and under development	92,744	35,702
Property & equipment, net	225,642	220,250
	11,391	10,415
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures and entities	•	
Investment in Reading International Trust I	838	838
Goodwill	22,541	21,535
Intangible assets, net	18,976	20,156
Deferred tax asset, net	12,321	16.506
Other assets	11,645	16,536
Total assets	\$459,997	\$430,349
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$15,700	\$15,930
Film rent payable	6,773	5,757
Notes payable – current portion	35,548	108,124
Taxes payable	24,861	23,872
Deferred current revenue	8,008	8,727
Other current liabilities	204	141
Total current liabilities	91,094	162,551
Notes payable – long-term portion	157,092	83,784
Notes payable to related party – long-term	9,000	9,000
Subordinated debt	27,913	27,913
Noncurrent tax liabilities	2,267	2,267
Other liabilities	33,660	32,195
Total liabilities	321,026	317,710
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)	221,020	21,,110
Stockholders' equity:		
Class A non-voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 100,000,000 shares authorized,		
31,675,518 issued and 21,461,348 outstanding at June 30, 2011 and 31,500,693 issued		
and 21,308,823 outstanding at December 31, 2010	218	216
and 21,500,025 outstanding at December 51, 2010	210	210

Class B voting common stock, par value \$0.01, 20,000,000 shares authorized and 1,495,490 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2011 and at December 31, 2010	15	15
	13	13
Nonvoting preferred stock, par value \$0.01, 12,000 shares authorized and no issued or		
outstanding shares at June 30, 2011 and at December 31, 2010		
Additional paid-in capital	134,328	134,236
Accumulated deficit	(61,083) (76,035
Treasury shares	(3,876) (3,765
Accumulated other comprehensive income	68,781	57,120
Total Reading International, Inc. stockholders' equity	138,383	111,787
Noncontrolling interests	588	852
Total stockholders' equity	138,971	112,639
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$459,997	\$430,349
See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.		

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Reading International, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

			Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Operating Revenue				
Cinema	\$62,236	\$52,433	\$111,710	\$106,279
Real estate	4,866	4,547	9,515	8,742
Total operating revenue	67,102	56,980	121,225	115,021
Operating expense				
Cinema	48,234	41,867	89,709	85,162
Real estate	2,521	2,173	4,875	4,376
Depreciation and amortization	4,292	3,857	8,421	7,752
Impairment expense		2,239		2,239
General and administrative	4,756	4,617	8,990	8,822
Total operating expense	59,803	54,753	111,995	108,351
Operating income	7,299	2,227	9,230	6,670
Interest income	409	364	841	646
Interest expense) (4,431) (10,178) (7,810)
Net gain (loss) on sale of assets	(68) 351	(68) 351
Other income (expense)	91	(129) 75	(713)
Income (loss) before income tax benefit (expense),	71	(12)	, , ,	(113
equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and				
entities, and discontinued operations	1,916	(1,618) (100) (856)
Income tax benefit (expense)	13,774	(12,201) 13,138	(12,783)
Income (loss) before equity earnings of unconsolidated	13,774	(12,201) 13,130	(12,703)
joint ventures and entities, and discontinued operations	15,690	(13,819) 13,038	(13,639)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and	15,070	(13,01)) 13,030	(13,03)
entities	269	266	633	617
Income (loss) before discontinued operations	15,959	(13,553) 13,671	(13,022)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(2) (8) 39	29
Gain on sale of discontinued operation	1,656		1,656	
Net income (loss)	\$17,613	\$(13,561) \$15,366	\$(12,993)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests) (153) (414) (368)
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International,	(101) (133) (111) (300
Inc. common shareholders	\$17,432	\$(13,714) \$14,952	\$(13,361)
Earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Reading	Ψ17,132	Ψ(15,711) 41.,552	Ψ(13,301)
International, Inc. common shareholders – basic and				
diluted:				
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.69	\$(0.60) \$0.58	\$(0.59)
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net	0.07	φ(0.00	0.07	ψ(0.3 <i>)</i>
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to	0.07		0.07	
Reading International, Inc. common shareholders	\$0.76	\$(0.60) \$0.65	\$(0.59)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic	22,789,718	•		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – diluted				
- organica a vorage manneer or shares outstanding — anatou	22,700,713	22,171,33	. 22,720,1	20, 131,377

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Reading International, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (U.S. dollars in thousands)

(O.S. dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,			
Omegating Activities	2011		2010	
Operating Activities Net income (loss)	\$15,366		\$(12,003	1
	\$13,300		\$(12,993)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			14	
Loss recognized on foreign currency transactions Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and entities	(633)	(617	\
	375)	616	,
Distributions of earnings from unconsolidated joint ventures and entities	313			
Loss provision on impairment of asset Gain on sale of assets	(1.500	\	2,239	\
	(1,588)	(351)
Change in valuation allowance on net deferred tax assets	(14,422)		
Gain on sale of marketable securities	(23)	7.760	
Depreciation and amortization	8,421		7,768	
Amortization of prior service costs	164		152	
Amortization of above and below market leases	406		480	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	621		333	
Amortization of straight-line rent	496		318	
Stock based compensation expense	94		26	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(0.00	`	2 = 0 6	
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(920)	2,786	
Decrease in prepaid and other assets	629		382	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(750)	(1,290)
Increase (decrease) in film rent payable	814		(859)
Increase taxes payable	970		12,797	
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues and other liabilities	72		(1,117)
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,092		10,684	
Investing activities				
Acquisitions			(2,891)
Acquisition deposits paid			(223)
Purchases of and additions to property and equipment	(3,183)	(4,353)
Change in restricted cash	(136)	(1,477)
Purchase of notes receivable	(5,034)		
Sale of marketable securities	123		29	
Distributions of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures and entities			259	
Collection of note receivable	6,750			
Cinema sale proceeds from noncontrolling shareholder	1,867			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	387		(8,656)
Financing activities				
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(112,425)	(13,811)
Proceeds from borrowings	105,311		15,525	
Capitalized borrowing costs	(684)		
Repurchase of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock	(111)	(251)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options			248	
Noncontrolling interest contributions			113	
Noncontrolling interest distributions	(554)	(751)

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(8,463) 1,073
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,650	(1,218)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,666	1,883
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	34,568	24,612
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$38,234	\$26,495
Supplemental Disclosures		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest on borrowings	\$8,244	\$6,963
Income taxes	\$407	\$469
Non-cash transactions		
Foreclosure of a mortgage note to obtain title of the underlying property	\$1,125	\$
Reduction in note payable associated with acquisition purchase price adjustment	\$	\$4,381
Deemed distribution	\$	\$877
Capital lease asset addition	\$	\$4,697
Capital lease obligation	\$	\$5,573

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Reading International, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

Reading International, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("RDI" and collectively with our consolidated subsidiaries and corporate predecessors, the "Company," "Reading" and "we," "us," or "our"), was founded in 1983 as a Delaware corporate and reincorporated in 1999 in Nevada. Our businesses consist primarily of:

- the development, ownership and operation of multiplex cinemas in the United States, Australia, and New Zealand; and
- the development, ownership, and operation of retail and commercial real estate in Australia, New Zealand, and the United States.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") for interim reporting and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim reporting. As such, certain information and disclosures typically required by US GAAP for complete financial statements have been condensed or omitted. The financial information presented in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 (the "June Report") should be read in conjunction with our 2010 Annual Report which contains the latest audited financial statements and related notes. The periods presented in this document are the three ("2011 Quarter") and six ("2011 Six Months") months ended June 30, 2011 and the three ("2010 Quarter") and six ("2010 Six Months") months ended June 30, 2010.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments of a normal recurring nature considered necessary to present fairly in all material respects our financial position, results of our operations, and cash flows as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 have been made. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the entire year.

Marketable Securities

We had investments in marketable securities of \$3.1 million and \$3.0 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. We account for these investments as available for sale investments. We assess our investment in marketable securities for other-than-temporary impairments in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 320-10 for each applicable reporting period. These investments have a cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of \$126,000 and \$(43,000) included in accumulated other comprehensive income at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2011, our net unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities was \$(219,000) and \$106,000, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, our net unrealized loss on marketable securities was \$474,000 and \$256,000, respectively.

Refinanced Long-Term Debt

On June 24, 2011, we replaced our Australian Corporate Credit Facility with BOS International ("BOSI") of \$115.8 million (AUS\$110.0 million) with the proceeds from a new credit facility from National Australia Bank ("NAB") of \$110.5 million (AUS\$105.0 million). See Note 11 – Notes Payable and Subordinated Debt (Trust Preferred Securities).

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Plans to Refinance Credit Facility

The term of our New Zealand Credit Facility with Westpac matures on March 31, 2012. Accordingly, the June 30, 2011 outstanding balance of this debt of \$23.2 million (NZ\$28.0 million) is classified as current on our balance sheet. We have started discussions with our current lender as to the renewal of this facility.

Other Income/Expense

For the 2011 Quarter, we recorded an other income of \$91,000 compared to an other expense of \$129,000 for the 2010 Quarter. The 2011 Quarter other income was primarily related to a gain on the sale of marketable securities and a change in certain long term liabilities and in the 2010 Quarter, the \$129,000 other loss included offsetting settlements related to our Burstone litigation and the 2008 sale of our interest in the Botany Downs cinema.

For the 2011 Six Months, we recorded an other income of \$75,000 compared to an other expense of \$713,000 for the 2010 Six Months. The 2011 Six Months other expense was primarily to a gain on the sale of marketable securities and a change in certain long term liabilities and the 2010 Six Months other expense of \$713,000 included offsetting settlements related to our Burstone litigation and the 2008 sale of our interest in the Botany Downs cinema and a \$605,000 loss associated our Mackie litigation.

Deferred Leasing Costs

We amortize direct costs incurred in connection with obtaining tenants over the respective term of the lease on a straight-line basis.

Deferred Financing Costs

We amortize direct costs incurred in connection with obtaining financing over the term of the loan using the effective interest method, or the straight-line method, if the result is not materially different. In addition, interest on loans with increasing interest rates and scheduled principal pre-payments, is also recognized using the effective interest method.

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During 2011

FASB ASU 2010-06 – Fair Value Measurements

ASU 2010-06 requires additional disclosures about the transfers of classifications among the fair value classification levels and the reasons for those changes and separate presentation of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the presentation of the roll forward of Level 3 assets and liabilities. Those disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this portion of the ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

There were no other new accounting pronouncements issued during the 2011 Six Months that will have a material impact on our financial statements.

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Note 2 – Equity and Stock Based Compensation

Stock Based Compensation

During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we issued 174,825 and 148,616, respectively, of Class A Nonvoting shares to certain executive employees associated with the vesting of their prior years' stock grants. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we accrued \$188,000 and \$375,000, respectively, in compensation expense associated with the vesting of executive employee stock grants.

Employee/Director Stock Option Plan

We have a long-term incentive stock option plan that provides for the grant to eligible employees, directors, and consultants of incentive or nonstatutory options to purchase shares of our Class A Nonvoting Common Stock and Class B Voting Common Stock. Our 1999 Stock Option Plan expired in November 2009, and was replaced by our new 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, which was approved by the holders of our Class B Voting Common Stock in May 2010.

When the Company's tax deduction from an option exercise exceeds the compensation cost resulting from the option, a tax benefit is created. FASB ASC 718-40 relating to Stock-Based Compensation ("FASB ASC 718-40"), requires that excess tax benefits related to stock option exercises be reflected as financing cash inflows instead of operating cash inflows. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, there was no impact to the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows because there were no recognized tax benefits from stock option exercises during these periods.

FASB ASC 718-40 requires companies to estimate forfeitures. Based on our historical experience and the relative market price to strike price of the options, we do not currently estimate any forfeitures of vested or unvested options.

In accordance with FASB ASC 718-40, we estimate the fair value of our options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which takes into account assumptions such as the dividend yield, the risk-free interest rate, the expected stock price volatility, and the expected life of the options. We exclude the dividend yield from the calculation, as we intend to retain all earnings. We expense the estimated grant date fair values of options issued on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

We did not grant any options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 or 2010.

Based on prior years' assumptions, and, in accordance with the FASB ASC 718-40 modified prospective method, we recorded compensation expense for the total estimated grant date fair value of stock options that vested of \$47,000 and \$94,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and \$8,000 and \$22,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. At June 30, 2011, the total unrecognized estimated compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted was \$204,000, which we expect to recognize over a weighted average vesting period of 1.0 years. 60,000 and 90,000 options were exercised during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 having a realized value of \$91,000 and \$138,000, respectively, for which we received \$166,000 and \$248,000, respectively, of cash. There were no options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2011. The grant date fair value of options vesting during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$47,000 and \$94,000, respectively, and \$8,000 and \$22,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. The intrinsic, unrealized value of all options outstanding, vested and expected to vest, at June 30, 2011 was \$474,000 of which 67.2% are currently exercisable.

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Pursuant to both our 1999 Stock Option Plan and our 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, all stock options expire within ten years of their grant date. The aggregate total number of shares of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock and Class B Voting Common Stock authorized for issuance under our 2010 Stock Incentive Plan is 1,250,000. At the discretion of our Compensation and Stock Options Committee, the vesting period of stock options is usually between zero and four years.

We had the following stock options outstanding and exercisable as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

Weighted Average								
			Exe	rcise	Commo	n Stock	Weighted	d Average
	Common	n Stock	Price of	Options	Exerci	sable	Price of E	Exercisable
	Options Ou	ıtstanding	Outsta	anding	Opti	ons	Opt	tions
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
Outstanding- January								
1, 2010	589,750	150,000	\$5.51	\$10.24	534,750	150,000	\$5.62	\$10.24
Granted	122,600	35,100	\$4.23	\$8.47				
Exercised	(90,000)		\$2.76	\$				
Outstanding-								
December 31, 2010	622,350	185,100	\$5.65	\$9.90	449,750	150,000	\$6.22	\$10.24
No activity			\$	\$				
Outstanding-June 30,								
2011	622,350	185,100	\$5.65	\$9.90	449,750	150,000	\$6.22	\$10.24

The weighted average remaining contractual life of all options outstanding, vested, and expected to vest at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was approximately 4.63 and 5.13 years, respectively. The weighted average remaining contractual life of the exercisable options outstanding at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was approximately 3.88 and 4.38 years, respectively.

Note 3 – Business Segments

We organize our operations into two reportable business segments within the meaning of FASB ASC 280-10 - Segment Reporting. Our reportable segments are (1) cinema exhibition and (2) real estate. The cinema exhibition segment is engaged in the development, ownership, and operation of multiplex cinemas. The real estate segment is engaged in the development, ownership, and operation of commercial properties. Incident to our real estate operations we have acquired, and continue to hold, raw land in urban and suburban centers in Australia and New Zealand.

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The tables below summarize the results of operations for each of our principal business segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Operating expense includes costs associated with the day-to-day operations of the cinemas and the management of rental properties including our live theater assets (dollars in thousands):

	Cinema		Intersegment	
Three months ended June 30, 2011	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	\$62,236	\$6,533	\$ (1,667)	\$67,102
Operating expense	49,901	2,521	(1,667)	
Depreciation & amortization	3,000	1,285		4,285
General & administrative expense	669	207		876
Segment operating income	\$8,666	\$2,520	\$	\$11,186
	Cinema	. ,	Intersegment	,
Three months ended June 30, 2010	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	\$52,433	\$5,962	\$ (1,415)	\$56,980
Operating expense	43,282	2,173	(1,415)	
Depreciation & amortization	2,555	1,110		3,665
Impairment expense		2,239		2,239
General & administrative expense	635	481		1,116
Segment operating income (loss)	\$5,961	\$(41)	\$	\$5,920
	. ,	,		,
			2011	2010
Reconciliation to net income attributable to Reading Interr	ational, Inc. sh	areholders:	Quarter	Quarter
Total segment operating income			\$11,186	\$5,920
Non-segment:				
Depreciation and amortization expense			7	192
General and administrative expense			3,880	3,501
Operating income			7,299	2,227
Interest expense, net			(5,406)	(4,067)
Other income (loss)			91	(129)
Net gain (loss) on sale of assets			(68)	351
Income tax benefit (expense)			13,774	(12,201)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and entiti	es		269	266
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			1,654	(8)
Net income (loss)			17,613	(13,561)
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest			(181)	(153)
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc	c. common shar	eholders	\$17,432	\$(13,714)
	Cinema		Intersegment	
Six months ended June 30, 2011	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	\$111,710	\$12,849	\$ (3,334)	\$121,225
Operating expense	93,043	4,875	(3,334)	94,584
Depreciation & amortization	5,904	2,507		8,411
General & administrative expense	1,280	394		1,674
Segment operating income	\$11,483	\$5,073	\$	\$16,556
	Cinema		Intersegment	
Six months ended June 30, 2010	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	\$106,279	\$11,553	\$ (2,811)	\$115,021

Operating expense	87,973	4,376	(2,811) 89,538
Depreciation & amortization	5,108	2,254		7,362
Impairment expense		2,239		2,239
General & administrative expense	1,228	706		1,934
Segment operating income	\$11,970	\$1,978	\$	\$13,948

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Reconciliation to net income attributable to Reading International, Inc. shareholders:	2011 Six Months	2010 Six Months	
Total segment operating income	\$16,556	\$13,948	
Non-segment:	·		
Depreciation and amortization expense	10	390	
General and administrative expense	7,316	6,888	
Operating income	9,230	6,670	
Interest expense, net	(9,337) (7,164)
Other income (expense)	75	(713)
Net gain (loss) on sale of assets	(68) 351	
Income tax benefit (expense)	13,138	(12,783)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and entities	633	617	
Income from discontinued operations	1,695	29	
Net income (loss)	15,366	(12,993)
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(414) (368)
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc. common shareholders	\$14,952	\$(13,361)

Note 4 – Operations in Foreign Currency

We have significant assets in Australia and New Zealand. To the extent possible, we conduct our Australian and New Zealand operations on a self-funding basis. The carrying value of our Australian and New Zealand assets and liabilities fluctuate due to changes in the exchange rates between the US dollar and the functional currency of Australia (Australian dollar) and New Zealand (New Zealand dollar). We have no derivative financial instruments to hedge against the risk of foreign currency exposure.

Presented in the table below are the currency exchange rates for Australia and New Zealand as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

	US Dol	US Dollar		
		D	ecember 31,	
	June 30, 2011		2010	
Australian Dollar	\$ 1.0732	\$	1.0122	
New Zealand Dollar	\$ 0.8284	\$	0.7687	

Note 5 – Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc. common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc. common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period after giving effect to all potentially dilutive common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive common shares had been issued. Stock options and non-vested stock awards give rise to potentially dilutive common shares. In accordance with FASB ASC 260-10 - Earnings Per Share, these shares are included in the diluted earnings per share calculation under the treasury stock method. As noted in the table below, due to the small difference between the basic and diluted weighted average common shares, the basic and the diluted earnings (loss) per share are the same for the 2011 Quarter. The following is a calculation of earnings (loss) per share (dollars in thousands, except share data):

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		nths Ended e 30,		nths Ended ne 30,
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$15,778	\$(13,706) \$13,257	\$(13,390)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1,654	(8) 1,695	29
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International,				
Inc. common shareholders	\$17,432	\$(13,714) \$14,952	\$(13,361)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to				
Reading International, Inc. common share holders:				
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$0.69	\$(0.60) \$0.58	\$(0.59)
Earnings from discontinued operations	0.07		0.07	
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to				
Reading International, Inc. common share holders:	\$0.76	\$(0.60) \$0.65	\$(0.59)
Weighted average common stock – basic	22,789,718	22,797,53	34 22,749,202	22,754,599
Weighted average common stock – dilutive	22,960,713	22,797,53	34 22,920,198	22,754,599

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, the weighted average common stock – diluted included 170,995 of stock compensation and in-the-money incremental stock options. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, we recorded losses from continuing operations; therefore, we excluded 25,058 of in-the-money incremental stock options from the computation of diluted loss per share because they were anti-dilutive in those periods. In addition, 714,417 of out-of-the-money stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, and 624,692 of out-of-the-money stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010.

Note 6 – Property Sold, Property Held for Sale, Property Held For and Under Development, and Property and Equipment

Cinema Sold

Elsternwick Classic Cinema Sale

On April 14, 2011, we sold our 66.7% share of the 5-screen Elsternwick Classic cinema located in Melbourne, Australia to our joint venture partner for \$1.9 million (AUS\$1.8 million) and recognized a gain on sale of a discontinued operation of \$1.7 million (AUS\$1.6 million).

Assets Held for Sale

Lake Taupo Motel – Held For Sale

Having obtained a rezoning of the property for multifamily residential use and completed the renovation of the existing motel into condominium units, we listed this property for sale in the fourth quarter of 2010. The condensed statement of operations of Lake Taupo is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Three Mor	ths Ended	Six Mont	ths Ended
June 30,		June	e 30,
2011	2010	2011	2010

Total revenue	\$ 71	\$ 52	\$ 190	\$ 160
Total expenses	73	60	151	131
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Taringa

In April 2011, we entered into a call option agreement to sell our Taringa Property in Brisbane, Australia for \$3.4 million (AUS\$3.3 million). In July 2011, the option holder informed us that he is no longer interested in the property and requested a return of his deposit. As we continue to pursue selling this property, it is held for sale at June 30, 2011.

Property Held For and Under Development

Held For Sale Property Reclassified to Held For Development – Burwood

In May 2010, we announced our intent to sell and began actively marketing our 50.6-acre Burwood development site in suburban Melbourne. At June 30, 2011, we had not yet achieved that aim. Pursuant to ASC 360-10-45, as twelve months had passed since this announcement and we lacked a firm commitment from a buyer, we reclassified the current carrying value of this property of \$55.9 million (AUS\$52.1 million) from assets held for sale to property held for development on our June 30, 2011 condensed consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, based on recent valuations, we continue to believe that the fair market value of the property less costs to sell is greater than the current carrying value; therefore, no asset impairment loss was recorded at the time of the reclassification.

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we owned property held for and under development summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

		December
	June 30,	31,
Property Held For and Under Development	2011	2010
Land	\$87,546	\$31,689
Construction-in-progress (including capitalized interest)	5,198	4,013
Property Held For and Under Development	\$92,744	\$35,702

At the beginning of 2010, we curtailed the development activities of our properties under development and are not currently capitalizing interest expense. As a result, we did not capitalize any interest during the three or six months ended June 30, 2011 or 2010.

Property and Equipment

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we owned investments in property and equipment as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,
Property and equipment	2011	2010
Land	\$66,948	\$64,845
Building and improvements	150,752	142,077
Leasehold interests	38,451	37,262
Construction-in-progress	555	408
Fixtures and equipment	106,704	99,399
Total cost	363,410	343,991
Less: accumulated depreciation	(137,768)	(123,741)

Property and equipment, net

\$225,642

\$220,250

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Depreciation expense for property and equipment was \$3.6 million and \$3.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$7.1 million and \$6.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures and Entities

Our investments in unconsolidated joint ventures and entities are accounted for under the equity method of accounting except for Rialto Distribution, which is accounted for as a cost method investment, and, as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, included the following (dollars in thousands):

			December
		June 30,	31,
	Interest	2011	2010
Rialto Distribution	33.3%	\$	\$
Rialto Cinemas	50.0%	4,878	4,580
205-209 East 57th Street Associates, LLC	25.0%	33	
Mt. Gravatt Cinema	33.3%	6,480	5,835
Total investments		\$11,391	\$10,415

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we recorded our share of equity earnings (loss) from our investments in unconsolidated joint ventures and entities as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30,		onths Ended une 30,
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Rialto Distribution	\$55	\$35	\$112	\$35
Rialto Cinemas	(65) 64	(53) 85
205-209 East 57th Street Associates, LLC			33	
Mt. Gravatt Cinema	279	167	541	497
Total equity earnings	\$269	\$266	\$633	\$617

The 3-screen complex in Christchurch, New Zealand owned by our Rialto Cinemas joint venture entity ("Rialto Cinemas"), was damaged as a result of the devastating earthquake suffered by that city on February 22, 2011, and has been closed since that date. Pursuant to the lease on this property, in May 2011, Rialto Cinemas gave notice to the landlord that Rialto Cinemas would be terminating the cinema lease.

Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets

In accordance with FASB ASC 350-20-35, Goodwill - Subsequent Measurement and Impairment, we perform an annual impairment review in the fourth quarter of our goodwill and other intangible assets on a reporting unit basis, or earlier if changes in circumstances indicate an asset may be impaired. No such circumstances existed during the 2011 Six Months. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had goodwill consisting of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Cinema	Real Estate	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$16,311	\$5,224	\$21,535
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1,006		1,006

Balance at June 30, 2011 \$17,317 \$5,224 \$22,541

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We have intangible assets other than goodwill that are subject to amortization, which we amortize over various periods. We amortize our beneficial leases over the lease period, the longest of which is 30 years; our trade name using an accelerated amortization method over its estimated useful life of 45 years; and our other intangible assets over 10 years. For the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, amortization expense totaled \$677,000 and \$614,000, respectively; and for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, amortization expense totaled \$1.3 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

Intangible assets subject to amortization consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

			Other	
	Beneficial		Intangible	
As of June 30, 2011	Leases	Trade name	Assets	Total
Gross carrying amount	\$24,282	\$7,220	\$459	\$31,961
Less: Accumulated amortization	10,394	2,273	318	12,985
Total, net	\$13,888	\$4,947	\$141	\$18,976
			041	
			Other	
	Beneficial		Otner Intangible	
As of December 31, 2010	Beneficial Leases	Trade name		Total
As of December 31, 2010 Gross carrying amount	_	Trade name \$7,220	Intangible	Total \$31,856
	Leases	11000 1101110	Intangible Assets	
Gross carrying amount	Leases \$24,180	\$7,220	Intangible Assets \$456	\$31,856

Note 9 – Prepaid and Other Assets

Prepaid and other assets are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

Prepaid and other current assets	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Prepaid expenses	\$1,414	\$1,145
Prepaid taxes	723	1,044
Deposits	154	151
Note receivable	2,250	
Other	1,247	1,196
Total prepaid and other current assets	\$5,788	\$3,536
Other non-current assets		
Other non-cinema and non-rental real estate assets	\$1,134	\$1,134
Long-term deposits	288	294
Deferred financing costs, net	3,972	3,830
Interest rate swap at fair value – non-qualifying hedge		446
Other receivable		6,750
Tenant inducement asset	1,275	1,327
Straight-line rent asset	2,881	2,627
Mortgage notes receivable	2,095	
Other		128

Total non-current assets \$11,645 \$16,536

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Investment in Notes Receivable

Short Term Note Receivable

On May 15, 2011, in conjunction with a potential purchase of a cinema, we lent \$2.3 million to a cinema operator in exchange for a 90-day note receivable. The note is securitized by three cinemas' leases and bears an annualized interest of 9.9%.

Other Receivable

On June 14, 2011, we received \$6.8 million with respect to the principal and interest owed on a note previously received in connection with a settlement agreement. We believe that further amounts are owed under that note, and we have begun litigation to collect such amounts.

Mortgage Notes Receivable

On February 14, 2011, we purchased for \$2.8 million mortgage notes secured by certain properties. These mortgage notes were in default on the date of acquisition and were acquired with the intention of acquiring the underlying properties. In February 2011, we foreclosed on one of these properties valued at \$859,000, which is currently classified as a property held for development. We are currently pursuing our remedies for the other mortgage notes, which at June 30, 2011 remained in default. We anticipate that we will ultimately acquire the remaining properties.

Note 10 – Income Tax

The provision for income taxes is different from the amount computed by applying U.S. statutory rates to consolidated losses before taxes. The significant reason for these differences is as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30,		onths Ended une 30,	
	2011	,		2010	
Expected tax provision (benefit)	\$1,510	\$(476) \$729	\$(73)
Increase (reduction) in taxes resulting from:					
Change in valuation allowance, other	(15,709) 413	(14,799) 149	
Foreign income tax provision	195	147	295	293	
Foreign withholding tax provision	111	66	214	267	
Tax effect of foreign tax rates on current income	(152) 63	(281) (76)
State and local tax provision	109	127	234	213	
Reserve for federal tax litigation	162	11,861	470	12,010	
Actual tax provision (benefit)	\$(13,774) \$12,201	\$(13,138) \$12,783	

Pursuant to ASC 740-10, a provision should be made for the tax effect of earnings of foreign subsidiaries that are not permanently invested outside the United States. Our intent is that earnings of our foreign subsidiaries are not permanently invested outside the United States.

The Reading Australia consolidated group of subsidiaries generated earnings in the six months ending June 30, 2011, but had no cumulative earnings available for distribution. No current or cumulative earnings were available for distribution in the Reading New Zealand consolidated group of subsidiaries or in the Puerto Rico subsidiary as of June 30, 2011. We have provided \$453,000 in foreign withholding taxes connected with foreign retained earnings.

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Deferred income taxes reflect the "temporary differences" between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, adjusted by the relevant tax rate. In accordance with FASB ASC 740-10 – Income Taxes ("ASC 740-10"), we record net deferred tax assets to the extent we believe these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including scheduled reversals of deferred tax assets and liabilities, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies, and recent financial performance. ASC 740-10 presumes that a valuation allowance is required when there is substantial negative evidence about realization of deferred tax assets, such as a pattern of losses in recent years, coupled with facts that suggest such losses may continue.

In the period ending June 30, 2011, the Company determined that substantial negative evidence regarding the realizable nature of deferred tax assets continues to exist in the U.S., New Zealand, and Puerto Rico subsidiaries, arising from ongoing pre-tax financial losses. Accordingly, the Company continues to record a full valuation allowance for net deferred tax assets available in these subsidiaries. After consideration of a number of factors for the Reading Australia group, including its recent history of pretax financial income, its expected future earnings, the increase in market value of its real estate assets, which would cause taxable gain if sold, and having executed in June 2011 a credit facility of over \$100 million to resolve potential liquidity issues, the Company determined that it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets in Reading Australia will be realized. Accordingly, during the three months ended June 30, 2011, Reading Australia reversed \$13.6 million of the valuation allowance previously recorded against its net deferred tax, which mainly reflects the loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income in Australia.

We have accrued \$27.1 million in income tax liabilities as of June 30, 2011, of which \$24.8 million has been classified as income taxes payable and \$2.3 million have been classified as non-current tax liabilities. As part of current tax liabilities, we have accrued \$20.1 in connection with the Tax Court judgment, dated January 6, 2011, in final disposition of the 1996 tax litigation matter discussed in Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies below. We believe these amounts represent an adequate provision for our income tax exposures, including income tax contingencies related to foreign withholding taxes described in Note 12 – Other Liabilities.

We adopted FASB ASC 740-10-25 – Income Taxes - Uncertain Tax Positions ("ASC 740-10-25") on January 1, 2007. In connection, we record interest and penalties related to income tax matters as part of income tax expense.

The following table is a summary of the activity related to unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest and penalties, for the periods ending June 30, 2011, December 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009 (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months aded June 30, 2011		Year Ended ecember 31, 2010		Year Ended ecember 31 2009	
Unrecognized tax benefits – gross beginning balance	\$ 8,058	\$	11,412	\$	11,271	
Gross increases – prior period tax provisions	248				92	
Gross decreases – prior period tax positions	(6,235)				
Gross increases – current period tax positions			405		219	
Settlements			(3,189)		
Statute of limitations lapse			(570)	(170)
Unrecognized tax benefits – gross ending balance	\$ 2.071	\$	8,058	\$	11.412	

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At December 31, 2010, the total balance of the gross unrecognized tax benefit was \$20.6 million (of which approximately \$12.6 million represents interest). Of the \$20.6 million gross unrecognized tax benefit at December 31, 2010, approximately \$19.5 million would impact the effective tax rate if recognized. For the six months ending June 30, 2011 we recorded a reduction to our gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$6.0 million and a decrease to tax interest of \$10.5 million, reflecting the Tax Court judgment disposing of the IRS Tax Audit/Litigation case described below, which is a liability no longer in the nature of a reserve for uncertain positions. The net tax balance is approximately \$2.1 million, of which \$1.0 million would impact the effective rate if recognized.

It is difficult to predict the timing and resolution of uncertain tax positions. Based upon the Company's assessment of many factors, including past experience and judgments about future events, it is probable that within the next 12 months the reserve for uncertain tax positions will increase within a range of \$0.6 million to \$0.9 million. The reasons for such changes include but are not limited to tax positions expected to be taken during the next twelve months, reevaluation of current uncertain tax positions, expiring statutes of limitations, and interest related to the "Tax Audit/Litigation" matter discussed below.

Our company and subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax, income tax in various U.S. states, and income tax in Australia, New Zealand, and Puerto Rico.

Generally, changes to our federal and most state income tax returns for the calendar year 2006 and earlier are barred by statutes of limitations. Certain domestic subsidiaries filed federal and state tax returns for periods before these entities became consolidated with us. These subsidiaries were examined by the IRS for the years 1996 to 1999 and significant tax deficiencies were assessed for those years. Those deficiencies have been settled, as discussed in "Tax Audit/Litigation," Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies. Our income tax returns of Australia filed since inception in 1995 are generally open for examination because of operating losses. The income tax returns filed in New Zealand and Puerto Rico for calendar year 2006 and afterward generally remain open for examination as of June 30, 2011.

Note 11 – Notes Payable and Subordinated Debt (Trust Preferred Securities)

Notes payable and subordinated debt (trust preferred securities) are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30,	December			December 31,	
Name of Note Payable or	2011	31, 2010		June 30, 2011	2010	
Security	Interest Rate	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance	Balance	
BOSI Australian Corporate						
Credit Facility		6.31%	June 30, 2011	\$	\$ 101,726	
NAB Australian Corporate						
Term Loan	7.89%		June 30, 2014	96,588		
NAB Australian Corporate						
Revolver	7.89%		June 30, 2014	9,659		
Australian Shopping Center						
Loans			2011-2014	537	633	
New Zealand Corporate Credit						
Facility	4.15%	4.75%	March 31, 2012	23,195	20,370	
Trust Preferred Securities	9.22%	9.22%	April 30, 2027	27,913	27,913	
US Cinemas 1, 2, 3 Term Loan	6.73%	6.73%	July 1, 2012	15,000	15,000	
			December 1,			
US GE Capital Term Loan	5.50%	5.50%	2015	33,125	37,500	
	6.20%	6.20%	April 1, 2013	6,656	6,727	

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US Liberty Theaters Term Loans					
			February 21,		
US Nationwide Loan 1	8.50%	8.50%	2013	600	730
			February 21,		
US Nationwide Loan 2		8.50%	2011		1,839
US Sutton Hill Capital Note –			December 31,		
Related Party	8.25%	8.25%	2013	9,000	9,000
US Union Square Term Loan –					
Sun Life	5.92%	5.92%	May 1, 2015	7,280	7,383
Total				\$ 229,553	\$ 228,821
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Nationwide Notes

Pursuant to the terms of the notes, on February 21, 2011, we paid off our Nationwide Loan 2 of \$1.5 million with its \$359,000 of accrued interest and paid off the accrued interest of \$134,000 included in the Nationwide Loan 1 balance.

Australian Corporate Credit Facility

On June 24, 2011, we replaced our Australian Corporate Credit Facility of \$115.8 million (AUS\$110.0 million) with BOS International ("BOSI") with a new credit facility from National Australia Bank ("NAB") of \$110.5 million (AUS\$105.0 million). NAB provided us term debt of \$94.7 million (AUS\$90.0 million) and \$9.5 million (AUS\$9.0 million) in line of credit which we used combined with our cash of \$1.6 million (AUS\$1.5 million) to pay down our \$105.8 million (AUS\$100.5 million) of outstanding BOSI debt. The new three-tiered credit facility from NAB (the "NAB Credit Facility") has a term of three years, due and payable June 30, 2014, and comprises a \$94.7 million (AUS\$90.0 million) term loan; a \$10.5 million (AUS\$10.0 million) revolving facility; and a \$5.3 million (AUS\$5.0 million) guarantee facility. This loan to Reading Entertainment Australia commenced on June 24, 2011 with an interest rate of between 2.90% and 2.15% above the BBSY bid rate. The collateral pledged as security under the NAB Credit Facility is equivalent to that pledged to secure the expired BOSI Facility. The NAB Credit Facility requires annual principal payments of between \$7.5 million (AUS\$7.0 million) and \$9.7 million (AUS\$9.0 million) which, it is anticipated, will be paid from Reading Entertainment Australia operating cash flows. The covenants of the NAB Credit Facility include a fixed charge coverage ratio, a debt service cover ratio, an operating leverage ratio, a loan to value ratio, and other financial covenants. Additionally, the NAB Credit Facility allows us to only transfer \$4.3 million (AUS\$4.0 million) per year outside of Australia. Management believes that maintaining the covenants and payment commitments over the term of the new credit facility can be achieved without any material alteration to the current operating activities of Reading Entertainment Australia.

In conjunction with this NAB Credit Facility, we entered into a five-year interest swap agreement which swaps 100% of our \$96.6 million (AUS\$90.0 million) variable rate term loan (decreasing in line with scheduled principal repayments) based on BBSY, for a 5.50% fixed rate. For further information regarding our swap agreements, see Note 17 – Derivative Instruments.

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Note 12 – Other Liabilities

Other liabilities are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Current liabilities		
Security deposit payable	\$204	\$141
Other liabilities		
Foreign withholding taxes	\$5,944	\$5,944
Straight-line rent liability	7,952	7,559
Capital lease liability	5,692	5,637
Environmental reserve	1,656	1,656
Accrued pension	4,596	4,406
Interest rate swap – non-qualifying hedge	1,412	181
Acquired leases	3,093	3,264
Other payable	2,603	2,603
Other	712	945
Other liabilities	\$33,660	\$32,195

Included in our other liabilities are accrued pension costs of \$4.6 million at June 30, 2011. The benefits of our pension plans are fully vested, and, as such, no service costs were recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. Our pension plans are unfunded; therefore, the actuarial assumptions do not include an estimate for expected return on plan assets. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, we recognized \$100,000 and \$190,000, respectively, of interest cost and \$82,000 and \$164,000, respectively, of amortized prior service cost. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, we recognized \$76,000 and \$152,000, respectively, of interest cost and \$76,000 and \$152,000, respectively, of amortized prior service cost.

Note 13 – Commitments and Contingencies

Unconsolidated Debt

Total debt of unconsolidated joint ventures and entities was \$704,000 and \$653,000 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. Our share of unconsolidated debt, based on our ownership percentage, was \$234,000 and \$218,000 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. This debt is guaranteed by one of our subsidiaries to the extent of our ownership percentage.

U.S. Federal Tax Settlement

As indicated in our 2010 Annual Report, our subsidiary, Craig Corporation ("Craig"), and the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") in July 2010, settled the proposed assessment by the IRS against Craig for the 1996 tax year. The original assessment of \$20.1 million plus interest was settled for \$5.4 million plus interest, as reflected in the final judgment of the Tax Court dated January 6, 2011. We anticipate federal and state tax deductions will be available for interest paid to the IRS and to state tax agencies, and that a federal deduction will be available for taxes paid to state tax agencies. While no assurances can be given, we plan to negotiate an orderly payment of this amount over a reasonable period.

The impact of the settlement upon our liability for state taxes remains uncertain but if the adjustment to income agreed with the IRS were reflected on state returns, it would cause a state tax obligation of approximately \$1.4 million plus interest and penalty. As of June 30, 2011, no deficiency has been asserted by the State of California, and we have made no final decision as to the course of action to be followed if a deficiency were to be asserted.

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Note 14 – Noncontrolling interests

Noncontrolling interests are composed of the following enterprises:

- 50% membership interest in Angelika Film Centers LLC ("AFC LLC") owned by a subsidiary of iDNA, Inc.;
- 25% noncontrolling interest in Australia Country Cinemas Pty Ltd ("ACC") owned by Panorama Cinemas for the 21st Century Pty Ltd.; and
 - 25% noncontrolling interest in the Sutton Hill Properties, LLC owned by SHC.

The components of noncontrolling interests are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30,	December
	2011	31, 2010
AFC LLC	\$580	\$681
Australia Country Cinemas	196	162
Elsternwick unincorporated joint venture		176
Sutton Hill Properties	(188) (167)
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries	\$588	\$852

The components of income attributable to noncontrolling interests are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
AFC LLC	\$181	\$153	\$373	\$345	
Australia Country Cinemas	62	58	136	118	
Elsternwick Unincorporated Joint Venture	1	15	25	43	
Sutton Hill Properties	(63) (73	(120) (138)	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	\$181	\$153	\$414	\$368	

Elsternwick Sale

On April 14, 2011, we sold our 66.7% share of the 5-screen Elsternwick Classic cinema located in Melbourne, Australia to our joint venture partner for \$1.9 million (AUS\$1.8 million) and recognized a gain on sale of a discontinued operation of \$1.7 million (AUS\$1.6 million).

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A summary of the changes in controlling and noncontrolling stockholders' equity is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Reading International,		
	Inc.		Total
		Noncontrolling	Stockholders'
	Equity	Interests	Equity
Equity at – January 1, 2011	\$ 111,787	\$ 852	\$ 112,639
Net income	14,952	414	15,366
Increase in additional paid in capital	94		94
Treasury stock purchased	(111)		(111)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(554)	(554)
Cinema sale to noncontrolling shareholder		(148)	(148)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	11,661	24	11,685
Equity at – June 30, 2011	\$ 138,383	\$ 588	\$ 138,971
	Reading		
	International,		
	Inc.	Noncontrolling	Total
	Stockholders'	Stockholders'	Stockholders'
	Equity	Equity	Equity
Equity at – January 1, 2010	\$ 108,889	\$ 1,374	\$ 110,263
Net income	(13,361)	368	(12,993)
Increase (decrease) in additional paid in capital	(604)	113	(491)
Treasury stock purchased	(251)		(251)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(751)	(751)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(8,490)	(20)	(8,510)
Equity at – June 30, 2010	\$ 86,183	\$ 1,084	\$ 87,267

Note 15 – Common Stock

Common Stock Issuance

During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we issued 174,825 and 148,616, respectively, of Class A Nonvoting shares to certain executive employees associated with their prior years' stock grants.

For the stock options exercised during 2010, we issued for cash to employees of the corporation under our employee stock option plan 90,000 shares of Class A Nonvoting Common Stock at an exercise price of \$2.76 per share.

Treasury Stock Purchases

During the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, we purchased 22,300 and 62,375, respectively, of Class A Nonvoting shares on the open market for \$111,000 and \$251,000, respectively.

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Note 16 – Comprehensive Income (Loss)

U.S. GAAP requires that the effect of foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains and/or losses on securities that are available-for-sale ("AFS") be classified as comprehensive income (loss). The following table sets forth our comprehensive income (loss) for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		d Six Months Ende June 30,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Net income (loss)	\$17,613	\$(13,561) \$15,366	\$(12,993)
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	8,782	(9,434) 11,437	(8,407)
Amortization of pension prior service costs	82	76	164	152	
Realized gain on available for sale investments	(23)	(23)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale investments	(219) (474) 106	(256)
Comprehensive income (loss)	26,235	(23,393) 27,050	(21,504)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(181) (153) (414) (368)
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling					
interest	(17) 28	(24) 20	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Reading					
International, Inc.	\$26,037	\$(23,518) \$26,612	\$(21,852)

Note 17 – Derivative Instruments

We are exposed to interest rate changes from our outstanding floating rate borrowings. We manage our fixed to floating rate debt mix to mitigate the impact of adverse changes in interest rates on earnings and cash flows and on the market value of our borrowings. From time to time, we may enter into interest rate hedging contracts, which effectively convert a portion of our variable rate debt to a fixed rate over the term of the interest rate swap. In the case of our Australian borrowings, we are presently required to swap no less than 75% of our drawdowns under our Australian Corporate Credit Facility into fixed interest rate obligations. In conjunction with this NAB Credit Facility, we entered into a five-year interest swap agreement, which swaps 100% of our variable rate loan based on BBSY for a 5.50% fixed rate loan. Under our GE Capital Term Loan, we are required to swap no less than 50% of our variable rate drawdowns for the first three years of the loan agreement. We elected to swap 100% of the original loan balance on the GE Capital Term Loan and have contracted for balance step-downs that correspond with the loan's principal payments through December 31, 2013.

The following table sets forth the terms of our interest rate swap derivative instruments at June 30, 2011:

			Receive	
	Notional	Pay Fixed	Variable	
Type of Instrument	Amount	Rate	Rate	Maturity Date
Interest rate swap	\$35,625,000	1.34%	0.25%	December 31, 2013
Interest rate swap	\$96,588,000	5.50%	4.99%	June 30, 2016

In accordance with FASB ASC 815-10-35, Subsequent Valuation of Derivative Instruments and Hedging Instruments ("FASB ASC 815-10-35"), we marked our interest rate swap instruments to market on the consolidated balance sheet resulting in an increase in interest expense of \$1.5 million and \$1.7 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and a \$342,000 and \$119,000 increase in interest expense during the three and six months

ended June 30, 2010, respectively. At June 30, 2011, we recorded the fair market value of an interest rate swap of \$1.4 million as an other long-term liability. At December 31, 2010, we recorded the fair market value of an interest rate swap and a cap of \$446,000 as other long-term assets and an interest rate swap of \$181,000 as an other long-term liability. In accordance with FASB ASC 815-10-35, we have not designated any of our current interest rate swap positions as financial reporting hedges.

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Note 18 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We measure the following items at fair value on a recurring basis subject to the disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 820-20, Fair Value of Financial Instruments (dollars in thousands):

		Book Value		Book Value Fa		Fair	Value
			December		December		
		June 30,	31,	June 30,	31,		
Financial Instrument	Level	2011	2010	2011	2010		
Cash and cash equivalents	1	\$38,234	\$34,568	\$38,234	\$34,568		
Investment in marketable securities	1	\$3,142	\$2,985	\$3,142	\$2,985		
Interest rate swap & cap assets	2	\$	\$446	\$	\$446		
Interest rate swap liability	2	\$1,412	\$181	\$1,412	\$181		

ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The statement requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data (were not used to value any of our assets requiring recurring measurements of fair value).

We used the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair values of the assets and liabilities:

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements – are based on market quotes of our marketable securities.

Level 2 Fair Value Measurements –

Interest Rate Swaps – The fair value of interest rate swaps and cap are estimated using internal discounted cash flow calculations based upon forward interest rate curves, which are corroborated by market data, and quotes obtained from counterparties to the agreements.

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements – we do not have any assets or liabilities that fall into this category for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Impaired Property - For assets measured on a non-recurring basis, such as real estate assets that are required to be recorded at fair value as a result of an impairment, our estimates of fair value are based on management's best estimate derived from evaluating market sales data for comparable properties developed by a third party appraiser and arriving at management's estimate of fair value based on such comparable data primarily based on properties with similar characteristics.

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we held certain items that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These included cash equivalents, available for sale securities, and interest rate derivative contracts. Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid, income-producing investments, all of which have maturities of 90 days or less. Our available-for-sale securities primarily consist of investments associated with the ownership of marketable securities in Australia. Derivative instruments are related to our economic hedge of interest

rates.

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The fair values of the interest rate swap agreements are determined using the market standard methodology of discounting the future cash payments and cash receipts on the pay and receive legs of the interest swap agreements that have the net effect of swapping the estimated variable rate note payment stream for a fixed rate payment stream over the period of the swap. The variable interest rates used in the calculation of projected receipts on the interest rate swap and cap agreements are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from observable market interest rate curves and volatilities. To comply with the provisions of ASC 820-10, we incorporate credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both our own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with our derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by our counterparties and us. However, as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation and determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of our derivatives. As a result, we have determined that our derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The nature of our interest rate swap derivative instruments is described in Note 17 – Derivative Instruments.

We have consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and believe we have obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivative contracts we hold. Additionally, there were no transfers of assets and liabilities between levels 1, 2, or 3 during the three or six months ended June 30, 2011.

Financial Instruments Disclosed at Fair Value

The following table sets forth the carrying value and the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (dollars in thousands):

	Book	Book Value		Value
		December		December
	June 30,	31,	June 30,	31,
Financial Instrument	2011	2010	2011	2010
Notes payable	\$192,640	\$191,908	\$167,883	\$173,129
Notes payable to related party	\$9,000	\$9,000	\$N/A	\$N/A
Subordinated debt (trust preferred securities)	\$27,913	\$27,913	\$17,250	\$18,241

The fair value of notes payable to related party cannot be determined due to the related party nature of the terms of the notes payable.

We estimated the fair value of our secured mortgage notes payable, our unsecured notes payable, trust preferred securities, and other debt instruments by performing discounted cash flow analyses using an appropriate market discount rate. We calculated the market discount rate by obtaining period-end treasury rates for fixed-rate debt, or LIBOR rates for variable-rate debt, for maturities that correspond to the maturities of our debt, adding appropriate credit spreads derived from information obtained from third-party financial institutions. These credit spreads take into account factors such as our credit standing, the maturity of the debt, whether the debt is secured or unsecured, and the loan-to-value ratios of the debt.

Note 19 – Casualty Losses

Our 8-screen complex in Christchurch, New Zealand, was damaged as a result of the devastating earthquake suffered by that city on February 22, 2011, and has been closed since that date. We have earthquake and lost profits insurance

on that facility and we are currently in the process of assessing the damage to the property to complete our insurance claims.

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Additionally, the 3-screen complex in Christchurch, New Zealand owned by our Rialto Cinemas joint venture entity ("Rialto Cinemas"), was damaged as a result of the devastating earthquake suffered by that city on February 22, 2011, and has been closed since that date. Pursuant to the lease on the property, in May 2011, Rialto Cinemas gave notice to the landlord that Rialto Cinemas would be terminating the cinema lease.

Note 20 – Subsequent Events

Paydown of NAB Revolver

On August 2, 2011, we paid down our NAB revolver by \$9.9 million (AUS\$9.0 million) resulting in a zero balance on that date.

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Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We are an internationally diversified company principally focused on the development, ownership, and operation of entertainment and real property assets in the United States, Australia, and New Zealand. Our concentration in Australia and New Zealand assets has served us well in times of falling US Dollar values, and our strategy in focusing on hard assets is once again beginning to show strength, particularly as commercial real estate values in Manhattan have firmed.

Currently, we operate in two business segments:

- cinema exhibition, through our 56 multiplex cinemas; and
- real estate, including real estate development and the rental of retail, commercial and live theater assets.

We believe that these two business segments can complement one another, as we can use the comparatively consistent cash flows generated by our cinema operations to fund the front-end cash demands of our real estate development business.

We manage our worldwide cinema exhibition businesses under various different brands:

- in the US, under the Reading, Angelika Film Center, Consolidated Amusements, and City Cinemas brands;
 - in Australia, under the Reading brand; and
 - in New Zealand, under the Reading and Rialto brands.

We believe cinema exhibition to be a business that will likely continue to generate relatively consistent cash flows in the years ahead. We base this on our belief that people will continue to spend some reasonable portion of their entertainment dollar on entertainment outside of the home and that, when compared to other forms of outside the home entertainment; movies continue to be a popular and competitively priced option. While we see the cinema exhibition as a mature industry, we anticipate that our cinema operations will continue as our main source of cash flow and will support our real estate oriented activities and may from time to time add cinemas. In this regard, we anticipate opening in late 2012 a new "Angelika" 8-screen cinema in a new retail development currently under construction in Merrifield, Virginia, and have entered into an agreement to purchase an established 17-screen multiplex in California.

In short, while we do have operating company attributes, we see ourselves principally as a hard asset company and intend to add to shareholder value by building the value of our portfolio of tangible assets.

In addition, we may from time to time identify opportunities to expand our existing businesses and asset base, or to otherwise profit, through the acquisition of interests in other publicly traded companies, both in the United States and in the overseas jurisdictions in which we do business. We may also take positions in private companies in addition to our investments in various private cinema joint ventures.

At June 30, 2011, we owned and operated 51 cinemas with 416 screens, had interests in certain unconsolidated joint ventures and entities that own an additional 3 cinemas with 29 screens and managed 2 cinemas with 9 screens. One of these cinemas, our 8-screen complex in Christchurch, New Zealand, was damaged as a result of the devastating earthquake suffered by that city on February 22, 2011, and has been closed since that date. We have earthquake and lost profits insurance on that facility and we are currently in the process of assessing the damage to the property to

complete our insurance claims. Additionally, the 3-screen complex in Christchurch, New Zealand owned by our Rialto Cinemas joint venture entity ("Rialto Cinemas"), was also damaged in the February 2011 earthquake, and has been closed since that date. Pursuant to the lease on the property, in May 2011, Rialto Cinemas gave notice to the landlord that Rialto Cinemas would be terminating the cinema lease. We have adjusted our cinema screen count to reflect the permanent closure of this cinema.

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As mentioned above, we continue to consider opportunities to expand our cinema operations, while at the same time continuing to cull those cinema assets which are underperforming or have unacceptable risk profiles on a go forward basis. During May 2010, we elected not to renew the lease of our 4-screen Kapiti cinema in New Zealand, and, during September 2010, our landlord terminated the lease on our 8-screen AFC Houston cinema. On April 14, 2011, we sold to our joint venture partner our 66.7% interest in the Elsternwick cinema for \$1.9 million (AUS\$1.8 million) and recognized a gain on sale of a discontinued operation of \$1.7 million (AUS\$1.6 million).

Although we have curtailed our real estate development activities, we remain opportunistic in our acquisitions of both cinema and real estate assets. Our business plan going forward is to continue the build-out of our existing development properties and to seek out additional, profitable real estate development opportunities while continuing to use and judiciously expand our presence in the cinema exhibition business by identifying, developing, and acquiring cinema properties when and where appropriate. In addition, we will continue to investigate potential synergistic acquisitions that may not readily fall into either of our two currently identified segments.

On February 14, 2011, we purchased for \$2.8 million mortgage notes secured by certain properties. These mortgage notes were in default on the date of acquisition and were acquired with the intention of acquiring the underlying properties. In February 2011, we foreclosed on one of these properties valued at \$859,000, which is currently classified as a property held for development. We are currently pursuing our remedies for the other mortgage notes, which at June 30, 2011 remained in default. We anticipate that we will ultimately acquire the remaining properties.

We are currently considering the potential sale of certain of our real estate assets. We have taken steps to sell our Lake Taupo Property in New Zealand. Additionally, in April 2011, we entered into a call option agreement to sell our Taringa Property in Brisbane, Australia for \$3.4 million (AUS\$3.3 million). In July 2011, the option holder informed us that he is no longer interested in the property and requested a return of his deposit. As we continue to pursue selling this property, it is held for sale at June 30, 2011.

We continue to acquire, to dispose of, or to reposition assets in accordance with our business plan. For the 2011 Quarter, we did not have any acquisitions to note.

Results of Operations

At June 30, 2011, we owned and operated 51 cinemas with 416 screens, had interests in certain unconsolidated joint ventures and entities that own an additional 3 cinemas with 29 screens and managed 2 cinemas with 9 screens. In real estate during the period, we (i) owned and operated four ETRC's that we developed in Australia and New Zealand, (ii) owned the fee interests in four developed commercial properties in Manhattan and Chicago improved with live theaters comprising seven stages and ancillary retail and commercial space, (iii) owned the fee interests underlying one of our Manhattan cinemas, and (iv) held for development an additional seven parcels aggregating approximately 129 acres located principally in urbanized areas of Australia and New Zealand.

Operating expense includes costs associated with the day-to-day operations of the cinemas and the management of rental properties, including our live theater assets. Our year-to-year results of operations were principally impacted by the fluctuation in the value of the Australian and New Zealand dollars vis-à-vis the US dollar resulting in an increase in results of operations for our foreign operations for 2011 compared to 2010.

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The tables below summarize the results of operations for each of our principal business segments for the three ("2011 Quarter") and six ("2011 Six Months") months ended June 30, 2011 and the three ("2010 Quarter") and six ("2010 Six Months") months ended June 30, 2010, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	Cinema		Intersegment	
Three months ended June 30, 2011	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	
Revenue	\$62,236	\$6,533	\$ (1,667) \$67,102
Operating expense	49,901	2,521) 50,755
Depreciation & amortization	3,000	1,285		4,285
General & administrative expense	669	207		876
Segment operating income	\$8,666	\$2,520	\$	\$11,186
	Cinema	, ,	Intersegment	
Three months ended June 30, 2010	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	
Revenue	\$52,433	\$5,962	\$ (1,415) \$56,980
Operating expense	43,282	2,173	(1,415) 44,040
Depreciation & amortization	2,555	1,110		3,665
Impairment expense		2,239		2,239
General & administrative expense	635	481		1,116
Segment operating income (loss)	\$5,961	\$(41)		\$5,920
segment operating meonic (1033)	ψ3,701	φ(+1)	Ψ	Ψ3,720
			2011	2010
Reconciliation to net income attributable to Reading Interna	ational Inc. sh	areholders:	Quarter	Quarter
Total segment operating income	ational, file. sin	archolucis.	\$11,186	\$5,920
Non-segment:			\$11,100	\$5,920
Depreciation and amortization expense			7	192
General and administrative expense			3,880	3,501
•				
Operating income			7,299	2,227
Interest expense, net) (4,067)
Other income (loss)			91	(129)
Net gain (loss) on sale of assets			() 351
Income tax benefit (expense)			13,774	(12,201)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and entities	es		269	266
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			1,654	(8)
Net income (loss)			17,613	(13,561)
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest			(181) (153)
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc	. common shar	eholders	\$17,432	\$(13,714)
	Cinema		Intersegment	
Six months ended June 30, 2011	Exhibition	Real Estate	Eliminations	
Revenue	\$111,710	\$12,849	\$ (3,334) \$121,225
Operating expense	93,043	4,875	(3,334) 94,584
Depreciation & amortization	5,904	2,507		8,411
General & administrative expense	1,280	394		1,674
Segment operating income	\$11,483	\$5,073	\$	\$16,556
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	Cinema		Intersegmen	t	
Six months ended June 30, 2010	Exhibition	Real Estate	Elimination	s Total	
Revenue	\$106,279	\$11,553	\$ (2,811) \$115,021	
Operating expense	87,973	4,376	(2,811) 89,538	
Depreciation & amortization	5,108	2,254		7,362	
Impairment expense		2,239		2,239	
General & administrative expense	1,228	706		1,934	
Segment operating income	\$11,970	\$1,978	\$	\$13,948	
			2011 Six	2010 Six	
Reconciliation to net income attributable to Reading Intern	ational, Inc. sh	areholders:	Months	Months	
Total segment operating income			\$16,556	\$13,948	
Non-segment:					
Depreciation and amortization expense			10	390	
General and administrative expense			7,316	6,888	
Operating income			9,230	6,670	
Interest expense, net			(9,337) (7,164)
Other income (expense)			75	(713)
Net gain (loss) on sale of assets			(68) 351	
Income tax benefit (expense)			13,138	(12,783)
Equity earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures and entiti	es		633	617	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			1,695	29	
Net income (loss)			15,366	(12,993)
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest			(414) (368)
Net income (loss) attributable to Reading International, Inc	c. common shar	eholders	\$14,952	\$(13,361)

Cinema Exhibition Segment

Included in the cinema exhibition segment above is revenue and expense from the operations of 51 cinema complexes with 416 screens during the 2011 Quarter and 52 cinema complexes with 421 screens during the 2010 Quarter and management fee income from 2 cinemas with 9 screens in both years. The following tables detail our cinema exhibition segment operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	United		New	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2011	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Admissions revenue	\$20,419	\$19,985	\$3,274	\$43,678
Concessions revenue	7,988	6,434	904	15,326
Advertising and other revenues	1,428	1,629	175	3,232
Total revenues	29,835	28,048	4,353	62,236
Cinema costs	23,490	20,149	3,370	47,009
Concession costs	1,278	1,381	233	2,892
Total operating expense	24,768	21,530	3,603	49,901
Depreciation and amortization	1,606	1,096	298	3,000
General & administrative expense	539	130		669
Segment operating income	\$2,922	\$5,292	\$452	\$8,666

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	United		New	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Admissions revenue	\$18,733	\$14,280	\$3,864	\$36,877
Concessions revenue	7,351	4,396	982	12,729
Advertising and other revenues	1,404	1,164	259	2,827
Total revenues	27,488	19,840	5105	52,433
Cinema costs	22,677	14,648	3,611	40,936
Concession costs	1,178	935	233	2,346
Total operating expense	23,855	15,583	3,844	43,282
Depreciation and amortization	1,618	688	249	2,555
General & administrative expense	500	135		635
Segment operating income	\$1,515	\$3,434	\$1,012	\$5,961

- Cinema revenue increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$9.8 million or 18.7% compared to the same period in 2010. The 2011 Quarter increase was primarily related to increases in revenue from our U.S. and Australian cinema operations of \$2.3 million and \$8.2 million, respectively. These revenue increases were primarily related to an increase in box office attendance of 185,000 and 140,000, respectively, an increase in ticket prices in Australia, and a increase in the value of the Australian dollar compared to the U.S. dollar (see below) compared to the same period last year. Our New Zealand cinema revenue decreased by \$752,000 primarily related to a 121,000 decrease in attendance. This revenue decrease was somewhat offset by an increase in the value of the New Zealand dollar compared to the U.S. dollar (see below).
- Operating expense increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$6.6 million or 15.3% compared to the same period in 2010. This increase followed the increased revenues noted above. Overall, our operating expense as a percent of gross revenue decreased from 82.5% to 80.2%.
- Depreciation and amortization expense increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$445,000 or 17.4% compared to the same period in 2010 primarily related to certain recently purchased 3D equipment being depreciated in the 2011 Quarter and the inclusion of Charlestown cinema as an operating location since October 2010.
- General and administrative costs increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$34,000 or 5.4% compared to the same period in 2010.
- For our statement of operations, the Australian and New Zealand quarterly average exchange rates increased by 20.2% and 14.2%, respectively, since the 2010 Quarter, which had an impact on the individual components of our income statement.
- Because of the above, the cinema exhibition segment income increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$2.7 million compared to the same period in 2010, a 45.4% increase.

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The following tables detail our cinema exhibition segment operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	United		New	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Admissions revenue	\$35,766	\$36,804	\$6,265	\$78,835
Concessions revenue	13,782	11,620	1,645	27,047
Advertising and other revenues	2,523	2,971	334	5,828
Total revenues	52,071	51,395	8,244	111,710
Cinema costs	43,570	37,731	6,660	87,961
Concession costs	2,166	2,509	407	5,082
Total operating expense	45,736	40,240	7,067	93,043
Depreciation and amortization	3,227	2,104	573	5,904
General & administrative expense	1,007	273		1,280
Segment operating income	\$2,101	\$8,778	\$604	\$11,483
	United		New	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	States	Australia	New Zealand	Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 Admissions revenue		Australia \$30,604		Total \$75,889
	States		Zealand	
Admissions revenue	States \$36,913	\$30,604	Zealand \$8,372	\$75,889
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue	States \$36,913 14,024	\$30,604 9,085	Zealand \$8,372 2,021	\$75,889 25,130
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551	\$30,604 9,085 2,222	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487	\$75,889 25,130 5,260
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551	\$30,604 9,085 2,222	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487	\$75,889 25,130 5,260
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues Total revenues	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551 53,488	\$30,604 9,085 2,222 41,911	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487 10,880	\$75,889 25,130 5,260 106,279
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues Total revenues Cinema costs	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551 53,488	\$30,604 9,085 2,222 41,911 30,714	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487 10,880	\$75,889 25,130 5,260 106,279
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues Total revenues Cinema costs Concession costs	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551 53,488 44,672 2,185	\$30,604 9,085 2,222 41,911 30,714 1,975	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487 10,880 7,950 477	\$75,889 25,130 5,260 106,279 83,336 4,637
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues Total revenues Cinema costs Concession costs	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551 53,488 44,672 2,185	\$30,604 9,085 2,222 41,911 30,714 1,975	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487 10,880 7,950 477	\$75,889 25,130 5,260 106,279 83,336 4,637
Admissions revenue Concessions revenue Advertising and other revenues Total revenues Cinema costs Concession costs Total operating expense	States \$36,913 14,024 2,551 53,488 44,672 2,185 46,857	\$30,604 9,085 2,222 41,911 30,714 1,975 32,689	Zealand \$8,372 2,021 487 10,880 7,950 477 8,427	\$75,889 25,130 5,260 106,279 83,336 4,637 87,973

- Cinema revenue increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$5.4 million or 5.1% compared to the same period in 2010. The 2011 Six Months increase was primary related to a \$9.5 million increase in revenue from our Australian cinema operations primarily related to an increase in ticket prices and an increase in the value of the Australian dollar compared to the U.S. dollar (see below). The Australian cinema operations had a nominal increase in admissions during the period. This increase from our Australian operations was offset by decreases in revenue from our U.S. and New Zealand cinema operations of \$1.4 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, primarily related to decreases in cinema admissions of 154,000 and 303,000, respectively. The decreased revenue from New Zealand was somewhat offset by an increase in the value of New Zealand dollars compared to the U.S. dollar (see below).
- Operating expense increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$5.1 million or 5.8% compared to the same period in 2010. This increase followed the increases and decreases in revenues for the three countries noted above and was affected by an increase in the value of the Australian and New Zealand dollars compared to the U.S. dollar (see below). Overall, our operating expense as a percent of gross revenue increased slightly, from 82.8% to 83.3%.

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- Depreciation and amortization expense increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$796,000 or 15.6% compared to the same period in 2010 primarily related to certain recently purchased 3D equipment being depreciated in the 2011 Six Months and the inclusion of Charlestown cinema as an operating location since October 2010.
- General and administrative costs increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$52,000 or 4.2% compared to the same period in 2010 primarily related to an increase in rent for our New York Home Office.
- For our statement of operations, the Australian and New Zealand quarterly average exchange rates increased by 15.7% and 10.4%, respectively, since the 2010 Six Months, which had an impact on the individual components of our income statement.
- Because of the above, the cinema exhibition segment income decreased for the 2011 Six Months by \$487,000 compared to the same period in 2010, a 4.1% decrease.

Real Estate Segment

The following tables detail our real estate segment operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	United		New	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2011	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Live theater rental and ancillary income	\$698	\$	\$	\$698
Property rental income	437	3,621	1,777	5,835
Total revenues	1,135	3,621	1,777	6,533
Live theater costs	453			453
Property rental cost	88	1,563	417	2,068
Total operating expense	541	1,563	417	2,521
Depreciation and amortization	82	826	377	1,285
General & administrative expense	20	171	16	207
Segment operating income	\$492	\$1,061	\$967	\$2,520
	United		New	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	United States	Australia	New Zealand	Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 Live theater rental and ancillary income		Australia \$		Total \$965
·	States		Zealand	
Live theater rental and ancillary income	States \$965	\$	Zealand \$	\$965
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income	States \$965 438	\$ 3,079	Zealand \$ 1,480	\$965 4,997
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income	States \$965 438	\$ 3,079	Zealand \$ 1,480	\$965 4,997
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues	\$1,403	\$ 3,079 3,079	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480	\$965 4,997 5,962
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues Live theater costs	States \$965 438 1,403	\$ 3,079 3,079	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480	\$965 4,997 5,962 545
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues Live theater costs Property rental cost	States \$965 438 1,403 545 86	\$ 3,079 3,079 1,193	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480 349	\$965 4,997 5,962 545 1,628
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues Live theater costs Property rental cost	States \$965 438 1,403 545 86	\$ 3,079 3,079 1,193	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480 349	\$965 4,997 5,962 545 1,628
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues Live theater costs Property rental cost Total operating expense	States \$965 438 1,403 545 86 631	\$ 3,079 3,079 1,193 1,193	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480 349 349	\$965 4,997 5,962 545 1,628 2,173
Live theater rental and ancillary income Property rental income Total revenues Live theater costs Property rental cost Total operating expense Depreciation and amortization	States \$965 438 1,403 545 86 631	\$ 3,079 3,079 1,193 1,193	Zealand \$ 1,480 1,480 349 349 356	\$965 4,997 5,962 545 1,628 2,173

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- Real estate revenue increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$571,000 or 9.6% compared to the same period in 2010. Real estate revenue increased from our Australian and New Zealand properties primarily due to a year over year increase in the value of the Australian and New Zealand dollars compared to the U.S. dollar. This increase translated to higher Australian and New Zealand revenues for the 2011 Quarter compared to the 2010 Quarter (see below). U.S. real estate revenue decreased primarily due to a drop in live theater revenue in 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.
- Operating expense for the real estate segment increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$348,000 or 16.0% compared to the same period in 2010. This increase generally followed the increased revenues noted above.
- Depreciation and amortization expense for the real estate segment increased by \$175,000 or 15.8% for the 2011 Quarter compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to the aforementioned impact of currency exchange rates (see below).
- We recorded a \$2.2 million impairment charge related to our Taringa real estate property during the second quarter of 2010 primarily associated with the write-off of development costs of the project.
- General and administrative costs decreased for the 2011 Quarter by \$274,000 or 57.0% compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to 2010 litigation costs with the Mackie case in Australia not repeated in 2011.
- For our statement of operations, the Australian and New Zealand quarterly average exchange rates increased by 20.2% and 14.2%, respectively, since the 2010 Quarter, which had an impact on the individual components of our income statement.
- As a result of the above, real estate segment income increased for the 2011 Quarter by \$2.6 million compared to the same period in 2010 primarily related to the above mentioned impairment charge for our Taringa property in 2010.

The following tables detail our real estate segment operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	United		New	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Live theater rental and ancillary income	\$1,551	\$	\$	\$1,551
Property rental income	908	6,940	3,450	11,298
Total revenues	2,459	6,940	3,450	12,849
Live theater costs	953			953
Property rental cost	230	2,915	777	3,922
Total operating expense	1,183	2,915	777	4,875
Depreciation and amortization	163	1,609	735	2,507
General & administrative expense	29	328	37	394
Segment operating income	\$1,084	\$2,088	\$1,901	\$5,073

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	United		New	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	States	Australia	Zealand	Total
Live theater rental and ancillary income	\$1,475	\$	\$	\$1,475
Property rental income	874	6,190	3,014	10,078
Total revenues	2,349	6,190	3,014	11,553
Live theater costs	1,003			1,003
Property rental cost	240	2,409	724	3,373
Total operating expense	1,243	2,409	724	4,376
Depreciation and amortization	159	1,364	731	2,254
Loss on transfer of real estate held for sale to continuing				
operations		2,239		2,239
General & administrative expense	1	682	23	706
Segment operating income (loss)	\$946	\$(504	\$1,536	\$1,978

- Real estate revenue increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$1.3 million or 11.2% compared to the same period in 2010. Real estate revenue increased from our Australian and New Zealand properties primarily due to a year over year increase in the value of the Australian and New Zealand dollars compared to the U.S. dollar. This increase translated to higher Australian and New Zealand revenues for the 2011 Six Months compared to the 2010 Six Months (see below). Additionally, U.S. real estate revenue increased primarily due to improved live theater revenue in 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.
- Operating expense for the real estate segment increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$499,000 or 11.4% compared to the same period in 2010. This increase generally followed the increased revenues noted above.
- Depreciation and amortization expense for the real estate segment increased by \$253,000 or 11.2% for the 2011 Six Months compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to the aforementioned impact of currency exchange rates (see below).
- We recorded a \$2.2 million impairment charge related to our Taringa real estate property during the second quarter of 2010 primarily associated with the write-off of development costs of the project.
- General and administrative costs decreased for the 2011 Six Months by \$312,000 or 44.2% compared to the same period in 2010 primarily due to 2010 litigation costs with the Mackie case in Australia not repeated in 2011.
- For our statement of operations, the Australian and New Zealand six month average exchange rates increased by 15.7% and 10.4%, respectively, since the 2010 Six Months, which had an impact on the individual components of our income statement.
- As a result of the above, real estate segment income increased for the 2011 Six Months by \$3.1 million compared to the same period in 2010 primarily related to the above mentioned impairment charge for our Taringa property in 2010.

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Corporate

Quarterly Results

General and administrative expense increased by \$379,000 in the 2011 Quarter compared to the 2010 Quarter, primarily related to additional labor costs associated with our transfer of our accounting functions from the U.S. and Australia to New Zealand; offset by, a decrease in legal and consulting fees primarily associated with our federal tax litigation, which was settled during July 2010.

Net interest expense increased by \$1.3 million for the 2011 Quarter compared to the 2010 Quarter. The increase in interest expense during the 2011 Quarter was primarily related to an increase in interest expense from the change in fair value of our interest rate swaps in 2011 than that of the same period in 2010.

For the 2011 Quarter, we recorded an other income of \$91,000 compared to an other expense of \$129,000 for the 2010 Quarter. The 2011 Quarter other income was primarily related to a gain on the sale of marketable securities and a change in certain long term liabilities and in the 2010 Quarter, the \$129,000 other loss included offsetting settlements related to our Burstone litigation and the 2008 sale of our interest in the Botany Downs cinema.

During the 2011 Quarter, we recorded a \$68,000 loss on sale of assets primarily related to the disposal of certain obsolete assets. During the 2010 Quarter, we recorded a \$351,000 gain on sale of assets primarily related to a deferred gain on sale of a property.

For the 2011 Quarter, we recorded a gain on the sale of a discontinued operation for our Elsternwick Cinema of \$1.7 million that is included in our income from discontinued operations.

For the 2011 Quarter, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$13.8 million primarily associated with a one-time tax provision adjustment of \$14.4 million. For the 2010 Quarter, we recorded an income tax expense of \$12.2 million primarily relating to additional tax accrual associated with our potential tax exposures related to our tax litigation settlement. For more information regarding these tax provision and accrual adjustments see Note 10 – Income Tax.

Six Months Results

General and administrative expense increased by \$428,000 in the 2011 Six Months compared to the 2010 Six Months, primarily related to additional labor costs associated with our transfer of our accounting functions from the U.S. and Australia to New Zealand; offset by, a decrease in legal and consulting fees primarily associated with our federal tax litigation, which was settled during July 2010.

Net interest expense increased by \$2.2 million for the 2011 Six Months compared to the 2010 Six Months. The increase in interest expense during the 2011 Six Months was primarily related to an increase in interest expense from the change in fair value of our interest rate swaps in 2011 than that of the same period in 2010.

For the 2011 Six Months, we recorded an other income of \$75,000 compared to an other expense of \$713,000 for the 2010 Six Months. The 2011 Six Months other expense was primarily related to a gain on the sale of marketable securities and a change in certain long term liabilities and the 2010 Six Months other expense of \$713,000 included offsetting settlements related to our Burstone litigation and the 2008 sale of our interest in the Botany Downs cinema and a \$605,000 loss associated our Mackie litigation.

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During the 2011 Six Months, we recorded a \$68,000 loss on sale of assets primarily related to the disposal of certain obsolete assets. During the 2010 Six Months, we recorded a \$351,000 gain on sale of assets primarily related to a deferred gain on sale of a property.

For the 2011 Six Months, we recorded a gain on the sale of a discontinued operation for our Elsternwick Cinema of \$1.7 million that is included in our income from discontinued operations.

For the 2011 Six Months, we recorded an income tax benefit of \$13.1 million primarily associated with a one-time tax provision adjustment of \$14.4 million. For the 2010 Six Months, we recorded an income tax expense of \$12.8 million primarily relating to additional tax accrual associated with our potential tax exposures related to our tax litigation settlement. For more information regarding these tax provision and accrual adjustments see Note 10 – Income Tax.

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Reading International, Inc. Common Shareholders

During 2011, we recorded a net income attributable to Reading International, Inc. common shareholders of \$17.4 million for the 2011 Quarter compared to a net loss of \$13.7 million for the 2010 Quarter and a net income of \$15.0 million for the 2011 Six Months compared to a net loss of \$13.4 million for the 2010 Six Months. The change from a net loss to a net income from 2010 to 2011 was primarily a one-time tax provision adjustment of \$14.4 million in 2011 and a one-time income tax accrual of \$12.0 million for our federal tax case settlement and a property impairment charge of \$2.2 million in 2010.

Business Plan, Capital Resources, and Liquidity

Business Plan

Our cinema exhibition business plan is to continue to identify, develop, and acquire cinema properties, where reasonably available, that allow us to leverage our cinema expertise and technology over a larger operating base. Our real estate business plan is to continue development of our existing land assets to be sensitive to opportunities to convert our entertainment assets to higher and better uses, or, when appropriate, dispose of such assets. Because we believe that current economic conditions are not conducive to obtaining the pre-construction leasing commitments necessary to justify commencement of construction, we currently focus our development efforts on improving and enhancing land entitlements and negotiating with end users for build to suit projects. In addition, we review opportunities to monetize our assets where such action leads to a financially acceptable outcome. We will also continue to investigate potential synergistic acquisitions that may not readily fall into either of our two currently identified segments.

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Contractual Obligations

The following table provides information with respect to the maturities and scheduled principal repayments of our secured debt and lease obligations at June 30, 2011 (in thousands):

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Thereafter	Total
Debt	\$6,079	\$51,951	\$22,656	\$91,112	\$20,842	\$	\$192,640
Notes payable to							
related parties			9,000				9,000
Subordinated							
notes (trust							
preferred							
securities)						27,913	27,913
Pension liability	4	18	28	37	48	4,461	4,596
Lease obligations	17,085	24,669	23,001	20,590	19,575	80,800	185,720
Estimated interest							
on debt	8,217	13,383	10,867	5,869	2,042	13,219	53,597
Total	\$31,385	\$90,021	\$65,552	\$117,608	\$42,507	\$126,393	\$473,466

We base estimated interest on long-term debt on the anticipated loan balances for future periods calculated against current fixed and variable interest rates.

We adopted FASB ASC 740-10-25, Income Taxes – Uncertain Tax Positions on January 1, 2007. As of adoption, the total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions was \$12.5 million decreasing to \$2.1 million as of June 30, 2011. While no assurances can be given, we plan to negotiate an orderly payment of the IRS assessment over a reasonable period. Thus, we expect a partial payment related to these obligations to occur within the next twelve months, though the amount of this payment is uncertain.

Unconsolidated Debt

Total debt of unconsolidated joint ventures and entities was \$704,000 and \$653,000 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. Our share of unconsolidated debt, based on our ownership percentage, was \$234,000 and \$218,000 as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. This loan is guaranteed by one of our subsidiaries to the extent of our ownership percentage.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are no off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements or obligations (including contingent obligations) that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our financial condition, changes in the financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

Currency Risk

We are subject to currency risk because we conduct a significant portion of our business in Australia and New Zealand. Set forth below is a chart indicating the various exchange rates at certain points in time for the Australian and New Zealand Dollar vis-à-vis the US Dollar over the past 20 years.