

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORP
Form 10-Q
February 06, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549

Form 10-Q

Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2006

Commission File No. 0-9115

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
(Exact Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA
(State or other jurisdiction of
Incorporation or organization)

25-0644320
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

TWO NORTHSORE CENTER,
PITTSBURGH, PA
(Address of principal executive offices)

15212-5851
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area
code

(412) 442-8200

NOT APPLICABLE

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer o
x o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

As of January 31, 2007, shares of common stock outstanding were:

Class A Common Stock 32,787,829 shares

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	December 31, 2006 (unaudited)	September 30, 2006
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,061	\$ 29,720
Short-term investments	96	92
Accounts receivable, net	116,373	121,750
Inventories	95,336	85,415
Deferred income taxes	1,687	1,682
Other current assets	4,891	4,184
Total current assets	254,444	242,843
Investments	10,941	11,492
Property, plant and equipment: Cost	204,936	202,346
Less accumulated depreciation	(117,607)	(114,247)
	87,329	88,099
Deferred income taxes	24,788	24,441
Other assets	8,125	6,125
Goodwill	303,377	298,125
Other intangible assets, net	45,225	44,965
Total assets	\$ 734,229	\$ 716,090
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Long-term debt, current maturities	\$ 26,353	\$ 28,451
Accounts payable	23,893	26,925
Accrued compensation	24,494	33,517
Accrued income taxes	14,601	9,230
Other current liabilities	34,303	39,086
Total current liabilities	123,644	137,209
Long-term debt	130,730	120,289
Pension and postretirement benefits	36,422	35,142
Deferred income taxes	10,314	9,942
Environmental reserve	8,877	9,028
Other liabilities and deferred revenue	13,888	12,055
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	36,334	36,334
Additional paid in capital	35,232	33,953
Retained earnings	422,430	410,203

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Accumulated other comprehensive income	9,129		4,386	
Treasury stock, at cost	(92,771)		(92,451)	
		410,354		392,425
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 734,229		\$ 716,090

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2006	2005
Sales	\$ 175,424	\$ 170,109
Cost of sales	(110,490)	(108,912)
Gross profit	64,934	61,197
Selling and administrative expenses	(40,750)	(38,779)
Operating profit	24,184	22,418
Investment income	411	327
Interest expense	(1,816)	(1,440)
Other income (deductions), net	131	(33)
Minority interest	(520)	(588)
Income before income taxes	22,390	20,684
Income taxes	(8,419)	(7,777)
Net income	\$ 13,971	\$ 12,907
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$.44	\$.40
Diluted	\$.44	\$.40

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 13,971	\$ 12,907
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,311	5,400
Net gain on sale of assets	(635)	(72)
Minority interest	520	588
Stock-based compensation expense	872	1,361
Change in deferred taxes	(181)	(287)
Changes in working capital items	(10,011)	(5,424)
Increase in other assets	(2,311)	(275)
Increase in other liabilities	1,864	76
Increase in pension and postretirement benefits	1,280	1,131
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,680	15,405
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(3,531)	(3,804)
Proceeds from sale of assets	784	53
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(7,757)	(9,533)
Proceeds from sale of investments	265	-
Purchases of investments	(67)	(49)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,306)	(13,333)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from long-term debt	20,000	7,327
Payments on long-term debt	(12,644)	(11,357)
Proceeds from the sale of treasury stock	2,121	326
Purchases of treasury stock	(2,645)	-
Tax benefit of exercised stock options	897	281
Dividends	(1,744)	(1,603)
Distributions to minority interests	(766)	(3,726)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5,219	(8,752)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	748	(599)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,341	\$ (7,279)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2006

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 1. Nature of Operations

Matthews International Corporation ("Matthews" or the "Company"), founded in 1850 and incorporated in Pennsylvania in 1902, is a designer, manufacturer and marketer principally of memorialization products and brand solutions. Memorialization products consist primarily of bronze memorials and other memorialization products, caskets and cremation equipment for the cemetery and funeral home industries. Brand solutions include graphics imaging products and services, marking products, and merchandising solutions. The Company's products and operations are comprised of six business segments: Bronze, Casket, Cremation, Graphics Imaging, Marking Products and Merchandising Solutions. The Bronze segment is a leading manufacturer of cast bronze memorials and other memorialization products, cast and etched architectural products and is a leading builder of mausoleums in the United States. The Casket segment is a leading casket manufacturer in the United States and produces a wide variety of wood and metal caskets. The Cremation segment is a leading designer and manufacturer of cremation equipment and cremation caskets primarily in North America. The Graphics Imaging segment manufactures and provides brand solutions, printing plates, pre-press services and imaging services for the primary packaging and corrugated industries. The Marking Products segment designs, manufactures and distributes a wide range of marking and coding equipment and consumables, and industrial automation products for identifying, tracking and conveying various consumer and industrial products, components and packaging containers. The Merchandising Solutions segment designs and manufactures merchandising displays and systems and provides creative merchandising and marketing solutions services.

The Company has manufacturing and marketing facilities in the United States, Canada, Mexico, Australia, and Europe.

Note 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information for commercial and industrial companies and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended December 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2007. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2006. The consolidated financial statements include all domestic and foreign subsidiaries in which the Company maintains an ownership interest and has operating control. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications and restatements:

Certain reclassifications have been made in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for prior periods to conform to the current period presentation.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 3. Share-Based Payments

The Company has a stock incentive plan that provides for grants of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options and restricted share awards in an aggregate number not to exceed 15% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock (4,755,502 at December 31, 2006). The plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The option price for each stock option that may be granted under the plan may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Outstanding stock options are exercisable in one-third increments upon the attainment of 10%, 33% and 60% appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. In addition, options generally vest in one-third increments after three, four and five years, respectively, from the grant date (but, in any event, not until the attainment of the market value thresholds). The options expire on the earlier of ten years from the date of grant, upon employment termination, or within specified time limits following voluntary employment termination (with the consent of the Company), retirement or death. The Company generally settles employee stock option exercises with treasury shares.

Effective October 1, 2005, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment," ("SFAS 123(R)"), using the modified retrospective method. Accordingly, stock-based compensation cost is measured at grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as expense over the employee requisite service period.

For the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, stock-based compensation cost totaled \$872 and \$1,361, respectively. The associated future income tax benefit recognized was \$340 and \$531 for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

For the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, the amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$2,121 and \$326, respectively. In connection with these exercises, the tax benefits realized by the Company for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 were \$897 and \$281, respectively.

The transactions for shares under options for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-average exercise price	Weighted- average remaining contractual term	Aggregate intrinsic value
Outstanding, September 30, 2006	2,529,451	\$ 28.75		
Granted	372,650	40.56		
Exercised	(113,843)	18.15		
Expired or forfeited	(5,333)	32.15		
Outstanding, December 31, 2006	2,782,925	\$ 30.76	7.3	\$ 23,905
Exercisable, December 31, 2006	830,613	\$ 22.06	5.3	\$ 14,360
Shares reserved for future options	1,972,577			

The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$12.23 and \$9.47, respectively. The fair value of shares earned during the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$1,820 and \$1,624, respectively. The intrinsic value of options (which is the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price of the options on the date of exercise) exercised during

the three- month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was \$2,300 and \$787, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 3. Share-Based Payments (continued)

The transactions for non-vested shares for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 were as follows:

Non-vested shares	Shares	Weighted-average grant-date fair value
Non-vested at September 30, 2006	1,814,878	\$ 9.84
Granted	372,650	12.23
Vested	(230,299)	7.90
Expired or forfeited	(4,917)	7.97
Non-vested at December 31, 2006	1,952,312	\$ 10.53

As of December 31, 2006 the total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options was approximately \$7,809. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 4.0 years in accordance with the vesting periods of the options.

As of October 1, 2005, the fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using a binomial lattice valuation model. The following table indicates the assumptions used in estimating fair value for the quarters ended December 31, 2006 and 2005.

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2006 (Binomial Lattice)	2005 (Binomial Lattice)
Expected volatility	24.0%	24.0%
Dividend yield	.6%	.6%
Average risk free interest rate	4.7%	4.4%
Average expected term (years)	6.3	5.5

The risk free interest rate is based on United States Treasury yields at the date of grant. The dividend yield is based on the most recent dividend payment and average stock price over the 12 months prior to the grant date. Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock price. The expected term represents an estimate of the period of time options are expected to remain outstanding. Separate employee groups and option characteristics are considered separately for valuation purposes.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2007, 15,209 shares of restricted stock were granted to certain employees. The shares generally vest based upon certain service and performance criteria. The unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested shares was approximately \$380 at December 31, 2006.

Under the Company's Director Fee Plan, directors who are not also officers of the Company each receive, as an annual retainer fee, either cash or shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock equivalent to \$30. Where the annual retainer fee is provided in shares, each director may elect to be paid these shares on a current basis or have such shares credited to a deferred stock account as phantom stock, with such shares to be paid to the director subsequent to leaving

the Board. Directors may also elect to receive the common stock equivalent of meeting fees credited to a deferred stock account. The value of deferred shares is recorded in other liabilities. A total of 49,569 shares had been deferred under the Director Fee Plan at December 31, 2006. Additionally, beginning in fiscal 2005, directors who are not also officers of the Company each receive an annual stock-based grant (non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights and/or restricted shares) with a value of \$40. A total of 22,300 stock options have been granted under the plan, all of which were outstanding and unvested at December 31, 2006. Additionally, 4,800 shares of restricted stock have been granted under the plan, all of which are unvested at December 31, 2006. A total of 500,000 shares have been authorized to be issued under the Director Fee Plan.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 3. Share-Based Payments (continued)

In 2007, the Company intends to change the value of the annual stock-based grant to \$50 and the annual retainer for each Committee chairperson to \$5 (or \$7.5 in the case of the Audit Committee chairperson). Additionally, a non-employee Chairman of the Board will receive an additional annual retainer fee of \$45 which, at the election of the Chairman, may be received in cash, current shares of the Company's Common Stock or Common Stock credited to a deferred stock account as phantom stock. A non-employee Chairman will not be eligible for meeting fees.

Note 4. Income Taxes

Income tax provisions for the Company's interim periods are based on the effective income tax rate expected to be applicable for the full year. The difference between the estimated effective tax rate for fiscal 2007 of 37.6% and the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily reflects the impact of state and foreign income taxes.

Note 5. Earnings Per Share

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2006	2005
Net income	\$ 13,971	\$ 12,907
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	31,667,019	32,037,851
Dilutive securities, primarily stock options	184,265	261,805
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	31,851,284	32,299,656
Basic earnings per share	\$.44	\$.40
Diluted earnings per share	\$.44	\$.40

Note 6. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income adjusted for changes, net of the related income tax effect, in cumulative foreign currency translation, the fair value of derivatives, unrealized investment gains and losses and minimum pension liability. For the three months ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, comprehensive income was \$18,714 and \$10,807, respectively.

Note 7. Segment Information

The Company's products and operations consist of two principal businesses that are comprised of three operating segments each, as described under Nature of Operations (Note 1): Memorialization Products (Bronze, Casket, Cremation) and Brand Solutions (Graphics Imaging, Marking Products, Merchandising Solutions). Management evaluates segment performance based on operating profit (before income taxes) and does not allocate non-operating items such as investment income, interest expense, other income (deductions), net and minority interest.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 7. Segment Information (continued)

Information about the Company's segments follows:

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2006	2005
Sales to external customers:		
Memorialization:		
Bronze	\$ 50,428	\$ 48,684
Casket	53,823	48,194
Cremation	6,634	5,710
	110,885	102,588
Brand Solutions:		
Graphics Imaging	33,751	33,290
Marking Products	13,680	12,261
Merchandising Solutions	17,108	21,970
	64,539	67,521
	\$ 175,424	\$ 170,109
Operating profit:		
Memorialization:		
Bronze	\$ 11,626	\$ 11,926
Casket	5,911	3,588
Cremation	776	573
	18,313	16,087
Brand Solutions:		
Graphics Imaging	2,190	3,554
Marking Products	2,386	1,935
Merchandising Solutions	1,295	842
	5,871	6,331
	\$ 24,184	\$ 22,418

Note 8. Debt

The Company has a Revolving Credit Facility with a syndicate of financial institutions which allows for borrowings up to \$150,000. Borrowings under the facility, which is scheduled to mature on April 30, 2009, bear interest at LIBOR plus a factor ranging from .50% to 1.00% based on the Company's leverage ratio. The leverage ratio is defined as net indebtedness divided by EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization). The Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .20% to .30% (based on the Company's leverage ratio) of the unused portion of the facility. The Revolving Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain leverage and

interest coverage ratios. A portion of the facility (not to exceed \$10,000) is available for the issuance of trade and standby letters of credit. Outstanding borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility at December 31, 2006 were \$133,333. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was 5.10% and 3.75%, respectively.

In April 2004, the Company entered into an interest rate swap that fixed, for a five-year period, the interest rate on borrowings in an initial amount of \$50,000. The interest rate was fixed at 2.66% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 8. Debt (continued)

was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the critical terms of the hedge matched the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments and as such, these hedges were considered effective. Equal quarterly principal payments of \$2,500 plus interest are due on this borrowing until its maturity in April 2009.

Effective September 30, 2005, the Company entered into an interest rate swap that fixed, for the period through the maturity of the Revolving Credit Facility, the interest rate on additional borrowings in an initial amount of \$50,000. The interest rate was fixed at 4.14% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility, which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the critical terms of the hedge match the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments and as such, these hedges are considered effective. Equal quarterly principal payments of \$3,333 plus interest are due on this \$50,000 portion of the borrowing until its maturity in April 2009.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized gain of \$1,289 (\$786 after tax) at December 31, 2006 that is included in shareholders' equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive income. Assuming market rates remain constant with the rates at December 31, 2006, approximately \$337 of the \$786 gain included in accumulated other comprehensive income is expected to be recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense over the next twelve months.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Matthews International GmbH ("MIGmbH"), has a credit facility with a bank for borrowings up to 10.0 million Euros. At December 31, 2006, outstanding borrowings under the credit facility totaled 8.5 million Euros (\$11,221). The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of MIGmbH at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was 3.93% and 2.87%, respectively.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Caggiati S.p.A., has several loans with various Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 7.8 million Euros (\$10,284) at December 31, 2006. Caggiati S.p.A. also has three lines of credit totaling 8.4 million Euros (\$11,049) with the same Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these lines were 645,000 Euros (\$851) at December 31, 2006. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of Caggiati S.p.A. at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was 3.24% and 2.85%, respectively.

Note 9. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The Company provides defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans to certain employees. The following represents the net periodic pension and other postretirement benefit cost for the plans:

Three months ended December 31,	Pension		Other Postretirement	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,127	\$ 133	\$ 158
Interest cost	1,640	1,475	297	307
Expected return on plan assets	(1,612)	(1,708)	-	-

Amortization:

Prior service cost	3	(4)	(322)	(322)
Net actuarial loss	385	499	72	161
Net benefit cost	\$ 1,419	\$ 1,389	\$ 180	\$ 304

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 9. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans (continued)

Benefit payments under the Company's principal retirement plan are made from plan assets, while benefit payments under the postretirement benefit plan are made from the Company's operating funds. Under IRS regulations, the Company is not required to make any significant contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal year 2007. As of December 31, 2006, contributions of \$74 and \$305 have been made under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement plan, respectively. The Company currently anticipates contributing an additional \$241 and \$707 under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement plan, respectively, for the remainder of fiscal 2007.

Note 10. Acquisitions

On March 1, 2006, the Company acquired Royal Casket Company ("Royal"), a distributor of primarily York brand caskets in the Southwest region of the United States. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase, with potential additional consideration payable contingent upon the operating performance of the acquired operations during the next five years. The Company expects to account for this consideration as additional purchase price. The excess of purchase price over the fair market value of net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was intended to expand Matthews' casket distribution capabilities in the Southwestern United States.

On February 23, 2006, the Company acquired The Doyle Group ("Doyle"), a provider of reprographic services to the packaging industry, located in Oakland, California. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase, with potential additional consideration payable contingent upon the operating performance of the acquired operations during the next three years. The Company expects to account for this consideration as additional purchase price. The excess of purchase price over the fair market value of net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was intended to expand the Company's graphics business in the Western United States.

On September 30, 2005, the Company acquired an additional 30% interest in S+T for a price of \$8,300, which was paid in October 2005. The Company had acquired a 50% interest in S+T in 1998.

In July 2005, the Company acquired Milso, a leading manufacturer and marketer of caskets in the United States. Milso, headquartered in Brooklyn, New York, has a manufacturing operation in Richmond, Indiana and maintains distribution centers throughout the Northeast, Mid-Atlantic, Midwest and Southwest regions of the United States. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase, at an initial purchase price of approximately \$95,000. In connection with the contingent consideration provisions of the acquisition agreement, the Company paid additional purchase consideration of \$7,000 in December 2006. The additional consideration was recorded as additional purchase price as of September 30, 2006. The acquisition was intended to expand Matthews' products and services in the United States casket market.

Note 11. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill related to business combinations is not amortized but is subject to annual review for impairment. In general, when the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recognized. For purposes of testing for impairment the Company uses a combination of valuation techniques, including discounted cash flows. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives unless such lives are considered to be indefinite. A significant decline in cash flows generated from these assets may result in a write-down of the carrying values of the related assets. The Company performs its annual impairment review in the second fiscal quarter.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 11. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (continued)

Changes to goodwill, net of accumulated amortization, for the three months ended December 31, 2006, were as follows.

	Bronze	Casket	Cremation	Graphics Imaging	Marking Products	Merchandising Solutions	Consolidated
Balance at							
September 30, 2006	\$ 74,178	\$ 115,982	\$ 6,536	\$ 86,269	\$ 5,213	\$ 9,947	\$ 298,125
Additions during period	-	385	-	757	-	-	1,142
Translation and other adjustments	1,011	-	-	3,099	-	-	4,110
Balance at							
December 31, 2006	\$ 75,189	\$ 116,367	\$ 6,536	\$ 90,125	\$ 5,213	\$ 9,947	\$ 303,377

The additions to Graphics Imaging goodwill relate to additional consideration paid in accordance with the purchase agreement related to a European Graphics business. The addition to Casket goodwill relates to the acquisition of small domestic casket distributors.

The following tables summarize the carrying amounts and related accumulated amortization for intangible assets as of December 31, 2006 and September 30, 2006, respectively.

	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
December 31, 2006:			
Trade names	\$ 24,332	\$ - *	\$ 24,332
Customer relationships	20,996	(3,025)	17,971
Copyrights/patents/other	5,831	(2,909)	2,922
	\$ 51,159	\$ (5,934)	\$ 45,225
September 30, 2006:			
Trade names	\$ 24,003	\$ - *	\$ 24,003
Customer relationships	20,900	(2,714)	18,186
Copyrights/patents/other	5,322	(2,546)	2,776
	\$ 50,225	\$ (5,260)	\$ 44,965

* Not subject to amortization

The increase in intangible assets during the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was due to the addition of intellectual property in the Graphics Imaging segment and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates on intangible assets denominated in foreign currencies, offset by additional amortization.

Amortization expense on intangible assets was \$627 and \$545 for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Amortization expense is estimated to be \$1,995 in 2007, \$1,996 in 2008, \$1,934 in 2009, \$1,694 in 2010 and \$1,662 in 2011.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Note 12. Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48) which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting

in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Any resulting cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN 48 upon adoption will be reported as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings in the period of adoption. The Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FIN 48.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans" which amends SFAS 87, 88, 106 and 132(R). SFAS No. 158 requires employers to recognize the over-funded or under-funded status of defined benefit postretirement plans on the balance sheet and to recognize the corresponding adjustment in other comprehensive income. In addition, the statement requires recognition in other comprehensive income of gains or loss and prior service costs or credits that are not included as components of periodic benefit expense. These provisions of the statement are effective for public companies for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2006. Accordingly, the Company will adopt this provision of SFAS No. 158 prospectively for the year-end financial statements dated September 30, 2007. If the Company had adopted SFAS No. 158 as of September 30, 2006, the liability for pension and postretirement benefits would have increased approximately \$10,000, deferred tax assets would have increased approximately \$3,900 and equity (other accumulated comprehensive income) would have decreased by approximately \$6,100.

Further, SFAS No. 158 requires the Company to measure the plan assets and benefit obligations of defined benefit postretirement plans as of the date of its year-end balance sheet. This provision of the SFAS No. 158 is effective for public companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company currently measures plan assets and benefit obligations as of July 31 of each year. The Company is considering the implications of this provision and the feasibility of earlier adoption of this portion of the statement. Upon adoption, this provision is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement:

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Matthews International Corporation ("Matthews" or the "Company") and related notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2006. Any forward-looking statements contained herein are included pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company's actual results in future periods to be materially different from management's expectations. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove correct. Factors that could cause the Company's results to differ materially from the results discussed in such forward-looking statements principally include changes in domestic or international economic conditions, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, changes in the cost of materials used in the manufacture of the Company's products, changes in death rates, changes in product demand or pricing as a result of consolidation in the industries in which the Company operates or as a result of domestic or international competitive pressures, unknown risks in connection with the Company's acquisitions, and technological factors beyond the Company's control. In addition, although the Company does not have any single customer that would be considered individually significant to consolidated sales, the potential loss of one or more of the Company's larger customers could be considered a risk factor.

Results of Operations:

The following table sets forth certain income statement data of the Company expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended		Years ended	
	December 31,		September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gross profit	37.0%	36.0%	38.0%	34.9%
Operating profit	13.8%	13.2%	15.9%	15.4%
Income before taxes	12.8%	12.2%	14.7%	14.5%
Net income	8.0%	7.6%	9.3%	9.1%

Sales for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 were \$175.4 million, compared to \$170.1 million for the three months ended December 31, 2005. The increase reflected higher sales in five of the Company's six segments and the effect of higher foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar. The increases were offset by lower sales in the Merchandising Solutions segment. For the first quarter of fiscal 2007, changes in foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar had a favorable impact of approximately \$3.3 million on the Company's consolidated sales compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2005.

In the Company's Memorialization businesses, Bronze segment sales for the fiscal 2007 first quarter were \$50.4 million, compared to \$48.7 million for the fiscal 2006 first quarter. The increase primarily reflected higher selling prices for memorial products and an increase in the value of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, partially offset by a decline in the volume of memorial products. Sales for the Casket segment were \$53.8 million for the quarter

ended December 31, 2006, compared to fiscal 2006 first quarter sales of \$48.2 million. The 11.7% increase reflected higher unit volume in territories served by Company-owned distribution, offset partially by lower unit volume in certain territories where the Company's caskets are sold through independent distributors. Sales for the Cremation segment were \$6.6 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2007, compared to \$5.7 million for the same period a year ago. The increase principally reflected higher sales of cremation caskets. In the Brand Solutions businesses, sales for the Graphics Imaging segment in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 were \$33.8 million, compared to \$33.3 million for the same period a year ago. The slight improvement from a year ago principally reflected an increase in the value

of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar and higher sales in the German markets, partially offset by lower sales in the U.S. and U.K. markets. Marking Products segment sales for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 were \$13.7 million, compared to \$12.3 million for the fiscal 2006 first quarter. The 11.6% increase was principally due to higher product demand and an increase in the value of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar. Sales for the Merchandising Solutions segment were \$17.1 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2007, compared to \$22.0 million for the same period a year ago. Timing of a significant customer project negatively impacted the segment's first quarter 2007 sales. The project was shipped in the second quarter of fiscal 2007.

Gross profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was \$64.9 million, compared to \$61.2 million for the same period a year ago. Consolidated gross profit as a percent of sales increased from 36.0% for the first quarter of fiscal 2006 to 37.0% for the fiscal 2007 first quarter. The increase in consolidated gross profit primarily reflected the impact of higher sales, higher foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar, productivity improvements in the Casket segment's manufacturing facility in Mexico, the favorable effects of the Merchandising Solutions segment's facilities consolidation program and other manufacturing and cost reduction initiatives. These gains were partially offset by the effect of lower Graphics Imaging segment sales in the U.S. and U.K. markets and the impact of the higher cost of bronze ingot in fiscal 2007 compared to the first quarter last year.

Selling and administrative expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2006 were \$40.8 million, compared to \$38.8 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2006. Consolidated selling and administrative expenses as a percent of sales were 23.2% for the quarter ended December 31, 2006, compared to 22.8% for the same period last year. The increases in costs and percentage of sales primarily resulted from the expansion of the Casket segment's distribution capabilities and a provision for earn-out payments under the Milso Industries ("Milso") acquisition-related agreements.

Operating profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was \$24.2 million, compared to \$22.4 million for the three months ended December 31, 2005. Bronze segment operating profit for the fiscal 2007 first quarter was \$11.6 million, compared to \$11.9 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The decrease primarily reflected the higher cost of bronze ingot in the first quarter of fiscal 2007 compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2006. Operating profit for the Casket segment for the first quarter of fiscal 2007 was \$5.9 million, compared to \$3.6 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The increase resulted from higher sales and productivity improvements in the segment's manufacturing facility in Mexico. Cremation segment operating profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was \$776,000, compared to \$573,000 for the same period a year ago. The increase reflected higher sales and the continuing favorable impact of cost reduction programs initiated early in fiscal 2006. The Graphics Imaging segment operating profit for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was \$2.2 million, compared to \$3.6 million for the three months ended December 31, 2005. The decrease reflected lower sales in the U.S. and U.K. markets and costs related to developing new primary packaging business in the U.S. These declines were offset partially by higher foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar. Operating profit for the Marking Products segment for the fiscal 2007 first quarter was \$2.4 million, compared to \$1.9 million for the same period a year ago. The increase primarily resulted from higher sales. Merchandising Solutions segment operating profit was \$1.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2007, compared to \$842,000 for the same period in fiscal 2006. The increase primarily reflected the effects of the segment's facilities consolidation program and other cost structure initiatives, which offset the impact of lower sales volume.

Investment income for the three months ended December 31, 2006 was \$411,000, compared to \$327,000 for the quarter ended December 31, 2005. The improvement resulted from higher average rates of return compared to a year ago. Interest expense for the fiscal 2007 first quarter was \$1.8 million, compared to \$1.4 million for the same period last year. The increase in interest expense primarily reflected higher debt levels and higher interest rates during the quarter ended December 31, 2006 compared to the same quarter in fiscal 2006.

Other income (deductions), net, for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 represented an increase in pre-tax income of \$131,000, compared to a reduction in pre-tax income of \$33,000 for the same quarter last year. Minority interest deduction for the fiscal 2007 first quarter was \$520,000, compared to \$588,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The reduction reflected the Company's purchase of the remaining ownership interest in one of its less than wholly-owned

German subsidiaries in September 2006.

The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2006 was 37.6%, which is equivalent to the effective tax rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2006, but is higher than the effective tax rate of 37.0% for the full fiscal year ended September 30, 2006. The fiscal 2006 full year effective tax rate reflected the favorable tax impact from the sale of property in the fourth quarter. The difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily reflected the impact of state and foreign income taxes.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources:

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$10.7 million for the three months ended December 31, 2006, compared to \$15.4 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2006. Operating cash flow for both periods reflected net income adjusted for non-cash charges (depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation expense and an increase in minority interest), partially offset by working capital changes. In the fiscal 2007 first quarter, working capital changes included the payment of year end bonus accruals, an increase in inventory resulting from the continued expansion of the Company's casket distribution capabilities and higher inventory related to a significant Merchandising Solutions segment project that shipped in the second fiscal quarter. First quarter fiscal 2006 working capital changes primarily reflected the payment of year end bonus accruals.

Cash used in investing activities was \$10.3 million for the three months ended December 31, 2006, compared to \$13.3 million for the three months ended December 31, 2005. Investing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2007 primarily included capital expenditures, acquisition-related payments of \$7.8 million and proceeds from the disposition of assets of \$1.0 million. Investing activities for the first quarter of fiscal 2005 primarily consisted of capital expenditures of \$3.8 million and a cash payment of \$8.3 million for an additional ownership interest in S+T Gesellschaft fur Reprotechnik GmbH ("S+T"), one of the Company's less than wholly-owned foreign subsidiaries (see "Acquisitions").

Capital expenditures reflected reinvestment in the Company's business segments and were made primarily for the purchase of new manufacturing machinery, equipment and facilities designed to improve product quality, increase manufacturing efficiency, lower production costs and meet regulatory requirements. Capital expenditures for the last three fiscal years were primarily financed through operating cash. Capital spending for property, plant and equipment has averaged \$19.3 million for the last three fiscal years. The capital budget for fiscal 2007 is \$27.1 million. The Company expects to generate sufficient cash from operations to fund all anticipated capital spending projects.

Cash provided by financing activities for the quarter ended December 31, 2006 was \$5.2 million, primarily reflecting net long-term debt borrowings of \$7.4 million, purchases of treasury stock of \$2.6 million, proceeds of \$2.1 million from the sale of treasury stock (stock option exercises), a tax benefit of \$897,000 from exercised stock options, dividends of \$1.7 million to the Company's shareholders and distributions of \$766,000 to minority interests. Cash used in financing activities for the quarter ended December 31, 2005 was \$8.8 million, primarily reflecting net payments on long-term debt of \$4.0 million, proceeds of \$326,000 from the sale of treasury stock (stock option exercises), a tax benefit of \$281,000 from exercised stock options, dividends of \$1.6 million to the Company's shareholders and distributions of \$3.7 million to minority interests.

The Company has a Revolving Credit Facility with a syndicate of financial institutions, which allows for borrowings up to \$150.0 million. Borrowings under the facility, which is scheduled to mature on April 30, 2009, bear interest at LIBOR plus a factor ranging from .50% to 1.00% based on the Company's leverage ratio. The leverage ratio is defined as net indebtedness divided by EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization). The Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .20% to .30% (based on the Company's leverage ratio) of the unused portion of the facility. The Revolving Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios. A portion of the facility (not to exceed \$10.0 million) is available for the issuance of trade and standby letters of credit. Outstanding borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility at December 31, 2006 were \$133.3 million. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was 5.10% and 3.75%, respectively.

In April 2004, the Company entered into an interest rate swap that fixed, for a five-year period, the interest rate on borrowings in an initial amount of \$50.0 million. The interest rate was fixed at 2.66% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable

of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the critical terms of the hedge matched the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments and as such, these hedges were considered highly effective. Equal quarterly principal payments of \$2.5 million plus interest are due on this \$50.0 million borrowing until its maturity in April 2009.

Effective September 30, 2005, the Company entered into an additional interest rate swap that fixed, for the period through maturity of the Revolving Credit Facility, the interest rate on additional borrowings in an initial amount of \$50.0 million. The interest rate was fixed at 4.14% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the critical terms of the hedge match the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments and as such, these hedges were considered highly effective. Equal quarterly principal payments of \$3.3 million plus interest are due on this \$50.0 million borrowing until its maturity in April 2009.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized gain of \$1.3 million (\$786,000 after tax) at December 31, 2006 that is included in equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive income. Assuming market rates remain constant with the rates at December 31, 2006, approximately \$337,000 of the \$786,000 gain included in accumulated other comprehensive income is expected to be recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense over the next twelve months.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Matthews International GmbH ("MIGmbH"), has a credit facility with a bank for borrowings up to 10.0 million Euros. At December 31, 2006, outstanding borrowings under the credit facility totaled 8.5 million Euros (\$11.2 million). The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding MIGmbH related borrowings was 3.93% and 2.87% at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Caggiati S.p.A., has several loans with various Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 7.8 million Euros (\$10.3 million) at December 31, 2006. Caggiati S.p.A. also has three lines of credit totaling approximately 8.4 million Euros (\$11.0 million) with the same Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these lines were 645,000 Euros (\$851,000) at December 31, 2006. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of Caggiati S.p.A. at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was 3.24% and 2.85%, respectively.

The Company has a stock repurchase program. Under the program, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of a total of 10,000,000 shares of Matthews common stock, of which 9,195,146 shares have been repurchased as of December 31, 2006. The buy-back program is designed to increase shareholder value, enlarge the Company's holdings of its common stock, and add to earnings per share. Repurchased shares may be retained in treasury, utilized for acquisitions, or reissued to employees or other purchasers, subject to the restrictions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

Consolidated working capital of the Company was \$130.8 million at December 31, 2006, compared to \$105.6 million at September 30, 2006. Cash and cash equivalents were \$36.1 million at December 31, 2006, compared to \$29.7 million at September 30, 2006. The Company's current ratio was 2.1 at December 31, 2006 compared to 1.8 at September 30, 2006.

Environmental Matters:

The Company's operations are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations impose limitations on the discharge of materials into the environment and require the Company to obtain and operate in compliance with conditions of permits and other government authorizations. As such, the Company has developed policies and procedures with respect to environmental, safety and health, including the proper handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials.

The Company is party to various environmental matters. These include obligations to investigate and mitigate the effects on the environment of the disposal of certain materials at various operating and non-operating sites. The Company is currently performing environmental assessments and remediation at these sites, as appropriate. In

addition, prior to its acquisition, The York Group, Inc. (“York”) was identified, along with others, by the Environmental Protection Agency as a potentially responsible party for remediation of a landfill site in York, Pennsylvania. At this time, the Company has not been joined in any lawsuit or administrative order related to the site or its clean-up.

At December 31, 2006, an accrual of \$9.8 million was recorded for environmental remediation (of which \$924,000 has been classified in other current liabilities), representing management's best estimate of the probable and reasonably estimable costs of the Company's known remediation obligations. The accrual, which reflects previously established reserves assumed with the acquisition of York and additional reserves recorded as a purchase accounting adjustment, does not consider the effects of inflation and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value. While final resolution of these contingencies could result in costs different than current accruals, management believes the ultimate outcome will not have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

Acquisitions:

On March 1, 2006, the Company acquired Royal Casket Company ("Royal"), a distributor of primarily York brand caskets in the Southwest region of the United States. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase with potential additional consideration payable contingent upon the operating performance of the acquired operations during the next five years. The Company expects to account for this consideration as additional purchase price. The excess of purchase price over the fair market value of net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was intended to expand Matthews' casket distribution capabilities in the Southwestern United States.

On February 23, 2006, the Company acquired The Doyle Group ("Doyle"), a provider of reprographic services to the packaging industry, located in Oakland, California. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase, with potential additional consideration payable contingent upon the operating performance of the acquired operations during the next three years. The Company expects to account for this consideration as additional purchase price. The excess of purchase price over the fair market value of net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was intended to expand the Company's graphics business in the Western United States.

On September 30, 2005, the Company acquired an additional 30% interest in S+T for a price of \$8.3 million, which was paid in October 2005. The Company had acquired a 50% interest in S+T in 1998.

In July 2005, the Company acquired Milso, a leading manufacturer and marketer of caskets in the United States. Milso, headquartered in Brooklyn, New York, has manufacturing operations in Richmond, Indiana and maintains distribution centers throughout the Northeast, Mid-Atlantic, Midwest and Southwest regions of the United States. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase, at an initial purchase price of approximately \$95.0 million. In connection with the contingent consideration provisions of the acquisition agreement, the Company paid additional purchase consideration of \$7.0 million in December 2006. The additional consideration was recorded as additional purchase price as of September 30, 2006. The acquisition was intended to expand Matthews' products and services in the United States casket market.

Forward-Looking Information:

The Company's objective with respect to operating performance is to increase annual earnings per share in the range of 12% to 15% annually. For the past ten fiscal years, the Company has achieved an average annual increase in earnings per share of 16.3%. Matthews has a three-pronged strategy to attain the annual growth rate objective, which has remained unchanged from the prior year. This strategy consists of the following: internal growth (which includes productivity improvements, new product development and the expansion into new markets with existing products), acquisitions and share repurchases under the Company's stock repurchase program.

Significant factors impacting the Company's fiscal 2007 first quarter included the cost of bronze ingot, the Casket segment's continuing transition to Company-owned distribution in certain territories and productivity improvements in its manufacturing facility in Mexico, and the effects of the Merchandising Solutions segment's facilities consolidation

program. While the price of copper has recently declined, the price of bronze has not declined at a similar rate, and the Company remains cautious as to any future volatility in bronze costs. The Casket segment will continue to transition to Company-owned distribution in certain territories. In addition, the Company announced in the first quarter of 2007 that it will close a domestic casket manufacturing facility in order to adjust manufacturing capacity to expected requirements. The closure, currently planned for the spring of 2007, could create some issues in the near-term as the segment consolidates its capacity. Finally, although operating margins in the Merchandising Solutions segment have improved during the past three quarters as a result of the facilities consolidation program, the Company is still cautious that there may be some continuing challenges during the next several quarters.

Based on the Company's growth strategy and factors discussed above, the Company currently expects to achieve fiscal 2007 diluted earnings per share growth in the range of its long-term growth objective of 12% to 15% over fiscal 2006 earnings per share. This earnings expectation excludes the net favorable impact of the gain of the sale of property and the impairment of assets and related costs on the fiscal 2006 fourth quarter. In addition, this expectation does not include the impact of any unusual items in fiscal 2007, such as any payouts that may be earned in fiscal 2007 under the Milso acquisition-related agreements.

Critical Accounting Policies:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Therefore, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience, economic conditions, and in some cases, actuarial techniques. Actual results may differ from those estimates. A discussion of market risks affecting the Company can be found in "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies are included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and in the critical accounting policies in Management's Discussion and Analysis included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2006. Management believes that the application of these policies on a consistent basis enables the Company to provide useful and reliable financial information about the company's operating results and financial condition.

LONG-TERM CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS:

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations at December 31, 2006, and the effect such obligations are expected to have on its liquidity and cash flows in future periods.

	Total	Payments due in fiscal year:				After 2011
		2007	2008 to 2009	2010 to 2011		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)						
Contractual Cash Obligations:						
Revolving credit facilities	\$ 144,554	\$ 17,500	\$ 127,054	\$ -	\$ -	
Notes payable to banks	10,284	978	2,707	2,707	3,892	
Short-term borrowings	851	851	-	-	-	
Capital lease obligations	1,445	724	708	13	-	
Non-cancelable operating leases	32,461	6,503	12,768	7,311	5,879	
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 189,595	\$ 26,556	\$ 143,237	\$ 10,031	\$ 9,771	

A significant portion of the loans included in the table above bear interest at variable rates. At December 31, 2006, the weighted-average interest rate was 5.10% on the Company's domestic Revolving Credit Facility, 3.93% on the credit facility through the Company's wholly-owned German subsidiary, and 3.24% on bank loans to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Caggiati S.p.A.

Benefit payments under the Company's principal retirement plan are made from plan assets, while benefit payments under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement benefit plan are funded from the Company's operating cash.

The Company does not currently expect to make any significant contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal 2007. As of December 31, 2006, contributions of \$74,000 and \$305,000 have been made under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement plan, respectively. The Company currently anticipates contributing an additional \$241,000 and \$707,000 under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement plan, respectively, for the remainder of fiscal 2007.

The Company believes that its current liquidity sources, combined with its operating cash flow and borrowing capacity, will be sufficient to meet its capital needs for the foreseeable future.

Accounting Pronouncements:

In June 2006, FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48) which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Any resulting cumulative effect of applying the provisions of FIN 48 upon adoption will be reported as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings in the period of adoption. The Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FIN 48.

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Further, SFAS No. 158 requires the Company to measure the plan assets and benefit obligations of defined benefit postretirement plans as of the date of its year-end balance sheet. This provision of the SFAS No. 158 is effective for public companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company currently measures plan assets and benefit obligations as of July 31 of each year. The Company is considering the implications of this provision and the feasibility of earlier adoption of this portion of the statement. Upon adoption, this provision is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The following discussion about the Company's market risk involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The Company has market risk related to changes in interest rates, commodity prices and foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not generally use derivative financial instruments in connection with these market risks, except as noted below.

Interest Rates - The Company's most significant long-term debt instrument is the domestic Revolving Credit Facility which bears interest at variable rates based on LIBOR. In April 2004, the Company entered into an interest rate swap that fixed, for a five-year period, the interest rate on borrowings in an initial amount of \$50.0 million (\$25.0 million outstanding at December 31, 2006). The interest rate was fixed at 2.66% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Effective September 30, 2005, the Company entered into an additional interest rate swap that fixed, for the period through the maturity of the Revolving Credit Facility, the interest rate on the additional borrowings in an initial amount of \$50.0 million (\$36.3 million outstanding at December 31, 2006). The interest rate was fixed at 4.14% plus a factor based on the Company's leverage ratio (the factor was .50% at December 31, 2006). The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized gain of \$1.3 million (\$786,000 after tax) at December 31, 2006, that is included in equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive income. A decrease of 10% in market interest rates (i.e. a decrease from 5.0% to 4.5%) would result in a decrease of approximately \$234,000 in the fair value of the interest rate swaps.

Commodity Price Risks - In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to commodity price fluctuations related to the purchases of certain materials and supplies (such as bronze ingot, steel and wood) used in its manufacturing operations. The Company obtains competitive prices for materials and supplies when available.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates - The Company is subject to changes in various foreign currency exchange rates, including the Euro, the British Pound, Canadian dollar, Australian dollar and Swedish Krona, in the conversion from local currencies to the U.S. dollar of the reported financial position and operating results of its non-U.S. based subsidiaries. An adverse change of 10% in exchange rates would have resulted in a decrease in sales of \$4.2 million and a decrease in operating income of \$522,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2006.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Based on their evaluation at the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2006 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In August 2005, The York Group, Inc. (“York”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was served with Civil Investigative Demands (“CIDs”) from the Attorneys General in Maryland and Florida. Thereafter, in October 2005, York was also served with a CID from the Attorney General in Connecticut. The pending CIDs are part of a multi-state investigation in which the Attorneys General from Maryland, Florida and Connecticut have requested information from various sources, including several national owners and operators of funeral homes, as well as several manufacturers of caskets, regarding alleged anti-competitive practices in the funeral service industry. As one of many potential sources of information, York has already timely responded to the document production request communicated through the CIDs. Presently, the investigation continues to remain in the preliminary stages and the scope of the investigation has been limited to evaluating the sale of caskets in the funeral service industry.

In October 2005, York filed a complaint and a motion for a special and/or preliminary injunction in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania against Yorktowne Caskets, Inc. (“Yorktowne”), the shareholders of Yorktowne, Batesville Casket Company, Inc. and Batesville Services. This action was taken in response to the announcement that Batesville Casket Company, Inc. and/or Batesville Services (collectively “Batesville”) had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire the outstanding stock of Yorktowne, York’s largest independent distributor of wood and metal caskets. The causes of action alleged by York involve the distributor agreement between York and Yorktowne originally executed on April 15, 2005.

The Court issued a Decision and Order on November 9, 2005 concluding that York had demonstrated its entitlement to a preliminary injunction and ordered: (1) Yorktowne, its shareholders and Batesville to refrain from further pursuit or consummation of the proposed sale of Yorktowne to Batesville; (2) Yorktowne and its shareholders to provide York with the right of first refusal as required under the enforceable distributor agreement; (3) Yorktowne and its shareholders to refrain from violating the non-assignment provisions of the distributor agreement; (4) Yorktowne to use its best efforts to promote York products and to refrain from selling, marketing or promoting products in competition with York; and (5) Yorktowne’s shareholders and Batesville from interfering with the distributor agreement between York and Yorktowne.

The lawsuit against Yorktowne, its shareholders and Batesville remains pending and the defendants filed appeals from the Court’s injunction ruling to the Superior Court of Pennsylvania. The defendants’ appeals were argued orally before the Superior Court in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in late-June of 2006 and a decision addressing the merits of the defendants’ appeal could be issued at any time by the Superior Court. Pending a decision by the Superior Court, the preliminary injunction issued on November 9, 2005 remains in force.

In February 2006, Yorktowne and its shareholders filed a complaint in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania against the Company, York and Milso Industries, Inc. (“Milso”) alleging, in part, that the Company, York and Milso breached York’s distributor agreement with Yorktowne dated April 15, 2005, as well as tortuously interfered with Yorktowne’s contractual and prospective contractual relations. Yorktowne alleges entitlement to various monetary damages, including a specific claim for \$58 million.

It is possible that resolution of the foregoing matter could be unfavorable to the Company; however, the Company intends to vigorously defend against the allegations set forth in the Complaint and the Company does not presently believe that the ultimate resolution will have a material adverse impact on the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

Item 2. Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Stock Repurchase Plan

The Company has a stock repurchase program, which was initiated in 1996. Under the program, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of a total of 10,000,000 shares (adjusted for stock splits) of Matthews common stock, of which 9,195,146 shares have been repurchased as of December 31, 2006. All purchases of the Company's common stock during the first quarter of fiscal 2007 were part of the repurchase program.

The following table shows the monthly fiscal 2007 stock repurchase activity:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of a publicly announced plan	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan
October 2006	-	-	-	864,854
November 2006	60,000	\$ 38.00	60,000	804,854
December 2006	-	-	-	804,854
Total	60,000	\$ 38.00	60,000	

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer for Joseph C. Bartolacci
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer for Steven F. Nicola
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Joseph C. Bartolacci
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 for Steven F. Nicola

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On October 19, 2006 Matthews filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 7.01 in connection with a press release announcing a dividend declaration for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2006.

On November 17, 2006 Matthews filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 2.02 in connection with a press release announcing its earnings for fiscal 2006.

On November 20, 2006 Matthews filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 8.01 in connection with a press release announcing amendments to Corporate Governance.

On December 7, 2006 Matthews filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 7.01 in connection with a press release announcing its intention to close the metal casket assembly plant in Marshfield, Missouri.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ Joseph C. Bartolacci
Joseph C. Bartolacci, President
and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 6, 2007

/s/ Steven F. Nicola
Steven F. Nicola, Chief Financial Officer,
Secretary and Treasurer

