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Revance Therapeutics, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
August 07, 2015

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File No. 001-36297

Revance Therapeutics, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

77-0551645  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

7555 Gateway Boulevard  
Newark, California 94560  
(510) 742-3400

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No   
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

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Number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, as of July 29, 2015:  
23,950,519

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“Revance Therapeutics,” the Revance logos and other trademarks or service marks of Revance appearing in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q are the property of Revance Therapeutics, Inc. This Form 10-Q contains additional trade names, trademarks and service marks of others, which are the property of their respective owners. We do not intend our use or display of other companies’ trade names, trademarks or service marks to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsorship of us by, these other companies.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$96,417	\$171,032
Short-term investments	38,884	—
Restricted cash, current portion	35	75
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,920	1,624
Total current assets	137,256	172,731
Property and equipment, net	19,134	19,274
Long-term investments	14,052	—
Restricted cash, net of current portion	400	435
Other non-current assets	374	29
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$171,216</b>	<b>\$192,469</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable	\$2,211	\$3,149
Accruals and other current liabilities	5,040	4,145
Financing obligation, current portion	2,906	307
Notes payable, current portion and net of discount	—	2,635
Total current liabilities	10,157	10,236
Financing obligation, net of current portion	6,973	598
Derivative liabilities associated with Medicis settlement	1,494	1,541
Deferred rent	3,751	3,725
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>22,375</b>	<b>16,100</b>
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share — 95,000,000 shares authorized both as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively; 23,945,936 and 23,774,465 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	24	24
Additional paid-in capital	439,833	435,142
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(12	) —
Accumulated deficit	(291,004	) (258,797
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>148,841</b>	<b>176,369</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$171,216</b>	<b>\$192,469</b>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.		

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$75	\$75	\$150	\$233
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	10,303	8,110	19,557	15,661
General and administrative	6,360	4,857	12,356	8,950
Total operating expenses	16,663	12,967	31,913	24,611
Loss from operations	(16,588	) (12,892	) (31,763	) (24,378
Interest income	49	1	76	4
Interest expense	(279	) (267	) (444	) (10,108
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities associated with the convertible notes	—	—	—	4,032
Changes in fair value of derivative liabilities associated with Medicis settlement	89	(76	) 47	(493
Change in fair value of common stock warrant liability	—	—	—	(2,151
Change in fair value of convertible preferred stock warrant liability	—	—	—	(210
Loss on settlement of preferred stock warrant	—	—	—	(1,356
Other expense, net	(76	) (68	) (123	) (68
Net loss	(16,805	) (13,302	) (32,207	) (34,728
Unrealized loss on available for sale securities	(12	) —	(12	) —
Comprehensive loss	\$(16,817	) \$(13,302	) \$(32,219	) \$(34,728
Net loss attributable to common stockholders (Note 12):				
Basic	\$(16,805	) \$(13,302	) \$(32,207	) \$(34,728
Diluted	\$(16,805	) \$(13,302	) \$(32,207	) \$(34,728
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders:				
Basic	\$(0.71	) \$(0.69	) \$(1.37	) \$(2.26
Diluted	\$(0.71	) \$(0.69	) \$(1.37	) \$(2.26
Weighted-average number of shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to common stockholders:				
Basic	23,584,910	19,380,934	23,560,133	15,361,215
Diluted	23,584,910	19,380,934	23,560,133	15,361,215

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(In thousands)  
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss	\$(32,207 )	\$(34,728 )
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,075	1,019
Amortization of premium on investment	128	—
Amortization of discount on debt and capital leases	5	1,122
Amortization of debt issuance cost	39	99
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities associated with the convertible notes	—	(4,032 )
Changes in fair value of derivative liabilities associated with Medicis settlement	(47 )	493
Change in fair value of common stock warrant liability	—	2,151
Change in fair value of convertible preferred stock warrant liability	—	210
Loss on settlement of preferred stock warrant	—	1,356
Loss on extinguishment of 2013 Notes	—	8,331
Stock-based compensation expense	4,724	2,327
Interest for 2013 Notes and Essex Notes upon issuance, non-cash	—	271
Capitalized interest	—	(411 )
Effective interest on financing obligation	100	—
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	29	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(412 )	(1,340 )
Other non-current assets	(345 )	(1,055 )
Accounts payable	(938 )	(4,084 )
Accruals and other current liabilities	2,234	1,633
Payments against Medicis liabilities	—	(7,073 )
Deferred rent	103	451
Net cash used in operating activities	(25,512 )	(33,260 )
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,292 )	(3,418 )
Purchases of investments	(53,076 )	—
Change in restricted cash	75	75
Net cash used in investing activities	(55,293 )	(3,343 )

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows — (Continued)  
(In thousands)  
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of deferred follow-on public offering costs	—	131,882
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of deferred initial public offering costs	—	102,672
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes and notes payable	—	6,750
Principal payments made on capital leases and financing obligation	(956	) (66
Net settlement of restricted stock awards to settle employee taxes	(620	) —
Principal payments made on notes payable	(2,652	) (4,106
Proceeds from sale and leaseback financing	9,831	—
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	587	303
Payments to settle warrants	—	(1,438
Net cash provided by financing activities	6,190	235,997
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(74,615</b>	<b>) 199,394</b>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — Beginning of period	171,032	3,914
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS — End of period	\$96,417	\$203,308
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$300	\$696
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING INFORMATION:</b>		
Property and equipment purchases included in accounts payable and accruals and other current liabilities	\$20	\$1,484
Write-off of fixed assets	\$28	\$—
Conversion of Series E-1, E-2, E-3, E-4 and E-5 preferred stock into common stock	\$—	\$123,982
Conversion of 2013 Notes into common stock	\$—	\$26,206
Issuance of common stock upon net exercise of common stock warrants in connection with IPO	\$—	\$6,490
Fair value in excess of debt host for derivative liabilities associated with convertible notes	\$—	\$1,050
Deferred initial public offering costs	\$—	\$4,028
Deferred follow-on public offering costs	\$—	\$546
Conversion of preferred stock warrants to common stock warrants	\$—	\$1,441
Conversion of Essex Notes into financing obligations	\$—	\$1,095
Termination of stock option repurchase right	\$—	\$58
Issuance of common stock warrants in connection with the 2013 Notes	\$—	\$981
Issuance of convertible preferred stock warrants	\$—	\$80
Accrual for reimbursable tenant improvements	\$—	\$1,109
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.		

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REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements  
(Unaudited)

1. The Company and Basis of Presentation

Revance Therapeutics, Inc., or the Company, was incorporated in Delaware on August 10, 1999 under the name Essentia Biosystems, Inc. The Company commenced operations in June 2002 and on April 19, 2005, changed its name to Revance Therapeutics, Inc. The Company is a clinical-stage specialty biopharmaceutical company focused on the development, manufacturing and commercialization of novel botulinum toxin products for multiple aesthetic and therapeutic indications. The Company is leveraging its proprietary portfolio of botulinum toxin type A compounds, combined with its patented TransMTS® peptide delivery system to address unmet needs in large and growing neurotoxin markets. Revance's proprietary TransMTS technology enables delivery of botulinum toxin type A through two novel product candidates, topical RT001 and injectable RT002. The Company is pursuing clinical development for RT001 and RT002 for aesthetic and therapeutic indications. The Company holds worldwide rights for all indications of RT001, RT002, and its TransMTS technology platform.

Since commencing operations in 2002, the Company has devoted substantially all of its efforts to identifying and developing product candidates for the aesthetic and therapeutic pharmaceutical markets, recruiting personnel and raising capital. The Company has devoted predominantly all of its resources to preclinical, clinical, and manufacturing development of RT001 and RT002. The Company has never been profitable and has not commenced commercial operations.

Since the Company's inception, the Company has incurred losses and negative cash flows from operations. The Company has not generated significant revenue from product sales to date and will continue to incur significant research and development and other expenses related to its ongoing operations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company had a net loss of \$16.8 million and \$32.2 million and used \$25.5 million of cash for operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital surplus of \$127.1 million and an accumulated deficit of \$291.0 million. The Company has funded its operations primarily through the sale and issuance of common stock, convertible preferred stock, notes payable, and convertible notes. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had capital resources consisting of cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$149.4 million. The Company believes that its existing cash, cash equivalents, and investments will allow the Company to fund its operations for at least the next 12 months.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments which the Company considers necessary for the fair statement of the Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations and Comprehensive Loss and Cash Flows for the interim periods covered and the Condensed Consolidated Financial Position of the Company at the date of the balance sheets. The December 31, 2014 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, or US GAAP. The interim results presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2015, or any other future period.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on March 4, 2015. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company include the Company's accounts and those of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary and have been prepared in conformity with US GAAP.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies



Significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in Item 15 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There have been no changes to the Company's significant accounting policies during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, except as described below.

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REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Such management estimates include the fair value of common stock, stock-based compensation, fair value of convertible preferred stock and warrants, fair value of derivatives, and the valuation of deferred tax assets. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and also on assumptions that it believes are reasonable, however, actual results could significantly differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investment securities with original maturities at the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents may include cash on deposit, money market funds, and debt securities.

Investments

Short-term investments generally consist of securities with original maturities greater than three months and remaining maturities of less than one year, while long-term investments generally consist of securities with remaining maturities greater than one year. The Company determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and reevaluates such determination at each balance sheet date. All of its investments are classified as available-for-sale and carried at fair value, with the change in unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss) on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss and accumulated as a separate component of stockholders' equity on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Interest income, net includes interest, dividends, amortization of purchase premiums and discounts, realized gains and losses on sales of securities and other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of investments, if any. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific-identification method. The Company monitors its investment portfolio for potential impairment on a quarterly basis. If the carrying amount of an investment in debt securities exceeds its fair value and the decline in value is determined to be other-than-temporary, the carrying amount of the security is reduced to fair value and a loss is recognized in operating results for the amount of such decline. In order to determine whether a decline in value is other-than-temporary, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the cause of the impairment, including the creditworthiness of the security issuers, the number of securities in an unrealized loss position, the severity and duration of the unrealized losses, and its intent and ability to hold the security to maturity or forecasted recovery. The Company mitigates its credit risk by investing in money market funds and U.S. government agency obligations which limits the amount of investment exposure as to credit quality and maturity.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain financial and non-financial assets and liabilities to determine fair value disclosures. The accounting standards define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and require disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, the principal or most advantageous market in which the Company would transact are considered along with assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance. The accounting standard for fair value establishes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, the first two of which are considered observable and the last unobservable, that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.



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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1	—	Observable inputs, such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2	—	Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
Level 3	—	Valuations based on unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology and including data about assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available under the circumstances.

Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40), which will require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern at each annual and interim period. Related footnote disclosures will be required if conditions give rise to substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the report issuance date. If conditions do not give rise to substantial doubt, no disclosures will be required specific to going concern uncertainties. The guidance defines substantial doubt using a likelihood threshold of "probable" similar to the current use of that term in U.S. GAAP for loss contingencies and provides example indicators. The guidance is effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on the Company's financial statements.

3. Medicis Settlement

In October 2012, the Company entered into a settlement and termination agreement with Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation, or Medicis. Medicis was subsequently acquired by Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. in December 2012. The terms of the settlement provided for the reacquisition of the rights related to all territories of RT001 and RT002 from Medicis and for consideration payable by the Company to Medicis of up to \$25.0 million, comprised of (i) an upfront payment of \$7.0 million, which was paid in 2012, (ii) a Proceeds Sharing Arrangement Payment of \$14.0 million due upon specified capital raising achievements by the Company, of which \$6.9 million was paid in 2013 and the remaining \$7.1 million was paid in 2014, and (iii) \$4.0 million to be paid upon the achievement of regulatory approval for RT001 or RT002 by the Company, or Product Approval Payment.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company determined the fair value of its liability for the Product Approval Payment was \$1.5 million, which was measured by assuming a term of 4 years, a risk-free rate of 1.3% and a credit risk adjustment of 6.3%. The Company's assumption for the expected term is based on an expected Biologics License Application, or BLA, approval in 2019. The Company did not make any payments under the Product Approval Payment during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

## 4. Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Company's cash equivalents and investments consist of money market funds and U.S. government agency obligations, which are classified as available-for-sale securities.

The following table is a summary of amortized cost, unrealized gain and loss, and fair value (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015				December 31, 2014			
	Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value	Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value
		Gains	Losses			Gains	Losses	
Money market funds	\$90,659	\$—	\$—	\$90,659	\$166,038	\$—	\$—	\$166,038
U.S. government agency obligations	52,948	2	(14 )	52,936	—	—	—	—
Total cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities	\$143,607	\$2	\$(14 )	\$143,595	\$166,038	\$—	\$—	\$166,038

Classified as:

Cash equivalents			\$90,659				\$166,038
Short-term investments			38,884				—
Long-term investments			14,052				—
Total cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities			\$143,595				\$166,038

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the remaining contractual maturities of available-for-sale securities were less than two years.

There have been no significant realized gains or losses on available-for-sale securities for the periods presented. No significant available-for-sale securities held as of June 30, 2015 have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for more than 12 months. As of June 30, 2015, unrealized losses on available-for-sale investments are not attributed to credit risk and are considered to be temporary. The Company believes that it is more-likely-than-not that investments in an unrealized loss position will be held until maturity or the cost basis of the investment will be recovered. The Company believes it has no other-than-temporary impairments on its securities as it does not intend to sell these securities and believes it is not more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of their amortized cost basis. To date, the Company has not recorded any impairment charges on marketable securities related to other-than-temporary declines in fair value.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

## 5. Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures and reports certain financial instruments as assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. These liabilities, consisting of the Medicis settlement, are considered Level 3 instruments, while the assets, consisting of money market funds and U.S. government agency obligations, are considered Level 1 and Level 2 instruments, respectively. The fair value of these instruments was as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2015			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets</b>				
Money market funds	\$90,659	\$90,659	\$—	\$—
U.S. government agency obligations	52,936	—	52,936	—
Total assets measured at fair value	\$143,595	\$90,659	\$52,936	\$—
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Derivative liabilities associated with the Medicis settlement	\$1,494	\$—	\$—	\$1,494
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$1,494	\$—	\$—	\$1,494
	As of December 31, 2014			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets</b>				
Money market funds	\$166,038	\$166,038	\$—	\$—
Total assets measured at fair value	\$166,038	\$166,038	\$—	\$—
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Derivative liabilities associated with the Medicis settlement	\$1,541	\$—	\$—	\$1,541
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$1,541	\$—	\$—	\$1,541

The fair value of the U.S. government agency obligations are estimated by taking into consideration valuations obtained from third-party pricing services. The pricing services utilize industry standard valuation models, including both income- and market-based approaches, for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, to estimate fair value. These inputs include reported trades of and broker/dealer quotes on the same or similar securities; issuer credit spreads; benchmark securities; prepayment/default projections based on historical data; and other observable inputs. Changes in the ability to observe valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of levels of certain securities within the fair value hierarchy. The Company did not transfer any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis to or from Level 1 and Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014.

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial instruments as follows (in thousands):

Derivative Liability  
Associated with the  
Medicis Settlement

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Fair value as of December 31, 2014	1,541	
Change in fair value	(47	)
Fair value as of June 30, 2015	\$1,494	

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REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

The fair value of the derivative liability resulting from the Medicis litigation settlement, specifically the derivative related to the Product Approval Payment (Note 3), was determined by estimating the timing and probability of the related regulatory approval and multiplying the payment amount by this probability percentage and a discount factor based primarily on the estimated timing of the payment and a credit risk adjustment. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Product Approval Payment derivative are the expected timing and probability of the payments at the valuation date and the credit risk adjustment.

6. Notes Payable and Financing Obligation

Hercules Notes Payable

In September 2011, the Company entered into a loan and security agreement with Hercules Technology Growth Capital for \$22.0 million, referred to as the Hercules Notes Payable.

The Hercules Notes Payable, which matured in March 2015 and has been repaid in full, was collateralized by all assets of the Company, and bore interest at the greater of (i) 9.85% per annum or (ii) 9.85% per annum plus the difference of the prime rate less 3.25% per annum and contained covenants that required, among other things, that the Company seek consent from Hercules prior to certain corporate changes and provide certain unaudited financial information within 45 days after the end of each quarter and within 90 days after each year end. Starting in July 2012, the loan was repaid in 33 equal monthly payments of principal and interest of \$0.8 million plus an end of term payment of \$0.5 million if the loan is prepaid, or \$0.4 million if paid upon maturity. In March 2015, the Hercules Notes Payable was repaid in full, including the end of term payment of \$0.4 million.

In connection with the Hercules Notes Payable, the Company issued warrants to purchase 17,977 shares of Series D convertible preferred stock at \$66.75 per share, which converted to warrants to purchase common stock upon the Company's initial public offering, or IPO. The fair value of the warrants of \$0.1 million was recorded as a debt discount and was amortized to interest expense using the straight-line method over the loan term. The Company incurred \$0.5 million of debt issuance costs in connection with the Hercules Notes Payable which was also amortized to interest expense over the loan term.

The Company made principal and interest payments on the Hercules Notes Payable of \$0 and \$2.6 million and \$2.3 million and \$4.6 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Essex Capital Notes

On December 20, 2013, the Company signed a Loan and Lease Agreement to borrow up to \$10.8 million in the form of Secured Promissory Notes from Essex Capital, or the Essex Notes, to finance the completion and installation of the Company's RT001 commercial fill/finish line, or the Fill/Finish Line. Under the Loan and Lease Agreement, with the issuance of each Note, the Company issued warrants to purchase its capital stock. The Essex Notes incurred interest at 11.5% per annum through the completion of the IPO in February 2014 and 10.375% per annum thereafter. In December 2013, the Company drew down \$2.5 million under short-term notes pursuant to the Loan and Lease Agreement, and an additional \$2.5 million in January 2014. In May 2014, pursuant to the terms of this agreement, the Company sold equipment to Essex Capital, resulting in partial settlement of the outstanding loan balance of \$1.1 million, and sold and leased the equipment back from Essex Capital for fixed monthly payments to be paid over 3 years. This transaction did not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting due to the Company's continuing involvement in the equipment. Therefore, the Company accounted for this transaction as a financing obligation using the effective interest rate method.

On December 17, 2014, the Company entered into the First Amendment to the Loan and Lease Agreement with Essex Capital. Under the terms of this Amendment, the Company repaid the outstanding debt balance of \$3.9 million and issued warrants to purchase 44,753 shares of common stock. In February 2015, the Company executed the Second Amendment to the Loan and Lease Agreement, under which the term of the facility was extended to April 15, 2015,



and the purchase price of the equipment was increased by \$0.1 million to approximately \$9.8 million. In accordance with the terms of the Loan and Lease Agreement, in April 2015, the Company sold equipment to Essex Capital for approximately \$9.8 million, and concurrently with this sale, entered into a lease for the equipment for a fixed monthly payment to be paid over 3 years. This transaction also did not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting due to the Company's continuing involvement in the equipment. Therefore, the Company accounted for this transaction as a financing obligation using the effective interest rate method.

In June 2015, the Company exercised its option to purchase all equipment sold and leased back from Essex Capital for 10% of the original purchase amount, or approximately \$1.1 million, at the conclusion of the lease terms.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate total future minimum lease payments under the financing obligation were as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	
2015	\$2,109
2016	4,217
2017	3,971
2018	949
Total payments	\$11,246

Additionally, the Company made interest payments on the Essex Notes in the amount of \$0.01 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

## 7. Convertible Notes, Warrants, and Related Derivatives

## 2013 Convertible Notes, Common Stock Warrants, and Related Derivatives

In February 2014, in connection with the Company's IPO, the 2013 Notes with a principal amount of \$23.7 million, accrued interest through the date of the IPO, remaining interest due through October 7, 2014, and derivative liability totaling \$26.2 million converted into 1,637,846 shares of the Company's common stock.

In connection with the issuance of the 2013 Notes, the Company issued warrants to purchase 409,450 shares of common stock, which were net exercised for 405,594 shares of common stock upon the IPO.

Additionally, the 2013 Notes had conversion and redemption features which were determined to be embedded derivatives, requiring bifurcation and separate fair value accounting. Immediately prior to the conversion, the Company determined that the fair value of the derivative liabilities associated with the convertible notes was reduced to \$1.9 million, the value of interest due to note holders from the date of the IPO through the maturity date of the loan in October 2014.

Upon the conversion of the 2013 Notes into shares of common stock, the Company applied extinguishment accounting resulting in a loss of \$8.3 million. As of the date of conversion, the Company was in compliance with all covenants in the 2013 Notes.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recognized non-cash interest expense of \$9.6 million related to the 2013 Notes, including amortization of warrant-related debt discount of approximately \$0.4 million up to the date of conversion, amortization of the derivative-related debt discount of \$0.6 million up to the date of conversion, accrued interest of \$0.3 million up to the date of conversion and a loss on extinguishment of \$8.3 million upon conversion of the 2013 Notes into common stock.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

## 8. Interest Expense

Interest expense, includes cash and non-cash components with the non-cash components consisting of (i) interest recognized from the amortization of debt issuance costs, which were capitalized on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and are generally derived from cash payments related to the issuance of convertible notes and notes payable, (ii) interest recognized from the amortization of debt discounts, which were capitalized on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and derived from the issuance of warrants and derivatives issued in conjunction with convertible notes and notes payable, (iii) interest recognized on the 2013 convertible notes, or 2013 Notes, which was not paid but rather converted into shares of common stock, (iv) interest capitalized for assets constructed for use in operations, (v) interest related to the extinguishment of debt, which is classified as a loss on debt extinguishments, and (vi) effective interest recognized on the financing obligation. The capitalized amounts related to the debt issuance costs and debt discounts are generally amortized to interest expense over the term of the related debt instruments. The interest expense by cash and non-cash components is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest expense				
Cash related interest expense (1)	\$(190)	) \$(324)	) \$(300)	) \$(696)
Non-cash interest expense				
Non-cash interest expense — debt issuance costs	—	(48)	) (39)	) (100)
Non-cash interest expense — warrant and derivative related debt discounts	—	(75)	) (5)	) (142)
Non-cash interest expense — convertible notes	—	—	—	(1,250)
Loss on extinguishment of 2013 Notes	—	—	—	(8,331)
Effective interest on financing obligation	(89)	) —	(100)	) —
Non-cash capitalized interest expense (2)	—	180	—	411
Total non-cash interest expense	(89)	) 57	(144)	) (9,412)
Total interest expense	\$(279)	) \$(267)	) \$(444)	) \$(10,108)

(1) Cash related interest expense includes interest payments to Hercules Notes Payable, Essex Notes, and Financing Obligations.

(2) Interest expense capitalized pursuant to Accounting Standards Codification Topic 835, Interest.

## 9. Commitments and Contingencies

## Facility Lease

In January 2010, the Company entered into a non-cancelable facility lease that requires monthly payments through January 2022. This facility will be used for research, manufacturing, and administrative functions.

In February 2014, the Company extended the term of the Lease by thirty-six (36) months to January 2025. Under the terms of the lease agreement, the payments escalate over the term of the lease with the exception of a decrease in

payments at the beginning of 2022, however, the Company recognizes the expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

Rent expense was \$1.3 million and \$2.6 million for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate total future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases were as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	
2015	\$2,538
2016	5,222
2017	5,394
2018	5,578
2019 and thereafter	32,354
Total payments	\$51,086

**Other Milestone-Based Commitments**

The Company has one remaining obligation to make a future milestone payment to List Laboratories that becomes due and payable on the achievement of a certain regulatory milestone. The Company is obligated to pay royalties to List Laboratories on future sales of botulinum toxin products. The Company also has one remaining future milestone payment of \$4.0 million due and payable to upon the achievement of regulatory approval for RT001 or RT002 by the Company (Note 3).

**Purchase Commitments**

The Company has certain commitments from outstanding purchase orders primarily related to clinical trial development and other costs related to the Company's manufacturing facility. These agreements, which total \$20.1 million, are cancellable at any time with the Company required to pay all costs incurred through the cancellation date.

**Contingencies**

From time to time, the Company may have certain contingent liabilities that arise in the ordinary course of business activities. As of May 2015, the Company became subject to a legal complaint, captioned City of Warren Police and Fire Retirement System v. Revance Therapeutics Inc., et al, CIV 533635, which was filed on behalf of City of Warren Police and Fire Retirement System in the Superior Court for San Mateo County, California against the Company and certain of its directors and executive officers at the time of the follow-on public offering, and the investment banking firms that acted as the underwriters in the follow-on public offering. In general, the complaint alleges that the defendants misrepresented the then-present status of the RT001 clinical program and made false and misleading statements regarding the formulation, manufacturing and efficacy of its drug candidate, RT001, for the treatment of lateral canthal lines at the time of the follow-on public offering. The complaint has been brought as a purported class action on behalf of those who purchased common stock in the follow-on public offering and seeks unspecified monetary damages and other relief.

The Company accrues a liability for such matters when it is probable that future expenditures will be made and such expenditures can be reasonably estimated. At this time, neither the outcome of this matter, nor an estimate of the maximum potential exposure or the range of possible loss can be determined. The Company believes that the class action lawsuit is without merit and intends to vigorously defend the action. Nevertheless, this litigation, as any other litigation, is subject to uncertainty and there can be no assurance that this litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, financial position or cash flows.



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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

## Indemnification

The Company enters into standard indemnification agreements in the ordinary course of business. Pursuant to these arrangements, the Company indemnifies, holds harmless, and agrees to reimburse the indemnified parties for losses suffered or incurred by the indemnified party, in connection with any trade secret, copyright, patent or other intellectual property infringement claim by any third party with respect to its technology. The term of these indemnification agreements is generally perpetual after the execution of the agreement. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these agreements is not determinable because it involves claims that may be made against the Company in the future, but have not yet been made. The Company has not incurred costs to defend lawsuits or settle claims related to these indemnification agreements. The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its directors and officers that may require the Company to indemnify them against liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers, other than liabilities arising from willful misconduct of the individual. No amounts associated with such indemnifications have been recorded to date.

## 10. Warrants

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has warrants to purchase 198,662 shares of common stock outstanding and no convertible preferred stock warrants outstanding.

## 11. Equity

## 2014 Equity Incentive Plan

On January 1, 2015, the number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the Company's 2014 Equity Incentive Plan, or 2014 EIP, automatically increased by 4% of the total number of shares of the Company's capital stock outstanding on December 31, 2014, or 950,978 shares. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company granted stock options for 663,038 shares of common stock and 149,486 restricted stock awards under the 2014 EIP, including a stock option grants for 90,000 shares to non-employee directors. As of June 30, 2015, there were 333,185 shares available for issuance under the 2014 EIP.

## 2014 Inducement Plan

As of June 30, 2015, there were 141,500 shares available for issuance under the 2014 Inducement Plan, or 2014 IN. The fair value of the employee stock options under the 2014 EIP and 2014 IN was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Expected term (in years)	5.7	6.0	6.2	5.8	
Expected volatility	59.3	% 57.6	% 64.8	% 55.8	%
Risk-free interest rate	1.8	% 1.9	% 1.5	% 1.8	%
Expected dividend rate	—	% —	% —	% —	%

Fair Value of Common Stock. The fair value of the shares of common stock is based on the Company's stock price as quoted by the NASDAQ. Prior to the IPO, the fair value of the shares of common stock underlying the stock options had historically been determined by the Board of Directors. Because there was no public market for the Company's common stock, the Board of Directors had determined fair value of the common stock at the time of grant of the option by considering a number of objective and subjective factors including valuation of comparable companies, sales of convertible preferred stock to unrelated third parties, operating and financial performance, the lack of liquidity of capital stock, and general and industry specific economic outlook, amongst other factors.





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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

**Expected Term.** The expected term for employees and directors is based on the simplified method, as the Company's stock options have the following characteristics: (i) granted at-the-money; (ii) exercisability is conditioned upon service through the vesting date; (iii) termination of service prior to vesting results in forfeiture; (iv) limited exercise period following termination of service; and (v) options are non-transferable and non-hedgeable, or "plain vanilla" options, and the Company has limited history of exercise data. The expected term for non-employees is based on the remaining contractual term.

**Expected Volatility.** Since the Company was a private entity until February 2014 with no historical data regarding the volatility of its common stock, the expected volatility used is based on volatility of a group of similar entities. In evaluating similarity, the Company considered factors such as industry, stage of life cycle, capital structure, and size. The Company will continue to analyze the historical stock price volatility and expected term assumptions as more historical data for the Company's common stock becomes available.

**Risk-Free Interest Rate.** The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury constant maturity rates with remaining terms similar to the expected term of the options.

**Expected Dividend Rate.** The Company has never paid any dividends and does not plan to pay dividends in the foreseeable future, and, therefore, used an expected dividend rate of zero in the valuation model.

**Forfeitures.** The Company is required to estimate forfeitures at the time of grant, and revise those estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company uses historical data to estimate pre-vesting option forfeitures and record stock based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest. To the extent actual forfeitures differ from the estimates, the difference will be recorded as a cumulative adjustment in the period that the estimates are revised.

The fair value of the stock options granted to non-employees is calculated at each reporting date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Expected term (in years)	8.8	9.1	8.9	9.1	
Expected volatility	71.2	% 57.6	% 69.4	% 57.6	%
Risk-free interest rate	2.1	% 2.6	% 2.0	% 2.6	%
Expected dividend rate	—	% —	% —	% —	%

**2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

On January 1, 2015, the number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the Company's 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or 2014 ESPP, automatically increased by 1% of the total number of shares of the Company's capital stock outstanding on December 31, 2014, or 237,744 shares. As of June 30, 2015, there were 404,073 shares available for issuance under the 2014 EIP.

The fair value of the option component of the shares purchased under the 2014 ESPP was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three and Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	
Expected term (in years)	0.5	0.5	
Expected volatility	49.9	% 48.0	%
Risk-free interest rate	0.1	% 0.1	%
Expected dividend rate	—	% —	%

Fair Value of Common Stock. The fair value of the shares of common stock is based on the Company's stock price as quoted by the NASDAQ.

Expected Term. The expected term is based on the term of the purchase period under the 2014 ESPP.

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
(Unaudited)

**Expected Volatility.** Since the Company was a private entity until February 2014 with no historical data regarding the volatility of its common stock, the expected volatility used is based on volatility of a group of similar entities. In evaluating similarity, the Company considered factors such as industry, stage of life cycle, capital structure, and size. The Company will continue to analyze the historical stock price volatility and expected term assumptions as more historical data for the Company's common stock becomes available.

**Risk-Free Interest Rate.** The risk-free interest rate is based on U.S. Treasury constant maturity treasury rates with remaining terms similar to the expected term.

**Expected Dividend Rate.** The Company has never paid any dividends and does not plan to pay dividends in the foreseeable future, and, therefore, used an expected dividend rate of zero in the valuation model.

**Total Stock-Based Compensation**

Total stock-based compensation expense related to options and restricted stock awards granted to employees and nonemployees was allocated as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Research and development	\$869	\$592	\$1,697	\$1,087
General and administrative	1,538	907	3,027	1,240
Total stock based compensation expense	\$2,407	\$1,499	\$4,724	\$2,327

**Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component (in thousands):

	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$—	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(12	)
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	(12	)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$(12	)

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## REVANCE THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)  
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## 12. Net Loss per Share Attributable to Common Stockholders

The following table sets forth the computation of the Company's basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands, except for share and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net loss attributable to common stockholders, basic	\$(16,805 )	\$(13,302 )	\$(32,207 )	\$(34,728 )
Net loss attributable to common stockholders, diluted	\$(16,805 )	\$(13,302 )	\$(32,207 )	\$(34,728 )
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders				
Basic	\$(0.71 )	\$(0.69 )	\$(1.37 )	\$(2.26 )
Diluted	\$(0.71 )	\$(0.69 )	\$(1.37 )	\$(2.26 )
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to common stockholders:				
Basic	23,584,910	19,380,934	23,560,133	15,361,215
Diluted	23,584,910	19,380,934	23,560,133	15,361,215

The following common stock equivalents were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share for the periods presented because including them would have been antidilutive:

	As of June 30	
	2015	2014
Stock options	2,347,195	1,890,019
Common stock warrants	198,662	153,909
Unvested restricted stock awards	316,763	205,050

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on this Form 10-Q and in our other Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, filings, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 4, 2015. The words “believe,” “will,” “may,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “should,” “plan,” “expect,” “predict,” “potentially,” and similar expressions that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements within meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning the following:

- our expectations regarding the results and the timing of clinical trials in our development of RT001 for the treatment of crow’s feet lines, hyperhidrosis or other indications;
- our expectations regarding the results and the timing of clinical trials of RT002 for the treatment of glabellar lines, muscle movement disorders including cervical dystonia or other indications;
- our expectations regarding our future development of RT001 and RT002 for other therapeutic or aesthetic indications;
- our expectation regarding the timing of our regulatory submissions for approval of RT001 for the treatment of crow’s feet lines in the United States, Europe and other countries or for the treatment of hyperhidrosis in the United States;
- the potential for commercialization of RT001 and RT002, if approved, by us;
- our expectations regarding the potential market size, opportunity and growth potential for RT001 and RT002, if approved for commercial use;
- our belief that RT001 and RT002 can expand the overall botulinum toxin market;
- our ability to build our own sales and marketing capabilities, or seek collaborative partners including distributors, to commercialize our product candidates, if approved;
- our ability to transfer manufacturing from third parties to our facility and to scale up our manufacturing capabilities if our product candidates are approved;
- estimates of our expenses, future revenue, capital requirements and our needs for additional financing;
- the timing or likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals;
- our ability to advance product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical trials;
- the implementation of our business model, strategic plans for our business, product candidates and technology;
- the initiation, timing, progress and results of future preclinical studies and clinical trials, and our research and development programs;
- the scope of protection we are able to establish and maintain for intellectual property rights covering our product candidates and technology;
- our ability to establish collaborations or obtain additional funding;
- our expectations regarding the time during which we will be an emerging growth company under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act;
- our financial performance; and
- developments and projections relating to our competitors and our industry.

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These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, including those described in “Risk Factors” included in Part II, Item 1A and elsewhere in this report. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment, and new risks emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of these risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this report may not occur, and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements, except as required by law. Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

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### Overview

Revance Therapeutics, Inc. is a clinical-stage specialty biopharmaceutical company focused on the development, manufacturing and commercialization of novel botulinum toxin products for multiple aesthetic and therapeutic indications. We are leveraging our proprietary portfolio of botulinum toxin type A compounds combined with our patented TransMTS® peptide delivery system to address unmet needs in large and growing neurotoxin markets. Our proprietary TransMTS technology enables delivery of botulinum toxin type A through two novel product candidates, topical RT001 and injectable RT002. We are pursuing clinical development for RT001 and RT002 for aesthetic and therapeutic indications. We hold worldwide rights for all indications of RT001, RT002, and our TransMTS technology platform.

RT001 has the potential to be the first commercially available topical botulinum toxin product. We are studying RT001 for aesthetic indications, such as crow's feet lines (wrinkles around the eyes, also known as lateral canthal lines), and therapeutic indications such as hyperhidrosis (excessive sweating). RT002 is a novel, injectable formulation of botulinum toxin designed to be a targeted and long lasting injectable botulinum toxin type product. We are studying injectable RT002 for aesthetic indications, such as frown (glabellar) lines, and therapeutic uses, such as muscle movement disorders, including cervical dystonia. Both products may have the potential to expand into additional aesthetic and therapeutic indications in the future.

We are developing and plan to commercialize RT001 for indications where topical application provides a meaningful advantage over injectable administration. RT001 is designed to have primary advantages, which include painless topical administration, no bruising, ease of use and limited dependence on administration technique by physicians and medical staff. We believe these potential advantages may improve the experience of patients undergoing botulinum toxin procedures and make RT001 suitable for multiple indications.

The first indications we are pursuing are in the field of dermatology and plastic surgery. If approved, we believe RT001 can expand the overall botulinum toxin aesthetic market by appealing to new patients who would prefer a needle-free approach to treatment. The aesthetic dermatology market is attractive because we believe that patients in this market tend to be open to trying new products and are willing to pay for aesthetic procedures out of pocket, reducing reliance on reimbursement. We are focused on this market not only because of its size and growth potential but also because, in the United States and Europe, this market can be easily accessed by a specialty sales force and distributor network.

We are in a Phase 3 development program of RT001 in North America for the treatment of crow's feet lines. We expect to commence a pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial of RT001 in 2015 and report efficacy data from this study in 2016. To date, we have conducted seventeen clinical trials with RT001 for the treatment of crow's feet lines, with a total of over 1,600 subjects. In two of our Phase 2b clinical trials, RT001 demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful reduction in crow's feet lines visible to both physicians and patients. After completing our Phase 2b clinical trials, we modified the formulation of the RT001 diluent by adding two ingredients to improve its stability. We then conducted a Phase 3 clinical trial with this new diluent formulation to evaluate efficacy and safety of RT001. Data generated from this clinical trial were inconsistent with the data from our previous three Phase 2b clinical trials for the treatment of crow's feet lines. Specifically, we observed no improvement from baseline in either the placebo or RT001 group. We initiated two open-label studies to further assess our topical RT001 drug product. Following analysis of the data available from these open-label studies, taken together with our analysis of prior studies and early data from newly developed clinical methods, we decided to proceed with a RT001 U.S. Phase 3 clinical trial for the treatment of crow's feet lines. Our clinical and other studies have consistently indicated that RT001 appears to be well tolerated with no serious adverse events related to study drug or study treatment procedures or other safety concerns. We are also developing RT001 for therapeutic applications where botulinum toxin has shown efficacy and that are particularly well suited for needle-free treatments. We have completed initial Phase 2 clinical trials for the treatment of primary axillary, or underarm, hyperhidrosis, and for the prevention of chronic migraine headache. We expect to initiate an additional clinical trial for the treatment of hyperhidrosis in the third quarter of 2015 and report results later in 2015.





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We are developing RT002, an injectable formulation of botulinum toxin type A, for indications where deeper delivery of the botulinum toxin is required and a longer-lasting effect is desired. We believe RT002 may provide more targeted delivery of botulinum toxin to intended treatment sites, while reducing the unwanted spread of botulinum toxin to adjacent areas. We believe, and our preclinical and clinical studies indicate, that this targeted delivery, enabled by our proprietary peptide technology, may permit safe administration of higher doses of botulinum toxin and may result in longer-lasting effect. We have demonstrated these properties in preclinical studies and have tested RT002 in a four-cohort, dose escalating, open-label Phase 1/2 clinical trial outside of the United States for the treatment of glabellar lines, the vertical lines between the eyebrows and above the nose. Data from this clinical trial indicated that RT002 appears to be well tolerated and met efficacy endpoints at all four doses. We also reported duration of effect of seven months from the last cohort of this trial, the only cohort for which duration of effect was measured. Based upon the results to date, we are further developing RT002 for the treatment of glabellar lines and have initiated BELMONT, a Phase 2 active comparator clinical trial against the market leader BOTOX® Cosmetic. In addition, we plan to study RT002 in the therapeutic indication of cervical dystonia, an indication for which botulinum toxin is already approved. The category of muscle movement disorders, which includes cervical dystonia and upper limb spasticity, accounts for a large proportion of therapeutic neurotoxin sales globally.

Since commencing operations in 2002, we have devoted substantially all our efforts to identifying and developing product candidates for the aesthetic and therapeutic markets, recruiting personnel and raising capital. We have devoted predominantly all of our resources to the preclinical and clinical development of, and manufacturing capabilities for, RT001 and RT002. We have retained all rights to develop and commercialize RT001 and RT002 worldwide. We have not filed for approval with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, for the commercialization of RT001 or RT002 and we have not generated any revenue from product sales for RT001 or RT002.

Through June 30, 2015, we have funded substantially all of our operations through the sale and issuance of our common stock, preferred stock, venture debt and convertible debt. On June 19, 2014, we completed a follow-on public offering, pursuant to which we issued 4,600,000 shares of common stock at \$30.50 per share, including the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option to purchase 600,000 additional shares of common stock, for net proceeds of \$131.3 million, after underwriting discounts, commissions and other offering expenses. On February 6, 2014, we completed our initial public offering, or IPO, for sale of 6,900,000 shares of common stock at \$16.00 per share, including the exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option to purchase an additional 900,000 shares of common stock, for net proceeds of \$98.6 million, after underwriting discounts, commissions and other offering expenses. We also raised \$23.7 million through the issuance of convertible notes in the fourth quarter of 2013 and January 2014.

We have never been profitable and, as of June 30, 2015, had an accumulated deficit of \$291.0 million. We incurred net losses of \$16.8 million and \$32.2 million and \$13.3 million and \$34.7 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, we had cash, cash equivalents, and investments of \$149.4 million. We expect to continue to incur net operating losses for at least the next several years as we advance RT001 and RT002 through clinical development, seek regulatory approval, prepare for and, if approved, proceed to commercialization. We have the ability to manufacture our own botulinum toxin type A product to support our clinical trials and eventually, our commercial production. Additionally, we currently utilize third party clinical research organizations, or CROs, to carry out our clinical development and we do not yet have a sales organization. We will need substantial additional funding to support our operating activities, especially as we approach anticipated regulatory approval in the United States and other territories and begin to establish our sales capabilities. Adequate funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. Our failure to obtain sufficient funds on acceptable terms when needed could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

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Results of Operations

Revenue

The following table presents our revenue for the periods indicated and related changes from the prior period:

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2015	2014	Change	June 30, 2015	2014	Change	
	(In thousands, except percentages)						
Relastin Royalty	\$75	\$75	—	% \$150	\$150	—	%