

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP

Form 6-K

September 07, 2017

[Table of Contents](#)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Month of September 2017

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

55 Jeollyeok-ro, Naju-si, Jeollanam-do, 58217, Korea

(Address of principal executive offices)

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F

Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes

No

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):
82-_____.

This Report of Foreign Private Issuer on Form 6-K is deemed filed for all purposes under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Table of Contents

QUARTERLY BUSINESS REPORT

(For the period from January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017)

THIS IS A SUMMARY IN ENGLISH OF THE QUARTERLY BUSINESS REPORT ORIGINALLY PREPARED IN KOREAN AND IS IN SUCH FORM AS REQUIRED BY THE FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION OF KOREA.

IN THE TRANSLATION PROCESS, SOME PARTS OF THE REPORT WERE REFORMATTED, REARRANGED OR SUMMARIZED FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF READERS. NON-MATERIAL OR PREVIOUSLY DISCLOSED INFORMATION IS OMITTED OR ABRIDGED.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY STATED OTHERWISE, ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS PRESENTED ON A CONSOLIDATED BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ADOPTED FOR USE IN KOREA, OR K-IFRS, WHICH DIFFER IN CERTAIN RESPECTS FROM GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES IN CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES. WE HAVE MADE NO ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY OR QUANTIFY THE IMPACT OF THESE DIFFERENCES.

Table of Contents

I. Company Overview

1. Name of the company: Korea Electric Power Corporation (KEPCO)

2. Information of the company

(Address) 55 Jeollyeok-ro, Naju-si, Jeollanam-do, 58217, Korea

(Phone number) 82-61-345-4213

(Website) <http://www.kepcoco.kr>

3. Major businesses

KEPCO, as the parent company, is engaged in the following activities:

development of electric power resources;

generation, transmission, transformation and distribution of electricity and other related activities;

research and development of technology related to the businesses mentioned above;

overseas business related to the businesses mentioned above;

investment or contributions related to the businesses mentioned above;

development and operation of certain real estate holdings; and

other businesses entrusted by the government.

Businesses operated by KEPCO's major subsidiaries are as follows: nuclear power generation by Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power (KHNP), thermal power generation by Korea South-East Power (KOSEP), Korea Midland Power (KOMIPO), Korea Western Power (KOWEPO), Korea Southern Power (KOSPO) and Korea East-West Power (EWP), other businesses including engineering service by KEPCO Engineering & Construction (KEPCO E&C), maintenance and repair of power plants by KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering (KEPCO KPS), nuclear fuel processing by KEPCO Nuclear Fuel (KEPCO NF), IT service by KEPCO KDN, and other overseas businesses and related investments.

4. Subsidiaries and affiliates of KEPCO

(As of June 30, 2017)

Classification	Consolidated subsidiaries	Associates and joint ventures	Total
Domestic	22	59	81
Overseas	70	42	112
Total	92	101	193

Table of Contents

5. Major changes in management

A. At the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of KEPCO held on January 10, 2017, Mr. Moon, Bong-Soo was appointed as a standing director and Executive Vice President & Chief Power System Officer, in replacement of Mr. Chang, Jae-Won who voluntarily resigned.

B. At the annual general meeting of shareholders of KEPCO held on March 21, 2017, Mr. Cho, Hwan-Eik whose term of the office expired was re-elected as the President and Chief Executive Officer.

6. Changes in major shareholders

On December 31, 2014, Korea Development Bank merged with Korea Finance Corporation, and became the largest shareholder of KEPCO.

7. Information regarding KEPCO shares

A. Issued share capital: Won 3,210 billion (Authorized capital: Won 6 trillion)

B. Total number of issued shares: 641,964,077
(Total number of shares authorized to for issuance: 1,200,000,000)

C. Dividends: Dividend payment of Won 1,980 per share for fiscal year 2016 (Won 1.27 trillion in aggregate). Dividend payments for fiscal year 2015, 2014 and 2013 were Won 3,100, Won 500 and Won 90 per share respectively.

II. Business Overview

1. Consolidated financial results by segment for a six-month period ended June 30, 2016 and 2017

	January to June 2016		(In billions of Won) January to June 2017	
	Sales	Operating profit	Sales	Operating profit
Electricity sales	28,819	2,175	28,445	-443
Nuclear generation	5,671	2,165	4,944	938
Thermal generation	10,270	1,982	11,384	1,718
Others ^(*)	1,474	195	1,454	163
Subtotal	46,234	6,517	46,227	2,376
Adjustment for related-party transactions	-17,273	-207	-18,155	-66

Total	28,961	6,310	28,072	2,310
--------------	--------	-------	--------	-------

Table of Contents

The figures may not add up to the relevant total numbers due to rounding.

- (*) Others relate to 86 subsidiaries including KEPCO E&C, KEPCO KPS, KEPCO NF and KEPCO KDN, among others.

Sales and operating profit reflects amendments to Korean IFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements.

2. Changes in unit prices of major products

Business sector		Company	(In Won per kWh)	
			January to December 2016	January to June 2017
Electricity sold	Residential	KEPCO	121.52	106.04
	Commercial		130.41	126.90
	Educational		111.51	98.66
	Industrial		107.11	105.23
	Agricultural		47.41	47.85
	Street lighting		113.35	114.24
	Overnight usage		67.56	67.52
Electricity from nuclear generation	Nuclear Generation	KHNP	68.89	62.47
Electricity from thermal generation	Thermal generation	KOSEP	71.57	85.42
		KOMIPO	84.33	97.04
		KOWEPO	86.11	99.22
		KOSPO	86.47	97.02
		EWP	84.62	99.36

Table of Contents

3. Power purchase from generation companies for a six-month period ended June 30, 2017

Company	Volume (MWh)	Expense (In billions of Won)
KHNP	76,716,439	4,799
KOSEP	31,183,167	2,591
KOMIPO	23,914,826	2,249
KOWEPO	21,835,371	2,134
KOSPO	22,052,961	2,127
EWP	23,540,598	2,344
Others	54,312,867	5,641
Total	253,556,229	21,885

Excludes expense related to the renewable portfolio standard provisions and carbon emissions.

4. Intellectual property as of June 30, 2017

	Patents		Utility	Trademarks		Total	
	Domestic	Overseas	models	Designs	Domestic		Overseas
KEPCO	1,837	196	84	67	142	43	2,369
Consolidated subsidiaries	3,709	581	780	109	253	22	5,454
Total	5,546	777	864	176	395	65	7,823

III. Financial Information

1. Condensed consolidated financial results as of and for a six-month period ended June 30, 2016 and 2017

Consolidated statements of				Consolidated statements of			
comprehensive income				financial position			
January		January to		December 31,		June 30,	
to		Change		2016,		Change	
June	June	Change		2016	2017	Change	
2016	2017	(%)		2016	2017	(%)	
Sales	28,961	28,072	-3.1	Total assets	177,837	179,938	1.2
Operating profit	6,310	2,310	-63.4	Total liabilities	104,786	107,068	2.2
Net income	3,931	1,259	-68.0	Total equity	73,051	72,870	-0.2

(In billions of Won)

Table of Contents

2. Condensed separate financial results as of and for a six-month period ended June 30, 2016 and 2017

(In billions of Won)

	Separate statements of			Separate statements of			
	comprehensive income			financial position			
	January	January	Change	December 31,	June 30,	Change	
	to June	to June			June 30,		
2016	2017	(%)	2016	2017	(%)		
Sales	28,819	28,445	-1.3	Total assets	105,321	106,022	0.7
Operating profit	2,175	-443	-120.4	Total liabilities	49,854	51,244	2.8
Net income	2,448	549	-77.6	Total equity	55,467	54,778	-1.2

IV. Board of Directors (KEPCO Only)

1. The board of directors is required to consist of not more than 15 directors including the president. Under our Articles of Incorporation, there may not be more than seven standing directors including president, and more than eight non-standing directors. The number of non-standing directors must exceed the number of standing directors, including our president.

* The Audit Committee consists of one standing director and two non-standing directors.

2. Board meetings and agendas for a six-month period ended June 30, 2017

Number of meetings	Number of agendas	Resolutions	Classification		Results
			Results	Reports	
7	20	15	Approved as proposed	5	Accepted as reported

* The audit committee held 6 meetings with 18 agendas (of which, 9 were resolved as proposed and 9 were approved as reported).

Table of Contents

3. Major activities of the Board of Directors

Date	Agenda	Results	Type
January 19, 2017	Approval of contribution to KEPCO medical corporation	Conditional Approval	Resolution
	Approval of plan to establish ICT backup center	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval of amendment to the rules on employment	Approved as proposed	Resolution
February 17, 2017	Approval of the maximum aggregate amount of remuneration for directors in 2017	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval of consolidated and separate financial statements for the fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval to call for the annual general meeting of shareholders for the fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval to expand target business to invest in to secure financial resources required for the Energy Valley Dream Plan	Approved as amended	Resolution
	Report on the annual management of commercial papers in 2016	Accepted as reported	Report
	Report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016	Accepted as reported	Report
	Evaluation report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016	Accepted as reported	Report
	Report on the audit result for fiscal year 2016	Accepted as reported	Report
March 3, 2017	Approval of the Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings for fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed	Resolution
March 17, 2017		Approved as proposed	Resolution

Approval of guarantee for
the solar energy project in
Colorado, U.S.A.,
according to the change of
business structure

Table of Contents

	Approval of forming Executive Recommendation Committee and evaluation standard for the candidate of non-standing directors	Approved as proposed	Resolution
April 21, 2017	Approval of amendments to the regulation for employee remuneration and welfare	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval of amendments to the Electricity Usage Agreement and Rules for Operation	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval of payment guarantee for foreign currency-denominated borrowings in relation to the Bylong coal mine in Australia	Approved as proposed	Resolution
June 16, 2017	Approval of the establishment of a new regional office	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Report on results of external and internal audits for the first quarter of 2017	Accepted as reported	Report
June 30, 2017	Approval of mid-to-long term financial management plan (2017-2021)	Approved as proposed	Resolution

4. Major Activities and Attendance Status of Non-standing directors

Date	Agenda	Ahn, Choong-Yong	Lee, Gang-Hee	Cho, Jeon-Hyeok	Choi, Ki-Ryun	Sung, Tae-Hyun	Koo, Ja-Yoon	Kim, Joo-Suen	Kim, Ji-Hong
January 19, 2017	Approval of contribution to KEPCO medical corporation	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	Against
	Approval of plan to establish ICT backup center	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	Approval of amendment to the rules on employment	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
February 17, 2017	Approval of the maximum aggregate amount of remuneration for directors in 2017	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	Absence
		For	For	For	For	For	For	For	Absence

Approval of consolidated and
separate financial statements for
the fiscal year 2016

Table of Contents

	Approval to call for the annual general meeting of shareholders for the fiscal year 2016	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	Absence
	Approval to expand target business to invest in to secure financial resources required for the Energy Valley Dream Plan	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	Absence
	Report on the annual management of commercial papers in 2016								Agenda for Report
	Report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016								Agenda for Report
	Evaluation report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016								Agenda for Report
	Report on the audit result for fiscal year 2016								Agenda for Report
March 3, 2017	Approval of the Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings for fiscal year 2016	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
March 17, 2017	Approval of guarantee for the solar energy project in Colorado, U.S.A., according to the change of business structure	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	Approval of forming Executive Recommendation Committee and evaluation standard for the candidate of non-standing directors	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
April 21, 2017	Approval of amendments to the regulation for employee remuneration and welfare	Absence	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	Approval of amendments to the Electricity Usage Agreement and Rules for Operation	Absence	For	For	Against	For	For	For	For
	Approval of payment guarantee for foreign currency-denominated borrowings in relation to the Bylong coal mine in Australia	Absence	For	For	For	For	For	For	For

Table of Contents

June 16, 2017	Approval of the establishment of a new regional office Report on results of external and internal audits for the first quarter of 2017	Absence	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
		Agenda for Report							
June 30, 2017	Approval of mid-to-long term financial management plan (2017-2021)	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Attendance Rate		71.4%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85.7%

5. Major activities of the Audit Committee

Date	Agenda	Results	Type
January 19, 2017	Audit plans for 2017	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Education plans for auditors for 2017	Approved as reported	Report
February 17, 2017	Report on the audit result for fiscal year 2016	Approved as reported	Report
	Report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016	Approved as reported	Report
	Evaluation report on internal control over financial reporting for the fiscal year 2016	Approved as reported	Report
March 17, 2017	Auditor's report on the agendas for the annual general meeting of shareholders	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Approval of selection of independent auditors of subsidiaries	Approved as proposed	Resolution
	Prior approval for non-audit service for subsidiaries by the independent auditor	Accepted as proposed	Resolution
	Independent auditor's report on the auditing results for the consolidated and separate financial statements for the fiscal year 2016	Accepted as reported	Report
April 21, 2017	Approval of selection of independent auditors of	Accepted as proposed	Resolution

subsidiaries
Report on the Form 20-F
for the fiscal year 2016 to
be filed with the

Accepted as reported

Report

U.S. Securities and
Exchange Commission

Table of Contents

	Auditor's report for fiscal year 2016 in accordance with U.S. accounting principles	Accepted as reported	Report
May 17, 2017	Amendments to guidelines for internal audit regulations	Accepted as proposed	Resolution
	Amendments to code of conduct for KEPCO executives and staff members	Accepted as proposed	Resolution
	Amendments to the guidelines for disciplinary actions	Accepted as proposed	Resolution
June 16, 2017	Amendments to the guidelines for the whistleblowing process and whistleblower protection	Accepted as proposed	Resolution
	Report on results of external and internal audits during the first quarter of 2017	Accepted as reported	Report
	Independent auditor's report on the audit plans for the fiscal year 2017	Accepted as reported	Report

The audit department, organized under the supervision of the Audit Committee, conducts internal audit over the entire company and takes administrative measures as appropriate in accordance with relevant internal regulations. KEPCO's District Divisions and Branch Offices also have separate audit teams which conduct internal inspections with respect to the relevant divisions or offices.

V. Shareholders

1. List of shareholders as of December 31, 2016

		Number of shareholders	Shares owned	Percentage of total (%)
Government of the Republic of Korea		1	116,841,794	18.20
Korea Development Bank		1	211,235,264	32.90
Subtotal		2	328,077,058	51.10
National Pension Service		1	41,705,930	6.50
Public (non-Koreans)	Common shares	1,701	161,040,488	25.09
	American depository shares (ADS)	1	36,267,926	5.65
Public (Koreans)	Corporate	1,398	44,126,225	6.87
	Individual	376,643	30,746,450	4.79
Total		379,746	641,964,077	100.00

Table of Contents

Percentages are based on issued shares of common stock.

All of our shareholder have equal voting rights.

Citibank, N.A. is our depository bank and each ADS represents one-half of one share of our common stock.

VI. Directors and employees as of and for a six-month period ended June 30, 2017 (KEPCO Only)

1. Directors

Type	Number of directors	Total remuneration	(In thousands of Won)
			Average remuneration per person
Standing director	6	707,796	117,966
Non-standing director	6	90,000	15,000
Member of Audit Committee	3	140,001	46,667
Total	15	937,797	62,520

2. Employees

Type	Number of employees			Average continuous service year	(In thousands of Won)	
	Regular	Non-regular	Total		Total salaries	Average salaries per person
Male	17,084	493	17,577	18.5	727,338,274	41,380
Female	3,879	154	4,033	14.0	128,086,598	31,760
Total	20,963	647	21,610	17.6	855,424,872	39,585

Table of Contents**VII. Other Information Necessary for the Protection of Investors**

1. Summary of shareholder s meetings for a six-month period ended June 30

Type	Agenda	Results
Extraordinary General Meeting held on January 10, 2017	Election of a Standing Director : Moon, Bong-Soo	Approved as proposed
	Approval of financial statements for the fiscal year 2016	Approved as proposed
Annual General Meeting held on March 21, 2017	Approval of the maximum aggregate amount of remuneration for directors in 2017	Approved as proposed
	Election of President and CEO : Cho, Hwan-Eik	Approved as proposed

2. Pending legal proceedings as of June 30, 2017

(In billions of Won)

Type	Number of lawsuits	Amount claimed
Lawsuits where KEPCO and its subsidiaries are engaged as the defendants	667	633
Lawsuits where KEPCO and its subsidiaries are engaged as the plaintiffs	193	614

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

By: /s/ Kim, Jong-soo
Name: Kim, Jong-soo
Title: Vice President

Date: September 7, 2017

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION

AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

(With Independent Auditors' Review Report Thereon)

Table of Contents

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
<u>Independent Auditors' Review Report</u>	1
<u>Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income</u>	5
<u>Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity</u>	7
<u>Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows</u>	9
<u>Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements</u>	11

Table of Contents

Independent Auditors' Review Report

Based on a report originally issued in Korean

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

Korea Electric Power Corporation:

Reviewed Financial Statements

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements of Korea Electric Power Corporation and its subsidiaries (the Company), which comprise the consolidated interim statement of financial position as of June 30, 2017, the consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (K-IFRS) 1034, Interim Financial Reporting and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Review Responsibility

Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our reviews. We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Review Standards for Quarterly and Semiannual Financial Statements established by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Review Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements referred to above are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with K-IFRS 1034, Interim Financial Reporting.

Emphasis of Matters

Without qualifying our review report, we draw attention to the following key audit matters of the build-to-order industry that were of significance in our review of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, which determination is based on auditor's professional judgment and communications with those charged with governance, in accordance with the Practical Guide of Korean Standards on Auditing 2016-1. These matters were addressed in the context of our review of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and we do not issue a separate opinion on this matter.

Also, as stated above under **Auditors' Review Responsibility**, our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our reviews in accordance with the Review Standards for Quarterly and Semi-annual Financial Statements established by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. Accordingly, we have inquired primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applied analytical and other review procedures on the key audit matters of the build-to-order industry.

We have considered the results from review procedures for these key audit matters in forming our review conclusion on the consolidated interim financial statements as of and for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017.

Table of Contents

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, the Company recognizes contract revenue and costs based on the percentage-of-completion method at the end of the reporting period. Also, the gross amount due from customers for contract work is presented for all contracts in which costs incurred plus recognized profits exceed progress billings. The gross amount due to customers for contract work is presented for all contracts in which progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognized profits.

Total contract revenue is measured based on an agreed contract price; however, it may fluctuate due to the variation of construction work. The measurement of contract revenue is affected by various uncertainties resulting from unexpected future events. Total contract costs are estimated based on the estimates of future costs such as material costs, labor costs and construction period. The uncertainty of estimated total contract costs and changes in such estimates has an impact on the completion progress and contract revenue.

Considering the impacts from these uncertainty and changes in estimates on profit or loss for the current or future periods, we identified the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy utilizing the input method, uncertainty of estimated total contract costs, assessment of the percentage-of-completion and accounting for the variation of construction works as significant risks.

We conducted the following review procedures regarding those significant risks described above as of and for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017:

Inquiry of the accounting policy of revenue recognition and any changes, and significant changes to the contracts

Analytical review of financial indicators such as contract price, estimated contract costs, cost ratio, ratio of amounts due from/to customers for contract work and others

Inquiry and analytical review of changes in major components of estimated contract costs

Inquiry and analytical review of fluctuations in completion progress of contracts including contract price, accumulated contract costs and total contract costs

Other Matters

The procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to review such consolidated interim financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries.

We have previously audited, in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing, the consolidated statement of financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2016, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, which are not accompanying this report, and we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our report dated March 6, 2017. The accompanying consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2016, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

Seoul, Korea

August 14, 2017

This report is effective as of August 14, 2017, the review report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the review report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the review report should understand that the above review report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	<i>Note</i>	<i>June 30, 2017</i>	<i>December 31, 2016</i>
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,6,7,44	₩ 3,482,936	3,051,353
Current financial assets, net	5,10,11,12,44	1,813,848	2,671,989
Trade and other receivables, net	5,8,14,20,44,45,46	6,837,853	7,788,876
Inventories, net	13	5,806,987	5,479,443
Income tax refund receivables	40	14,619	19,163
Current non-financial assets	15	1,042,278	631,860
Assets held-for-sale	41	64,703	65,842
Total current assets		19,063,224	19,708,526
Non-current assets			
Non-current financial assets, net	5,6,9,10,11,12,44	2,358,400	2,657,494
Non-current trade and other receivables, net	5,8,14,44,45,46	1,791,146	1,903,515
Property, plant and equipment, net	18,27,48	148,646,272	145,743,056
Investment properties, net	19,27	291,218	353,680
Goodwill	16	2,582	2,582
Intangible assets other than goodwill, net	21,27,45	1,174,094	980,821
Investments in associates	4,17	4,137,137	4,092,252
Investments in joint ventures	4,17	1,507,477	1,418,196
Deferred tax assets	40	824,051	795,131
Non-current non-financial assets	15	142,615	181,789
Total non-current assets		160,874,992	158,128,516
Total Assets	4	₩ 179,938,216	177,837,042

(Continued)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position, Continued

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	<i>Note</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables, net	5,22,24,44,46	₩ 5,251,058	5,585,411
Current financial liabilities, net	5,11,23,44,46	10,570,832	8,942,329
Income tax payables	40	673,102	1,843,288
Current non-financial liabilities	20,28,29	6,092,501	6,368,210
Current provisions	26,44	2,321,778	1,999,988
Total current liabilities		24,909,271	24,739,226
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current trade and other payables, net	5,22,24,44,46	3,480,256	3,558,175
Non-current financial liabilities, net	5,11,23,44,46	46,312,317	44,835,562
Non-current non-financial liabilities	28,29	7,923,053	7,591,605
Employee benefits liabilities, net	25,44	1,917,721	1,686,258
Deferred tax liabilities	40	9,092,258	8,948,520
Non-current provisions	26,44	13,433,317	13,427,151
Total non-current liabilities		82,158,922	80,047,271
Total Liabilities	4	₩ 107,068,193	104,786,497
Equity			
Contributed capital	1,30,44		
Share capital		₩ 3,209,820	3,209,820
Share premium		843,758	843,758
		4,053,578	4,053,578
Retained earnings	31		
Legal reserves		1,604,910	1,604,910
Voluntary reserves		34,833,844	31,847,275
Unappropriated retained earnings		16,629,110	19,721,686
		53,067,864	53,173,871

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Other components of equity	33		
Other capital surplus		1,235,304	1,235,146
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(121,921)	(33,875)
Other equity		13,294,973	13,294,973
		14,408,356	14,496,244
Equity attributable to owners of the controlling company		71,529,798	71,723,693
Non-controlling interests	16,32	1,340,225	1,326,852
Total Equity		₩ 72,870,023	73,050,545
Total Liabilities and Equity		₩ 179,938,216	177,837,042

See accompanying notes to the consolidated interim financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

In millions of won, except per share information

		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
	Note	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
Sales	4,34,44,46				
Sales of goods		₩ 11,932,055	26,231,521	12,155,550	26,657,484
Sales of services		87,929	159,834	74,098	177,728
Sales of construction services	20	786,491	1,445,583	945,481	1,927,326
Revenue related to transfer of assets from customers		119,064	235,210	100,295	198,213
		12,925,539	28,072,148	13,275,424	28,960,751
Cost of sales	13,25,42,46				
Cost of sales of goods		(10,577,811)	(22,949,336)	(9,005,798)	(19,522,816)
Cost of sales of services		(136,072)	(232,350)	(111,863)	(205,097)
Cost of sales of construction services		(735,737)	(1,398,375)	(861,011)	(1,821,882)
		(11,449,620)	(24,580,061)	(9,978,672)	(21,549,795)
Gross profit		1,475,919	3,492,087	3,296,752	7,410,956
Selling and administrative expenses	25,35,42,46	(629,427)	(1,182,409)	(592,258)	(1,101,115)
Operating profit	4	846,492	2,309,678	2,704,494	6,309,841
Other non-operating income	36	107,246	192,662	103,010	195,312
Other non-operating expense	36	(29,064)	(65,498)	(31,888)	(52,590)
Other gains, net	37	23,989	153,001	30,883	70,786
Finance income	5,11,38	457,963	779,694	207,714	379,446
Finance expenses	5,11,39	(768,651)	(1,502,552)	(610,604)	(1,149,549)
Profit related to associates, joint ventures and subsidiaries	4,17				
Share in profit of associates and joint ventures		(24,037)	152,958	28,274	214,055
		265	333	52	52

Gain on disposal of investments in associates and joint ventures					
Share in loss of associates and joint ventures		(30,985)	(47,498)	(27,352)	(54,212)
Loss on disposal of investments in associates and joint ventures				(171)	(171)
		(54,757)	105,793	803	159,724
Profit before income tax		583,218	1,972,778	2,404,412	5,912,970
Income tax expense	40	(224,297)	(713,826)	(636,624)	(1,982,349)
Profit for the period	₩	358,921	1,258,952	1,767,788	3,930,621
<i>(Continued)</i>					

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income, Continued

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

In millions of won, except per share information

	<i>Note</i>	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
		Three-month period ended	Six- month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six- month period ended
Other comprehensive income (loss)	5,11,25,31,33				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability, net of tax	25,31	₩ (34,209)	(30,292)	(101,290)	(201,861)
Share in other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	31	(194)	(2,085)	(459)	(643)
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Net change in the unrealized fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax	33	2,277	1,103	(4,694)	22,476
Net change in the unrealized fair value of derivatives using cash flow hedge accounting, net of tax	5,11,33	5,886	(51)	43,282	30,478
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax	33	58,825	(56,316)	1,378	4,721
Share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	33	53,193	(50,090)	(43,811)	(39,222)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		85,778	(137,731)	(105,594)	(184,051)
Total comprehensive income for the period		₩ 444,699	1,121,221	1,662,194	3,746,570
Profit or loss attributable to:					
Owners of the controlling company	43	₩ 327,166	1,194,079	1,726,467	3,861,917
Non-controlling interests		31,755	64,873	41,321	68,704

	₩ 358,921	1,258,952	1,767,788	3,930,621
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Owners of the controlling company	₩ 411,283	1,077,036	1,625,395	3,693,429
Non-controlling interests	33,416	44,185	36,799	53,141
	₩ 444,699	1,121,221	1,662,194	3,746,570
Earnings per share (in won)	43			
Basic and diluted earnings per share	₩ 510	1,860	2,689	6,016

See accompanying notes to the consolidated interim financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	Equity attributable to owners of the controlling Company				Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Subtotal		
Balance at January 1, 2016	₩ 4,053,578	48,187,241	14,393,648	66,634,467	1,308,008	67,942,475
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period						
Profit for the period		3,861,917		3,861,917	68,704	3,930,621
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability, net of tax		(188,083)		(188,083)	(13,778)	(201,861)
Share in other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures, net of tax		(635)		(635)	(8)	(643)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Net changes in the unrealized fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax			22,477	22,477	(1)	22,476
Net change in the unrealized fair value of derivatives using cash flow hedge accounting, net of tax			30,486	30,486	(8)	30,478
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax			6,493	6,493	(1,772)	4,721
Share in other comprehensive income			(39,226)	(39,226)	4	(39,222)

(loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax

Transactions with owners of the Company, recognized directly in equity

Dividends paid	(1,990,089)		(1,990,089)	(68,099)	(2,058,188)	
Issuance of shares of capital by subsidiaries and others		(260)	(260)	14,815	14,555	
Changes in consolidation scope				2,453	2,453	
Dividends paid (hybrid securities)				(8,227)	(8,227)	
Balance at June 30, 2016	₩ 4,053,578	49,870,351	14,413,618	68,337,547	1,302,091	69,639,638

(Continued)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity, Continued

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	Equity attributable to owners of the controlling company				Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Subtotal		
Balance at January 1, 2017	₩ 4,053,578	53,173,871	14,496,244	71,723,693	1,326,852	73,050,545
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period						
Profit for the period		1,194,079		1,194,079	64,873	1,258,952
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability, net of tax		(26,909)		(26,909)	(3,383)	(30,292)
Share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax		(2,088)		(2,088)	3	(2,085)
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Net change in the unrealized fair value of available-for-sale financial assets, net of tax			1,104	1,104	(1)	1,103
Net change in the unrealized fair value of derivatives using cash flow hedge accounting, net of tax			(51)	(51)		(51)
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax			(38,711)	(38,711)	(17,605)	(56,316)
Share in other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax			(50,388)	(50,388)	298	(50,090)

**Transactions with owners
of the Company,
recognized directly in
equity**

Dividends paid	(1,271,089)			(1,271,089)	(44,400)	(1,315,489)
Issuance of shares of capital by subsidiaries and others		158		158	21,798	21,956
Dividends paid (hybrid securities)					(8,210)	(8,210)
Balance at June 30, 2017	₩ 4,053,578	53,067,864	14,408,356	71,529,798	1,340,225	72,870,023

See accompanying notes to the consolidated interim financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the period	₩ 1,258,952	3,930,621
Adjustments for:		
Income tax expense	713,826	1,982,349
Depreciation	4,765,106	4,247,987
Amortization	61,329	37,421
Employee benefit expense	186,400	172,046
Bad debt expense	14,926	14,550
Interest expense	877,376	881,259
Loss on sale of financial assets	1,092	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	20,196	3,232
Loss on abandonment of property, plant, and equipment	152,766	185,261
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	78	138
Increase to provisions	791,309	701,038
Gain on foreign currency translation, net	(438,980)	(45,699)
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	451	
Valuation and transaction loss on derivative instruments, net	474,522	47,307
Share in income of associates and joint ventures, net	(105,460)	(159,843)
Gain on sale of financial assets	(508)	(1,480)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(20,018)	(29,958)
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	(484)	
Gain on disposal of associates and joint ventures	(333)	(52)
Loss on disposal of associates and joint ventures		171
Interest income	(108,353)	(132,521)
Dividend income	(10,971)	(9,995)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale securities	118	93
Others, net	(32,363)	23,973
	7,342,025	7,917,277
Changes in:		
Trade receivables	952,158	944,568
Non-trade receivables	2,991	(210,067)

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Accrued income	212,887	(148,170)
Other receivables	7,033	4,631
Other current assets	(383,620)	(228,884)
Inventories	(734,900)	(415,405)
Other non-current assets	(13,017)	(25,486)
Trade payables	(597,942)	(772,771)
Non-trade payables	68,598	142,366
Accrued expenses	(67,970)	588,683
Other current liabilities	(225,293)	577,089
Other non-current liabilities	485,124	399,562
Investments in associates and joint ventures	43,690	46,851
Provisions	(707,990)	(523,884)
Payments of employee benefit obligations	(35,810)	(23,704)
Plan assets	(305)	(2,176)
	(994,366)	353,203

(Continued)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows, Continued

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Cash generated from operating activities	₩ 7,606,611	12,201,101
Dividends received	11,497	10,681
Interest paid	(984,863)	(1,016,999)
Interest received	100,393	107,571
Income taxes paid	(1,713,737)	(2,293,616)
Net cash from operating activities	5,019,901	9,008,738
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposals of associates and joint ventures	1,393	10,942
Acquisition of associates and joint ventures	(149,934)	(93,700)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	41,594	30,490
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(7,245,235)	(7,458,658)
Proceeds from disposals of intangible assets	2,577	134
Acquisition of intangible assets	(51,592)	(48,213)
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets	2,946,156	4,842,813
Acquisition of financial assets	(2,188,103)	(1,499,610)
Increase in loans	(140,370)	(165,654)
Collection of loans	41,651	67,324
Increase in deposits	(159,260)	(238,624)
Decrease in deposits	52,316	96,147
Receipt of government grants	32,983	17,065
Usage of government grants	(27,457)	(19,470)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from changes in consolidation scope	(31,036)	2,480
Other cash inflow from investing activities, net	23,345	19,175
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,850,972)	(4,437,359)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings, net	2,901,847	29,775
Proceeds from long-term borrowings and debt securities	6,434,241	883,008
Repayment of long-term borrowings and debt securities	(5,717,962)	(3,872,266)
Payment of finance lease liabilities	(61,666)	(59,439)
Settlement of derivative instruments, net	34,238	56,358
Change in non-controlling interest	20,921	14,264
Dividends paid (hybrid bond)	(8,210)	(8,227)

Dividends paid	(1,314,048)	(2,058,188)
Other cash outflow from financing activities, net		(523)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	2,289,361	(5,015,238)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before effect of exchange rate fluctuations	458,290	(443,859)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	(26,707)	21,570
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	431,583	(422,289)
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	3,051,353	3,783,065
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	₩ 3,482,936	3,360,776

See accompanying notes to the consolidated interim financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

1. Reporting Entity (Description of the controlling company)

Korea Electric Power Corporation (KEPCO), the controlling company as defined in Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (K-IFRS) 1110 Consolidated Financial Statements , was incorporated on January 1, 1982 in accordance with the Korea Electric Power Corporation Act (the KEPCO Act) to engage in the generation, transmission and distribution of electricity and development of electric power resources in the Republic of Korea. KEPCO also provides power plant construction services. KEPCO 's stock was listed on the Korea Stock Exchange on August 10, 1989 and KEPCO listed its Depository Receipts (DR) on the New York Stock Exchange on October 27, 1994. KEPCO 's head office is located in Naju, Jeollanam-do.

As of June 30, 2017, KEPCO 's share capital amounts to ₩3,209,820 million and KEPCO 's shareholders are as follows:

	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership
Government of the Republic of Korea	116,841,794	18.20%
Korea Development Bank	211,235,264	32.90%
Other (*)	313,887,019	48.90%
	641,964,077	100.00%

(*) The number of shares held by foreign shareholders are 197,308,414 shares (30.74%) as of the most recent closing date of Register of Shareholders (December 31, 2016).

In accordance with the Restructuring Plan enacted on January 21, 1999 by the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy, KEPCO spun off its power generation divisions on April 2, 2001, resulting in the establishment of six power generation subsidiaries.

2. Basis of Preparation**(1) Statement of compliance**

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with K-IFRS 1034, Interim Financial Reporting as part of the period covered by KEPCO and subsidiaries (the Company) K-IFRS annual financial statements.

(2) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following material items in the consolidated statements of financial position:

derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value

available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value

liabilities for defined benefit plans are recognized at the net of the total present value of defined benefit obligations less the fair value of plan assets

(3) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Korean won (Won), which is KEPCO's functional currency and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued

(4) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with K-IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment, estimations on provision for decommissioning costs
The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. Management's assumptions could affect the determination of estimated economic useful lives.

The Company records the fair value of estimated decommissioning costs as a liability in the period in which the Company incurs a legal obligation associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from acquisition, construction, development and/or normal use of the assets. The Company is required to record a liability for the dismantling (demolition) of nuclear power plants and disposal of spent fuel and low and intermediate radioactive wastes.

(ii) Deferred tax
The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities of each consolidated taxpaying entity. However, the amount of deferred tax assets may be different if the Company does not realize estimated future taxable income during the carryforward periods.

(iii) Valuations of financial instruments at fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the financial officer.

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of K-IFRS including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuation techniques should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(iv) Defined employee benefit liabilities

The Company offers its employees defined benefit plans. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each reporting period. For actuarial valuations, certain inputs such as discount rates and future salary increases are estimated. Defined benefit plans contain significant uncertainties in estimations due to its long-term nature (refer to note 25).

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued

(4) Use of estimates and judgments, continued

(v) Unbilled revenue

Energy delivered but not metered nor billed is calculated at the reporting date and is estimated based on consumption statistics and selling price estimates. Determination of the unbilled revenues at the end of the reporting period is sensitive to the estimated consumptions and prices based on statistics. Unbilled revenue recognized as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are ₩1,221,809 million and ₩1,121,003 million, respectively.

(vi) Construction contracts

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognized based on the stage of completion of the contract activity utilizing the cost-based input method at the end of the reporting period. In applying the cost-based input method, it is necessary to use estimates and assumptions related to the total estimated costs expected to be incurred in the future, costs incurred which are not related to construction progress, changes in costs due to change of contract or design, etc. Total contract revenue is measured based on an agreed contract price; however, it may fluctuate due to the variation of construction work. The measurement of contract revenue is affected by various uncertainties resulting from unexpected future events.

(vii) Continuing operation of Wolsong Unit 1 nuclear power plant

Wolsong unit 1 nuclear power plant of the Company commenced operations on November 21, 1982 and ended its operations on November 20, 2012 pursuant to its 30-year operating license. On February 27, 2015, the Nuclear Safety and Security Commission (NSSC) evaluated the safety of operation on the Wolsong Unit 1 nuclear power plant and approved to continue its operation until November 20, 2022. As described in note 49, the lawsuit related to the validity of the approval of NSSC is currently ongoing. The consolidated interim financial statements were prepared based on the judgment of the Company that the approval of NSSC is valid and Wolsong Unit 1 nuclear power plant will be operating until 2022.

(5) Changes in accounting policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Company in the preparation of its consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those followed by the Company in its preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, except for the application of K-IFRS 1034, Interim Financial Reporting, and the amended accounting standards explained below:

(i) Amendments to K-IFRS 1007, Statement of Cash Flows

The Company has adopted the amendments to K-IFRS 1007, Statement of Cash Flows, since January 1, 2017. The amendments require changes in liabilities arising from financing activities to be disclosed. Information about changes in liabilities arising from financing activities is included in note 23 and note 24.

(ii) Amendments to K-IFRS 1012, Income Taxes

The Company has adopted the amendments to K-IFRS 1012, Income Taxes, since January 1, 2017. The amendments clarify that unrealized losses on fixed-rate debt instruments measured at fair value and measured at cost for tax purposes give rise to a deductible temporary difference regardless of whether the holder expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by use and that the estimate of probable future taxable profit may include the recovery of some of assets for more than their carrying amount. When the Company assesses whether there will be sufficient taxable profit, the Company should compare the deductible temporary differences with future taxable profit that excludes tax deductions resulting from the reversal of those deductible temporary differences.

Upon adoption of the amendments, there is no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued

(6) New standards and amendments not yet adopted

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been published for mandatory application for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2017.

(i) K-IFRS 1109, Financial Instruments

K-IFRS 1109, published on September 25, 2015, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. It replaces existing guidance in K-IFRS 1039, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Company plans to adopt K-IFRS 1109 for the year beginning on January 1, 2018. K-IFRS 1109 will generally be applied retrospectively; however the Company plans to take advantage of the exemption allowing it not to restate the comparative information for prior periods with respect to classification and measurement including impairment changes. New hedge accounting requirements will generally be applied prospectively except for certain exemptions including the accounting for the time value of options.

Key features of the new standard, K-IFRS 1109, are 1) classification and measurement of financial assets that reflects the business model in which the assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics, 2) impairment methodology that reflects expected credit loss (ECL) model for financial assets, and 3) expanded scope of hedged items and hedging instruments which qualify for hedge accounting and changes in assessment method for effect of hedging relationships.

K-IFRS 1109 will require the Company to assess the financial impact from application of K-IFRS 1109 and revise its accounting processes and internal controls related to financial instruments. Actual impact of adopting K-IFRS 1109 will be dependent on the financial instruments the Company holds and economic conditions at that time as well as accounting policy elections and judgment that it will make in the future.

The Company has not initiated any changes in internal controls processes or accounting processing systems, and has not performed an assessment of the impact resulting from the application of K-IFRS 1109. The Company is currently performing a detailed assessment of the potential impact from the application of K-IFRS 1109 and plans to complete the assessment in advance of its effective date. Expected impacts on the consolidated financial statements are generally categorized as follows:

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Under K-IFRS 1109, financial assets are classified into three principal categories; measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) based on the business model in which assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics. Under K-IFRS 1109, derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts where the host is a financial asset are not bifurcated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification.

As there are additional requirements for a financial asset to be classified as measured at amortized costs or FVOCI under K-IFRS 1109 compared to the existing guidance in K-IFRS 1039, the adoption of K-IFRS 1109 would potentially increase the proportion of financial assets that are measured at FVTPL, increasing volatility in the Company's profit or loss.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued

(6) New standards and amendments not yet adopted, continued

The criteria for classification and measurement of financial assets under K-IFRS 1109 are as follows:

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL: 1) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL: 1) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and 2) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI, and will not reclassify(recycle) the those items in OCI to profit or loss subsequently.

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL if the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to specified dates to cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, the debt instrument is held within a business model whose objective is to sell the asset, or the equity instruments that are not elected to be designated as measured at FVOCI.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company has loans and receivables amounting to ₩15,059,972 million, held-to-maturity investments amounting to ₩3,172 million, available-for-sale financial assets amounting to ₩875,936 million, and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to ₩228,141 million.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Under K-IFRS 1109, the amount of change in the fair value attributable to the changes in the credit risk of the financial liabilities is presented in OCI, not recognized in profit or loss, and the OCI amount will not be reclassified (recycled) to profit or loss. However, if doing so creates or increase an accounting mismatch, the amount of change in the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

As a portion of fair value change which was recognized in profit or loss under the existing standard, K-IFRS 1039, will be presented in OCI under K-IFRS 1109, profit or loss related to valuation of the same financial liabilities is likely to decrease.

Impairment: Financial assets and contract assets

K-IFRS 1109 replaces the incurred loss model in the existing standard with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) model for debt instruments, lease receivables, contractual assets, loan commitments, financial guarantee contracts.

Under K-IFRS 1109, impairment losses are likely to be recognized earlier than using the incurred loss model under the existing guidance in K-IFRS 1039 as loss allowances will be measured on either of the 12-month or lifetime ECL based on the extent of increase in credit risk since inception as shown in the below table.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued**(6) New standards and amendments not yet adopted, continued****Classification**

Stage 1 Credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition

Stage 2 Credit risk has increase significantly since the initial recognition

Stage 3 Credit-impaired

Under K-IFRS 1109, financial assets of which the credit was impaired at the initial recognition, cumulative changes in lifetime ECL since the initial recognition are recognized as loss allowances.

Loss allowances

12-month ECL: ECLs that resulted from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date

Lifetime ECL: ECL that resulted from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument

As of June 30, 2017, the Company has debt instruments in financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting to ₩15,232,168 million (loans and receivables) and has recognized loss allowances of ₩172,196 million.

Hedge accounting

K-IFRS 1109 retains the mechanics of hedge accounting (fair value hedge, cash flow hedge, hedging on net investment in a foreign operation) which was defined in the existing guidance in K-IFRS 1109, but provides principle-based and less complex guidance in hedging which focuses on the risk management activities. More hedged items and hedging instruments would qualify for hedge accounting, more qualitative and forward-looking approach will be taken to assessing hedge effectiveness, and qualitative threshold (80~125%) is removed under K-IFRS 1109.

Certain transactions which were not qualified for hedge accounting under the existing standard will likely qualify for hedge accounting under K-IFRS 1109, decreasing volatility in the Company's profits or loss.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company has asset and liabilities designated as hedged items amounting to ₩116,962 million and ₩143,511 million, respectively.

When initially applying K-IFRS 1109, the Company may choose as its accounting policy to continue to apply the hedge accounting requirements of K-IFRS 1039.

(ii) K-IFRS 1115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

K-IFRS 1115, Revenue from Contracts from Customers, published on November 6, 2015, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company plans to adopt K-IFRS 1115 for the year beginning on January 1, 2018.

It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including K-IFRS 1018, Revenue, K-IFRS 1011, Construction Contracts, K-IFRS 2031, Revenue-Barter transactions involving advertising services, K-IFRS, 2113 Customer Loyalty Programs, K-IFRS 2115, Agreements for the construction of real estate, K-IFRS 2118, Transfers of assets from customers.

Existing K-IFRS standards and interpretations including K-IFRS 1018 provide revenue recognition guidance by transaction types such as sales of goods, rendering of services, interest income, royalty income, dividend income and construction revenue; however, under the new standard, K-IFRS 1115, the five-step approach (Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer, Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract, Step 3: Determine the transaction price, Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, Step 5: Recognize revenue when the entity satisfied a performance obligation) is applied for all types of contracts or agreements.

The Company is currently performing a detailed assessment of the impact resulting from the application of K-IFRS 1115 and plans to complete the assessment in advance of its effective date.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

2. Basis of Preparation, Continued

(6) New standards and amendments not yet adopted, continued

(iii) Amendments to K-IFRS 1102, Share-based Payment

The amendments include: 1) when measuring the fair value of share-based payment, the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payment should be consistent with the measurement of equity-settled share-based payment, 2) Share-based payment transaction in which the company settles the share-based payment arrangement net by withholding a specified portion of the equity instruments per statutory tax withholding requirements would be classified as equity-settled in its entirety, if otherwise would be classified as equity-settled without the net settlement feature, and 3) when a cash-settled share-based payment changes to an equity-settled share-based payment because of modifications of the terms and conditions, the original liability recognized is derecognized and the equity-settled share-based payment is recognized at the modification date fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the liability at the modification date and the amount recognized in equity at the same date would be recognized in profit and loss immediately. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

The adoption of the amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied by the Company in preparation of its consolidated financial statements are included below. Except as described in note 2.(5), the accounting policies applied by the Company in these consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied by the Company in its consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

(1) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are the financial statements of a group in which the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent and its subsidiaries are presented as those of a single economic entity. Subsidiaries are controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

Income and expense of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those of the Company.

Transactions within the Company are eliminated during the consolidation.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in a subsidiary that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(1) Basis of consolidation, continued

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, the income or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Company had directly disposed of the relevant assets (i.e. reclassified to income or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognized as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under K-IFRS 1039, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

(2) Business combinations

A business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control.

The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Company, liabilities incurred by the Company to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Company in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in income or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognized and measured in accordance with K-IFRS 1012, *Income Taxes* and K-IFRS 1019, *Employee Benefits*, respectively;

assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with K-IFRS 1105,

Non-current Assets Held for Sale are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in income or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interest that is present on acquisition day and entitles the holder to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in an event of liquidation, may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement can be elected on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in other K-IFRSs.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(2) Business combinations, continued

When the consideration transferred by the Company in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the measurement period (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is re-measured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with K-IFRS 1039, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, or with K-IFRS 1037, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognized in income or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Company's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Company obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognized in income or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to income or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Company reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognized, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date.

The assets and liabilities acquired under business combinations under common control are recognized at the carrying amounts recognized previously in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent. The difference between consideration transferred and carrying amounts of net assets acquired is recognized as part of share premium.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(3) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but does not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. If the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with K-IFRS 1105, *Non-current Assets Held for Sale*, any retained portion of an investment in associates that has not been classified as held for sale shall be accounted for using the equity method until disposal of the portion that is classified as held for sale takes place. If the Company holds 20% ~ 50% of the voting power of the investee, it is presumed that the Company has significant influence.

After the disposal takes place, the Company shall account for any retained interest in associates in accordance with K-IFRS 1039, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* unless the retained interest continues to be an associates, in which case the entity uses the equity method.

Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the income or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Company's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Company's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate), the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in income or loss. The requirements of K-IFRS 1039, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognize any impairment loss with respect to the Company's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with K-IFRS 1036 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount, any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized in accordance with K-IFRS 1036 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment

subsequently increases.

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Company losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with K-IFRS 1036. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to income or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Company reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to income or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses significant influence over that associate.

When the Company transacts with its associate, incomes and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Company.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(4) Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint arrangements are classified into two types - joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (i.e. joint operators) have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (i.e. joint ventures) have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

If the Company is a joint operator, the Company is to recognize and measure the assets and liabilities (and recognize the related revenues and expenses) in relation to its interest in the arrangement in accordance with relevant K-IFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. If the joint arrangement is a joint venture, the Company is to account for that investment using the equity method accounting in accordance with K-IFRS 1028,

Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures (refer to note 3.(3)), except when the Company is applicable to the K-IFRS 1105, Non-current Assets Held for Sale .

(5) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Company is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Company will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(6) Goodwill

The Company measures goodwill which acquired in a business combination at the amount recognized at the date on which it obtains control of the acquiree (acquisition date) less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each CGU that is expected to benefit from the synergies arising from the business acquired.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Any impairment identified at the CGU level will first reduce the carrying value of goodwill and then be used to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis. Except for impairment losses in respect of goodwill which are never reversed, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(7) Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods, rendering of services or use of the Company assets is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates, which are recognized as a reduction of revenue. Revenue is recognized when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company.

(i) Sales of goods

The Korean government approves the utility rates charged to customers by the Company's power transmission and distribution division. The Company's utility rates are designed to recover the Company's reasonable costs plus a fair investment return.

The Company recognize revenue from electricity sales revenue based on power sold (transferred to the customer) up to the reporting date. To determine the amount of power sold, the Company estimates daily power volumes of electricity for residential, commercial, general, etc. The differences between the current month's estimated amount and actual (meter-read) amount, is adjusted for (true-up) during the subsequent month.

(ii) Sales of other services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to surveys of work performed or services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed or the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of the transaction or other methods that reliably measures the services performed.

(iii) Dividend income and interest income

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date that the Company's right to receive payment is established, which in the case of quoted securities is the ex-dividend date.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that

asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(iv) Rental income

The Company's policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in note 3.(9) below.

(v) Deferral of revenue – Transfer of Assets from Customers

The Company recovers a substantial amount of the cost related to its electric power distribution facilities from customers through the transfer of assets, while the remaining portion is recovered through electricity sales from such customers in the future. As such, the Company believes there exists a continued service obligation to the customers in accordance with K-IFRS 2118, "Transfer of Assets from Customers", when the Company receives an item of property, equipment, or cash for constructing or acquiring an item of property or equipment, in exchange for supplying electricity to customers. The Company defers the amounts received, which are subsequently recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the estimated service period which does not exceed the transferred asset's useful life.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(8) Construction services revenue

The Company provides services related to the construction of power plants related to facilities of its customers, mostly in foreign countries.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognized based on the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognized to the extent of contract costs incurred when it is probable the revenue will be realized. Contract costs are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense immediately.

When contract costs incurred to date plus recognized income less recognized losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is presented as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognized income less recognized losses, the surplus is presented as the amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statements of financial position, as a liability, as advance received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statements of financial position as accounts and other receivables.

(9) Leases

The Company classifies and accounts for leases as either a finance or operating lease, depending on the terms. Leases where the Company assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

(i) The Company as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognized as receivables at the amount of the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic

rate of return on the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) The Company as lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognized as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognized immediately in income or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(9) Leases, continued

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognized as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognized as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

(iii) Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Company determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease.

At inception or on reassessment of an arrangement that contains a lease, the Company separates payments and other consideration required by the arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Company concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, then an asset and a liability are recognized at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset.

(10) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the Company entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated to the functional currency using the reporting date's exchange rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;

Exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks (refer to note 3.(25) Derivative financial instruments, including hedge accounting); and

Exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to income or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the net investment.

For the purpose of presenting financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are expressed in Korean won using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

When a foreign operation is disposed of, the relevant amount in the translation is transferred to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(11) Borrowing costs

The Company capitalizes borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognized in expense as incurred. A qualifying asset is an asset that requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in income or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(12) Government grants

Government grants are not recognized unless there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the grant's conditions and that the grant will be received.

Benefit from a government loan at a below-market interest rate is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

(i) If the Company received grants related to assets

Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company purchase, construct or otherwise acquire long-term assets are deducted in calculating the carrying amount of the asset. The grant is recognized in profit or loss over the life of a depreciable asset as a reduced depreciation expense.

(ii) If the Company received grants related to income

Government grants which are intended to compensate the Company for expenses incurred are recognized as other income (government grants) in profit or loss over the periods in which the Company recognizes the related costs as expenses.

(13) Employee benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the Company during a period, the Company recognizes the contribution payable to a defined contribution plan in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense).

For defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits, the net periodic pension expense is actuarially determined by Pension Actuarial System developed by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liability. However, if there is not a deep market, market yields on government bonds are used.

Net defined benefit liability's measurement is composed of actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets excluding net interest on net defined benefit liability, and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding net interest, which are immediately recognized in other comprehensive income. The actuarial gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income which will not be reclassified into net profit or loss for later periods are immediately recognized in retained earnings. Past service cost will be recognized as expenses upon the earlier of the date of change or reduction to the plan, or the date of recognizing termination benefits.

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to unrecognized actuarial losses and past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(14) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. The taxable profit is different from the accounting profit for the period since the taxable profit is calculated excluding the temporary differences, which will be taxable or deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss) of future periods, and non-taxable or non-deductible items from the accounting profit.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized, using the asset-liability method, in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilized. However, deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill, or the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting profit or loss nor taxable income.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities on investment properties measured at fair value, unless any contrary evidence exists, are measured using the assumption that the carrying amount of the property will be recovered entirely through sale.

The Company recognizes a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, except to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The Company recognizes a deferred tax asset for all deductible temporary differences arising

from investments in subsidiaries and associates, to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset the related current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

(iii) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in income or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued**(15) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and after initial recognition, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes expenditures arising directly from the construction or acquisition of the asset, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are recognized in the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at cost or, if appropriate, as separate items if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment, except for land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives that appropriately reflect the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed. For loaded nuclear fuel related to long-term raw materials and spent nuclear fuels related to asset retirement costs, the Company uses the production method to measure and recognizes as expense the economic benefits of the assets.

The estimated useful lives of the Company's property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	Useful lives (years)
Buildings	8 ~ 40
Structures	8 ~ 50
Machinery	2 ~ 32
Vehicles	3 ~ 8
Loaded heavy water	30
Asset retirement costs	18, 30, 40, 60
Finance lease assets	6 ~ 32
Ships	9
Others	4 ~ 15

A component that is significant compared to the total cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated over its separate useful life.

Depreciation methods, residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and if change is deemed appropriate, it is treated as a change in accounting estimate. As a result of such annual review, useful lives of certain machinery were changed during 2016. Depreciation expenses increased by ₩160,985 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. Depreciation expenses are expected to increase by ₩130,514 million and ₩91,197 million for the years ending December 31, 2017 and 2018, respectively, and to decrease by ₩382,696 million for the years after December 31, 2018.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized in income or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(16) Investment property

Property held for the purpose of earning rentals or benefiting from capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment property is initially measured at its cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, investment property is carried at depreciated cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are recognized in the carrying amount of investment property at cost or, if appropriate, as separate items if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Investment property except for land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 8 ~ 40 years as estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in income or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

(17) Intangible assets

(i) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognized if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;

The intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;

The ability to use or sell the intangible asset;

How the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;

The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and

The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development. The amount initially recognized for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. When the development expenditure does not meet the criteria listed above, an internally-generated intangible asset cannot be recognized and the expenditure is recognized in income or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued**(17) Intangible assets, continued**

The estimated useful lives and amortization methods of the Company's intangible assets with finite useful lives are as follows:

	Useful lives (years)	Amortization methods
Usage rights for donated assets	10 ~ 20	Straight line
Software	4, 5	Straight line
Industrial rights	5 ~ 10	Straight line
Development expenses	5	Straight line
Leasehold rights	10	Straight line
Others	3 ~ 50 or Indefinite	Straight line
Mining right		Unit of production

(iii) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets that are acquired in a business combination are recognized separately from goodwill and are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

(iv) Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in income or loss when the asset is derecognized.

(18) Greenhouse gas emissions rights (allowances) and obligations

In connection with Enforcement of Allocation and Trading of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Allowances, the Company applies the following accounting policies for greenhouse gas emissions rights and obligations.

(i) Greenhouse gas emissions rights

Greenhouse gas emissions rights consist of the allowances received free of charge from the government and the ones purchased. The cost of the greenhouse gas emissions rights includes expenditures arising directly from the acquisition and any other costs incurred during normal course of the acquisition.

Greenhouse gas emissions rights are held by the Company to fulfill the legal obligation and recorded as intangible assets. To the extent that the portion to be submitted to the government within one year from the end of reporting period, the greenhouse gas emissions rights are classified as current assets. Greenhouse gas emissions rights recorded as intangible assets are initially measured at cost and substantially remeasured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Greenhouse gas emissions rights are derecognized on submission to the government or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

(ii) Greenhouse gas emissions obligations

Greenhouse gas emissions obligations are the Company's present legal obligation to submit the greenhouse gas emissions allowances to the government and recognized when an outflow of resources is probable and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Greenhouse gas emissions obligations are measured as the sum of the carrying amount of the allocated rights that will be submitted to the government and the best estimate of expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period for any excess emission.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with definite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(20) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories for inventories in transit are measured by using specific identification method. Cost of inventories, except for those in transit, are measured under

the weighted average method and consists of the purchase price, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realizable value and all losses of inventories are recognized as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realizable value, are recognized as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognized as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(21) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround many events and circumstances are taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined at the present value of the expected future cash flows.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(21) Provisions, continued

Where some or all of the expenditures required to settle a provision are expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement shall be recognized when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the entity settles the obligation. The reimbursement shall be treated as a separate asset.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

(i) Provision for employment benefits

The Company determines the provision for employment benefits as the incentive payments based on the results of the individual performance evaluation or management assessment.

(ii) Provision for decommissioning costs of nuclear power plants

The Company records the fair value of estimated decommissioning costs as a liability in the period in which the Company incurs a legal obligation associated with retirement of long-lived assets that result from acquisition, construction, development and/or normal use of the assets. Accretion expense consists of period-to-period changes in the liability for decommissioning costs resulting from the passage of time and revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows.

(iii) Provision for disposal of spent nuclear fuel

Under the Radioactive Waste Management Act, the Company is levied to pay the spent nuclear fuel fund for the management of spent nuclear fuel. The Company recognizes the provision of present value of the payments.

(iv) Provision for low and intermediate radioactive wastes

Under the Radioactive Waste Management Act, the Company recognizes the provision for the disposal of low and intermediate radioactive wastes in best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation.

(v) Provision for Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

Under the regulation of Persistent Organic Pollutants Management Act, enacted in 2007, the Company is required to remove PCBs, a toxin, from the insulating oil of its transformers by 2025. As a result of the enactments, the Company is required to inspect the PCBs contents of transformers and dispose of PCBs in excess of safety standards under the legally settled procedures. The Company's estimates and assumptions used to determine fair value can be affected by many factors, such as the estimated costs of inspection and disposal, inflation rate, discount rate, regulations and the general economy.

(vi) Provisions for power plant regional support program

Power plant regional support programs consist of scholarship programs to local students, local economy support programs, local culture support programs, environment development programs, and local welfare programs. The Company recognizes the provision in relation to power plant regional support program.

(vii) Provisions for transmission and transformation facilities-neighboring areas support program

The Company has present obligation to conduct transmission and transformation facilities-neighboring areas support program under Act on assistance to transmission and transformation facilities-neighboring areas. The Company recognizes the provision of estimated amount to fulfill the obligation.

(viii) Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) provisions

RPS program is required to generate a specified percentage of total electricity to be generated in the form of renewable energy and provisions are recognized for the governmental regulations to require the production of energies from renewable energy sources such as solar, wind and biomass.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(22) Non-derivative financial assets

The Company recognizes and measures non-derivative financial assets by the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company recognizes financial assets in the statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Upon initial recognition, non-derivative financial assets are measured at their fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the asset's acquisition or issuance.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognized and derecognized, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

(i) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset is classified as financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. A financial assets its acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term are classified as a short-term financial assets held for trading and also all the derivatives including an embedded derivate that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument are classified at the short-term trading financial asset as well. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or

On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking; or

It is derivative, including an embedded derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or

The financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

It forms a part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and with K-IFRS 1039, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(22) Non-derivative financial assets, continued

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in income or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in income or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the finance income and finance expenses line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

A non-derivative financial asset with a fixed or determinable payment and fixed maturity, for which the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the valuation reserve. However, impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets are recognized in income or loss. Unquoted equity investments which are not traded in an active market, whose fair value cannot be measured reliably are carried at cost.

When a financial asset is derecognized or impairment losses are recognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that

are recognized in income or loss are determined based on the amortized cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(v) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method except for loans and receivables of which the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(vi) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For listed and unlisted equity investments classified as available-for-sale financial asset, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment in addition to the criteria mentioned below.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or

Breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, or

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(22) Non-derivative financial assets, continued

It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization; or

The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties. For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets recorded at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognized is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in income or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to income or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

(vii) De-recognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred financial assets, the Company continues to recognize the transferred financial assets and recognizes financial liabilities for the consideration received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in income or loss.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(22) Non-derivative financial assets, continued

On de-recognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognize under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognizes on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognized and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognized and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in income or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognized and the part that is no longer recognized on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

(23) Non-derivative financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company

(i) Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

(ii) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in income or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction cost that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to acquisition of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

(iv) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities are classified as at financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

It has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or

On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or

It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(23) Non-derivative financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company, continued

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or

The financial liability forms part of a Company of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and K-IFRS 1039, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognized in income or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in income or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in finance income and finance expenses.

(v) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(vi) Financial guarantee contract liabilities

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of: (a) the amount of the obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with K-IFRS 1037, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets; or (b) the amount initially recognized less, cumulative amortization recognized in accordance with K-IFRS 1018, Revenue.

(vii) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in income or loss.

(24) Service Concession Arrangements

The Company recognizes revenues from construction services and operating services related to service concession arrangements in accordance with K-IFRS 1011, Construction Contracts and K-IFRS 1018, Revenue, respectively. If the Company performs more than one service under a single contract or arrangement, consideration received or receivable is allocated by reference to the relative fair values of the services delivered, when the amounts are separately identifiable.

The Company recognizes a financial asset to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset for the construction services and an intangible asset to the extent that it receives a right (license) to charge users of the public service. Borrowing costs attributable to the arrangement are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred unless the Company has a contractual right to receive an intangible asset (a right to charge users of the public service). In this case, borrowing costs attributable to the arrangement are capitalized during the construction phase of the arrangement.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(25) Derivative financial instruments, including hedge accounting

The Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps and others.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in income or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in such case the timing of the recognition in income or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognized as a financial asset; a derivative with a negative fair value is recognized as a financial liability. A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realized or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

(i) Separable embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in other financial instruments or other host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and when the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

An embedded derivative is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the hybrid instrument to which the embedded derivative is part of, is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realized or settled within 12 months. All other embedded derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

(ii) Hedge accounting

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives, embedded derivatives and non-derivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges. Hedges of foreign exchange risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the entity documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Company documents whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item.

(iii) Fair value hedges

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in income or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument and the change in the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk relating to the hedged items are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Company revokes the hedging relationship, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. The fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortized as income or loss as of that date.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

3. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(25) Derivative financial instruments, including hedge accounting, continued

(iv) Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in income or loss, and is included in the finance income and expense .

Amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to income or loss in the periods when the hedged item is recognized in income or loss, in the same line of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as the recognized hedged item. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously accumulated in equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Company revokes the hedging relationship, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognized when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognized in income or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognized immediately in income or loss.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

4. Segment, Geographic and Other Information

(1) Segment determination and explanation of the measurements

The Company's operating segments are its business components that generate discrete financial information that is reported to and regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker, the Chief Executive Officer, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. The Company's reportable segments are Transmission and distribution, Electric power generation (Nuclear), Electric power generation (Non-nuclear), Plant maintenance & engineering service and Others; others mainly represent the business unit that manages the Company's foreign operations.

Segment operating profit (loss) is determined the same way that consolidated operating profit is determined under K-IFRS without any adjustment for corporate allocations. The accounting policies used by each segment are consistent with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Segment assets and liabilities are determined based on separate financial statements of the entities instead of on a consolidated basis. There are various transactions between the reportable segments, including sales of property, plant and equipment and so on, that are conducted on an arms-length basis at market prices that would be applicable to an independent third-party. For subsidiaries which are in a different segment from that of its immediate parent company, their carrying amount in separate financial statements is eliminated in the consolidating adjustments in the tables below. In addition, consolidation adjustments in the table below include adjustments of the amount of investment in associates and joint ventures from the cost basis amount reflected in segment assets to that determined using equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

4. Segment, Geographic and Other Information, Continued

(2) Financial information of the segments for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, are as follows:

Intersegment revenue		June 30, 2017				Depreciation and amortization		Interest income	
		Revenue from external customers		Operating profit (loss)		Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
701,051	1,198,775	12,550,230	27,245,834	341,289	(442,691)	849,193	1,691,816	12,328	23,889
2,264,083	4,922,470	11,686	21,768	199,961	938,363	856,287	1,708,434	5,046	8,954
4,448,853	11,008,320	146,524	376,160	196,025	1,717,523	699,764	1,388,421	5,945	9,526
550,561	988,547	96,814	192,234	77,201	122,527	27,163	54,344	2,405	5,166
17,812	37,184	120,285	236,152	20,556	40,475	8,722	15,240	34,092	72,799
(7,982,360)	(18,155,296)			11,460	(66,519)	(18,556)	(31,820)	(5,919)	(11,981)
		12,925,539	28,072,148	846,492	2,309,678	2,422,573	4,826,435	53,897	108,353

June 30, 2016

Revenue from external

Depreciation and

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Intersegment revenue		customers		Operating profit (loss)		amortization		Interest income	
Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
503,673	783,099	12,749,147	28,035,860	1,886,287	2,175,110	754,787	1,504,430	15,341	48,035
2,330,565	5,635,465	31,109	35,885	481,597	2,164,923	768,880	1,556,168	9,546	17,744
3,776,853	9,810,464	257,457	459,329	291,196	1,982,176	579,222	1,182,031	7,051	15,519
518,465	1,000,500	109,850	189,069	78,355	136,257	24,766	49,448	2,363	5,736
18,462	43,917	127,861	240,608	35,196	58,697	6,882	15,030	21,768	55,283
(7,148,018)	(17,273,445)			(68,137)	(207,322)	(11,467)	(21,699)	(3,867)	(9,796)
		13,275,424	28,960,751	2,704,494	6,309,841	2,123,070	4,285,408	52,202	132,521

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

4. Segment, Geographic and Other Information, Continued

- (3) Information related to segment assets and segment liabilities as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

Segment	June 30, 2017			
	Segment assets	Investments in associates and joint ventures	Acquisition of non-current assets	Segment liabilities
Transmission and distribution	₩ 106,021,585	4,153,986	4,134,079	51,243,497
Electric power generation (Nuclear)	52,090,439	17,364	1,053,462	26,590,117
Electric power generation (Non-nuclear)	48,580,398	1,419,551	1,838,668	26,565,686
Plant maintenance & engineering service	3,234,932	53,713	57,510	1,300,260
Others	7,755,777		215,870	2,911,363
Consolidation adjustments	(37,744,915)		(2,762)	(1,542,730)
Consolidated totals	₩ 179,938,216	5,644,614	7,296,827	107,068,193

In millions of won

Segment	December 31, 2016			
	Segment assets	Investments in associates and joint ventures	Acquisition of non-current assets	Segment liabilities
Transmission and distribution	₩ 105,321,129	4,121,462	6,345,004	49,854,420
	52,782,915	15,384	1,945,610	27,366,938

Electric power generation (Nuclear)				
Electric power generation (Non-nuclear)	47,427,642	1,320,203	3,508,313	26,205,049
Plant maintenance & engineering service	3,106,909	53,399	180,715	1,218,047
Others	7,423,132		365,470	2,761,262
Consolidation adjustments	(38,224,685)		(191,901)	(2,619,219)
Consolidated totals	₩ 177,837,042	5,510,448	12,153,211	104,786,497

(4) Geographic information

The following information on revenue from external customers and non-current assets is determined by the location of the customers and the assets:

<i>In millions of won</i>	Revenue from external customers				Non-current assets (*2)	
	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	Three- month period ended	Six- month period ended	Three- month period ended	Six- month period ended		
Geographical unit						
Domestic	₩ 12,040,532	26,415,885	12,254,627	26,835,890	151,406,051	148,297,677
Overseas (*1)	885,007	1,656,263	1,020,797	2,124,861	4,495,344	4,474,699
	₩ 12,925,539	28,072,148	13,275,424	28,960,751	155,901,395	152,772,376

(*1) Middle East and other Asian countries make up the majority of overseas revenue and non-current assets.

(*2) Amount excludes financial assets and deferred tax assets.

(5) Information on significant customers

There is no individual customer comprising more than 10% of the Company's revenue for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

5. Classification of Financial Instruments**(1) Classification of financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017					Total
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Available-for-sale financial assets	Held-to-maturity investments	Derivative assets (applying hedge accounting)	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	₩	3,482,936				3,482,936
Current financial assets						
Held-to-maturity investments				53		53
Derivative assets	49,749				17,752	67,501
Other financial assets	49,548	1,696,746				1,746,294
Trade and other receivables		6,837,853				6,837,853
	99,297	12,017,535		53	17,752	12,134,637
Non-current assets						
Non-current financial assets						
Available-for-sale financial assets			875,936			875,936
Held-to-maturity investments				3,119		3,119
Derivative assets	128,844				99,210	228,054
Other financial assets		1,251,291				1,251,291
Trade and other receivables		1,791,146				1,791,146
	128,844	3,042,437	875,936	3,119	99,210	4,149,546
	₩ 228,141	15,059,972	875,936	3,172	116,962	16,284,183

*In millions of won***December 31, 2016****Total**

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Available- for-sale financial assets	Held-to- maturity investments	Derivative assets (applying hedge accounting)	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	₩	3,051,353				3,051,353
Current financial assets						
Held-to-maturity investments				114		114
Derivative assets	79,709				113,574	193,283
Other financial assets		2,478,592				2,478,592
Trade and other receivables		7,788,876				7,788,876
	79,709	13,318,821		114	113,574	13,512,218
Non-current assets						
Non-current financial assets						
Available-for-sale financial assets			1,014,732			1,014,732
Held-to-maturity investments				3,130		3,130
Derivative assets	287,768				300,323	588,091
Other financial assets		1,051,541				1,051,541
Trade and other receivables		1,903,515				1,903,515
	287,768	2,955,056	1,014,732	3,130	300,323	4,561,009
	₩ 367,477	16,273,877	1,014,732	3,244	413,897	18,073,227

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

5. Classification of Financial Instruments, Continued

(2) Classification of financial liabilities as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost	Derivative liabilities (applying hedge accounting)	Total
Current liabilities				
Borrowings	₩	4,053,715		4,053,715
Debt securities		6,503,906		6,503,906
Derivative liabilities	4,600		8,611	13,211
Trade and other payables		5,251,058		5,251,058
	4,600	15,808,679	8,611	15,821,890
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings		2,054,325		2,054,325
Debt securities		44,105,728		44,105,728
Derivative liabilities	17,364		134,900	152,264
Trade and other payables		3,480,256		3,480,256
	17,364	49,640,309	134,900	49,792,573
	₩ 21,964	65,448,988	143,511	65,614,463

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost	Derivative liabilities (applying hedge accounting)	Total
Current liabilities				
Borrowings	₩	1,115,521		1,115,521

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Debt securities		7,823,557		7,823,557
Derivative liabilities	3,251			3,251
Trade and other payables		5,585,411		5,585,411
	3,251	14,524,489		14,527,740
Non-current liabilities				
Borrowings		1,773,891		1,773,891
Debt securities		42,926,236		42,926,236
Derivative liabilities	18,278		117,157	135,435
Trade and other payables		3,558,175		3,558,175
	18,278	48,258,302	117,157	48,393,737
	₩ 21,529	62,782,791	117,157	62,921,477

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

5. Classification of Financial Instruments, Continued

(3) Classification of comprehensive income from financial instruments for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
		Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
Cash and cash equivalents	Interest income	₩ 10,242	18,614	17,856	38,539
Available-for-sale financial assets	Dividends income	1,294	10,971	628	9,995
	Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	118	118	93	93
	Gain (loss) on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	(40)	(584)		1,480
Held-to-maturity investments	Interest income	13	43	29	54
Loans and receivables	Interest income	8,950	14,495	7,163	14,101
Trade and other receivables	Interest income	27,732	61,221	18,414	49,475
Short-term financial instruments	Interest income	4,747	10,980	6,406	25,457
Long-term financial instruments	Interest income	2,212	3,000	2,334	4,895
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives	46,196	(140,643)	86,384	38,717
	Loss on transaction of derivatives	(29,696)	(39,428)	(4,338)	(6,170)
	Loss on valuation of financial assets	(451)	(451)		
Derivative assets (applying hedge accounting)	Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives (profit or loss)	73,180	(161,494)	27,884	(18,170)
	Gain on valuation of derivatives (equity, before tax) (*)	11,872	733	32,543	20,507

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

	Gain (loss) on transaction of derivatives	(46,046)	(65,276)	(146)	2,656
Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost	Interest expense of borrowings and debt securities	(297,388)	(601,277)	(286,005)	(607,014)
	Interest expense of trade and other payables	(14,661)	(28,110)	(17,103)	(33,506)
	Interest expense of others	(124,373)	(247,989)	(119,916)	(240,739)
	Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and translations	(203,813)	540,522	(106,918)	9,319
	Loss on repayments of financial liabilities	(5)	(5)		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives	136,423	(1,608)	(7,233)	(151)
	Gain on transaction of derivatives	11,887	1,254	5,146	7,277
Derivative liabilities (applying hedge accounting)	Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives (profit or loss)	76,623	(67,308)	20,822	(19,956)
	Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives (equity, before tax) (*)	(1,628)	(822)	42,788	32,553
	Loss on transaction of derivatives		(19)	(51,510)	(51,510)

(*) Items are included in other comprehensive income or loss. All other income and gain listed above are included in finance income, and all expense and losses listed above are included in finance expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

6. Restricted Deposits

Restricted deposits as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>		June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	Escrow accounts	₩ 99	91
	Deposits for government project	15,923	16,457
	Collateral provided for borrowings	94,767	80,327
	Collateral provided for lawsuit		241
	Deposits for transmission regional support program	6,679	2,137
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Decommissioning costs of nuclear power plants	49,549	
Short-term financial instruments	Bidding guarantees	119	118
	Restriction on withdrawal related to win-wingrowth program for small and medium enterprises	33,000	33,000
Other current receivables	Deposit for lawsuit		16,000
Available-for-sale financial assets	Decommissioning costs of nuclear power plants	287,803	437,015
Long-term financial instruments	Guarantee deposits for checking account	2	2
	Guarantee deposits for banking accounts at oversea branches	321	342
	Decommissioning costs of nuclear power plants	317,904	214,121
	Funds for developing small and medium enterprises (*)	200,000	200,000
		₩ 1,006,166	999,851

(*) Deposits for small and medium enterprise at IBK for construction of Bitgaram Energy Valley and support for high potential businesses as of June 30, 2017.

7. Cash and Cash EquivalentsCash and cash equivalents as of **June 30, 2017** and **December 31, 2016** are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash	₩ 910	119
Other demand deposits	1,724,560	1,725,785
Short-term deposits classified as cash equivalents	687,707	120,594
Short-term investments classified as cash equivalents	1,069,759	1,204,855
	₩ 3,482,936	3,051,353

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

8. Trade and Other Receivables**(1) Trade and other receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017			
	Gross amount	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Present value discount	Book value
Current assets				
Trade receivables	₩ 6,280,720	(74,524)		6,206,196
Other receivables	685,868	(52,265)	(1,946)	631,657
	6,966,588	(126,789)	(1,946)	6,837,853
Non-current assets				
Trade receivables	463,098		(237)	462,861
Other receivables	1,372,341	(38,668)	(5,388)	1,328,285
	1,835,439	(38,668)	(5,625)	1,791,146
	₩ 8,802,027	(165,457)	(7,571)	8,628,999

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Gross amount	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Present value discount	Book value
Current assets				
Trade receivables	₩ 7,260,227	(71,985)		7,188,242
Other receivables	652,782	(50,071)	(2,077)	600,634
	7,913,009	(122,056)	(2,077)	7,788,876
Non-current assets				
Trade receivables	491,509			491,509

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Other receivables	1,455,860	(37,590)	(6,264)	1,412,006
	1,947,369	(37,590)	(6,264)	1,903,515
	₩ 9,860,378	(159,646)	(8,341)	9,692,391

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

8. Trade and Other Receivables, Continued

(2) Other receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Gross	Allowance for	Present value	Book
	amount	doubtful accounts	discount	value
Current assets				
Non-trade receivables	₩ 385,849	(52,265)		333,584
Accrued income	58,089			58,089
Deposits	231,737		(1,946)	229,791
Finance lease receivables	5,773			5,773
Others	4,420			4,420
	685,868	(52,265)	(1,946)	631,657
Non-current assets				
Non-trade receivables	77,111	(28,133)		48,978
Accrued income	1,331			1,331
Deposits	297,547		(5,388)	292,159
Finance lease receivables	903,188			903,188
Others	93,164	(10,535)		82,629
	1,372,341	(38,668)	(5,388)	1,328,285
	₩ 2,058,209	(90,933)	(7,334)	1,959,942

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Gross	Allowance for	Present value	Book
	amount	doubtful accounts	discount	value
Current assets				
Non-trade receivables	₩ 360,021	(50,071)		309,950
Accrued income	62,063			62,063
Deposits	193,720		(2,077)	191,643

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Finance lease receivables	12,225			12,225
Others	24,753			24,753
	652,782	(50,071)	(2,077)	600,634
Non-current assets				
Non-trade receivables	80,393	(26,942)		53,451
Accrued income	174			174
Deposits	320,935		(6,264)	314,671
Finance lease receivables	960,649			960,649
Others	93,709	(10,648)		83,061
	1,455,860	(37,590)	(6,264)	1,412,006
	₩ 2,108,642	(87,661)	(8,341)	2,012,640

- (3) Trade and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables, and are measured using the effective interest method. No interest is accrued for trade receivables related to electricity for the duration between the billing date and the payment due dates. But once trade receivables are overdue, the Company imposes a monthly interest rate of 1.5% on the overdue trade receivables. The Company holds deposits of three months expected electricity usage for customers requesting temporary usage and customers with past defaulted payments.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

8. Trade and Other Receivables, Continued**(4) Aging analysis of trade receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade receivables: (not overdue, not impaired)	₩ 6,572,580	7,592,363
Trade receivables: (overdue, not impaired)	654	820
Less than 60 days	654	820
Trade receivables: (impairment reviewed)	170,584	158,553
60 ~ 90 days	33,599	44,277
90 ~ 120 days	17,360	18,917
120 days ~ 1 year	60,141	42,534
Over 1 year	59,484	52,825
	6,743,818	7,751,736
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(74,524)	(71,985)
Less: present value discount	(237)	
	₩ 6,669,057	7,679,751

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that trade receivables are impaired, and provides allowances for doubtful accounts which includes impairment for trade receivables that are individually significant. The Company considers receivables as overdue if the receivables are outstanding 60 days after the maturity and sets an allowance based on past experience of collection.

(5) Aging analysis of other receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Other receivables: (not overdue, not impaired)	₩ 1,809,302	1,887,620
Other receivables: (overdue, not impaired)	34,978	46,887
Less than 60 days	34,978	46,887
Other receivables: (impairment reviewed)	213,929	174,135
60 ~ 90 days	179	7,352
90 ~ 120 days	3,643	2,160
120 days ~ 1year	35,208	17,613
Over 1 year	174,899	147,010
	2,058,209	2,108,642
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(90,933)	(87,661)
Less: present value discount	(7,334)	(8,341)
	₩ 1,959,942	2,012,640

(6) **Changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Trade receivables	Other receivables
Beginning balance	₩ 71,985	87,661	51,956	91,746
Bad debt expense	8,818	6,291	38,719	233
Write-off	(5,836)	(2,138)	(18,939)	(928)
Reversal	(183)			(5,489)
Others	(260)	(881)	249	2,099
Ending balance	₩ 74,524	90,933	71,985	87,661

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets

(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017				Ending balance	
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment¹ Others		
Listed:						
Korea District Heating Corp.	₩ 154,183			22,867	177,050	
Ssangyong Motor Co., Ltd.	304			(40)	264	
Sungjee Construction. Co., Ltd.	21			(10)	11	
Korea Line Corp.						
Namkwang Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.						
Pumyang Construction Co., Ltd.						
ELCOMTEC Co., Ltd.	74			3	77	
PAN ocean Co., Ltd.	7			2	9	
Borneo International Furniture Co., Ltd.	103				103	
Dongbu Corporation	12			3	15	
KSP Co., Ltd.				4	24	
STX Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.		106		172	363	
PT Adaro Energy Tbk	73,061			(8,218)	64,843	
Energy Fuels Inc.	3,385			(220)	3,093	
Baralaba Coal Company Limited	42			(19)	23	
Denison Mines Corp.	36,504			(6,989)	28,630	
Fission 3.0	16			3	19	
Fission Uranium Corp.	459			(21)	429	
	268,171	106		7,537	(861)	274,953
Unlisted:						
K&C Gyeongnam youth job creation Investment Fund	1,207				1,207	
Korea investment Korea EXIM Bank CERs Private Special Asset Investment	571				571	

Trust I					
Troika Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	1,553				1,553
IBK-AUCTUS Green Growth Private Equity firm	41				41
Global Dynasty Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	2,233	9			2,242
Intellectual Discovery, Ltd.	1,375				1,375
Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1 (*1)	4,389		(26)		4,363
Construction Guarantee	819			(2)	817
Plant & Mechanical Contractors Financial Cooperative of Korea	36	45			81
Fire Guarantee	20				20
Korea Software Financial Cooperative	3,301				3,301
Engineering Financial Cooperative	60				60
Electric Contractors Financial Cooperative	152	64			216
Korea Specialty Contractor Financial Cooperative	417				417
Information & Communication Financial Cooperative	10	16			26
Korea Electric Engineers Association	40				40
Korea investment Investment Pool for Public funds 10 (*1)	141,315		(90,442)	807	343
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 2 (*1)	211,920		(161,650)	1,014	750
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 1	53,212			20	407
Korea investment Hanwha KT Master Lease Private Special Investment Trust (*1)	30,568		(1,214)	467	(13)
					29,808

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017					
	Beginning				Ending	
	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment	Others	balance
Repo A1 ABCP 2	₩	50,000		279		50,279
Royal-class Repo plus A1 ABCP		50,000		22		50,022
Royal-class Repo & Fixed Income 1 (*1)		50,000	(50,000)			
Hwan Young Steel Co., Ltd.	97					97
SAMBO AUTO. Co., Ltd.	38					38
Mobo Co., Ltd.	14					14
HANKOOK Silicon Co., Ltd.	1,495					1,495
Dae Kwang Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	6					6
Sanbon Department Store	3					3
Miju Steel Mfg. Co., Ltd.	51					51
BnB Sungwon Co., Ltd.	15					15
Hana Civil Engineering Co., Ltd.	1					1
KC Development Co., Ltd.	6					6
IMHWA Corp.	5					5
DALIM Special Vehicle Co., Ltd.	10					10
ASA JEONJU Co., Ltd.	69					69
Moonkyung Silica Co., Ltd.						
Sungkwang Timber Co., Ltd.	4					4
Yongbo Co., Ltd.	3					3
HJ Steel Co., Ltd.	2					2
KS Remicon Co., Ltd.	3					3
SIN-E Steel Co., Ltd.	33					33
Joongang Platec Co., Ltd.	35					35
Pyungsan SI Ltd.	9					9
Samgong Development Co., Ltd.	7					7

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Joongang Development Co., Ltd.	8	8
AJS Co., Ltd.	32	32
SHIN-E B&P Co., Ltd.	10	10
MSE Co., Ltd.	9	9
Ilim Nano Tec Co., Ltd.	15	15
Youngjin Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	21	21
Dong Woo International Co., Ltd.	18	(18)
Buyoung Co., Ltd.	3	3
Iluk Co., Ltd.	10	10
Dongyang Telecom Co., Ltd.	11	11
Han Young Construction Co., Ltd.	3	3
Jongwon Remicon Co., Ltd.	13	13
Ace Heat Treating Co., Ltd.	72	72
Zyle Daewoo Motor Sales Co., Ltd.		
Daewoo Development Co., Ltd.		
Seyang Inc.	27	27
Seungri Enterprise Co., Ltd.	3	3

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017						
	Beginning					Ending	
	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation	Impairment	Others	balance
Onggane Food Co., Ltd.	₩ 1						1
Shin-E P&C Co., Ltd.	1						1
Ejung Ad Co., Ltd.	3						3
Solvus Co., Ltd.	3						3
Myung Co., Ltd.	2						2
Emotion Co., Ltd.	8						8
Youngdong Concrete Co., Ltd.	7						7
Shinil Engineering Co., Ltd.	3						3
Biwang Industry Co., Ltd.	2						2
Huimun Co., Ltd.	4						4
Young Sung Co., Ltd.	27						27
Yuil Industrial Electronics Co., Ltd.	16						16
DN TEK Inc.	6						6
Daeyang F.M.S Corporation	23						23
Kwang Jin Structure Co., Ltd.	31						31
Woojin Industry Corporation	16						16
Kwang Sung Industry Co., Ltd.	7						7
Futech Mold Co., Ltd.	14						14
Samcheonri Industrial Co., Ltd.	13						13
Woojoo Environment Ind. Co., Ltd.	13						13
Cheongatti Co., Ltd.	4						4
Hyungji Esquire Co., Ltd.	22						22
Kolmar Pharma Co., Ltd.	3						3
Morado Co., Ltd.	2						2
Myung Sung Tex Co., Ltd.	2						2
Kwang Sung Co., Ltd.	31						31

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

EverTechno. Co.,Ltd.	7	7
Autowel Co.,Ltd.	13	13
Woobang Constructon Co., Ltd.	8	8
Shin Pyung Co., Ltd.	3	3
JMC Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.	27	27
Najin Steel Co., Ltd.	5	5
Sinkwang Industry Co., Ltd.	5	5
Join Land Co., Ltd.	1	1
Crystal Co., Ltd.	2	2
Elephant & Friends Co., Ltd.	3	3
Mireco Co., Ltd.	11	11
L&K Industry Co., Ltd.	24	24
JO Tech Co., Ltd.	25	25
Kendae Printing Co., Ltd.	21	21
Dauning Co., Ltd.	6	6
Korea Trecision Co., Ltd.	5	5
Ace Track Co., Ltd.	59	59

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017						
	Beginning					Ending	
	balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation	Impairment	Others	balance
Taebok Machinery Co., Ltd.	₩ 11						11
Yooah Industry Co., Ltd.	13						13
Yoo-A Construction Co., Ltd.	11						11
Dung Hwan Co., Ltd.	5						5
Hurim Biocell Co., Ltd.	5						5
P. J, Trading Co., Ltd.							
Sunjin Power Tech Co., Ltd.	90						90
Smart Power Co.,Ltd.	200						200
Haseung Industries Co., Ltd.	28						28
Beer Yeast Korea Inc.	7						7
Daeryung Corporation	10						10
Korea Bio Red Ginseng Co., Ltd.	10						10
HS Development Co.,Ltd.	54						54
OCO Co.,Ltd.	11						11
B CON Co.,Ltd.	6						6
CheonIl Metal Co., Ltd.	4						4
Teakwang Tech Co., Ltd.	12						12
SsangMa Machine Co., Ltd.	1						1
SinJin Co., Ltd.	9						9
Ace Integration Co., Ltd	21					2	23
AceInti Agricultural Co., Ltd.	1					3	4
KyungDong Co., Ltd.	1						1
ChunWon Development Co., Ltd.	39						39
WonIl Co., Ltd.	50						50
SungLim Industrial Co., Ltd.	1						1
DaeHa Co., Ltd.	11						11

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Korea Minerals Co., Ltd.	135		135
HyoDong Development Co., Ltd.	24		24
Haspe Tech Co., Ltd.	20		20
JoHyun Co., Ltd.	18		18
KC Co., Ltd.	3		3
SeongJi Industrial Co., Ltd.	1		1
DongKwang SD, Inc.		13	13
Dong Yang Metal Co., Ltd.		14	14
Seyang Precision Ind.Co., Ltd.		41	41
Dooriwon Food System Co., Ltd.		1	1
ShinShin Co., Ltd		17	17
Kitorang Co., Ltd.		49	49
Sung Kwang Co., Ltd.		6	6
Hyundai Metal Co., Ltd.		1,416	1,416
Shinheung petrol. Co. Ltd.		7	7
Force TEC Co., Ltd.		18	18
Haisung Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.		54	54
Poong Lim Industry Co., Ltd.	(118)	118	
Samsung Tech Co., Ltd.		97	97
Tae Hyung Co., Ltd.		20	20
Samyangplant Co., Ltd.		16	16

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017						
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation	Impairment	Others	Ending balance
Younil Metal Co., Ltd.	₩					15	15
Myungjin Tech Co., Ltd.						4	4
Hankook Machine Tools Co., Ltd.						72	72
Hankook Precision Ind Co., Ltd.						8	8
Areva nc Expansion	98,472					2,880	101,352
Navanakorn Electric Co., Ltd.	18,509					(1,055)	17,454
PT. Kedap Saayq							
Set Holding	170,170						170,170
PT. Cirebon Energi Prasarana	2,709					(154)	2,555
	746,561	150,134	(303,332)	2,607	(118)	5,131	600,983
	₩ 1,014,732	150,240	(303,332)	10,144	(118)	4,270	875,936

(*1) The Company recognized gain and loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets amounted to ₩508 million and ₩1,092 million, respectively, from the sales of Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1 and others for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	Beginning balance	December 31, 2016				Ending balance
		Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment	Others	
Listed:						
Korea District Heating Corp.	₩ 130,410			23,773		154,183
Kwanglim Co., Ltd. (*1)	262		(214)	598	(646)	
Ssangyong Motor Co., Ltd.	299			5		304
Sungjee Construction. Co., Ltd.	5			16		21
Korea Line Corp.						
Namkwang Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.	1			(1)		
Pumyang Construction Co., Ltd.						
ELCOMTEC Co., Ltd.	53			21		74
PAN ocean Co., Ltd.	6			1		7
Borneo International Furniture Co., Ltd.	103					103
TONGYANG Inc. (*1)	217		(44)	25	(198)	
TONGYANG networks Inc. (*1)	6		(3)		(3)	
Nexolon Co., Ltd. (*1)	3,196		(3,137)	569	(628)	
Dongbu Corporation					12	12
PT Adaro Energy Tbk	21,012			52,049		73,061
Energy Fuels Inc.	5,926			(2,775)	(3,273)	3,507
Baralaba Coal Company Limited	42					42
Denison Mines Corp.	34,457				(5,849)	7,896
Fission 3.0	30			(16)	2	16
Fission Uranium Corp.	554			(126)	31	459
	196,579		(3,398)	74,139	(9,122)	9,973
						268,171

Unlisted:				
K&C - Gyeongnam youth job creation Investment Fund	1,207			1,207
Korea investment Korea EXIM Bank CERs Private Special Asset Investment Trust I	571			571
Troika Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	1,553			1,553
IBK-AUCTUS Green Growth Private Equity firm (*1)	855	(814)		41
Global Dynasty Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	2,233			2,233
Intellectual Discovery, Ltd.	1,375			1,375
Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1 (*1)	1,069	3,685	(365)	4,389
Construction Guarantee	805		14	819
Plant & Mechanical Contractors Financial Cooperative of Korea	36			36
Fire Guarantee	20			20
Korea Software Financial Cooperative	301	3,000		3,301
Engineering Financial Cooperative	60			60
Electric Contractors Financial Cooperative	152			152
Korea Specialty Contractor Financial Cooperative	417			417
Information & Communication Financial Cooperative	10			10
Korea Electric Engineers Association	40			40
Korea investment Investment Pool for Public funds 10		142,470	(1,155)	141,315
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 2		213,710	(1,790)	211,920
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 1		53,220	(8)	53,212
Korea investment Hanwha KT Master Lease Private Special Investment Trust (*1)		31,200	(640) 8	30,568

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016					Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment	Others	
Hwan Young Steel Co., Ltd.	₩ 97					97
Woobang ENC Co., Ltd	22			(22)		
Dongnam Co., Ltd.	72			(72)		
SAMBO AUTO. Co., Ltd.	38					38
Mobo Co., Ltd.	14					14
Poonglim Industrial Co., Ltd.	93			(93)		
HANKOOK Silicon Co., Ltd.	7,513			(6,018)		1,495
Kun Young Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.	5			(3)	(2)	
Pumyang Asset Management Co., Ltd.	3			(3)		
Dae Kwang Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	6					6
Sanbon Department Store	3					3
Woori Ascon Co., Ltd.	10				(10)	
Miju Steel Mfg. Co., Ltd.	51					51
BnB Sungwon Co., Ltd.	15					15
Hana Civil Engineering Co., Ltd.	1					1
KC Development Co., Ltd.	6					6
IMHWA Corp.	5					5
DALIM Special Vehicle Co., Ltd.	10					10
ASA JEONJU Co., Ltd.	69					69
KYUNGWON Co., Ltd.	14			(14)		
Moonkyung Silica Co., Ltd.						
Yousung Remicon Co., Ltd.	4			(4)		
Sungkwang Timber Co., Ltd.	4					4
Yongbo Co., Ltd.	3					3
HJ Steel Co., Ltd.	2					2

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KS Remicon Co., Ltd.	3		3
Sewoong Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.	40	(40)	
SIN-E Steel Co., Ltd.	33		33
Joongang Platec Co., Ltd.	72	(37)	35
Pyungsan SI Ltd.	9		9
Samgong Development Co., Ltd.	7		7
Joongang Development Co., Ltd.	8		8
AJS Co., Ltd.	32		32
SHIN-E B&P Co., Ltd.	10		10
MSE Co., Ltd.	9		9
Iirim Nano Tec Co., Ltd.	15		15
Kwang Myeong Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.	11	(11)	
Youngjin Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	21		21
Dong Woo International Co., Ltd.	18		18
Bench Mark Construction Co., Ltd.			
Buyoung Co., Ltd.	3		3
Ilsuk Co., Ltd.	10		10
Dongyang Telecom Co., Ltd.	11		11
Han Young Construction Co., Ltd.	3		3
Jongwon Remicon Co., Ltd.	13		13
Ace Heat Treating Co., Ltd.	72		72
Zyle Daewoo Motor Sales Co., Ltd.			
Daewoo Development Co., Ltd.			
Seyang Inc.	27		27
Seungri Enterprise Co., Ltd.	3		3

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016				Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment Others	
Onggane Food Co., Ltd.	₩ 1				1
Shin-E P&C Co., Ltd.	1				1
Ejung Ad Co., Ltd.	3				3
Solvus Co., Ltd.	3				3
Myung Co., Ltd.	2				2
Emotion Co., Ltd.	8				8
Youngdong Concrete Co., Ltd.	7				7
Shinil Engineering Co., Ltd.	3				3
Korea Castiron Industrial Co., Ltd.	22			(22)	
FFG DMC Co., Ltd.	17			(68) 51	
Daeseong Metal Co., Ltd.	47			(47)	
Biwang Industry Co., Ltd	2				2
Huimun Co., Ltd.	4				4
Sunun IT F Co., Ltd.	8			(8)	
Young Sung Co., Ltd.	27				27
Yuil Industrial Electronics Co., Ltd.	16				16
DN TEK Inc.	62			(56)	6
Daeyang F.M.S Corporation	3			20	23
Kwang Jin Structure Co., Ltd.	31				31
Woojin Industry Corporation	16				16
Kwang Sung Industry Co., Ltd.	7				7
Matsaeng Food Co., Ltd.	6			(6)	
Futech Mold Co., Ltd.	14				14
Samcheonri Industrial Co., Ltd.	13				13
Woojoo Environment Ind. Co., Ltd.	13				13
Cheongatti Co., Ltd.	4				4
Hyungji Esquire Co., Ltd.	21			1	22
Kolmar Pharma Co., Ltd.	52			(49)	3

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Morado Co., Ltd.	2		2
Myung Sung Tex Co., Ltd.	2		2
Kwang Sung Co., Ltd.		31	31
EverTechno. Co.,Ltd.	(140)	147	7
Autowel Co.,Ltd.		13	13
Woobang Constructon Co., Ltd.		8	8
Shin Pyung Co., Ltd.		3	3
JMC Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.		27	27
Najin Steel Co., Ltd.		5	5
Kunyang Food Co., Ltd.	(1)	1	
Sinkwang Industry Co., Ltd.		5	5
Join Land Co., Ltd.		1	1
Crystal Co., Ltd.		2	2
Elephant & Friends Co., Ltd.		3	3
Mireco Co., Ltd.		11	11
L&K Industry Co., Ltd.		24	24
JO Tech Co., Ltd.		25	25
Samwoo EMC Co., Ltd.	(117)	117	
Kendae Printing Co., Ltd.		21	21
Golden Tech Co., Ltd.	(114)	114	
Dauning Co., Ltd.		6	6
Korea Trecision Co., Ltd.		5	5
Buhmwoo Chemical Corp.	(20)	20	
Ace Track Co., Ltd.	(160)	219	59

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued**(1) Changes in available-for-sale financial assets for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016					Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Valuation Impairment	Others	
Taebok Machinery Co., Ltd.	₩				11	11
Yooah Industry Co., Ltd.					13	13
Yoo-A Construction Co., Ltd.					11	11
Dung Hwan Co., Ltd.					5	5
Dongjin Metal Co., Ltd.				(27)	27	
Hurim Biocell Co., Ltd.					5	5
P. J, Trading Co., LTd.						
Sunjin Power Tech Co., Ltd.				(157)	247	90
Smart Power Co.,Ltd.		200				200
Sunjin Inprecision Co.,Ltd.				(169)	169	
Haseung Industries Co.,Ltd.					28	28
Beer Yeast Korea Inc.					7	7
Daeryung Corporation					10	10
Korea Bio Red Ginseng Co.,Ltd.					10	10
ESGI Co.,Ltd.				(120)	120	
ENH Co.,Ltd.				(55)	55	
HS Development Co.,Ltd.					54	54
OCO Co.,Ltd.					11	11
B CON Co.,Ltd.					6	6
Doosun Co.,Ltd.				(62)	62	
CheonIl Metal Co., Ltd.					4	4
Teakwang Tech Co., Ltd.					12	12
SsangMa Machine Co., Ltd.					1	1
SinJin Co., Ltd.					9	9
Ace Integration Co., Ltd					21	21

AceInti Agricultural Co., Ltd.						1	1
KyungDong Co., Ltd.						1	1
ChunWon Development Co., Ltd.						39	39
WonIl Co., Ltd.						50	50
SungLim Industrial Co., Ltd.						1	1
DaeHa Co., Ltd.						11	11
Korea Minerals Co., Ltd.						135	135
HyoDong Development Co., Ltd.						24	24
Haspe Tech Co., Ltd.						20	20
JoHyun Co., Ltd.						18	18
KC Co., Ltd.						3	3
SeongJi Industrial Co.,Ltd.						1	1
SsangYong E&C Co., Ltd.							
(*1)			(9)			9	
Areva nc Expansion	170,118			(69,927)	(1,719)		98,472
Navanakorn Electric Co., Ltd.	17,951					558	18,509
PT. Kedap Saayq							
Set Holding	179,585			(9,415)			170,170
PT. Cirebon Energi Prasarana	635	1,999				75	2,709
	387,900	449,484	(1,828)	(12,346)	(77,581)	932	746,561
	₩ 584,479	449,484	(5,226)	61,793	(86,703)	10,905	1,014,732

(*1) The Company recognized gain and loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets amounted to ₩1,482 million and ₩9 million, respectively, from the sales of shares of Kwanglim Co., Ltd., TONGYANG Inc., TONGYANG networks Inc., Nexolon Co., Ltd. and SsangYong E&C Co., Ltd. and from the partial sales of IBK-AUCTUS Green Growth Private Equity Firm, Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1 and Korea investment Hanwha KT Master Lease Private Special Investment Trust for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			Book	Fair
	Shares	Ownership	Acquisition cost	value	value
Listed					
Korea District Heating Corp.	2,264,068	19.55%	₩ 173,201	177,050	177,050
Ssangyong Motor Co., Ltd.	38,568	0.03%	428	264	264
Sungjee Construction. Co., Ltd.	10,530	0.01%	49	11	11
Korea Line Corp.	18	0.00%	1		
Namkwang Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.	46	0.00%	15		
Pumyang Construction Co., Ltd.	7	0.00%	2		
ELCOMTEC Co., Ltd.	32,875	0.04%	217	77	77
PAN ocean Co., Ltd.	1,492	0.00%	14	9	9
Borneo International Furniture Co., Ltd.	64,037	0.28%	97	103	103
Dongbu Corporation (*6)	955	0.02%	12	15	15
KSP Co., Ltd.	6,324	0.08%	24	24	24
STX Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.	35,749	0.14%	191	363	363
PT Adaro Energy Tbk	480,000,000	1.50%	71,554	64,843	64,843
Energy Fuels Inc.	1,711,814	2.59%	16,819	3,093	3,093
Baralaba Coal Company Limited	99,763	0.07%	18,445	23	23
Denison Mines Corp.	58,284,000	10.77%	84,134	28,630	28,630
Fission 3.0	300,000	0.15%		19	19
Fission Uranium Corp.	800,000	0.17%	785	429	429
			365,988	274,953	274,953
Unlisted (*1)					
K&C - Gyeongnam youth job creation Investment Fund	24	10.00%	1,207	1,207	
Korea investment Korea EXIM Bank CERs Private Special Asset Investment Trust I	1,758,731,002	14.18%	1,752	571	

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Troika Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	13,340,012,100	3.66%	13,340	1,553	
IBK-AUCTUS Green Growth Private Equity firm	152	6.29%	41	41	
Global Dynasty Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	2,242,437,289	7.46%	2,242	2,242	
Intellectual Discovery, Ltd.	1,000,000	8.81%	5,000	1,375	
Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1	4,211,700,676	5.00%	4,363	4,363	
Construction Guarantee (*2)	571	0.02%	601	817	817
Plant & Mechanical Contractors Financial Cooperative of Korea	97	0.02%	81	81	
Fire Guarantee	40	0.01%	20	20	
Korea Software Financial Cooperative	5,186	1.13%	3,301	3,301	
Engineering Financial Cooperative	486	0.05%	60	60	
Electric Contractors Financial Cooperative	1,000	0.04%	216	216	
Korea Specialty Contractor Financial Cooperative	476	0.01%	417	417	
Information & Communication Financial Cooperative	121	0.02%	26	26	
Korea Electric Engineers Association	400	0.24%	40	40	
Korea investment Investment Pool for Public funds 10 (*5)		0.00%	52,027	52,023	52,023
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 2 (*5)		0.00%	52,060	52,034	52,034
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 1 (*5)		0.00%	53,627	53,639	53,639
Korea investment Hanwha KT Master Lease Private Special Investment Trust (*5)		0.00%	29,347	29,808	29,808
Repo A1 ABCP 2 (*5)		0.00%	50,000	50,279	50,279
Royal-class Repo plus A1 ABCP (*5)		0.00%	50,000	50,022	50,022
Hwan Young Steel Co., Ltd.	10,916	0.14%	1,092	97	
SAMBO AUTO. Co., Ltd.	15,066	0.02%	38	38	
Mobo Co., Ltd.	504	0.00%	14	14	
HANKOOK Silicon Co., Ltd.	3,005,208	10.44%	7,513	1,495	

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

			June 30, 2017		
	Shares	Ownership	Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
Dae Kwang Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	589	0.07%	₩ 6	6	
Sanbon Department Store	828	0.01%	124	3	
Miju Steel Mfg. Co., Ltd.	99,804	0.23%	51	51	
BnB Sungwon Co., Ltd.	589	0.07%	15	15	
Hana Civil Engineering Co., Ltd.	23	0.00%	1	1	
KC Development Co., Ltd.	839	0.02%	6	6	
IMHWA Corp.	329	0.11%	5	5	
DALIM Special Vehicle Co., Ltd.	58	0.08%	10	10	
ASA JEONJU Co., Ltd.	34,846	1.34%	697	69	
Moonkyung Silica Co., Ltd.	42	0.56%			
Sungkwang Timber Co., Ltd.	9	0.34%	4	4	
Yongbo Co., Ltd.	61	0.20%	3	3	
HJ Steel Co., Ltd.	218	0.07%	2	2	
KS Remicon Co., Ltd.	12	0.04%	3	3	
SIN-E Steel Co., Ltd.	109	0.08%	33	33	
Joongang Platec Co., Ltd.	3,591	0.75%	72	35	
Pyungsan SI Ltd.	434	0.01%	9	9	
Samgong Development Co., Ltd.	12	0.01%	7	7	
Joongang Development Co., Ltd.	540	0.12%	8	8	
AJS Co., Ltd.	12,906	0.23%	32	32	
SHIN-E B&P Co., Ltd.	119	0.13%	10	10	
MSE Co., Ltd.	429	0.13%	9	9	
Ilim Nano Tec Co., Ltd.	1,520	0.07%	15	15	
Youngjin Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	2,512	0.25%	126	21	
Buyoung Co., Ltd.	270	0.00%	3	3	
Ilsuk Co., Ltd.	152	0.17%	10	10	
Dongyang Telecom Co., Ltd.	1,760	0.01%	11	11	
Han Young Construction Co., Ltd.	35	0.03%	3	3	
Jongwon Remicon Co., Ltd.	31	0.18%	13	13	
Ace Heat Treating Co., Ltd.	477	1.43%	72	72	

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Zyle Daewoo Motor Sales Co., Ltd.	22	0.00%		
Daewoo Development Co., Ltd.	8	0.00%		
Seyang Inc.	537	0.05%	27	27
Seungri Enterprise Co., Ltd.	93	0.05%	3	3
Onggane Food Co., Ltd	5	0.07%	1	1
Shin-E P&C Co., Ltd.	12	0.00%	1	1
Ejung Ad Co., Ltd.	132	0.09%	3	3
Solvus Co., Ltd.	1,056	0.04%	3	3
Myung Co., Ltd.	89	0.05%	2	2
Emotion Co., Ltd.	167	0.61%	8	8
Youngdong Concrete Co., Ltd.	32	0.32%	7	7
Shinil Engineering Co., Ltd.	887	0.06%	3	3
Biwang Industry Co., Ltd	406	0.04%	2	2
Huimun Co., Ltd.	263	0.26%	4	4
Young Sung Co., Ltd.	89	0.40%	27	27
Yuil Industrial Electronics Co., Ltd.	804	0.32%	16	16
DN TEK Inc.	12,401	0.29%	62	6
Daeyang F.M.S Corporation	593	0.40%	23	23
Kwang Jin Structure Co., Ltd.	3,072	0.60%	31	31

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

	Shares	Ownership	June 30, 2017		
			Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
Woojin Industry Corporation	3	0.00%	₩ 16	16	16
Kwang Sung Industry Co., Ltd.	325	0.35%	7	7	7
Futech Mold Co., Ltd.	274	0.27%	14	14	14
Samcheonri Industrial Co., Ltd.	533	0.98%	13	13	13
Woojoo Environment Ind. Co., Ltd.	101	0.11%	13	13	13
Cheongatti Co., Ltd.	57	0.10%	4	4	4
Hyungji Esquire Co., Ltd.	55	0.02%	22	22	22
Kolmar Pharma Co., Ltd.	1,426	0.01%	52	3	3
Morado Co., Ltd.	209	0.04%	2	2	2
Myung Sung Tex Co., Ltd.	20	0.00%	2	2	2
Kwang Sung Co., Ltd.	610	0.53%	31	31	31
EverTechno. Co.,Ltd.	29,424	0.73%	147	7	7
Autowel Co.,Ltd.	260	0.38%	13	13	13
Woobang Construction Co., Ltd.	8	0.00%	8	8	8
Shin Pyung Co., Ltd.	6	0.03%	3	3	3
JMC Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.	2,724	0.10%	27	27	27
Najin Steel Co., Ltd.	37	0.06%	5	5	5
Sinkwang Industry Co., Ltd.	1,091	1.68%	5	5	5
Join Land Co., Ltd.	33	0.00%	1	1	1
Crystal Co., Ltd.	22	0.07%	2	2	2
Elephant & Friends Co., Ltd.	563	0.61%	3	3	3
Mireco Co., Ltd.	109	0.25%	11	11	11
L&K Industry Co., Ltd.	1,615	0.60%	24	24	24
JO Tech Co., Ltd.	1,263	0.62%	25	25	25
Kendae Printing Co., Ltd.	422	0.60%	21	21	21
Dauning Co., Ltd.	231	0.41%	6	6	6
Korea Trecision Co., Ltd.	22	0.45%	5	5	5
Ace Track Co., Ltd.	3,130	1.08%	219	59	59
Taebok Machinery Co., Ltd.	109	1.08%	11	11	11
Yooah Industry Co., Ltd.	130	0.02%	13	13	13

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Yoo-A Construction Co., Ltd.	105	0.20%	11	11
Dung Hwan Co., Ltd.	531	0.02%	5	5
Hurim Biocell Co., Ltd.	113	0.00%	5	5
P. J, Trading Co., LTd.	12	0.04%		
Sunjin Power Tech Co., Ltd.	4,941	0.92%	247	90
Smart Power Co.,Ltd.	133,333	4.83%	200	200
Haseung Industries Co.,Ltd.	55	0.62%	28	28
Beer Yeast Korea Inc.	1,388	0.43%	7	7
Daeryung Corporation	207	0.19%	10	10
Korea Bio Red Ginseng Co.,Ltd.	194	0.09%	10	10
ENH Co.,Ltd.	1,086	0.19%	54	54
OCO Co.,Ltd.	123	0.37%	11	11
B CON Co.,Ltd.	96	1.16%	6	6
Chunil Metal Co.,Ltd.	11	0.15%	4	4
Teakwang Tech Co., Ltd.	2,460	0.11%	12	12
SsangMa Machine Co., Ltd.	4	0.05%	1	1
SinJin Co., Ltd.	233	0.30%	9	9
Ace Integration Co., Ltd	105	0.09%	23	23
AceInti Agricultural Co., Ltd.	13	0.01%	4	4

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

	Shares	Ownership	June 30, 2017		
			Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
KyungDong Co., Ltd.	130	0.01%	₩ 1	1	
ChunWon Development Co., Ltd.	193	0.19%	39	39	
WonIl Co., Ltd.	999	0.15%	50	50	
SungLim Industrial Co., Ltd.	29	0.03%	1	1	
DaeHa Co., Ltd.	141	0.54%	11	11	
Korea Minerals Co., Ltd.	191	0.05%	135	135	
HyoDong Development Co., Ltd.	119	0.15%	24	24	
Haspe Tech Co., Ltd.	652	0.55%	20	20	
JoHyun Co., Ltd.	350	1.56%	18	18	
KC Co., Ltd.	5,107	0.17%	3	3	
SeongJi Industrial Co., Ltd.	41	0.05%	1	1	
DongKwang SD, Inc.	524	0.23%	13	13	
Dong Yang Metal Co., Ltd.	2,951	1.97%	14	14	
Seyang Precision Ind.Co., Ltd.	829	0.23%	41	41	
Dooriwon Food System Co., Ltd.	13	0.27%	1	1	
ShinShin Co., Ltd.	339	1.12%	17	17	
Kitorang Co., Ltd.	165	0.24%	49	49	
Sung Kwang Co., Ltd.	23	0.37%	6	6	
Hyundai Metal Co., Ltd.	3,757	5.60%	1,416	1,416	
Shinheung petrol. Co. Ltd.	699	0.14%	7	7	
Force TEC Co., Ltd.	3,501	0.02%	18	18	
Haisung Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	10,751	0.24%	54	54	
Samsung Tech Co., Ltd.	486	1.28%	97	97	
Tae Hyung Co., Ltd.	28	0.43%	20	20	
Samyangplant Co., Ltd.	323	0.60%	16	16	
Younil Metal Co., Ltd.	30	0.15%	15	15	
Myungjin Tech Co., Ltd.	20	0.54%	4	4	
Hankook Machine Tools Co., Ltd.	719	0.14%	72	72	
Hankook Precision Ind Co., Ltd.	84	0.05%	8	8	
Areva nc Expansion	1,077,124	13.49%	288,443	101,352	101,352

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Navanakorn Electric Co., Ltd. (*3)	8,885,600	26.93%	17,216	17,454	
PT. Kedap Saayq	671	10.00%	18,540		
Set Holding (*4)	1,100,220	2.50%	229,255	170,170	170,170
PT. Cirebon Energi Prasarana	22,420	10.00%	2,612	2,555	
			889,617	600,983	560,144
			₩ 1,255,605	875,936	835,097

- (*1) Investments in unlisted equity securities held by the Company for which a quoted market price does not exist in an active market and fair value cannot be measured reliably were measured at cost less impairment, if any.
- (*2) The Company has estimated the fair value of the investment in Construction Guarantee based upon the price which would be applied when the investment is returned. The Company has recognized the difference between its fair value and book value as a gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets in other comprehensive income or loss during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.
- (*3) Although the Company holds more than 20% of the equity shares of these investments, the Company cannot exercise significant influence.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

- (*4) The Company has estimated the fair value of Set Holding by using the discounted cash flow method and has recognized the difference between its fair value and book value as gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets in other comprehensive income or loss during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.
- (*5) As of June 30, 2017, the Company invested in ₩287,805 million as beneficiary securities exclusively for payment of decommissioning cost of nuclear power plants. The Company has measured the fair value of the beneficiary securities based on its net asset value.
- (*6) The number of shares owned has changed due to the stock merge (9:7) during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

	Shares	Ownership	December 31, 2016		
			Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
Listed					
Korea District Heating Corp.	2,264,068	19.55%	₩ 173,201	154,183	154,183
Ssangyong Motor Co., Ltd.	38,568	0.03%	428	304	304
Sungjee Construction. Co., Ltd.	10,530	0.01%	49	21	21
Korea Line Corp.	18	0.00%	1		
Namkwang Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.	46	0.00%	15		
Pumyang Construction Co., Ltd.	7	0.00%	2		
ELCOMTEC Co., Ltd.	32,875	0.04%	217	74	74
PAN ocean Co., Ltd.	1,492	0.00%	14	7	7
Borneo International Furniture Co., Ltd.	64,037	0.28%	97	103	103
Dongbu Corporation	1,229	0.02%	12	12	12
PT Adaro Energy Tbk	480,000,000	1.50%	71,554	73,061	73,061
Energy Fuels Inc.	1,711,814	2.59%	16,819	3,385	3,385
Baralaba Coal Company Limited (*6)	99,763	0.07%	18,445	42	42
Denison Mines Corp.	58,284,000	10.93%	84,134	36,504	36,504
Fission 3.0	300,000	0.17%		16	16
Fission Uranium Corp.	800,000	0.17%	785	459	459
			365,773	268,171	268,171
Unlisted (*1)					
K&C - Gyeongnam youth job creation Investment Fund	24	10.00%	1,207	1,207	
Korea investment Korea EXIM Bank CERs Private Special Asset Investment Trust I	1,758,731,002	14.18%	1,752	571	
Troika Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm	13,340,012,100	3.66%	13,340	1,553	
	152	6.29%	41	41	

IBK-AUCTUS Green Growth Private Equity firm					
Global Dynasty Overseas Resource Development Private Equity Firm					
	2,233,407,439	7.46%	2,233	2,233	
Intellectual Discovery, Ltd.					
	1,000,000	8.81%	5,000	1,375	
Hanwha-KOSEP New Renewable Energy Private Special Assets Investment Trust 1					
	4,256,096,329	5.00%	4,389	4,389	
Construction Guarantee (*2)					
	571	0.02%	601	819	819
Plant & Mechanical Contractors Financial Cooperative of Korea					
	50	0.01%	36	36	
Fire Guarantee					
	40	0.01%	20	20	
Korea Software Financial Cooperative					
	5,186	1.39%	3,301	3,301	
Engineering Financial Cooperative					
	486	0.05%	60	60	
Electric Contractors Financial Cooperative					
	800	0.03%	152	152	
Korea Specialty Contractor Financial Cooperative					
	476	0.01%	417	417	
Information & Communication Financial Cooperative					
	70	0.01%	10	10	
Korea Electric Engineers Association					
	400	0.24%	40	40	
Korea investment Investment Pool for Public funds 10 (*5)					
			142,470	141,315	141,315
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 2 (*5)					
			213,710	211,920	211,920
Samsung investment Investment Pool for Public funds 1 (*5)					
			53,220	53,212	53,212
Korea investment Hanwha KT Master Lease Private Special Investment Trust (*5)					
			30,560	30,568	30,568
Hwan Young Steel Co., Ltd.					
	10,916	0.14%	1,092	97	
SAMBO AUTO. Co., Ltd.					
	15,066	0.02%	38	38	
Mobo Co., Ltd.					
	504	0.00%	14	14	
HANKOOK Silicon Co., Ltd.					
	3,005,208	10.44%	7,513	1,495	
Dae Kwang Semiconductor Co., Ltd.					
	589	0.07%	6	6	

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

	Shares	Ownership	December 31, 2016	
			Acquisition cost	Book value Fair value
Sanbon Department Store	828	0.01%	₩ 124	3
Miju Steel Mfg. Co., Ltd.	99,804	0.23%	51	51
BnB Sungwon Co., Ltd.	589	0.07%	15	15
Hana Civil Engineering Co., Ltd.	23	0.00%	1	1
KC Development Co., Ltd.	839	0.02%	6	6
IMHWA Corp.	329	0.11%	5	5
DALIM Special Vehicle Co., Ltd.	58	0.08%	10	10
ASA JEONJU Co., Ltd.	34,846	1.34%	697	69
Moonkyung Silica Co., Ltd.	42	0.56%		
Sungkwang Timber Co., Ltd.	9	0.34%	4	4
Yongbo Co., Ltd.	61	0.20%	3	3
HJ Steel Co., Ltd.	218	0.07%	2	2
KS Remicon Co., Ltd.	12	0.04%	3	3
SIN-E Steel Co., Ltd.	109	0.08%	33	33
Joongang Platec Co., Ltd.	3,591	0.75%	72	35
Pyungsan SI Ltd.	434	0.01%	9	9
Samgong Development Co., Ltd.	12	0.01%	7	7
Joongang Development Co., Ltd.	540	0.12%	8	8
AJS Co., Ltd.	12,906	0.23%	32	32
SHIN-E B&P Co., Ltd.	119	0.13%	10	10
MSE Co., Ltd.	429	0.13%	9	9
Ilim Nano Tec Co., Ltd.	1,520	0.07%	15	15
Youngjin Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	2,512	0.25%	126	21
Dong Woo International Co., Ltd.	90	0.37%	18	18
Buyoung Co., Ltd.	270	0.00%	3	3
Ilsuk Co., Ltd.	152	0.17%	10	10
Dongyang Telecom Co., Ltd.	1,760	0.01%	11	11
Han Young Construction Co., Ltd.	35	0.03%	3	3
Jongwon Remicon Co., Ltd.	31	0.18%	13	13
Ace Heat Treating Co., Ltd.	477	1.43%	72	72

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Zyle Daewoo Motor Sales Co., Ltd.	22	0.00%		
Daewoo Development Co., Ltd.	8	0.00%		
Seyang Inc.	537	0.05%	27	27
Seungri Enterprise Co., Ltd.	93	0.05%	3	3
Onggane Food Co., Ltd	5	0.07%	1	1
Shin-E P&C Co., Ltd.	12	0.00%	1	1
Ejung Ad Co., Ltd.	132	0.09%	3	3
Solvus Co., Ltd.	1,056	0.04%	3	3
Myung Co., Ltd.	89	0.05%	2	2
Emotion Co., Ltd.	167	0.61%	8	8
Youngdong Concrete Co., Ltd.	32	0.32%	7	7
Shinil Engineering Co., Ltd.	887	0.06%	3	3
Biwang Industry Co., Ltd	406	0.04%	2	2
Huimun Co., Ltd.	263	0.26%	4	4
Young Sung Co., Ltd.	89	0.40%	27	27
Yuil Industrial Electronics Co., Ltd.	804	0.32%	16	16
DN TEK Inc.	12,401	0.29%	62	6
Daeyang F.M.S Corporation	593	0.40%	23	23
Kwang Jin Structure Co., Ltd.	3,072	0.60%	31	31

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

	Shares	Ownership	December 31, 2016		
			Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
Woojin Industry Corporation	3	0.00%	₩ 16	16	16
Kwang Sung Industry Co., Ltd.	325	0.35%	7	7	7
Futech Mold Co., Ltd.	274	0.27%	14	14	14
Samcheonri Industrial Co., Ltd.	533	0.98%	13	13	13
Woojoo Environment Ind. Co., Ltd.	101	0.11%	13	13	13
Cheongatti Co., Ltd.	57	0.10%	4	4	4
Hyungji Esquire Co., Ltd.	55	0.02%	22	22	22
Kolmar Pharma Co., Ltd.	1,426	0.01%	52	3	3
Morado Co., Ltd.	209	0.04%	2	2	2
Myung Sung Tex Co., Ltd.	20	0.00%	2	2	2
Kwang Sung Co., Ltd.	610	0.53%	31	31	31
EverTechno. Co.,Ltd.	29,424	0.73%	147	7	7
Autowel Co.,Ltd.	260	0.38%	13	13	13
Woobang Construction Co., Ltd.	8	0.00%	8	8	8
Shin Pyung Co., Ltd.	6	0.03%	3	3	3
JMC Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.	2,724	0.10%	27	27	27
Najin Steel Co., Ltd.	37	0.06%	5	5	5
Sinkwang Industry Co., Ltd.	1,091	1.68%	5	5	5
Join Land Co., Ltd.	33	0.00%	1	1	1
Crystal Co., Ltd.	22	0.07%	2	2	2
Elephant & Friends Co., Ltd.	563	0.61%	3	3	3
Mireco Co., Ltd.	109	0.25%	11	11	11
L&K Industry Co., Ltd.	1,615	0.60%	24	24	24
JO Tech Co., Ltd.	1,263	0.62%	25	25	25
Kendae Printing Co., Ltd.	422	0.60%	21	21	21
Dauning Co., Ltd.	231	0.41%	6	6	6
Korea Trecision Co., Ltd.	22	0.45%	5	5	5
Ace Track Co., Ltd.	3,130	1.08%	219	59	59
Taebok Machinery Co., Ltd.	109	1.08%	11	11	11
Yooah Industry Co., Ltd.	130	0.02%	13	13	13

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Yoo-A Construction Co., Ltd.	105	0.20%	11	11
Dung Hwan Co., Ltd.	531	0.02%	5	5
Hurim Biocell Co., Ltd.	113	0.00%	5	5
P. J, Trading Co., LTd.	12	0.04%		
Sunjin Power Tech Co., Ltd.	4,941	0.92%	247	90
Smart Power Co.,Ltd.	133,333	5.55%	200	200
Haseung Industries Co.,Ltd.	55	0.62%	28	28
Beer Yeast Korea Inc.	1,388	0.43%	7	7
Daeryung Corporation	207	0.19%	10	10
Korea Bio Red Ginseng Co.,Ltd.	194	0.09%	10	10
ENH Co.,Ltd.	1,086	0.19%	54	54
OCO Co.,Ltd.	123	0.37%	11	11
B CON Co.,Ltd.	96	1.16%	6	6
Chunil Metal Co.,Ltd.	11	0.15%	4	4
Teakwang Tech Co., Ltd.	2,460	0.11%	12	12
SsangMa Machine Co., Ltd.	4	0.05%	1	1
SinJin Co., Ltd.	233	0.30%	9	9
Ace Integration Co., Ltd	93	0.09%	21	21
AceInti Agricultural Co., Ltd.	3	0.00%	1	1

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

9. Available-for-sale Financial Assets, Continued

(2) Available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

			December 31, 2016		
	Shares	Ownership	Acquisition cost	Book value	Fair value
KyungDong Co., Ltd.	130	0.01%	₩ 1	1	
ChunWon Development Co., Ltd.	193	0.19%	39	39	
WonIl Co., Ltd.	999	0.15%	50	50	
SungLim Industrial Co., Ltd.	29	0.03%	1	1	
DaeHa Co., Ltd.	141	0.54%	11	11	
Korea Minerals Co., Ltd.	191	0.05%	135	135	
HyoDong Development Co., Ltd.	119	0.15%	24	24	
Haspe Tech Co., Ltd.	652	0.55%	20	20	
JoHyun Co., Ltd.	350	1.56%	18	18	
KC Co., Ltd.	5,107	0.17%	3	3	
SeongJi Industrial Co.,Ltd.	41	0.05%	1	1	
Areva nc Expansion	1,077,124	13.49%	288,443	98,472	98,472
Navanakorn Electric Co., Ltd. (*3)	8,885,600	26.93%	17,216	18,509	
PT. Kedap Saayq	671	10.00%	18,540		
Set Holding (*4)	1,100,220	2.50%	229,255	170,170	170,170
PT. Cirebon Energi Prasarana	22,420	10.00%	2,612	2,709	
			1,040,553	746,561	706,476
			₩ 1,406,326	1,014,732	974,647

(*1) Investments in unlisted equity securities held by the Company for which a quoted market price does not exist in an active market and fair value cannot be measured reliably were measured at cost less impairment, if any.

(*2) The Company has estimated the fair value of the investment in Construction Guarantee based upon the price which would be applied when the investment is returned. The Company has recognized the difference between its fair value and book value as a gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets in other comprehensive income or loss during the year ended December 31, 2016.

(*3)

Although the Company holds more than 20% of the equity shares of these investments, the Company cannot exercise significant influence.

- (*4) The Company has estimated the fair value of Set Holding by using the discounted cash flow method and has recognized the difference between its fair value and book value as gain or loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets in other comprehensive income or loss during the year ended December 31, 2016.
- (*5) As of December 31, 2016, the Company invested in ₩437,015 million as beneficiary securities exclusively for payment of decommissioning cost of nuclear power plants. The Company has measured the fair value of the beneficiary securities based on its net asset value.
- (*6) The number of shares owned has changed due to the stock merge (500:1) during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

10. Held-to-maturity Investments**Held-to-maturity investments as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017				Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Others	
Government bonds	₩ 3,244	86	(158)		3,172
	₩ 3,244	86	(158)		3,172
Current	₩ 114		(64)	3	53
Non-current	3,130	86	(94)	(3)	3,119

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016				Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Others	
Government bonds	₩ 3,623	149	(528)		3,244
	₩ 3,623	149	(528)		3,244
Current	₩ 380		(380)	114	114
Non-current	3,243	149	(148)	(114)	3,130

11. Derivatives**(1) Derivatives as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Derivative assets				
Currency forward	₩ 1,201	21,691	8,370	32,806

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Currency swap	57,482	204,658	184,913	540,057
Interest rate swap				4,705
Others (*1)	8,818	1,705		10,523
	₩ 67,501	228,054	193,283	588,091
Derivative liabilities				
Currency forward	₩ 817	32	1,153	34
Currency swap	8,611	83,819		56,612
Interest rate swap	3,783	68,413	2,098	78,789
	₩ 13,211	152,264	3,251	135,435

(*1) The Company has a put option to sell shares of DS POWER Co., Ltd, a related party of the Company, and the fair value of the option is recorded in Others (refer to note 17).

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

11. Derivatives, Continued

(2) **Currency forward contracts which are not designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:**

In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies

Counterparty	Contract Date	Maturity date	Contract amounts		Contract exchange rate
			Pay	Receive	
KEB Hana Bank	2014.04.10	2021.07.12	55,120	USD 52,000	1,060.00
KEB Hana Bank	2014.04.28	2021.07.12	50,784	USD 48,000	1,058.00
Bank of America	2014.04.29	2021.07.12	105,400	USD 100,000	1,054.00
KEB Hana Bank	2014.05.09	2021.07.12	104,600	USD 100,000	1,046.00
Standard Chartered	2017.06.08	2017.07.12	5,621	USD 5,000	1,124.27
Credit Suisse	2017.06.13	2017.07.17	11,279	USD 10,000	1,127.90
Standard Chartered	2017.06.15	2017.07.19	5,608	USD 5,000	1,121.50
Mizuho Bank	2017.06.20	2017.07.24	5,676	USD 5,000	1,135.27
Morgan Stanley	2017.06.21	2017.07.25	11,421	USD 10,000	1,142.11
Nova Scotia	2017.06.22	2017.07.26	11,396	USD 10,000	1,139.60
Mizuho Bank	2017.06.26	2017.07.27	7,941	USD 7,000	1,134.39
Credit Suisse	2017.06.26	2017.07.31	11,329	USD 10,000	1,132.90
Nova Scotia	2017.06.27	2017.08.01	11,341	USD 10,000	1,134.05
Morgan Stanley	2017.06.29	2017.08.03	11,388	USD 10,000	1,138.82
Standard Chartered	2017.06.30	2017.08.07	5,714	USD 5,000	1,142.70
Nova Scotia	2017.06.15	2017.07.17	10,058	USD 9,000	1,117.60
Woori Bank	2017.06.21	2017.07.05	6,854	USD 6,000	1,142.25
BTMU	2017.06.23	2017.07.05	5,700	USD 5,000	1,140.00
Societe Generale	2017.06.27	2017.07.10	14,772	USD 13,000	1,136.32
Morgan Stanley	2017.06.29	2017.07.10	13,675	USD 12,000	1,139.60
Credit Agricole	2017.06.29	2017.07.10	11,396	USD 10,000	1,139.62
ING Bank N.V.	2017.06.29	2017.07.10	11,396	USD 10,000	1,139.62
Standard Chartered	2017.06.27	2017.07.31	7,958	USD 7,000	1,136.90
Mizuho Bank	2017.06.14	2017.07.05	5,623	USD 5,000	1,124.60
Nova Scotia	2017.06.19	2017.07.05	5,645	USD 5,000	1,128.95
BTMU	2017.06.22	2017.07.10	4,560	USD 4,000	1,140.10
Standard Chartered	2017.06.30	2017.07.10	16,017	USD 14,000	1,144.06
Nova Scotia	2017.06.26	2017.07.28	11,339	USD 10,000	1,133.90

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Standard Chartered	2017.06.27	2017.07.28	5,671	USD	5,000	1,134.20
Standard Chartered	2017.05.30	2017.11.15	2,244	USD	2,000	1,121.90
Standard Chartered	2017.02.02	2017.11.15	3,436	USD	3,000	1,145.20
KEB Hana Bank	2016.09.07	2017.09.06	3,121	EUR	2,500	1,248.20
KEB Hana Bank	2016.08.26	2017.08.09	1,280	CNY	7,800	164.13
KEB Hana Bank	2016.09.07	2017.09.06	834	CNY	5,200	160.48
Nova Scotia	2017.05.16	2017.11.20	269	USD	240	1,120.00
BTMU	2017.03.20	2017.09.22	432	USD	386	1,119.60
Societe Generale	2017.03.20	2017.09.22	612	USD	546	1,120.70
Societe Generale	2017.06.07	2017.12.11	3,003	USD	2,681	1,120.16
Societe Generale	2017.06.26	2017.12.28	3,350	USD	2,961	1,131.30
Nova Scotia	2017.06.26	2017.12.28	5,655	USD	5,000	1,130.90
Standard Chartered	2017.06.27	2017.12.28	3,401	USD	3,000	1,133.60
Nova Scotia	2017.06.27	2017.12.29	3,406	USD	3,000	1,135.40
Societe Generale	2017.06.23	2017.12.27	11,360	USD	10,000	1,135.95
Societe Generale	2017.06.22	2017.12.26	5,635	USD	4,956	1,137.00
Nomura	2017.06.22	2017.12.26	5,693	USD	5,000	1,138.60
Societe Generale	2017.06.30	2018.01.05	5,699	USD	5,000	1,139.70
BNP Paribas	2017.02.08	2017.08.10	436	USD	381	1,144.20
Societe Generale	2017.03.07	2017.09.11	290	USD	253	1,144.80
Nova Scotia	2017.03.13	2017.09.15	124	USD	109	1,143.90
Nova Scotia	2017.03.07	2017.09.11	2,293	USD	2,000	1,146.60
Nova Scotia	2017.03.07	2017.09.11	3,443	USD	3,000	1,147.60
Nova Scotia	2017.03.13	2017.09.15	538	USD	468	1,148.60
Nova Scotia	2017.03.13	2017.09.15	3,449	USD	3,000	1,149.60
Nova Scotia	2017.03.13	2017.09.15	2,333	USD	2,000	1,166.40
BTMU	2017.01.12	2017.07.17	5,714	USD	4,837	1,181.45

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

11. Derivatives, Continued

(2) **Currency forward contracts which are not designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies

Counterparty	Contract Date	Maturity date	Contract amounts		Contract exchange rate
			Pay	Receive	
Nova Scotia	2017.01.12	2017.07.17	2,928	USD 2,478	1,181.63
BNP Paribas	2017.01.12	2017.07.17	3,578	USD 3,027	1,182.00
Nomura	2017.01.12	2017.07.17	1,720	USD 1,455	1,182.20
Woori Bank	2017.06.27	2017.09.12	1,337	USD 1,175	1,137.00
KEB Hana Bank	2015.08.26	2017.07.31	JPY 630,000	6,377	10.12
BNP Paribas	2015.02.12	2017.07.10	IDR 6,567,882	USD 486	13,525.00
BNP Paribas	2015.02.12	2017.08.10	IDR 2,889,868	USD 214	13,525.00

(3) **Currency swap contracts which are not designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:**

In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies

Counterparty	Contract year	Contract amount		Contract interest rate		Contract exchange rate
		Pay	Receive	Pay	Receive	
Deutsche Bank	2013~2018	₩ 110,412	JPY 10,000,000	6.21%	4.19%	11.04
IBK	2013~2018	111,800	USD 100,000	3.16%	2.79%	1,118.00
Bank of America	2013~2018	103,580	JPY 10,000,000	7.05%	4.19%	10.36
Credit Suisse	2014~2019	118,632	CHF 100,000	2.98%	1.50%	1,186.32
Standard Chartered	2014~2019	114,903	CHF 100,000	4.00%	1.50%	1,149.03
Standard Chartered	2014~2029	102,470	USD 100,000	3.14%	3.57%	1,024.70
Standard Chartered	2014~2017	51,215	USD 50,000	2.24%	3M Libor + 0.55%	1,024.30
Mizuho Bank	2014~2017	153,645	USD 150,000	2.35%	3M Libor + 0.65%	1,024.30
Societe Generale	2014~2024	105,017	USD 100,000	4.92%	5.13%	1,050.17
KEB Hana Bank	2015~2024	107,970	USD 100,000	4.75%	5.13%	1,079.70
Credit Agricole	2015~2024	94,219	USD 86,920	4.85%	5.13%	1,083.97
Citibank	2012~2022	112,930	USD 100,000	2.79%	3.00%	1,129.30

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

JP Morgan	2012~2022	112,930	USD	100,000	2.79%	3.00%	1,129.30
Bank of America	2012~2022	112,930	USD	100,000	2.79%	3.00%	1,129.30
Shinhan Bank	2016~2022	112,930	USD	100,000	2.79%	3.00%	1,129.30
HSBC	2012~2022	111,770	USD	100,000	2.89%	3.00%	1,117.70
KEB Hana Bank	2012~2022	111,770	USD	100,000	2.87%	3.00%	1,117.70
Standard Chartered	2012~2022	111,770	USD	100,000	2.89%	3.00%	1,117.70
Deutsche Bank	2012~2022	55,885	USD	50,000	2.79%	3.00%	1,117.70
DBS	2013~2018	108,140	USD	100,000	2.63%	3M Libor+0.84%	1,081.40
DBS	2013~2018	108,140	USD	100,000	2.57%	3M Libor+0.84%	1,081.40
DBS	2013~2018	108,140	USD	100,000	2.57%	3M Libor+0.84%	1,081.40
HSBC	2013~2018	107,450	USD	100,000	3.41%	2.88%	1,074.50
Standard Chartered	2013~2018	107,450	USD	100,000	3.44%	2.88%	1,074.50
JP Morgan	2013~2018	107,450	USD	100,000	3.48%	2.88%	1,074.50
Bank of America	2014~2018	107,450	USD	100,000	3.09%	2.88%	1,074.50
Citibank	2014~2018	107,450	USD	100,000	3.09%	2.88%	1,074.50
HSBC	2014~2019	105,260	USD	100,000	2.48%	2.38%	1,052.60
Standard Chartered	2014~2019	105,260	USD	100,000	2.48%	2.38%	1,052.60
Korea Development Bank	2016~2019	105,260	USD	100,000	2.48%	2.38%	1,052.60
Nomura	2015~2025	111,190	USD	100,000	2.60%	3.25%	1,111.90
Korea Development Bank	2015~2025	111,190	USD	100,000	2.62%	3.25%	1,111.90
Woori Bank	2015~2025	55,595	USD	50,000	2.62%	3.25%	1,111.90
KEB Hana Bank	2015~2025	55,595	USD	50,000	2.62%	3.25%	1,111.90

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

11. Derivatives, Continued**(4) Currency swap contracts which are designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:***In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies*

Counterparty	Contract year	Contract amount		Contract interest rate		Contract exchange rate		
		Pay	Receive	Pay	Receive			
Citibank	2013~2018	₩	54,570	USD	50,000	2.90%	3M Libor+1.01%	1,091.40
Standard Chartered	2013~2018		54,570	USD	50,000	2.90%	3M Libor+1.01%	1,091.40
Credit Suisse	2013~2018		111,410	USD	100,000	3.22%	3M Libor+1.50%	1,114.10
HSBC	2014~2020		99,901	AUD	100,000	3.52%	5.75%	999.01
HSBC	2014~2020		100,482	AUD	100,000	3.48%	5.75%	1,004.82
Standard Chartered	2013~2020	USD	117,250	AUD	125,000	3M Libor+1.25%	5.75%	0.94
Standard Chartered	2014~2020		126,032	USD	117,250	3.55%	3M Libor+1.25%	1,074.90
Korea Development Bank	2017~2020		114,580	USD	100,000	1.75%	2.38%	1,145.80
KEB Hana Bank	2017~2020		114,580	USD	100,000	1.75%	2.38%	1,145.80
Export-import bank of Korea	2017~2020		114,580	USD	100,000	1.75%	2.38%	1,145.80
JP Morgan	2014~2019		107,190	USD	100,000	3M Libor+3.25%	2.75%	1,071.90
Morgan Stanley	2014~2019		107,190	USD	100,000	3M Libor+3.25%	2.75%	1,071.90
Deutsche Bank	2014~2019		107,190	USD	100,000	3M Libor+3.25%	2.75%	1,071.90
Korea Development Bank	2016~2021		121,000	USD	100,000	2.15%	2.50%	1,210.00
Morgan Stanley	2016~2021		121,000	USD	100,000	3M Libor+2.10%	2.50%	1,210.00
BNP Paribas	2016~2021		121,000	USD	100,000	3M Libor+2.10%	2.50%	1,210.00
Credit Agricole	2013~2019		118,343	CHF	100,000	3.47%	1.63%	1,183.43
Morgan Stanley	2013~2019		59,172	CHF	50,000	3.40%	1.63%	1,183.43
Nomura	2013~2019		59,172	CHF	50,000	3.47%	1.63%	1,183.43
Morgan Stanley	2013~2018		107,360	USD	100,000	3.27%	2.88%	1,073.60
Credit Agricole	2013~2018		107,360	USD	100,000	3.34%	2.88%	1,073.60
JP Morgan	2013~2018		161,040	USD	150,000	3.34%	2.88%	1,073.60
Standard Chartered	2013~2018		161,040	USD	150,000	3.34%	2.88%	1,073.60
Standard Chartered	2014~2019		104,490	USD	100,000	2.77%	2.63%	1,044.90
Credit Agricole	2014~2019		104,490	USD	100,000	2.77%	2.63%	1,044.90
Morgan Stanley	2014~2019		104,490	USD	100,000	2.70%	2.63%	1,044.90

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Standard Chartered	2013~2018	81,187	USD	75,000	2.65%	1.88%	1,082.50
Credit Agricole	2013~2018	81,187	USD	75,000	2.65%	1.88%	1,082.50
Deutsche Bank	2013~2018	81,187	USD	75,000	2.65%	1.88%	1,082.50
Citibank	2013~2018	81,187	USD	75,000	2.65%	1.88%	1,082.50
HSBC	2012~2017	115,140	USD	100,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
BNP Paribas	2012~2017	115,140	USD	100,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
KEB Hana Bank	2012~2017	115,140	USD	100,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
BNP Paribas	2012~2017	57,570	USD	50,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
Standard Chartered	2012~2017	57,570	USD	50,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
Nomura	2012~2017	57,570	USD	50,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
Credit Agricole	2012~2017	57,570	USD	50,000	3.38%	2.50%	1,151.40
Societe Generale	2013~2018	106,190	USD	100,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,061.90
BNP Paribas	2013~2018	53,095	USD	50,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,061.90
KEB Hana Bank	2013~2018	53,095	USD	50,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,061.90
Standard Chartered	2013~2018	106,030	USD	100,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,060.30
BNP Paribas	2013~2018	53,015	USD	50,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,060.30
KEB Hana Bank	2013~2018	31,809	USD	30,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,060.30
Societe Generale	2013~2018	21,206	USD	20,000	3.48%	2.63%	1,060.30
HSBC	2013~2018	53,015	USD	50,000	3.47%	2.63%	1,060.30
Nomura	2013~2018	53,015	USD	50,000	3.47%	2.63%	1,060.30
Credit Agricole	2014~2020	110,680	USD	100,000	2.29%	2.50%	1,106.80
Societe Generale	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.16%	2.50%	1,106.80
KEB Hana Bank	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.16%	2.50%	1,106.80
KEB Hana Bank	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80
Standard Chartered	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80
HSBC	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80
Nomura	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80
BNP Paribas	2014~2020	55,340	USD	50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

11. Derivatives, Continued**(4) Currency swap contracts which are designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows, Continued:***In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies*

Counterparty	Contract year	Contract amount		Contract interest rate		Contract exchange rate
		Pay	Receive	Pay	Receive	
HSBC	2014~2020	55,340	USD 50,000	2.21%	2.50%	1,106.80
KEB Hana Bank	2017~2022	226,600	USD 200,000	1.94%	2.63%	1,133.00
Korea Development Bank	2017~2022	113,300	USD 100,000	1.94%	2.63%	1,133.00
Nomura	2017~2022	113,300	USD 100,000	1.95%	2.63%	1,133.00
Woori bank	2017~2022	56,650	USD 50,000	1.95%	2.63%	1,133.00
Kookmin bank	2017~2022	56,650	USD 50,000	1.95%	2.63%	1,133.00

(5) Interest rate swap contracts which are not designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i> Counterparty	Contract year	Contract amount	Contract interest rate per annum	
			Pay	Receive
Standard Chartered	2012~2017	₩ 160,000	3.57%	3M CD + 0.32%
JP Morgan	2013~2018	150,000	3.58%	3M CD + 0.31%
Credit Suisse	2014~2018	75,000	2.98%	1Y CMT + 0.31%
KEB Hana Bank	2017~2022	100,000	2.01%	3M CD + 0.24%
Export-Import Bank of Korea	2015~2031	USD 15,893	2.67%	6M USD Libor
ING Bank	2015~2031	USD 7,861	2.67%	6M USD Libor
BNP Paribas	2015~2031	USD 7,861	2.67%	6M USD Libor

(6) Interest rate swap contracts which are designated as hedging instruments as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

<i>In thousands of U.S. dollars</i> Counterparty	Contract year	Contract amount	Contract interest rate per annum	
			Pay	Receive
BNP Paribas	2009~2027	USD 94,790	4.16%	6M USD Libor
KFW	2009~2027	USD 94,790	4.16%	6M USD Libor
Credit Agricole	2016~2033	USD 97,928	3.98% ~ 4.10%	6M USD Libor
SMBC	2016~2033	USD 128,060	4.05% ~ 4.18%	6M USD Libor

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

11. Derivatives, Continued

- (7) Gains and losses on valuation and transaction of derivatives for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows and included in finance income and costs in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Net income effects of valuation gain (loss)				Net income effects of transaction gain (loss)				Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (*)			
	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
Currency forward	₩ 17,931	(10,704)	9,650	(925)	2,195	(17,170)	(958)	337				
Currency swap	312,043	(364,818)	119,701	(2,138)	(61,272)	(81,521)	(52,319)	(49,841)	10,244	(89)	75,331	53,077
Interest rate swap	2,448	4,469	(1,494)	3,503	(4,778)	(4,778)	2,429	1,757				(17,331)
	₩ 332,422	(371,053)	127,857	440	(63,855)	(103,469)	(50,848)	(47,747)	10,244	(89)	75,331	53,060

- (*) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the net loss on valuation of derivatives applying cash flow hedge accounting of ₩51 million, net of tax, is included in other comprehensive income or loss

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

12. Other Financial Assets**(1) Other financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Loans and receivables	₩ 247,967	734,372	198,133	683,353
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(6,739)		(4,532)
Present value discount	(1,180)	(39,747)	(1,001)	(41,746)
Long-term/short-term financial instruments	1,449,959	563,405	2,281,460	414,466
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	49,548			
	₩ 1,746,294	1,251,291	2,478,592	1,051,541

(2) Loans and receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017			Book value
	Face value	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Present value discount	
Short-term loans and receivables				
Loans for tuition	₩ 32,008		(1,180)	30,828
Loans for housing	12,945			12,945
Fisheries loan	352			352
Other loans	202,662			202,662
	247,967		(1,180)	246,787
Long-term loans and receivables				
Loans for tuition	409,508		(39,623)	369,885
Loans for housing	133,543			133,543
Loans for related parties	130,573	(6,739)		123,834
Fisheries loan	992		(124)	868

Other loans	59,756			59,756
	734,372	(6,739)	(39,747)	687,886
	₩982,339	(6,739)	(40,927)	934,673

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Face value	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Present value discount	Book value
Short-term loans and receivables				
Loans for tuition	₩ 29,028		(1,001)	28,027
Loans for housing	12,556			12,556
Fisheries loan	352			352
Other loans	156,197			156,197
	198,133		(1,001)	197,132
Long-term loans and receivables				
Loans for tuition	404,200		(41,593)	362,607
Loans for housing	125,850			125,850
Loans for related parties	91,249	(4,532)		86,717
Fisheries loan	1,312		(153)	1,159
Other loans	60,742			60,742
	683,353	(4,532)	(41,746)	637,075
	₩881,486	(4,532)	(42,747)	834,207

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

12. Other Financial Assets, Continued**(3) Changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts of loans and receivables for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Beginning balance	₩ 4,532	
Bad debt expense		4,352
Other	2,207	180
Ending balance	₩ 6,739	4,532

(4) Long-term and short-term financial instruments as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Time deposits	₩ 1,006,199	2	1,820,391	30,000
ABCP	24,717	125,600	351,800	132,600
CP	279,258		16,000	
CD			60,443	
RP		2,304		1,521
Others	139,785	435,499	32,826	250,345
	₩ 1,449,959	563,405	2,281,460	414,466

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

13. Inventories

Inventories as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		
	Acquisition cost	Valuation allowance	Book value
Raw materials	₩ 3,374,643	(1,323)	3,373,320
Merchandise	7,161		7,161
Work-in-progress	134,087		134,087
Finished goods	98,103		98,103
Supplies	1,456,850	(4,147)	1,452,703
Inventories in transit	731,153		731,153
Other inventories	10,460		10,460
	₩ 5,812,457	(5,470)	5,806,987

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016		
	Acquisition cost	Valuation allowance	Book value
Raw materials	₩ 3,182,711	(1,323)	3,181,388
Merchandise	20		20
Work-in-progress	118,640		118,640
Finished goods	57,659		57,659
Supplies	1,289,160	(4,553)	1,284,607
Inventories in transit	827,437		827,437
Other inventories	9,692		9,692
	₩ 5,485,319	(5,876)	5,479,443

The reversal of the allowance for loss on inventory valuation due to increase in the net realizable value of inventory deducted from cost of sales was ₩2,386 million and ₩2,473 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016, respectively. The amounts of loss from inventory valuation included in other gains or losses for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 were ₩1,980 million and ₩2,683 million, respectively.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

14. Finance Lease Receivables**(1) Finance lease contracts**

The Company entered into a power purchase agreement (PPA) with Jordan Electric Power Company to provide a 373MW level Qatrana gas combined power plant over a 25 year lease term, and accounts for the PPA as a finance lease. Also, the Company has fly-ash pipe conduit finance leases with an average lease term of 7 years. In addition, the Company entered into a PPA with the Comision Federal de Electricidad in Mexico to provide for 25 years of all electricity generated from the power plant after completion of its construction and collect rates consisting of fixed costs (to recover the capital) and variable costs during the contracted period.

(2) Finance lease receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows and included in current and non-current trade and other receivables, net, in the consolidated statements of financial position:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Minimum lease payments	Present value of minimum lease payments	Minimum lease payments	Present value of minimum lease payments
Less than 1 year	₩ 52,408	5,773	55,708	12,225
1 ~ 5 years	401,644	213,342	423,152	214,176
More than 5 years	1,543,684	689,846	1,690,492	746,473
	₩ 1,997,736	908,961	2,169,352	972,874

(3) There are no impaired finance lease receivables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

15. Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Advance payment	₩ 167,677	45,991	93,279	71,238
Prepaid expenses	274,271	76,488	228,142	78,066
Others (*)	600,330	20,136	310,439	32,485
	₩ 1,042,278	142,615	631,860	181,789

(*) Details of others as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Tax refund receivables	₩ 79,667	2,064	30,959	2,188
Greenhouse gas emissions rights	319,795		145,105	
Others	200,868	18,072	134,375	30,297
	₩ 600,330	20,136	310,439	32,485

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries**(1) Consolidated subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

Subsidiaries	Key operation activities	Location	Percentage of ownership (%)	
			June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea South-East Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea Midland Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea Western Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea Southern Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea East-West Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Engineering & Construction Company, Inc. (*1)	Architectural engineering for utility plant and others	KOREA	65.77%	65.77%
KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering Co., Ltd.	Utility plant maintenance and others	KOREA	51.00%	51.00%
KEPCO Nuclear Fuel Co., Ltd.	Nuclear fuel	KOREA	96.36%	96.36%
KEPCO KDN Co., Ltd.	Electric power information technology and others	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Garolim Tidal Power Plant Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	49.00%	49.00%
KEPCO International HongKong Ltd.	Holding company	HONG KONG	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO International Philippines Inc.	Holding company	PHILIPPINES	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Gansu International Ltd.	Holding company	HONG KONG	100.00%	100.00%

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KEPCO Philippines Holdings Inc.	Holding company	PHILIPPINES	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Philippines Corporation	Operation of utility plant	PHILIPPINES	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Ilijan Corporation	Utility plant rehabilitation and operation	PHILIPPINES	51.00%	51.00%
KEPCO Lebanon SARL	Operation of utility plant	LEBANON	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Neimenggu International Ltd.	Holding company	HONG KONG	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Shanxi International Ltd.	Holding company	HONG KONG	100.00%	100.00%
KOMIPO Global Pte Ltd.	Holding company	SINGAPORE	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Canada Energy Ltd.	Resources development	CANADA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Netherlands B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	100.00%	100.00%
KOREA Imouraren Uranium Investment Corp.	Resources development	FRANCE	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOSEP Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOMIPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOWEPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOSPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Middle East Holding Company	Holding company	BAHRAIN	100.00%	100.00%
Qatrana Electric Power Company	Construction and operation of utility plant	JORDAN	80.00%	80.00%
KHNP Canada Energy, Ltd.	Resources development	CANADA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Bylong Australia Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
Korea Waterbury Uranium Limited Partnership	Resources development	CANADA	79.64%	79.64%
Korea Electric Power Nigeria Ltd.	Operation of utility plant	NIGERIA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Holdings de Mexico	Holding company	MEXICO	100.00%	100.00%
KST Electric Power Company	Construction and operation of utility plant	MEXICO	56.00%	56.00%
KEPCO Energy Service Company	Operation of utility plant	MEXICO	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO Netherlands S3 B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	100.00%	100.00%
PT. KOMIPO Pembangkitan Jawa Bali	Operation of utility plant	INDONESIA	51.00%	51.00%
PT. Cirebon Power Service (*2)	Operation of utility plant	INDONESIA	27.50%	27.50%
KOWEPO International Corporation	Operation of utility plant	PHILIPPINES	99.99%	99.99%
KOSPO Jordan LLC	Operation of utility plant	JORDAN	100.00%	100.00%
EWP Philippines Corporation	Operation of utility plant	PHILIPPINES	100.00%	100.00%
EWP America Inc.	Holding company	USA	100.00%	100.00%
EWP Renewable Co.	Holding company	USA	100.00%	100.00%
DG Fairhaven Power, LLC	Power generation	USA	100.00%	100.00%
DG Whitefield, LLC	Power generation	USA	100.00%	100.00%
Springfield Power, LLC	Power generation	USA	100.00%	100.00%

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KNF Canada Energy Limited	Resources development	CANADA	96.36%	96.36%
PT KEPCO Resource Indonesia	Holding company	INDONESIA	100.00%	100.00%
EWP Barbados 1 SRL	Holding company	BARBADOS	100.00%	100.00%
California Power Holdings, LLC	Power generation	USA	100.00%	100.00%

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued**(1) Consolidated subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, Continued :**

Subsidiaries	Key operation activities	Location	Percentage of ownership (%)	
			June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	62.01%	62.01%
PT. Tanggamus Electric Power	Power generation	INDONESIA	52.50%	52.50%
Gyeongju Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	70.00%	70.00%
KOMIPO America Inc.	Holding company	USA	100.00%	100.00%
EWPRC Biomass Holdings, LLC	Holding company	USA	100.00%	100.00%
KOSEP USA, INC.	Power generation	USA	100.00%	100.00%
PT. EWP Indonesia	Holding company	INDONESIA	99.96%	99.95%
KEPCO Netherlands J3 B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	100.00%	100.00%
Korea Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Operation of utility plant	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Global One Pioneer B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	100.00%	100.00%
Global Energy Pioneer B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	100.00%	100.00%
Mira Power Limited (*3)	Power generation	PAKISTAN	76.00%	76.00%
KOSEP Material Co., Ltd. (*4)	Power generation	KOREA	86.22%	46.22%
Commerce and Industry Energy Co., Ltd. (*5)	Power generation	KOREA	59.03%	59.03%
KEPCO Singapore Holdings Pte., Ltd.	Holding company	SINGAPORE	100.00%	100.00%
KOWEPO India Private Limited	Holding company	INDIA	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO KPS Philippines Corp.	Utility plant maintenance and others	PHILIPPINES	51.00%	51.00%

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KOSPO Chile SpA	Holding company	CHILE	100.00%	100.00%
PT. KOWEPO Sumsel Operation And Maintenance Services	Utility plant maintenance and others	INDONESIA	95.00%	95.00%
HeeMang Sunlight Power Co., Ltd.	Operation of utility plant	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Fujeij Wind Power Company	Operation of utility plant	JORDAN	100.00%	100.00%
KOSPO Younghan Power Co., Ltd.	Operation of utility plant	KOREA	50.00%	50.00%
HI Carbon Professional Private Special Asset Investment Trust 1 (formerly, Global One Carbon Private Equity Investment Trust 2)	Holding company	KOREA	96.67%	96.67%
Chitose Solar Power Plant LLC	Power generation	JAPAN	80.10%	80.10%
KEPCO Energy Solution Co. Ltd.	Energy service	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
Solar School Plant Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	100.00%	100.00%
KOSPO Power Services Limitada	Utility plant maintenance and others	CHILE	65.00%	65.00%
Energy New Industry Specialized Investment Private Investment Trust	Holding company	KOREA	99.75%	99.75%
KOEN Bylong Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOMIPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOWEPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOSPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
EWP Bylong Pty., Ltd.	Resources development	AUSTRALIA	100.00%	100.00%
KOWEPO Lao International	Utility plant maintenance and others	LAOS	100.00%	100.00%
KEPCO US Inc.	Holding company	USA	100.00%	
KEPCO Alamosa LLC	Holding company	USA	50.10%	
Cogentrix Solar Services, LLC	Holding company	USA	50.10%	
Solar Investments I, LLC	Holding company	USA	50.10%	
Cogentrix of Alamosa, LLC	Holding company	USA	50.10%	

(*1) Considering treasury stocks, the effective percentage of ownership is 66.08%.

(*2) These subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as the Company obtained the majority of the voting power through the shareholders' agreement.

(*3) As of reporting date, the annual reporting period of all subsidiaries is December 31, except for Mira Power Limited which is November 30.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued**(1) Consolidated subsidiaries as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, Continued :**

(*4) According to the shareholders' agreement reached in April 2014, Korea South-East Power Co., Ltd. (KOSEP) signed a contract with Long Lasting Value(LLV) to guarantee the principal and certain rate of return on LLV's shares in KOSEP Material Co., Ltd. Moreover, LLV had put options to sell their investment to KOSEP and exercised the put option during the period ended June 30, 2017.

(*5) The Company guarantees a certain return on investment related to Commerce and Industry Energy Co., Ltd. for the financial investors. The financial investors have a right to sell their shares to the Company which can be exercised 84 months after the date of investment. Accordingly, the purchase price including the return on investment is classified as a liability.

(2) Subsidiaries included in and excluded from consolidation for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

<Subsidiaries included in consolidation during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017>

Subsidiary	Reason
KEPCO US Inc.	Newly established
KEPCO Alamosa LLC	Newly established
Cogentrix Solar Services, LLC	Newly established
Solar Investments I, LLC	Newly established
Cogentrix of Alamosa, LLC	Newly established

There are no subsidiaries excluded from consolidation during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.

(3) Summary of financial information of consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:*In millions of won***June 30, 2017****Subsidiaries****Sales**

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

	Total assets	Total liabilities		Profit (loss) for the period
Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.	₩ 52,090,439	26,590,117	4,944,238	669,148
Korea South-East Power Co., Ltd.	10,023,290	4,849,060	2,712,632	306,315
Korea Midland Power Co., Ltd.	9,474,421	5,711,138	2,013,707	166,011
Korea Western Power Co., Ltd.	9,956,336	5,878,306	2,087,183	199,866
Korea Southern Power Co., Ltd.	9,881,518	5,579,642	2,123,538	188,823
Korea East-West Power Co., Ltd.	9,244,833	4,547,539	2,447,420	309,604
KEPCO Engineering & Construction Company, Inc.	775,724	350,207	220,996	5,848
KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering Co., Ltd.	1,180,836	356,903	611,256	77,754
KEPCO Nuclear Fuel Co., Ltd.	762,388	397,665	83,998	1,971
KEPCO KDN Co., Ltd.	515,984	195,485	264,530	12,874
Garolim Tidal Power Plant Co., Ltd.	620	345		(11)
KEPCO International HongKong Ltd.	165,693	1		2,469
KEPCO International Philippines Inc.	107,702	584		24,370
KEPCO Gansu International Ltd.	16,892	525		(14)
KEPCO Philippines Holdings Inc.	139,721	2		24,449
KEPCO Philippines Corporation	7,071	2,676		(1)
KEPCO Ilijan Corporation	502,973	49,059	55,310	32,447
KEPCO Lebanon SARL	1,332	9,902		(28)
KEPCO Neimenggu International Ltd.	175,806			(190)
KEPCO Shanxi International Ltd.	517,652	201,952		(4,559)
KOMIPO Global Pte Ltd.	212,198	1,450		4,427
KEPCO Canada Energy Ltd.	186	28		(16)
KEPCO Netherlands B.V.	129,843	59		9,121
KOREA Imouraren Uranium Investment Corp.	159,187	123		1,061
KEPCO Australia Pty., Ltd.	492,005	1,471		(68)
KOSEP Australia Pty., Ltd.	24,483	353	5,434	2,192
KOMIPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	29,421	4,543	5,434	2,934

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued

(3) **Summary of financial information of consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

Subsidiaries	June 30, 2017			
	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the period
KOWEPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	₩ 28,823	4,543	5,434	2,194
KOSPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	24,686	344	5,434	2,190
KEPCO Middle East Holding Company	107,876	101,209		3,054
Qatrana Electric Power Company	484,962	360,549	9,553	11,325
KHNP Canada Energy, Ltd.	46,069	54		(107)
KEPCO Bylong Australia Pty., Ltd.	237,235	277,080		16,800
Korea Waterbury Uranium Limited Partnership	20,882	144		(24)
Korea Electric Power Nigeria Ltd.	585	287	1,535	158
KEPCO Holdings de Mexico	248	29		(38)
KST Electric Power Company	581,156	518,702	57,192	8,379
KEPCO Energy Service Company	2,427	831	3,040	993
KEPCO Netherlands S3 B.V.	53,403	60		958
PT. KOMIPO Pembangkitan Jawa Bali	15,199	4,287	9,155	3,864
PT. Cirebon Power Service	3,413	972	3,741	216
KOWEPO International Corporation				
KOSPO Jordan LLC	24,944	14,401	3,420	324
EWP Philippines Corporation	1,805	877		(6)
EWP America Inc. (*1)	88,117	72,465	10,829	(7,522)
KNF Canada Energy Limited	1,921	24		(20)
PT KEPCO Resource Indonesia	718	16		(135)
EWP Barbados 1 SRL	251,218	304		(1,276)
Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd.	293,358	213,808	43,318	(497)
PT. Tanggamus Electric Power	182,696	164,447	11,740	2,538
Gyeongju Wind Power Co., Ltd.	105,802	76,852	3,666	1,194
KOMIPO America Inc.	11,684	554		2,604
KOSEP USA, INC.	176	37,284		(457)
PT. EWP Indonesia	421	2		317

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KEPCO Netherlands J3 B.V.	118,163	83		(47)
Korea Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	139,881	2,541		(2,438)
Global One Pioneer B.V.	147	52		(38)
Global Energy Pioneer B.V.	316	52		(41)
Mira Power Limited	223,100	174,016		(650)
KOSEP Material Co., Ltd.	902	1,596	1,986	(1,596)
Commerce and Industry Energy Co., Ltd.	98,972	87,253	13,935	(397)
KEPCO Singapore Holdings Pte., Ltd.	3,040	5		(1)
KOWEPO India Private Limited	870			
KEPCO KPS Philippines Corp.	6,971	555	4,822	240
KOSPO Chile SpA	132,163	49,630		320
PT. KOWEPO Sumsel Operation And Maintenance Services	1,467	63	3,909	701
HeeMang Sunlight Power Co., Ltd.	6,991	3,397	52	(117)
Fujeij Wind Power Company	61,817	60,076		219
KOSPO Younghan Power Co.,Ltd.	342,284	263,988		(393)
HI Carbon Professional Private Special Asset Investment Trust 1 (formerly, Global One Carbon Private Equity Investment Trust 2)	2,996			6
Chitose Solar Power Plant LLC	82,703	67,928		3,457
KEPCO Energy Solution Co. Ltd.	302,747	2,195	2,151	851
Solar School Plant Co., Ltd.	201,184	787	16	387
KOSPO Power Services Limitada	6,657	2,891	5,732	802
Energy New Industry Specialized Investment Private Investment Trust	502,844	1,488		114
KOEN Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,159			
KOMIPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,159			
KOWEPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,159			

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued

- (3) **Summary of financial information of consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
Subsidiaries	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the period
KOSPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	₩ 6,159			
EWP Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,159			
KOWEPO Lao International	2,776	1,755	1,673	994
KEPCO US Inc.	19,886	628		
KEPCO Alamosa LLC	39,120	479		203
Cogentrix Solar Services, LLC (*2)	96,092	58,611	4,832	555

(*1) Financial information of EWP America Inc. includes that of six other subsidiaries, EWP Renewable Co., DG Fairhaven Power, LLC, DG Whitefield, LLC, Springfield Power, LLC, California Power Holdings, LLC, and EWPRC Biomass Holdings, LLC.

(*2) Financial information of Cogentrix Solar Services, LLC includes that of two other subsidiaries, Solar Investments I, LLC and Cogentrix of Alamosa, LLC.

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
Subsidiaries	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the period
Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.	₩ 52,782,915	27,366,938	11,168,579	2,454,810
Korea South-East Power Co., Ltd.	9,773,778	4,794,330	5,093,598	531,061
Korea Midland Power Co., Ltd.	9,066,666	5,416,336	3,719,981	400,696
Korea Western Power Co., Ltd.	9,810,714	5,866,916	4,169,712	401,936
Korea Southern Power Co., Ltd.	9,806,023	5,637,950	4,200,035	426,337
Korea East-West Power Co., Ltd.	8,967,951	4,488,911	4,210,898	467,603
KEPCO Engineering & Construction Company, Inc.	786,596	364,676	506,012	17,796

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering Co., Ltd.	1,086,421	301,490	1,214,304	86,657
KEPCO Nuclear Fuel Co., Ltd.	713,230	346,012	309,911	33,115
KEPCO KDN Co., Ltd.	519,901	205,869	588,160	43,127
Garolim Tidal Power Plant Co., Ltd.	632	346		-24
KEPCO International HongKong Ltd.	173,138	41		4,532
KEPCO International Philippines Inc.	114,141	1,468		56,783
KEPCO Gansu International Ltd.	17,928	557		(18)
KEPCO Philippines Holdings Inc.	125,100	27		13,517
KEPCO Philippines Corporation	13,704	8,949		(8,717)
KEPCO Ilijan Corporation	558,030	58,449	116,667	51,552
KEPCO Lebanon SARL	1,458	10,312		810
KEPCO Neimenggu International Ltd.	186,636			7,082
KEPCO Shanxi International Ltd.	549,189	218,047		5,812
KOMIPO Global Pte Ltd.	223,082	1,095		36,764
KEPCO Canada Energy Ltd.	202	24		(27,216)
KEPCO Netherlands B.V.	128,014	35		224
KOREA Imouraren Uranium Investment Corp.	154,302	764		(68,417)
KEPCO Australia Pty., Ltd.	503,657	1,545	3,670	(19,006)
KOSEP Australia Pty., Ltd.	25,174	521	5,357	4,028
KOMIPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	25,413	10	5,388	4,023
KOWEPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	25,550	10	5,357	4,012
KOSPO Australia Pty., Ltd.	25,625	10	5,357	4,033
KEPCO Middle East Holding Company	128,846	125,008		6,840
Qatrana Electric Power Company	546,123	417,800	18,866	19,601
KHNP Canada Energy, Ltd.	54,374	46		(6,304)
KEPCO Bylong Australia Pty., Ltd.	220,721	277,358		(2,357)
Korea Waterbury Uranium Limited Partnership	20,882	149		2,348
Korea Electric Power Nigeria Ltd.	696	493	9,794	35

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued

(3) **Summary of financial information of consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

Subsidiaries	December 31, 2016			
	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the period
KEPCO Holdings de Mexico	₩ 262	19		251
KST Electric Power Company	596,823	539,459	146,295	17,322
KEPCO Energy Service Company	1,309	310	5,337	580
KEPCO Netherlands S3 B.V.	55,609	54		3,731
PT. KOMIPO Pembangunan Jawa Bali	16,246	4,549	21,632	8,989
PT. Cirebon Power Service	3,456	1,228	7,463	301
KOWEPO International Corporation				
KOSPO Jordan LLC	11,524	687	7,321	317
EWP Philippines Corporation	1,966	955		(41)
EWP America Inc. (*)	104,809	80,252	33,616	(8,704)
KNF Canada Energy Limited	1,967	20		(46)
PT KEPCO Resource Indonesia	913	18		(341)
EWP Barbados 1 SRL	267,859	425	1,656	(902)
Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd.	301,126	221,078	108,557	19,211
PT. Tanggamus Electric Power	184,861	167,641	40,903	2,041
Gyeongju Wind Power Co., Ltd.	76,569	49,293	6,413	1,269
KOMIPO America Inc.	11,518	2,432		(2,240)
KOSEP USA, INC.	159	39,028	3,791	(72,817)
PT. EWP Indonesia	2,154	50		1,088
KEPCO Netherlands J3 B.V.	125,337	68		12,433
Korea Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	37,826	2,048		(4,960)
Global One Pioneer B.V.	161	22		(54)
Global Energy Pioneer B.V.	338	22		(59)
Mira Power Limited	178,141	133,730		(954)
KOSEP Material Co., Ltd.	2,398	1,497	3,232	(901)
Commerce and Industry Energy Co., Ltd.	99,432	87,316	28,375	(536)

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

KEPCO Singapore Holdings Pte., Ltd.	2,568	13		(33)
KOWEPO India Private Limited	879			1
KEPCO KPS Philippines Corp.	7,897	1,213	12,843	2,060
KOSPO Chile SpA	6,656	4,787		125
PT. KOWEPO Sumsel Operation and Maintenance Services	1,439	700	6,165	(96)
HeeMang Sunlight Power Co., Ltd.	7,102	3,391	12	(308)
Fujeij Wind Power Company	47,935	46,636		(873)
KOSPO Younghan Power Co.,Ltd.	284,368	205,680		(931)
HI Carbon Professional Private Special Asset Investment Trust 1 (formerly, Global One Carbon Private Equity Investment Trust 2)	3,002			9
Chitose Solar Power Plant LLC	49,728	38,806		(811)
KEPCO Energy Solution Co. Ltd.	299,933	233		(300)
Solar School Plant Co., Ltd.	200,268	259	1	9
KOSPO Power Services Limitada	4,385	1,262	7,300	2,963
Energy New Industry Specialized Investment Private Investment Trust	501,275	33		(7)
KOEN Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,135			
KOMIPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,135			
KOWEPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,135			
KOSPO Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,135			
EWP Bylong Pty., Ltd.	6,135			
KOWEPO Lao International	218	181		(108)

(*) Financial information of EWP America Inc. includes that of six other subsidiaries, EWP Renewable Co., DG Fairhaven Power, LLC, DG Whitefield, LLC, Springfield Power, LLC, California Power Holdings, LLC, and EWPRC Biomass Holdings, LLC.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued**(4) Significant restrictions on abilities to subsidiaries are as follows:**

Company	Nature and extent of any significant restrictions
Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Acquisition or disposal of assets of more than ₩35 billion, change in the capacity of cogeneration units (except for the change due to performance improvement of equipment, maintenance) will require unanimous consent of all directors.
KOSPO Youngnam Power Co., Ltd.	Dividends can only be paid when all conditions of the loan agreement are satisfied or prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained. Shares cannot be wholly or partially transferred without prior written consent of financial institutions.

(5) Details of non-controlling interest prior to intra-group eliminations as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:*In millions of won*

Description	June 30, 2017				Total
	KEPCO Ilijan Corporation	KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering Co., Ltd.	KEPCO Engineering & Construction Company, Inc.	Others	
Percentage of ownership	49.00%	49.00%	33.92%		
Current assets	₩ 151,070	622,504	263,910	1,264,624	2,302,108
Non-current assets	351,903	558,332	511,814	2,495,344	3,917,393
Current liabilities	(12,435)	(288,639)	(237,687)	(306,396)	(845,157)
Non-current liabilities	(36,624)	(68,264)	(112,520)	(2,031,559)	(2,248,967)
Net assets	453,914	823,933	425,517	1,422,013	3,125,377
Book value of non-controlling interest	222,418	403,727	144,335	707,114	1,477,594
Sales	55,310	611,256	220,996	252,745	1,140,307
Profit for the period	32,447	77,754	5,848	32,007	148,056
Profit for the period attributable to non-controlling interest	15,899	38,099	1,984	10,129	66,111

Cash flows from operating activities	54,337	76,583	68,978	143	200,041
Cash flows from investing activities	(414)	(134,843)	(6,656)	(212,811)	(354,724)
Cash flows from financing activities before dividends to non-controlling interest	(23,645)	(15,606)	(34,565)	214,310	140,494
Dividends to non-controlling interest	(25,463)	(14,994)	(1,419)	(10,734)	(52,610)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation	(3,086)	5	15	(11,469)	(14,535)
Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	1,729	(88,855)	26,353	(20,561)	(81,334)

In millions of won

Description	December 31, 2016				Total
	KEPCO Ilijan Corporation	KEPCO Plant Service & Engineering Co., Ltd.	KEPCO Engineering & Construction Company, Inc.	Others	
Percentage of ownership	49.00%	49.00%	33.92%		
Current assets	₩ 154,758	553,924	270,553	1,211,510	2,190,745
Non-current assets	403,272	532,497	516,043	2,379,882	3,831,694
Current liabilities	(19,256)	(264,506)	(286,444)	(297,510)	(867,716)
Non-current liabilities	(39,193)	(36,984)	(78,232)	(1,919,924)	(2,074,333)
Net assets	499,581	784,931	421,920	1,373,958	3,080,390
Book value of non-controlling interest	244,794	384,616	143,115	684,093	1,456,618
Sales	116,667	1,214,304	506,012	674,461	2,511,444
Profit for the period	51,552	86,657	17,796	102,170	258,175
Profit for the period attributable to non-controlling interest	25,260	42,462	6,036	26,709	100,467
Cash flows from operating activities	102,546	121,240	18,748	84,086	326,620
Cash flows from investing activities	(117)	79,807	(7,556)	(367,674)	(295,540)
Cash flows from financing activities before dividends to non-controlling interest	(56,863)	(39,911)	(1,634)	877,863	779,455
Dividends to non-controlling interest	(55,705)	(36,139)	(2,539)	(22,054)	(116,437)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation	1,529	127	(854)	7,216	8,018
Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	(8,610)	125,124	6,165	579,437	702,116

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued**(6) Changes in goodwill**

(i) Details of goodwill as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Acquisition cost	₩ 2,582	2,582
Accumulated impairment		
Carrying book value	₩ 2,582	2,582

(ii) There are no changes in goodwill for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

(7) Disposals of subsidiaries

KEPCO Canada Uranium Investment Limited Partnership was dissolved and the Company liquidated DG Kings Plaza, LLC during the year ended December 31, 2016.

(i) The fair value of proceeds from disposal as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016
Cash received upon dissolution	₩ 898
Net assets transferred due to dissolution	34,148
	₩ 35,046

- (ii) The carrying value of assets and liabilities of the subsidiary as at the date the Company lost its control during the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016	
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	₩	898
Current financial assets, net		81
Non-current assets		
Available-for-sale financial assets		34,089
Current liabilities		
Current financial liabilities		(22)
	₩	35,046

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

16. Consolidated Subsidiaries, Continued**(7) Disposals of subsidiaries, continued**

(iii) Gain from disposals of subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016	
Fair value of proceeds from disposal	₩	35,046
Net assets disposed		(35,046)
Non-controlling interests		
Realization of unrealized gain		
Other comprehensive income		
Gain from disposals of subsidiaries	₩	

(iv) Net cashflow from sale of subsidiary for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	December 31, 2016	
Consideration received in cash	₩	898
Less: cash held by disposed subsidiary		(898)
Net cash flow	₩	

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

Investees	Key operation activities	June 30, 2017		Acquisition cost	Book value
		Location	Percentage of ownership		
<Associates>					
Korea Gas Corporation (*1)	Importing and wholesaling LNG	KOREA	20.47%	₩ 94,500	1,968,052
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Electricity metering and others	KOREA	29.00%	4,727	20,834
YTN Co., Ltd.	Broadcasting	KOREA	21.43%	59,000	38,607
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	Generating and distributing vapor and hot/cold water	KOREA	43.90%	48,353	11,552
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	15.00%	5,725	13,094
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	88,885	118,203
Korea Power Exchange (*6)	Management of power market and others	KOREA	100.00%	127,839	234,438
AMEC Partners Korea Ltd. (*3)	Resources development	KOREA	19.00%	707	222
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. (*9)	Power generation	KOREA	30.66%	71,070	
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	Artificial light-weight aggregate	KOREA	36.10%	1,516	
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,810	4,606
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,420	3,111
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,875	3,279

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daeryun Power Co., Ltd. (*3, 10)	Power generation	KOREA	13.13%	25,477	27,410
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	30.00%	3,801	6,731
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	27.00%	1,296	1,747
SPC Power Corporation	Power generation	PHILIPPINES	38.00%	20,635	52,523
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	34.00%	413,153	676,624
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	Power generation	INDONESIA	27.50%	40,365	95,150
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd. (*4)	Resources development	NIGERIA	14.63%	12	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd. (*4)	Resources development	NIGERIA	14.63%	12	
PT Wampu Electric Power	Power generation	INDONESIA	46.00%	21,292	22,634
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	Resources development	INDONESIA	20.00%	615,860	402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	49.00%	132,300	121,977
Pioneer Gas Power Limited (*8)	Power generation	INDIA	40.00%	49,831	50,270
Eurasia Energy Holdings	Power generation and resources development	RUSSIA	40.00%	461	
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	LAOS	25.00%	64,267	60,090
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd. (*3)	Recycling fly ashes	KOREA	8.33%	50	12
Green Biomass Co., Ltd. (*12, 15)	Power generation	KOREA	8.80%	714	393
PT. Mutiara Jawa	Manufacturing and operating floating coal terminal	INDONESIA	29.00%	2,978	
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd. (*3, 11)	Recycling fly ashes	KOREA	2.35%	686	
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,740	1,421
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	29,200	24,746
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	1.12%	2,900	2,627
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	1.61%	2,900	2,615
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	40.00%	23,760	14,735
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	28.00%	194	177
DS POWER Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	14.44%	17,900	5,887
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	33.61%	61,535	39,668
Yeongwol Energy Station Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	10.00%	1,400	

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Jinhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	INDIA	5.16%	9,000	
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	47.76%	3,821	3,502
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,230	1,608
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	40.00%	5,580	3,845
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	Construction and service	KOREA	29.00%	290	3,290
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	14,564	13,608
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.) (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	18.87%	1,000	
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	Electric vehicle charge service	KOREA	28.00%	1,596	841

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	Key operation activities	June 30, 2017		Acquisition cost	Book value
		Location	Percentage of ownership		
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	Renewable power generation	KOREA	29.85%	₩ 8,000	6,626
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	Electric material agency	KOREA	29.00%	290	257
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	27.00%	8,910	8,539
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund (*13)	Developing electric enterprises	KOREA	98.09%	51,500	48,866
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd. (*3)	Asset management	KOREA	9.90%	297	381
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	Renewable power generation	KOREA	28.00%	140	102
YaksuESS Co.,Ltd	Installing ESS related equipment	KOREA	29.00%	210	207
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	Construction and operating power plant	NEPAL	47.69%	18,568	17,397
Gwangyang Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	20.00%	2,000	1,966
				2,175,142	4,137,137
<Joint ventures>					
KEPCO-Uhde Inc. (*7)	Power generation	KOREA	52.80%	11,355	275
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd. (*7)	Power generation	MALAYSIA	61.53%	9,661	
	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	27,660	28,897

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.

Shuweiha Asia Power Investment B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	49.00%	45,590	22,903
Shuweiha Asia Operation & Maintenance Company (*7)	Maintenance of utility plant	CAYMAN	55.00%	30	980
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	Resources development	CANADA	36.36%	26,602	20,354
ASM-BG Investicii AD	Power generation	BULGARIA	50.00%	16,101	23,177
RES Technology AD	Power generation	BULGARIA	50.00%	15,595	14,188
KV Holdings, Inc.	Power generation	PHILIPPINES	40.00%	2,103	2,016
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation (*7)	Construction and operation of utility plant	PHILIPPINES	75.20%	94,579	226,630
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership (*5)	Resources development	CANADA	12.50%	5,404	
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	16,621	11,860
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	121,928	167,603
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	10,858	11,088
Rabigh Electricity Company	Power generation	SAUDI ARABIA	40.00%	109,743	88,688
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	Maintenance of utility plant	SAUDI ARABIA	40.00%	70	5,433
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	Power generation	JAMAICA	40.00%	301,910	235,231
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing	KOREA	45.00%	849	8,227
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	2,100	4,133
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	34.00%	204,000	212,431
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	Exporting products and technology of small or medium business by proxy	KOREA	29.00%	290	524
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,856	2,314
KODE NOVUS I LLC	Power generation	USA	50.00%	19,213	
KODE NOVUS II LLC	Power generation	USA	50.00%	12,756	
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	49.90%	5,190	3,101
Amman Asia Electric Power Company (*7)	Power generation	JORDAN	60.00%	111,476	153,622
KAPES, Inc. (*7)	R&D	KOREA	51.00%	5,629	6,536
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	34.00%	56,100	52,846
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	3,480	4,143
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.90%	52,700	50,613

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd. (*3)	Power generation	KOREA	15.00%	3,000	2,718
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	Power generation	VIETNAM	50.00%	2,406	358
Kelar S.A (*7)	Power generation	CHILE	65.00%	78,060	65,658

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	Key operation activities	June 30, 2017			
		Location	Percentage of ownership	Acquisition cost	Book value
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	Power generation	INDONESIA	35.00%	₩ 746	
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	461	572
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	15,370	14,720
Daehan Wind Power PSC	Power generation	JORDAN	50.00%	285	
Barakah One Company (*14)	Power generation	UAE	18.00%	118	112
Nawah Energy Company (*14)	Operation of utility plant	UAE	18.00%	296	279
MOMENTUM	International thermonuclear experimental reactor construction management	FRANCE	33.33%	1	142
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	46,225	45,588
Yeonggwang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	41.00%	15,375	15,249
Chester Solar IV SpA (*7)	Power generation	CHILE	81.82%	1,675	1,714
Chester Solar V SpA (*7)	Power generation	CHILE	81.82%	526	532
Diego de Almagro Solar SpA (*7)	Power generation	CHILE	81.82%	1,987	2,022
				1,457,980	1,507,477
				₩ 3,633,122	5,644,614

- (*1) The effective percentage of ownership is 21.57% considering treasury stocks.
- (*2) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint directors to the board of directors of the entity, and by strict decision criteria of the Company's financial and operating policy of the board of directors.
- (*3) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint a director to the board of directors of the entity.
- (*4) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint one out of four members of the steering committee of the entity. Moreover, the Company has significant financial transactions, which can affect its influence on the entity.
- (*5) The Company has joint control over the entity by virtue of its contractual right to appoint directors to the board of directors of the entity, and by strict decision criteria of the Company's financial and operating policy of the board of directors.
- (*6) The Government regulates the Company's ability to make operating and financial decisions over the entity, as the Government requires maintaining arms-length transactions between KPX and the Company's other subsidiaries. The Company can exercise significant influence by its right to nominate directors to the board of directors of the entity.
- (*7) According to the shareholders' agreement, all critical financial and operating decisions must be agreed to by all ownership parties. For these reasons, the entities are classified as joint ventures.
- (*8) As of reporting date, the annual reporting period of all associates and joint ventures ends on December 31, except for Pioneer Gas Power Limited whose reporting period ends on March 31.
- (*9) As of June 30, 2017, 15.64% of ownership of Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. is held by NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank. According to the shareholders' agreement reached on March 2011, not only does the Company have a call option to acquire the investment in Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. from NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank with a certain rate of return, NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank also have put options to dispose of their investment to the Company. In connection with this agreement, the Company applied the equity method on the investment in Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. with 46.30% of ownership.
- (*10) The Company's percentage of ownership has decreased due to the acquisition of Daeryun Power Co., Ltd. and the effective percentage of ownership is 19.45% considering stock purchase options.
- (*11) The Company's effective percentage of ownership excluding the redeemable convertible preferred stock is 25.54%.
- (*12) The effective percentage of ownership is less than 20% but the Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint a director to the board of directors of the entity and the fact that the dominant portion of the investee's sales transactions is generated from the Company. The percentage of ownership decreased since the Company did not participate in the capital increase of Green Biomass Co., Ltd. during the period.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

(*13) The effective percentage of ownership is more than 50% but the Company does not hold control over relevant business while it exercises significant influence by participating in the Investment Decision Committee. For this reason, the entity is classified as an associate.

(*14) The effective percentage of ownership is less than 20%, but the Company has joint control over the entity as decisions on the major activities require the unanimous consent of the parties that collectively control the entity

(*15) The percentage of ownership decreased since the Company did not participate in the capital increase of Green Biomass Co., Ltd. during the period.

In millions of won

Investees	Key operation activities	December 31, 2016		Acquisition cost	Book value
		Location	Percentage of ownership		
<Associates>					
Korea Gas Corporation (*1)	Importing and wholesaling LNG	KOREA	20.47%	₩ 94,500	1,933,877
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	Electricity metering and others	KOREA	29.00%	4,727	20,475
YTN Co., Ltd.	Broadcasting	KOREA	21.43%	59,000	38,156
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	Generating and distributing vapor and hot/cold water	KOREA	43.90%	48,353	12,373
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	15.00%	5,725	13,069
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	88,885	115,998
Korea Power Exchange (*6)	Management of power market and others	KOREA	100.00%	127,839	223,238
AMEC Partners Korea Ltd. (*3)	Resources development	KOREA	19.00%	707	225

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. (*9)	Power generation	KOREA	30.66%	71,070	1,031
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	Artificial light-weight aggregate	KOREA	36.10%	1,516	
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,810	4,750
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,420	3,131
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	3,875	3,383
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd. (*3, 10)	Power generation	KOREA	13.13%	25,477	29,873
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	30.00%	3,801	6,930
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	27.00%	1,296	2,073
SPC Power Corporation	Power generation	PHILIPPINES	38.00%	20,635	56,818
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	34.00%	413,153	680,065
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	Power generation	INDONESIA	27.50%	40,365	96,658
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd. (*4)	Resources development	NIGERIA	14.63%	12	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd. (*4)	Resources development	NIGERIA	14.63%	12	
PT Wampu Electric Power	Power generation	INDONESIA	46.00%	21,292	23,188
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	Resources development	INDONESIA	20.00%	615,860	402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	49.00%	132,300	123,912
Pioneer Gas Power Limited (*8)	Power generation	INDIA	40.00%	49,831	50,740
Eurasia Energy Holdings	Power generation and resources development	RUSSIA	40.00%	461	
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	LAOS	25.00%	49,119	51,544
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd. (*17)	Recycling fly ashes	KOREA	8.33%	50	
Green Biomass Co., Ltd. (*12)	Power generation	KOREA	14.00%	714	47
PT. Mutiara Jawa	Manufacturing and operating floating coal terminal	INDONESIA	29.00%	2,978	
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd. (*3, 11)	Recycling fly ashes	KOREA	2.35%	686	
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,740	1,217
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	29,200	25,438
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	1.12%	2,900	2,663
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	1.61%	2,900	2,646

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	40.00%	40	
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	28.00%	194	181
DS POWER Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	14.44%	17,900	7,190

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	Key operation activities	December 31, 2016		Acquisition cost	Book value
		Location	Percentage of ownership		
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	33.61%	₩ 61,535	46,876
KS Solar Co., Ltd. (*3)	Power generation	KOREA	19.00%	637	604
Yeongwol Energy Station Co., Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	10.00%	1,400	
Jinhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd. (*2)	Power generation	INDIA	5.16%	9,000	
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	47.76%	3,821	3,525
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,230	1,700
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	40.00%	5,580	4,000
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	Construction and service	KOREA	29.00%	290	2,810
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	14,564	13,803
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.) (*2)	Power generation	KOREA	18.87%	1,000	
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	Electric vehicle charge service	KOREA	28.00%	1,596	1,103
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	Renewable power generation	KOREA	29.85%	8,000	6,894
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	Electric material agency	KOREA	29.00%	290	248
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	27.00%	8,910	7,015
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund (*13)	Developing electric enterprises	KOREA	98.09%	51,500	50,856

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd. (*3)	Asset management	KOREA	9.90%	297	259
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	Renewable power generation	KOREA	28.00%	140	140
YaksuESS Co.,Ltd	Installing ESS related equipment	KOREA	29.00%	210	196
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited (*14)	Construction and operation of utility plant	NEPAL	52.77%	18,568	18,667
				2,134,911	4,092,252
<Joint ventures>					
KEPCO-Uhde Inc. (*7)	Power generation	KOREA	52.8%	11,355	301
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd. (*7)	Power generation	MALAYSIA	61.53%	9,661	
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	27,660	28,239
Shuweihat Asia Power Investment B.V.	Holding company	NETHERLANDS	49.00%	46,037	
Shuweihat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company (*7)	Maintenance of utility plant	CAYMAN	55.00%	30	450
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	Resources development	CANADA	36.97%	26,602	21,314
ASM-BG Investicii AD	Power generation	BULGARIA	50.00%	16,101	21,488
RES Technology AD	Power generation	BULGARIA	50.00%	15,595	13,582
KV Holdings, Inc.	Power generation	PHILIPPINES	40.00%	2,103	2,098
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation (*7)	Construction and operation of utility plant	PHILIPPINES	75.20%	94,579	245,367
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership (*5)	Resources development	CANADA	12.50%	5,404	
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	16,621	12,821
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	121,928	166,535
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	CHINA	40.00%	10,858	10,843
Rabigh Electricity Company	Power generation	SAUDI ARABIA	40.00%	109,743	97,802
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	Maintenance of utility plant	SAUDI ARABIA	40.00%	70	4,427
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	Power generation	JAMAICA	40.00%	301,910	249,453
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing	KOREA	45.00%	833	7,133

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	Key operation activities	Location	Percentage of ownership	December 31, 2016	
				Acquisition cost	Book value
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	25.00%	₩ 2,100	3,814
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	34.00%	204,000	205,948
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	Exporting products and technology of small or medium business by proxy	KOREA	29.00%	290	477
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	1,856	2,343
KODE NOVUS I LLC	Power generation	USA	50.00%	19,213	
KODE NOVUS II LLC	Power generation	USA	50.00%	12,756	
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	49.90%	4,990	3,015
Amman Asia Electric Power Company (*7)	Power generation	JORDAN	60.00%	111,476	153,857
KAPES, Inc. (*7)	R&D	KOREA	51.00%	5,629	4,758
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	34.00%	56,100	53,253
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	3,480	4,451
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.90%	52,700	50,592
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd. (*3)	Power generation	KOREA	15.00%	3,000	2,689
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	Power generation	VIETNAM	50.00%	1,788	229
Kelar S.A (*7)	Power generation	CHILE	65.00%	4,180	
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	Power generation	INDONESIA	35.00%	746	1,946
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	461	563
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	580	391

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daehan Wind Power PSC	Power generation	JORDAN	50.00%	285	16
Barakah One Company (*16)	Power generation	UAE	18.00%	118	116
Nawah Energy Company (*16)	Operation of utility plant	UAE	18.00%	296	290
MOMENTUM	International thermonuclear experimental reactor construction management	FRANCE	33.33%	1	67
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd. (*15)	Power generation	KOREA	29.00%	46,225	47,528
				1,349,360	1,418,196
				₩ 3,484,271	5,510,448

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

- (*1) The effective percentage of ownership is 21.57% considering treasury stocks.
- (*2) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint directors to the board of directors of the entity, and by strict decision criteria of the Company's financial and operating policy of the board of directors.
- (*3) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint a director to the board of directors of the entity.
- (*4) The Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint one out of four members of the steering committee of the entity. Moreover, the Company has significant financial transactions, which can affect its influence on the entity.
- (*5) The Company has joint control over the entity by virtue of its contractual right to appoint directors to the board of directors of the entity, and by strict decision criteria of the Company's financial and operating policy of the board of directors.
- (*6) The Government regulates the Company's ability to make operating and financial decisions over the entity, as the Government requires maintaining arms-length transactions between KPX and the Company's other subsidiaries. The Company can exercise significant influence by its right to nominate directors to the board of directors of the entity.
- (*7) According to the shareholders' agreement, all critical financial and operating decisions must be agreed to by all ownership parties. For these reasons, the entities are classified as joint ventures.
- (*8) As of reporting date, the annual reporting period of all associates and joint ventures ends on December 31, except for Pioneer Gas Power Limited whose reporting period ends on March 31.
- (*9) As of December 31, 2016, 15.64% of ownership of Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. is held by NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank. According to the shareholders' agreement reached on March 2011, not only does the Company have a call option to acquire the investment in Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. from NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank with a certain rate of return, NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NH Bank also have put options to dispose of their investment to the Company. In connection with this agreement, the Company applied the equity method on the investment in Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd. with 46.30% of ownership.
- (*10) The Company's percentage of ownership has decreased due to the acquisition of Daeryun Power Co., Ltd. and the effective percentage of ownership is 19.45% considering stock purchase options.
- (*11) The Company's effective percentage of ownership excluding the redeemable convertible preferred stock is 25.54%.
- (*12)

The effective percentage of ownership is less than 20% but the Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its contractual right to appoint a director to the board of directors of the entity and the fact that the dominant portion of the investee's sales transactions is generated from the Company.

- (*13) The effective percentage of ownership is more than 50% but the Company does not hold control over relevant business while it exercises significant influence by participating in the Investment Decision Committee. For this reason, the entity is classified as an associate.
- (*14) The effective percentage of ownership is more than 50%, but the Company does not control the entity according to the shareholders' agreement. For this reason, the entity is classified as an associate.
- (*15) The entity is reclassified from associates to joint ventures since the terms of the shareholders' agreement had been amended.
- (*16) The effective percentage of ownership is less than 20%, but the Company has joint control over the entity as decisions on the major activities require the unanimous consent of the parties that collectively control the entity.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(1) Investments in associates and joint ventures as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

(*17) Although the percentage of ownership temporarily decreased to 8.33% from the difference in timing of capital payment by shareholders, the Company can exercise significant influence by virtue of its right to appoint a director to the board of directors of the entity based on the shareholders' agreement. The percentage of ownership is 25.00% at the time of completion of capital payment.

(2) The fair value of associates which are actively traded on an open market and have a readily available market value as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:*In millions of won*

Investees	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
<Associates>		
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	₩ 43,394	45,474
Korea Gas Corporation	1,005,480	915,705
YTN Co., Ltd.	22,500	22,320
SPC Power Corporation	72,168	70,253
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	399,000	359,200

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows :

*In millions of won***June 30, 2017**

Investees	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehen- sive income (loss)		Ending balance
						Others		
<Associates>								
Korea Gas Corporation	₩ 1,933,877				50,980	(16,915)	110	1,968,052
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	20,475			(2,061)	2,656	100	(336)	20,834
YTN Co., Ltd.	38,156			(135)	(342)	916	12	38,607
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	12,373				(821)			11,552
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	13,069			(852)	877			13,094
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	115,998			(8,888)	11,093			118,203
Korea Power Exchange AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	223,238				11,200			234,438
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	225				(3)			222
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	1,031				(4,471)	358	3,082	
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	4,750				(144)			4,606
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,131				(20)			3,111
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,383				(104)			3,279

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	29,873		(2,463)			27,410	
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	6,930		(111)	(88)		6,731	
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	2,073			(326)		1,747	
SPC Power Corporation	56,818		(5,562)	3,089	(1,816)	(6)	52,523
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	680,065			1,808	(5,249)		676,624
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	96,658			3,422	589	(5,519)	95,150
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.				(1,118)	732	386	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.				(995)	671	324	
PT Wampu Electric Power	23,188			770		(1,324)	22,634
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	402,667						402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	123,912			(1,935)			121,977
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	50,740			(204)	(266)		50,270
Eurasia Energy Holdings							
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	51,544	15,148		(2,803)	(3,799)		60,090
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.				(20)		32	12
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.	47			(74)		420	393
PT. Mutiara Jawa Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.							
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	1,217			204			1,421
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	25,438			(692)			24,746
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	2,663			(36)			2,627
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	2,646			(31)			2,615
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.		23,720		(8,871)	(114)		14,735
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	181			(4)			177
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	7,190			(1,315)		12	5,887
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	46,876			(7,208)			39,668
KS Solar Co., Ltd.	604		(613)		9		

Yeongwol Energy Station Co., Ltd. (*1)					
Jinbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd.					
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	3,525		(23)	3,502	
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	1,700	(349)	257	1,608	
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	4,000		(155)	3,845	
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	2,810	(191)	655	16	3,290
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	13,803		(195)	13,608	
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)					
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	1,103		(262)	841	
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	6,894		(268)	6,626	
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	248		9	257	
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	7,015		1,524	8,539	

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

*In millions of won***June 30, 2017**

Investees	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehen- sive income (loss)		Ending balance
						Others		
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund	₩ 50,856				(1,990)			48,866
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.	259				122			381
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	140				(38)			102
YaksuESS Co.,Ltd	196				11			207
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	18,667				(275)	(995)		17,397
Gwangyang Green Energy Co., Ltd.		2,000			(34)			1,966
	4,092,252	40,868	(613)	(18,149)	51,349	(25,779)	(2,791)	4,137,137
<Joint ventures>								
KEPCO-Uhde Inc.	301				(26)			275
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.								
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	28,239				874	(216)		28,897
			(447)	(1,007)	4,904	18,357	1,096	22,903

Shuweihat Asia Power Investment B.V.						
Shuweihat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	450		462	(32)	100	980
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	21,314		(16)	(384)	(560)	20,354
ASM-BG Investicii AD	21,488		1,016	673		23,177
RES Technology AD	13,582		204	402		14,188
KV Holdings, Inc.	2,098		64	(146)		2,016
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	245,367	(23,776)	23,466	(18,468)	41	226,630
Canada Korea Uranium Limited partnership						
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Company Ltd.	12,821		(552)	(409)		11,860
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	166,535		6,275	(5,207)		167,603
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	10,843		583	(338)		11,088
Rabigh Electricity Company	97,802		4,039	(13,237)	84	88,688
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	4,427		1,260	(254)		5,433
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	249,453			(14,222)		235,231
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	7,133	15	(208)	1,302	(15)	8,227
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	3,814		(63)	382		4,133
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	205,948		6,473		10	212,431
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	477		47			524
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	2,343		(29)			2,314
KODE NOVUS I LLC						
KODE NOVUS II LLC						

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,015	200	(114)	3,101
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	153,857		10,430 (10,665)	153,622
KAPES, Inc.	4,758		1,778	6,536
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	53,253		(407)	52,846
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	4,451		(487) 179	4,143
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	50,592		21	50,613

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

*In millions of won***June 30, 2017**

Investees	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehen- sive income (loss)		Ending balance
						Others		
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	₩ 2,689				29			2,718
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	229	618			(486)	(3)		358
Kelar S.A		73,880			(6,169)	(412)	(1,641)	65,658
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	1,946				413		(2,359)	
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	563				9			572
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	391	14,790			(285)	(176)		14,720
Daehan Wind Power PSC	16				(17)	1		
Barakah One Company	116						(4)	112
Nawah Energy Company	290						(11)	279
MOMENTUM	67				68	7		142
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	47,528				(1,940)			45,588
Yeonggwang Wind Power Co., Ltd		15,375			(126)			15,249

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Chester Solar IV SpA	1,675					39		1,714
Chester Solar V SpA	526					6		532
Diego de Almagro Solar SpA	1,987					35		2,022
	1,418,196	109,066	(447)	(25,541)	54,111	(44,729)	(3,179)	1,507,477
	₩ 5,510,448	149,934	(1,060)	(43,690)	105,460	(70,508)	(5,970)	5,644,614

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

Investees	December 31, 2016							Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Others	
<Associates>								
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	₩ 80,267	3,347	(34,422)		(1,814)	148	(47,526)	
Korea Gas Corporation	2,102,813			(3,213)	(146,308)	(14,551)	(4,864)	1,933,877
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	18,994			(1,598)	4,491		(1,412)	20,475
YTN Co., Ltd.	38,365				(227)	32	(14)	38,156
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	19,490				(7,117)			12,373
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	12,890			(1,136)	1,270	45		13,069
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	113,664			(8,888)	11,222			115,998
Korea Power Exchange	208,735				15,847		(1,344)	223,238
AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	230				(5)			225
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	6,990				(21,163)		15,204	1,031
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	4,956				(206)			4,750

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.							
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	2,587	570	(26)				3,131
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,402		(19)				3,383
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	36,156		(6,282)	(1)			29,873
JinanJangsu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	77	(64)	(13)				
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	6,143		(190)	977			6,930
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	1,924			144	5		2,073
SPC Power Corporation	58,033		(7,151)	6,416	(477)	(3)	56,818
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	728,396		(16,476)	26,714	(58,493)	(76)	680,065
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	60,574		(1,242)	31,511	2,568	3,247	96,658
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.				(1,346)	(398)	1,744	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.				(973)	(356)	1,329	
Dolphin Property Limited	61		(35)		(69)	43	
PT Wampu Electric Power	18,963			3,493	(3)	735	23,188
PT. Bayan Resources TBK (*2)	525,066			(23,257)	208	(99,350)	402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	130,908			(7,006)		10	123,912
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	51,187			(698)	251		50,740
Eurasia Energy Holdings							
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	31,863	16,402		1,576	1,703		51,544
Busan Solar Co., Ltd.	925	(887)	(38)				
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.							
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.				(138)		185	47
PT. Mutiara Jawa Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.							

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	295	1,340	(418)		1,217
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	26,746		(1,308)		25,438
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	2,670		71	(78)	2,663
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	2,688		56	(98)	2,646
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.					
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	189		(10)	2	181
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	10,960		(3,738)	(32)	7,190
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	55,667		(8,757)	(34)	46,876
KS Solar Co., Ltd.	618		(14)		604
Yeongwol Energy Station Co., Ltd. (*1)	1,290		85	25 (1,400)	
Jimbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd. (*3)	8,350		(49)	(198) (8,103)	
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	3,575		(50)		3,525
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	1,886	(411)	225		1,700
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	702	3,900	(602)		4,000
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	1,805		1,005		2,810
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	14,512		(709)		13,803
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	904		(904)		

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	December 31, 2016							
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehen- sive income (loss)	Others	Ending balance
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	₩ 1,446				(343)			1,103
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	7,417				(516)		(7)	6,894
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	289				(41)			248
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.		8,910			(1,895)			7,015
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund		51,500			(644)			50,856
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.		297			(38)			259
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.		140						140
YaksuESS Co.,Ltd		210			(14)			196
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited							18,667	18,667

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

4,405,668 86,616 (35,373) (40,340) (131,583) (69,561) (123,175) 4,092,252

<Joint ventures>

KEPCO-Uhde Inc. (*4)	8,549			(159)		(8,089)	301
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.							
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	27,640			1,417	(818)		28,239
Shuweihat Asia Power Investment B.V.	20,474	(14,154)	(2,957)	6,131	(9,494)		
Shuweihat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	486		(931)	941	(46)		450
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	20,299				1,138	(123)	21,314
ASM-BG Investicii AD	20,203			1,508	(223)		21,488
RES Technology AD	13,789			(68)	(139)		13,582
KV Holdings, Inc.	2,010		(302)	429	(39)		2,098
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	208,524		(5,955)	48,132	(5,308)	(26)	245,367
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership							
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	16,107			(2,836)	(450)		12,821
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	171,224		(7,384)	7,455	(4,760)		166,535
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	10,580		(440)	1,002	(299)		10,843
Rabigh Electricity Company	59,368			18,961	19,473		97,802
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	3,586		(1,934)	2,253	229	293	4,427
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	241,918				7,535		249,453
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	4,985		(2,191)	4,344		(5)	7,133

Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	3,678		(185)	321			3,814
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	200,379			5,575		(6)	205,948
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	426			51			477
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	2,100			243			2,343
KODE NOVUS I LLC							
KODE NOVUS II LLC		258		(260)		2	
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,352			(337)			3,015
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	137,668		(12,684)	17,811	11,062		153,857
KAPES, Inc.	4,501			311		(54)	4,758
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	48,281	5,100		(696)	(26)	594	53,253
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	3,926		(104)	629			4,451
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	17,765			359	543	(18,667)	
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	31,976	19,832		(1,121)	(95)		50,592
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	2,668			16		5	2,689
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	269	716		(740)	(16)		229

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(3) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

Investees	December 31, 2016							Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Dividends received	Share of income (loss)	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Others	
Kelar S.A	₩							
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	617				1,337		(8)	1,946
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	514				41	8		563
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.					(197)	793	(205)	391
Daehan Wind Power PSC		285			(261)	(8)		16
Barakah One Company		118					(2)	116
Nawah Energy Company		296					(6)	290
MOMENTUM		1			65		1	67
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.							47,528	47,528
	1,287,862	26,606	(14,154)	(35,067)	112,657	19,060	21,232	1,418,196
	₩5,693,530	113,222	(49,527)	(75,407)	(18,926)	(50,501)	(101,943)	5,510,448

(*1) Others include ₩1,400 million of assets held-for-sale (note 41).

- (*2) It was determined that there is objective evidence of impairment due to prolonged operating losses. As a result, the Company recognized an impairment loss of ~~₩~~99,338 million in impairment loss on investments in associates and joint ventures for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- (*3) Due to discontinuation of operations during the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized an impairment loss of ~~₩~~8,103 million in impairment loss on investments in associates and joint ventures for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- (*4) It was determined that there is objective evidence of impairment due to prolonged operating losses. As a result, the Company recognized an impairment loss of ~~₩~~8,099 million in impairment loss on investments in associates and joint ventures for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(4) Summary of financial information of associates and joint ventures as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017			Profit (loss) for the period
Investees	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	
<Associates>				
Korea Gas Corporation	₩ 38,822,325	29,279,338	11,743,996	238,454
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	164,474	92,634	158,550	13,465
YTN Co., Ltd.	310,229	129,965	57,870	(3,039)
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	463,231	442,479	32,573	(1,874)
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	88,492	1,526	12,940	6,050
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	1,137,850	730,253	236,292	38,257
Korea Power Exchange	265,671	34,356	51,198	8,400
AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	1,170	2	21	(16)
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	497,784	499,940	45,248	(8,929)
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	2,104	327		(44)
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	43,621	23,393	3,937	1,265
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	12,445			(52)
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	76,429	61,878	4,847	1,044
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	788,651	652,961	82,148	(12,158)
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	37,922	13,722	3,895	1,468
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	24,906	17,185	1,748	132
SPC Power Corporation	174,648	36,430	26,379	20,840
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	5,497,562	3,507,490	588,790	6,637
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	985,781	639,782	123,994	12,036
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.	257,095	344,977		(5,310)
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.	155,927	236,459		(4,865)
PT Wampu Electric Power	208,579	159,375	10,140	4,006
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	886,174	690,379	233,784	71,895
S-Power Co., Ltd.	844,363	591,575	262,945	(4,060)
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	361,880	294,244	22,651	(512)

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Eurasia Energy Holdings	583	1,040		
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	837,819	588,818		(11,216)
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.	520	378		(90)
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.	9,099	6,289	1,335	(507)
PT. Mutiara Jawa	27,020	33,140	5,941	161
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.	23,718	176		(348)
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	125,425	120,524	19,424	706
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	117,162	18,179	3,256	(2,769)
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	858,753	616,154		(3,140)
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	180,459	12,080		(1,449)
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	95,227	43,926		(2,298)
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	2,836	2,211	197	(16)
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	702,132	606,030	164,735	(12,349)
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	1,613,270	1,392,079	438,454	(21,980)
Jinbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd.	69,602	14,374		
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	7,333			(47)
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	17,781	12,235	2,056	885
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	49,765	40,153		(376)
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	13,944	2,598	10,222	2,493
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	179,395	132,471	989	(672)
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	10,489	12,058		(863)
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	8,473	5,470	1,611	(938)
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	24,184	1,984		(899)
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	1,334	446	394	31
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	138,184	106,558		(269)
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund	49,944	130	186	(2,029)
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.	4,027	178	2,877	1,243
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	380	16		(136)
YaksuESS Co., Ltd	7,425	6,716	152	36
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	43,531	8,900		(470)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(4) Summary of financial information of associates and joint ventures as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017			Profit (loss) for the period
Investees	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	
Gwangyang Green Energy Co., Ltd.	10,837	1,096		(170)
<Joint ventures>				
KEPCO-Uhde Inc.	₩ 543	3		(51)
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.				
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	141,916	69,674	9,766	2,236
Shuweiha Asia Power Investment B.V.	46,741			3,181
Shuweiha Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	1,784		1,161	840
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	56,075	97		
ASM-BG Investicii AD	81,869	35,514	6,540	2,072
RES Technology AD	70,239	41,862	4,250	467
KV Holdings, Inc.	5,040		684	684
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	347,600	46,230	93,085	32,242
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership	129	54		(62)
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	84,589	54,939	3,493	(1,384)
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	786,551	367,420	54,726	15,782
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	60,816	33,096	4,450	1,457
Rabigh Electricity Company	2,524,683	2,120,214	144,018	29,820
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	21,477	7,894	12,586	3,230
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	1,245,647	699,958	378,721	11,143
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	27,146	10,288	6,486	2,894
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	47,332	30,801	4,357	1,528
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	2,034,282	1,409,485	108,219	18,943
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	2,613	807	1,010	182
	19,406	11,428	1,447	129

Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co.,
Ltd.

KODE NOVUS I LLC	4,176	112,570		(2,351)
KODE NOVUS II LLC	2,599	48,865		(1,919)
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	6,247	34		(229)
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	825,651	569,467	8,963	17,636
KAPES, Inc.	104,145	91,330	69,985	3,485
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	148,386	657		(1,169)
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	39,235	25,060	3,016	617
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	631,388	462,126	19,596	198
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	97,577	79,495	5,603	190
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	966	251		(961)
Kelar S.A	654,461	556,654	45,780	8,983
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	294,442	297,987	106,932	1,179
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	7,488	5,517	1,410	30
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	253,744	202,984	16,772	(716)
Daehan Wind Power PSC	997	1,293		(331)
Barakah One Company	16,141,430	16,140,809		
Nawah Energy Company				
MOMENTUM	6,765	6,340	4,588	180
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	611,221	528,491	136,047	(6,692)
Yeonggwang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	110,771	74,141		(308)
Chester Solar IV SpA	2,096	88		
Chester Solar V SpA	661	36		
Diego de Almagro Solar SpA	2,472			

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(4) Summary of financial information of associates and joint ventures as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

Investees	December 31, 2016			Profit (loss) for the period
	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	
<Associates>				
Korea Gas Corporation	₩ 39,927,836	30,541,350	21,108,116	(673,558)
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	144,346	73,742	304,067	17,187
YTN Co., Ltd.	304,536	126,324	130,690	2,051
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	469,843	447,216	46,484	(16,127)
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	102,550	15,753	22,774	8,133
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	1,151,975	751,981	469,547	38,743
Korea Power Exchange	255,533	32,295	101,222	15,087
AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	1,216	32	103	(25)
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	505,979	499,205	61,813	(45,800)
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	2,157	336		(105)
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	43,162	24,162	5,741	(2,796)
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	12,523	1		(106)
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	75,440	61,909	3,997	(45)
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	793,283	644,930	249,558	(32,291)
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	37,878	15,162	5,782	1,739
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	25,878	18,199	4,006	638
SPC Power Corporation	191,562	42,042	73,674	42,617
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	5,822,879	3,821,905	1,233,972	66,370
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	988,975	637,491	265,813	114,653
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.	272,964	358,211		(7,051)
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.	165,396	243,713		(6,562)
PT Wampu Electric Power	222,004	171,595	19,260	7,550
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	945,436	845,963	593,441	402
S-Power Co., Ltd.	886,841	629,992	453,606	(14,885)
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	345,791	276,978	14,353	396

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Eurasia Energy Holdings	618	1,103		
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	772,699	543,472		6,458
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.		20		
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.	9,336	9,001	2,892	(972)
PT. Mutiara Jawa	28,104	34,671	7,175	(1,361)
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.	24,143	254		(1,945)
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	115,062	110,866	203	(1,155)
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	104,029	2,276	4,912	(5,230)
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	356,546	110,753		(5,489)
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	176,805	6,503		(3,494)
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	54,174	60,518		(3,291)
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	2,937	2,297	427	(47)
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	726,699	618,793	276,324	(10,031)
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	1,670,945	1,427,773	946,379	(27,936)
KS Solar Co., Ltd.	27,213	24,035	4,152	(79)
Jinbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd.	70,273	14,513		(950)
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	7,381			(103)
Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	18,909	13,047	3,317	739
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	13,199	3,199		(1,496)
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	13,401	3,713	27,394	3,463
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	147,843	100,247		(2,444)
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu				
Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	11,340	12,037		(5,489)
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	10,545	6,604	5,177	(1,225)
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	24,836	1,738		(1,730)
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	1,363	507	372	(140)
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	127,880	101,900	983	(6,307)
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund	51,970	128	3	(647)
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.	2,779	160	32	(381)
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	500			
YaksuESS Co., Ltd	6,474	5,801		(48)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(4) Summary of financial information of associates and joint ventures as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

Investees	December 31, 2016			Profit (loss) for the period
	Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	43,788	10,477		(703)
<Joint ventures>				
KEPCO-Uhde Inc.	₩ 624	33		(16,855)
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.				
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	142,684	72,086	18,628	3,462
Shuweihat Asia Power Investment B.V.	282	4		12,380
Shuweihat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	1,016	13	2,388	1,723
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	56,181	47		
ASM-BG Investicii AD	79,898	36,921	12,604	3,105
RES Technology AD	68,553	41,389	7,798	(139)
KV Holdings, Inc.	5,245	1		1,072
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	448,069	121,783	165,046	63,689
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership	285	144		(59)
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	89,517	57,464	4,263	(6,815)
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	813,804	397,344	99,795	19,042
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	62,600	35,493	8,742	2,505
Rabigh Electricity Company	2,691,654	2,258,772	278,431	37,791
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	25,032	13,965	25,607	4,870
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	1,291,008	659,296	827,298	25,324
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	26,417	11,990	26,481	9,452
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	47,789	32,533	6,770	1,247
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	1,952,297	1,346,568	19,851	16,396
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	1,661	18	2,667	205

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	20,790	12,710	3,395	960
KODE NOVUS I LLC	14,286	104,252	2,362	(50,151)
KODE NOVUS II LLC	3,236	50,267	810	(22,582)
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	6,076	34		(675)
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	881,164	624,590	13,631	29,684
KAPES, Inc.	145,576	136,247	31,852	456
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	149,926	1,001		(2,023)
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	41,614	26,375	6,776	2,171
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	548,306	379,113		(3,684)
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	99,773	81,881	11,208	(26)
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	757	302		(1,481)
Kelar S.A	617,803	712,124		(4,109)
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	203,051	197,491	122,583	3,821
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	7,902	5,961	2,985	168
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	235,905	234,556		(543)
Daehan Wind Power PSC	750	714		(523)
Barakah One Company	17,117,338	17,116,680		
Nawah Energy Company	1,645			
MOMENTUM	2,749	2,547	2,886	194
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	636,438	547,017	265,621	(3,981)

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(5) Financial information of associates and joint ventures reconciled to the Company's investments in consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

Investees	Net assets	June 30, 2017					Book value
		Percentage of ownership (*)	Share in net assets	Investment differential	Intercompany transaction	Others	
<Associates>							
Korea Gas Corporation	₩ 9,542,987	21.57%	2,058,422			(90,370)	1,968,052
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	71,840	29.00%	20,834				20,834
YTN Co., Ltd.	180,264	21.43%	38,631			(24)	38,607
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	20,752	43.90%	9,110	2,584		(142)	11,552
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	86,966	15.00%	13,045			49	13,094
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	407,597	29.00%	118,203				118,203
Korea Power Exchange AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	231,315	100.00%	231,315			3,123	234,438
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	1,168	19.00%	222				222
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	(2,156)	46.30%	(998)			(1,058)	2,056
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	1,777	36.10%	641				(641)
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	20,228	25.00%	5,057			(451)	4,606
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	12,445	25.00%	3,111				3,111
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	14,551	25.00%	3,637			(358)	3,279
	135,690	19.45%	26,392	1,014		4	27,410
	24,200	30.00%	7,260			(529)	6,731

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.							
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	7,721	27.00%	2,085		(338)		1,747
SPC Power Corporation	138,218	38.00%	52,523				52,523
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	1,990,072	34.00%	676,624				676,624
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	345,999	27.50%	95,150				95,150
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.	(87,882)	14.63%	(12,857)			12,857	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.	(80,532)	14.63%	(11,782)			11,782	
PT Wampu Electric Power	49,204	46.00%	22,634				22,634
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	195,795	20.00%	39,159	482,109		(118,601)	402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	252,788	49.00%	123,866		(1,889)		121,977
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	67,636	40.00%	27,054	23,147		69	50,270
Eurasia Energy Holdings	(457)	40.00%	(183)			183	
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	249,001	25.00%	62,250	(1,129)	(742)	(289)	60,090
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.	142	8.33%	12				12
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.	2,810	14.00%	393				393
PT. Mutiara Jawa	(6,120)	29.00%	(1,775)	70		1,705	
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.	23,542	2.35%	553			(553)	
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	4,901	29.00%	1,421				1,421
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	98,983	25.00%	24,746				24,746
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	242,599	1.12%	2,706		(79)		2,627
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	168,379	1.61%	2,713		(98)		2,615
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	51,301	40.00%	20,520	(10)	(5,775)		14,735
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	625	28.00%	175			2	177
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	96,102	14.44%	13,877		(7,177)	(813)	5,887
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	221,191	33.61%	74,342		(4,768)	(29,906)	39,668
Jinbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd.	55,228	5.16%	2,850			(2,850)	
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	7,333	47.76%	3,502				3,502

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	5,546	29.00%	1,608		1,608
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	9,612	40.00%	3,845		3,845
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	11,346	29.00%	3,290		3,290
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	46,924	29.00%	13,608		13,608
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	(1,569)	18.87%	(296)	296	
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	3,003	28.00%	841		841
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	22,200	29.85%	6,627	(1)	6,626
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	888	29.00%	257		257
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	31,626	27.00%	8,539		8,539
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund	49,814	98.09%	48,863	3	48,866
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.	3,849	9.90%	381		381
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	364	28.00%	102		102.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(5) Financial information of associates and joint ventures reconciled to the Company's investments in consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:

In millions of won

Investees	June 30, 2017						
	Net assets	Percentage of ownership (*)	Share in net assets	Investment differential	Intercompany transaction	Others	Book value
YaksuESS Co., Ltd	₩ 709	29.00%	206			1	207
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	34,631	47.69%	16,516	971		(90)	17,397
Gwangyang Green Energy Co., Ltd.	9,741	20.00%	1,948			18	1,966
<Joint ventures>							
KEPCO-Uhde Inc.	540	50.85%	275				275
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.		61.53%					
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	72,242	40.00%	28,897				28,897
Shuweihaat Asia Power Investment B.V.	46,741	49.00%	22,903				22,903
Shuweihaat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	1,784	55.00%	981			(1)	980
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	55,978	36.36%	20,354				20,354
ASM-BG Investicii AD	46,355	50.00%	23,178			(1)	23,177
RES Technology AD	28,377	50.00%	14,188				14,188
KV Holdings, Inc.	5,040	40.00%	2,016				2,016
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	301,370	75.20%	226,630				226,630
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership	75	12.50%	9			(9)	
Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	29,650	40.00%	11,860				11,860

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	419,131	40.00%	167,652		(49)	167,603
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	27,720	40.00%	11,088			11,088
Rabigh Electricity Company Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	404,469	40.00%	161,788	(73,144)	44	88,688
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	13,583	40.00%	5,433			5,433
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	545,689	40.00%	218,276	(80,161)	97,116	235,231
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	16,858	45.00%	7,586	90	551	8,227
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	16,531	25.00%	4,133			4,133
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	624,797	34.00%	212,431			212,431
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	1,806	29.00%	524			524
KODE NOVUS I LLC	7,978	29.00%	2,314			2,314
KODE NOVUS II LLC	(108,394)	50.00%	(54,197)	4,732	49,465	
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	(46,266)	50.00%	(23,133)		23,133	
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	6,213	49.90%	3,101			3,101
KAPES, Inc.	256,184	60.00%	153,710		(88)	153,622
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	12,815	51.00%	6,536			6,536
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	147,729	34.00%	50,228	2,618		52,846
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	14,175	29.00%	4,111	32		4,143
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	169,262	29.90%	50,609	4		50,613
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	18,082	15.00%	2,712	6		2,718
Kelar S.A	715	50.00%	358			358
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	97,807	65.00%	63,575		2,083	65,658
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	(3,545)	35.00%	(1,241)		1,241	
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	1,971	29.00%	572			572
Daehan Wind Power PSC	50,760	29.00%	14,720			14,720
Barakah One Company	(296)	50.00%	(148)		148	
Nawah Energy Company	621	18.00%	112			112
MOMENTUM		18.00%			279	279
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	425	33.33%	142			142
Yeonggwang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	82,730	29.00%	23,992	84	21,512	45,588
Chester Solar IV SpA	36,630	41.00%	15,018	231		15,249
Chester Solar V SpA	2,008	81.82%	1,643		71	1,714
Diego de Almagro Solar SpA	625	81.82%	511		21	532
	2,472	81.82%	2,022			2,022

(*) The percentage of ownership shown above is after considering the treasury stocks and others.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(5) **Financial information of associates and joint ventures reconciled to the Company's investments in consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

Investees	Net assets	December 31, 2016					Book value
		Percentage of ownership (*)	Share in net assets	Investment differential	Intercompany transaction	Others	
<Associates>							
Korea Gas Corporation	₩9,386,486	21.57%	2,024,665			(90,788)	1,933,877
Korea Electric Power Industrial Development Co., Ltd.	70,604	29.00%	20,475				20,475
YTN Co., Ltd.	178,212	21.43%	38,191		(30)	(5)	38,156
Cheongna Energy Co., Ltd.	22,627	43.90%	9,933	2,584	(144)		12,373
Gangwon Wind Power Co., Ltd.	86,797	15.00%	13,020			49	13,069
Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.	399,994	29.00%	115,998				115,998
Korea Power Exchange AMEC Partners Korea Ltd.	223,238	100.00%	223,238				223,238
Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.	1,184	19.00%	225				225
Ecollite Co., Ltd.	6,774	46.30%	3,136		(1,079)	(1,026)	1,031
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	1,821	36.10%	657			(657)	
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	19,000	25.00%	4,750				4,750
Taebaek Guinemi Wind Power Co., Ltd.	12,522	25.00%	3,131				3,131
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	13,531	25.00%	3,383				3,383
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	148,353	19.45%	28,855	1,014		4	29,873
	22,716	30.00%	6,815			115	6,930

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.							
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	7,679	27.00%	2,073				2,073
SPC Power Corporation	149,520	38.00%	56,818				56,818
Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.	2,000,974	34.00%	680,331		(266)		680,065
PT. Cirebon Electric Power	351,484	27.50%	96,658				96,658
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.	(85,247)	14.63%	(12,472)			12,472	
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.	(78,317)	14.63%	(11,458)			11,458	
PT Wampu Electric Power	50,409	46.00%	23,188				23,188
PT. Bayan Resources TBK	99,473	20.00%	19,895	482,109		(99,337)	402,667
S-Power Co., Ltd.	256,849	49.00%	125,856		(1,944)		123,912
Pioneer Gas Power Limited	68,813	40.00%	27,525	23,147		68	50,740
Eurasia Energy Holdings	(485)	40.00%	(194)			194	
Xe-Pian Xe-Namnoy Power Co., Ltd.	229,227	25.00%	57,307	(4,802)	(672)	(289)	51,544
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.	(20)	25.00%	(5)			5	
Green Biomass Co., Ltd.	335	14.00%	47				47
PT. Mutiara Jawa	(6,567)	29.00%	(1,904)	70		1,834	
Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.	23,889	2.35%	561			(561)	
Noeul Green Energy Co., Ltd.	4,196	29.00%	1,217				1,217
Naepo Green Energy Co., Ltd.	101,753	25.00%	25,438				25,438
Goseong Green Energy Co., Ltd.	245,793	1.12%	2,742			(79)	2,663
Gangneung Eco Power Co., Ltd.	170,302	1.61%	2,744			(98)	2,646
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	(6,344)	40.00%	(2,538)		(3,380)	5,918	
Heang Bok Do Si Photovoltaic Power Co., Ltd.	640	28.00%	179			2	181
DS POWER Co., Ltd.	107,906	14.44%	15,582		(7,302)	(1,090)	7,190
Dongducheon Dream Power Co., Ltd.	243,172	33.61%	81,730		(4,768)	(30,086)	46,876
KS Solar Co., Ltd.	3,178	19.00%	604				604
Jinbhuvish Power Generation Pvt. Ltd.	55,760	5.16%	2,877			(2,877)	
SE Green Energy Co., Ltd.	7,381	47.76%	3,525				3,525

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Daegu Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.	5,862	29.00%	1,700		1,700
Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	10,000	40.00%	4,000		4,000
Korea Power Engineering Service Co., Ltd.	9,688	29.00%	2,810		2,810
Busan Green Energy Co., Ltd.	47,596	29.00%	13,803		13,803
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	(697)	18.87%	(132)	132	
Korea Electric Vehicle Charging Service	3,941	28.00%	1,103		1,103
Ulleungdo Natural Energy Co., Ltd.	23,098	29.85%	6,895	(1)	6,894
Korea Nuclear Partners Co., Ltd.	856	29.00%	248		248
Tamra Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	25,980	27.00%	7,015		7,015
Korea Electric Power Corporation Fund	51,842	98.09%	50,852	4	50,856

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

- (5) **Financial information of associates and joint ventures reconciled to the Company's investments in consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:**

In millions of won

Investees	December 31, 2016					Book value
	Net assets	Percentage of ownership (*)	Share in net assets	Investment differential	Intercompany transaction Others	
Energy Infra Asset Management Co., Ltd.	₩ 2,619	9.90%	259			259
Daegu clean Energy Co., Ltd.	500	28.00%	140			140
YaksuESS Co.,Ltd	673	29.00%	195		1	196
Nepal Water & Energy Development Company Private Limited	33,311	52.77%	17,578	972	117	18,667
<Joint ventures>						
KEPCO-Uhde Inc.	591	50.85%	301			301
Eco Biomass Energy Sdn. Bhd.		61.53%				
Datang Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	70,598	40.00%	28,239			28,239
Shuweihat Asia Power Investment B.V.	278	49.00%	136		(136)	
Shuweihat Asia Operation & Maintenance Company	1,003	55.00%	552		(102)	450
Waterbury Lake Uranium L.P.	56,134	36.97%	20,753		561	21,314
ASM-BG Investicii AD	42,977	50.00%	21,489		(1)	21,488
RES Technology AD	27,164	50.00%	13,582			13,582
KV Holdings, Inc.	5,244	40.00%	2,098			2,098
KEPCO SPC Power Corporation	326,286	75.20%	245,367			245,367
Canada Korea Uranium Limited Partnership	141	12.50%	18		(18)	

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Gansu Datang Yumen Wind Power Co., Ltd.	32,053	40.00%	12,821			12,821
Datang Chifeng Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	416,460	40.00%	166,584		(49)	166,535
Datang KEPCO Chaoyang Renewable Power Co., Ltd.	27,107	40.00%	10,843			10,843
Rabigh Electricity Company	432,882	40.00%	173,153	(75,311)	(40)	97,802
Rabigh Operation & Maintenance Company Limited	11,067	40.00%	4,427			4,427
Jamaica Public Service Company Limited	631,712	40.00%	252,685	(80,161)	76,929	249,453
KW Nuclear Components Co., Ltd.	14,427	45.00%	6,492	90	551	7,133
Busan Shinho Solar Power Co., Ltd.	15,256	25.00%	3,814			3,814
GS Donghae Electric Power Co., Ltd.	605,729	34.00%	205,948			205,948
Global Trade Of Power System Co., Ltd.	1,643	29.00%	476		1	477
Expressway Solar-light Power Generation Co., Ltd.	8,080	29.00%	2,343			2,343
KODE NOVUS I LLC	(89,966)	50.00%	(44,983)	4,732	40,251	
KODE NOVUS II LLC	(47,031)	50.00%	(23,516)		23,516	
Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.	6,042	49.90%	3,015			3,015
Amman Asia Electric Power Company	256,574	60.00%	153,944		(87)	153,857
KAPES, Inc.	9,329	51.00%	4,758			4,758
Dangjin Eco Power Co., Ltd.	148,925	34.00%	50,635	2,618		53,253
Honam Wind Power Co., Ltd.	15,239	29.00%	4,419	32		4,451
Chun-cheon Energy Co., Ltd.	169,193	29.90%	50,589	3		50,592
Yeonggwangbaeksu Wind Power Co., Ltd.	17,892	15.00%	2,684	5		2,689
Nghi Son 2 Power Ltd.	455	50.00%	228		1	229
Kelar S.A	(94,321)	65.00%	(61,309)	2,424	58,885	
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	5,560	35.00%	1,946			1,946
Incheon New Power Co., Ltd.	1,941	29.00%	563			563
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.	1,349	29.00%	391			391
Daehan Wind Power PSC	36	50.00%	18		(2)	16
Barakah One Company	658	18.00%	118		(2)	116
Nawah Energy Company	1,645	18.00%	296		(6)	290
MOMENTUM	202	33.33%	67			67
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	89,421	29.00%	25,932	84	21,512	47,528

(*) The percentage of ownership shown above is after considering the treasury stocks and others.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(6) As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, unrecognized equity interest in investments in associates and joint ventures whose book value has been reduced to zero due to accumulated losses are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Unrecognized equity interest	Accumulated unrecognized equity interest	Unrecognized equity interest	Accumulated unrecognized equity interest
Shin Pyeongtaek Power Co., Ltd.	₩ (2,537)		1,211	2,537
Seokmun Energy Co., Ltd.			(205)	
Kelar S.A	(61,309)		43,920	61,309
Hadong Mineral Fiber Co., Ltd.	(5)			5
PT. Mutiara Jawa	(130)	1,775	554	1,905
Eurasia Energy Holdings	(11)	183	6	194
KODE NOVUS I LLC	9,214	54,197	22,194	44,983
KODE NOVUS II LLC	(382)	23,133	12,340	23,515
Gunsan Bio Energy Co., Ltd. (formerly, Jungbu Bio Energy Co., Ltd.)	164	296	132	132
PT. Tanjung Power Indonesia	1,241	1,241		
Daehan Wind Power PSC	148	148		

(7) As of June 30, 2017, shareholders agreements on investments in associates and joint ventures that may cause future economic resource or cash outflows are as follows:

(i) Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd.

Gemeng International Energy Co., Ltd., issued put options on 8% of its shares to its financial investors, KEPCO Woori Sprott PEF (NPS Co-Pa PEF). If the investment fund is not collected until the maturity date (December 25, 2023, two years extension is possible), PEF can exercise the option at strike price which is the same as a principal investment price (including operating fees ratio of below 1% per annum), and also, the Company provided a performance guarantee on this agreement.

(ii) Hyundai Energy Co., Ltd.

The Company had placed guarantees for a fixed return on the investment to NH Power II Co., Ltd. and National Agricultural Cooperative Federation (NACF) and had obtained the rights to acquire the investment securities in return preferentially. In addition, NH Power II Co., Ltd. and NACF have a right, which can be exercised for 30 days starting from 2 months to 1 month prior to 17 years after the termination date of the contract to sell their shares to the Company.

(iii) Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.

In case non-controlling shareholders decide to dispose of their shares in Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd. after the warrant period of defect repair for wind power generator has expired, the Company acquires those shares at fair value. The acquisition is to be made after the conditions of the acquisition are discussed among the parties involved, with consideration of various factors such as financial status and business situation.

(iv) Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.

In case non-controlling shareholders decide to dispose of their shares in Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd. after commercial operation of the power plant has started, the Company acquires those shares at fair value. The acquisition is to be made after the conditions of the acquisition are discussed among the parties involved, with the careful consideration of various factors such as financial status and business situation.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued

(7) As of June 30, 2017, shareholders agreements on investments in associates and joint ventures that may cause future economic costs or cash outflows are as follows, continued:

(v) Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd.

In case non-controlling shareholders decide to dispose of their shares in Jeongam Wind Power Co., Ltd. after the construction of the power plant has been completed, the Company is obligated to acquire those shares at fair value.

(vi) Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd.

In case Samsung Heavy Industries Co., Ltd., a co-participant of the joint venture agreement, decides to dispose of its shares in Daejung Offshore Wind Power Co., Ltd., the Company is obligated to acquire those shares after evaluating the economic feasibility of the facilities installed by Samsung Heavy Industries Co., Ltd.

(vii) DS Power Co., Ltd.

The Company has a put option to sell all shares and bonds of DS POWER Co., Ltd. to Daesung Industrial Co., Ltd. and Daesung Industrial Co., Ltd. has a call option to purchase all shares and bonds of DS POWER CO., Ltd. which the Company owned. With regard to the call option, Daesung Industrial Co., Ltd. or an authoritative party appointed by Daesung Industrial Co., Ltd. can purchase the shares.

(viii) Samcheok Eco Materials Co., Ltd.

The Company has the rights to purchase the stocks should preferred stockholders elect to sell their stocks on the expected sell date (3 years from preferred stock payment date) and is required to guarantee the promised yield when preferred stockholders sell their stocks.

(ix) Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd.

As of June 30, 2017, Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd., an associate of the Company, which engages in the byproduct gas power generating business, entered into a project financing agreement with a limit of ₩919.2 billion with Korea Development Bank and others. At a certain period in the future, the Company has an appraisal right against the financial investors (Korea Development Bank and others) and also has an obligation to sell its shares when claimed by the financial investors. At a certain period in the future, the Company has an appraisal right against Hyundai Steel Company and a third party designated by Hyundai Steel Company (collectively, Hyundai Steel Company), the operating investor of Hyundai Green Power Co., Ltd., according to the conditions of the agreement and also has an

obligation to sell its shares upon request from Hyundai Steel Company.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

17. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, Continued**(8) Significant restrictions on the Company's abilities on associates or joint ventures are as follows:**

Company	Nature and extent of any significant restrictions
KNOC Nigerian East Oil Co., Ltd.,	The Company has stopped its operation in Nigeria due to an ongoing litigation and payment or retrieval of investments, loans and advances are restricted until the legal dispute is resolved.
KNOC Nigerian West Oil Co., Ltd.	
Daeryun Power Co., Ltd.	Principals on subordinated loans or dividends can only be paid when all conditions of the loan agreement are satisfied or prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained.
Changjuk Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Principals on subordinated loans or dividends can only be paid when all conditions of the loan agreement are satisfied or prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained.
Taebaek Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Financial institutions can reject or defer an approval with regard to the request for fund executions on subordinated loans of shareholders in order to pay senior loans based on the loan agreement.
Pyeongchang Wind Power Co., Ltd.	Principals on subordinated loans or dividends can only be paid when all conditions of the loan agreement are satisfied or prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained.
Daegu Green Power Co., Ltd.	Principals on subordinated loans or dividends can only be paid when all conditions of the loan agreement are satisfied or prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained. Shares cannot be wholly or partially transferred without prior written consent of financial institutions is obtained.
KNH Solar Co., Ltd.	Principal and interest, dividends to shareholders cannot be paid without written consent of financial institutions.
DS Power Co., Ltd.	Shares cannot be wholly or partially transferred, except as permitted by the agreement.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

18. Property, Plant and Equipment**(1) Property, plant and equipment as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017				
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated impairment losses (*)	Book value
Land	₩ 13,147,970	(21,973)			13,125,997
Buildings	18,295,764	(59,418)	(6,323,659)	(853)	11,911,834
Structures	64,320,881	(195,780)	(20,984,996)	(1,183)	43,138,922
Machinery	71,271,458	(105,196)	(26,620,152)	(2,391)	44,543,719
Ships	4,175		(3,714)		461
Vehicles	267,524	(4,029)	(184,915)		78,580
Equipment	1,346,229	(703)	(967,746)		377,780
Tools	962,014	(280)	(778,263)		183,471
Construction-in-progress	28,884,667	(140,065)		(38,108)	28,706,494
Finance lease assets	2,390,711		(2,037,430)		353,281
Asset retirement costs	7,096,163		(3,223,573)		3,872,590
Others	10,794,212		(8,441,069)		2,353,143
	₩ 218,781,768	(527,444)	(69,565,517)	(42,535)	148,646,272

(*) The Company separately recognizes impairment loss on each asset, reflecting various factors such as physical impairment and others during the replacement.

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016				
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated impairment losses (*)	Book value
Land	₩ 12,969,741	(3,204)			12,966,537
Buildings	17,722,326	(61,188)	(5,936,849)	(853)	11,723,436

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Structures	63,291,437	(197,641)	(19,959,839)	(1,183)	43,132,774
Machinery	67,769,168	(111,064)	(24,344,832)	(2,391)	43,310,881
Ships	4,175		(3,625)		550
Vehicles	247,751	(107)	(176,781)		70,863
Equipment	1,270,660	(732)	(894,265)		375,663
Tools	921,115	(430)	(742,083)		178,602
Construction-in-progress	27,334,368	(135,807)		(38,108)	27,160,453
Finance lease assets	2,390,779		(1,984,426)		406,353
Asset retirement costs	7,129,771		(3,064,359)		4,065,412
Others	10,361,294		(8,009,762)		2,351,532
	₩ 211,412,585	(510,173)	(65,116,821)	(42,535)	145,743,056

(*) The Company separately recognizes impairment loss on each asset, reflecting various factors such as physical impairment and others during the replacement.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

18. Property, Plant and Equipment, Continued

(2) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017						Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Depreciat Impairmen	Others	Others	
Land	₩ 12,969,741	3,352	(5,266)			180,143	13,147,970
(Government grants)	(3,204)					(18,769)	(21,973)
Buildings	11,784,624	803	(6,634)	(376,344)		568,803	11,971,252
(Government grants)	(61,188)			2,959		(1,189)	(59,418)
Structures	43,330,415	1,098	(235,741)	(1,168,177)		1,407,107	43,334,702
(Government grants)	(197,641)		883	4,879		(3,901)	(195,780)
Machinery	43,421,945	232,114	(98,918)	(2,350,010)		3,443,784	44,648,915
(Government grants)	(111,064)		213	6,267		(612)	(105,196)
Ships	550			(89)			461
Vehicles	70,970	1,097	(15)	(16,837)		27,394	82,609
(Government grants)	(107)			227		(4,149)	(4,029)
Equipment	376,395	18,649	(22)	(76,241)		59,702	378,483
(Government grants)	(732)			175		(146)	(703)
Tools	179,032	18,514	(7)	(36,552)		22,764	183,751
(Government grants)	(430)			150			(280)
Construction-in-progress	27,296,260	6,998,939	11			(5,448,651)	28,846,559
(Government grants)	(135,807)	(31,715)				27,457	(140,065)
Finance lease assets	406,353		(29,690)	(49,518)		26,136	353,281
Asset retirement costs	4,065,412			(283,959)		91,137	3,872,590
Others	2,351,532	2,384	(298)	(421,490)		421,015	2,353,143
\	₩ 145,743,056	7,245,235	(375,484)	(4,764,560)		798,025	148,646,272

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

18. Property, Plant and Equipment, Continued**(2) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended****December 31, 2016 are as follows, continued:***In millions of won*

	Beginning balance	Acquisition	December 31, 2016				Ending balance
			Disposal	Depreciation	Impairment	Others	
Land	₩ 12,396,460	13,973	(52,569)			611,877	12,969,741
(Government grants)	(3,147)		14			(71)	(3,204)
Buildings	9,676,432		(9,020)	(676,866)		2,794,078	11,784,624
(Government grants)	(63,932)		731	5,299		(3,286)	(61,188)
Structures	40,258,162	455	(524,310)	(2,233,333)		5,829,441	43,330,415
(Government grants)	(193,119)		2,597	9,491		(16,610)	(197,641)
Machinery	36,864,749	193,017	(243,757)	(4,353,596)		10,961,532	43,421,945
(Government grants)	(108,935)	(33)	1,210	12,272		(15,578)	(111,064)
Ships	786			(281)		45	550
Vehicles	60,472	2,493	(34)	(27,615)		35,654	70,970
(Government grants)	(29)	(58)		25		(45)	(107)
Equipment	310,571	67,134	(323)	(128,084)		127,097	376,395
(Government grants)	(1,026)			452		(158)	(732)
Tools	160,630	27,856	(327)	(69,842)		60,715	179,032
(Government grants)	(691)			295		(34)	(430)
Construction-in-progress	35,267,026	11,752,352	(94,443)			(19,628,675)	27,296,260
(Government grants)	(139,898)	(28,434)				32,525	(135,807)
Finance lease assets	511,509	34	(31)	(96,254)		(8,905)	406,353
Asset retirement costs	4,106,087			(509,310)		468,635	4,065,412
Others	2,259,244		(9)	(813,248)		905,545	2,351,532
	₩ 141,361,351	12,028,789	(920,271)	(8,880,595)		2,153,782	145,743,056

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

19. Investment Properties**(1) Investment properties as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated depreciation	Book value
Land	₩ 268,047			268,047
Buildings	39,627	(17)	(16,439)	23,171
	₩ 307,674	(17)	(16,439)	291,218

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated depreciation	Book value
Land	₩ 336,421			336,421
Buildings	29,168	(64)	(11,845)	17,259
	₩ 365,589	(64)	(11,845)	353,680

(2) Changes in investment properties for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Beginning balance	Depreciation	Others	Ending balance
Land	₩ 336,421		(68,374)	268,047
Buildings	17,323	(547)	6,412	23,188
(Government grants)	(64)	1	46	(17)
	₩ 353,680	(546)	(61,916)	291,218

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			Ending balance
	Beginning balance	Depreciation	Others	
Land	₩ 253,960		82,461	336,421
Buildings	15,963	(679)	2,039	17,323
(Government grants)	(13)	1	(52)	(64)
	₩ 269,910	(678)	84,448	353,680

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

19. Investment Properties, Continued

- (3) **Income and expenses related to investment properties for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended
Rental income	₩ 2,323	4,755	2,949	4,845
Operating and maintenance expenses related to rental income	(138)	(546)	(131)	(329)
	₩ 2,185	4,209	2,818	4,516

- (4) **Fair value of investment properties as June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Land	₩ 268,047	312,564	336,421	374,042
Buildings	23,171	26,343	17,259	20,708
	₩ 291,218	338,907	353,680	394,750

The fair values of the investment properties as of the reporting date were determined in consideration of the fluctuation on the publicly announced individual land price after the K-IFRS transition date (January 1, 2010).

- (5) All of the Company's investment property is held under freehold interests.

20. Construction Contracts

- (1) **Changes in total contract amount in which revenue is not yet recognized for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Beginning balance	Increase and decrease (*)	Recognized as revenue	Ending balance
Nuclear power plant construction in UAE and others	₩ 7,236,888	(322,677)	(1,445,583)	5,468,628

- (*) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, the increased balance of contracts from new orders and other is ₩48,472 million and the decreased balance of contracts due to changes in scope of construction work is ₩371,149 million.

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Beginning balance	Increase and decrease (*)	Recognized as revenue	Ending balance
Nuclear power plant construction in UAE and others	₩ 12,308,839	(1,045,094)	(4,026,857)	7,236,888

- (*) For the year ended December 31, 2016, the increased balance of contracts from new orders and other is ₩718,118 million and the decreased balance of contracts due to changes in scope of construction work is ₩1,763,212 million.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

20. Construction Contracts, Continued

- (2) **Accumulated earned revenue, expense and others related to the Company's construction contracts as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017			
	Accumulated earned revenue	Accumulated expense	Accumulated profit	Unearned advance receipts
Nuclear power plant construction in UAE and others	₩ 16,487,076	15,292,430	1,194,646	

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016			
	Accumulated earned revenue	Accumulated expense	Accumulated profit	Unearned advance receipts
Nuclear power plant construction in UAE and others	₩ 15,314,737	14,396,890	917,847	

- (3) **Gross amount due from customers recognized as assets and due to customers recognized as liabilities for contract work as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Assets (*1)	Liabilities (*2)	Assets (*1)	Liabilities (*2)
Nuclear power plant construction in UAE and others	₩ 67,037	595,102	44,930	651,985

(*1) Included in trade and other receivables, net, in the consolidated statements of financial position.

(*2) Included in non-financial liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position.

- (4) The contract between the Company and ENEC (purchaser) states that disclosure of information related to UAE nuclear power plant construction projects such as contract date, contractual completion date, completion progress, unbilled construction, impairment losses, etc. is not allowed without consent from the purchaser. ENEC did not agree to disclose such information. Accordingly, the Company did not disclose such information based on K-IFRS 1011 45.2(2) as it is probable that ENEC may file a lawsuit for breach of contract if the Company does so. Also, the Company has not disclosed such information in a registration statement, investment prospectus or annual report and reported to the audit committee that those items will not be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- (5) **Changes in estimates of contract revenues and costs related to the Company's construction services for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:**

In millions of won

June 30, 2017

	Changes in		Amounts	Amounts	Assets	Receivables from		Changes in
	Expected	loss				of	recogniz	
	on	contract	contract	-ed in		for	for	d total
	constructi-	and	revenue	future	Gross	doubtful	doubtful	contract
	on	costs	recognized in	profit	accounts	Gross	accounts	costs
	contracts		or loss	or				
	contracts	costs	or loss	loss	Gross	Gross	accounts	costs
Transmission and distribution	₩	(482)	(466)	(16)	30,022			1,522
Electric power generation (nuclear)					1,985			
Plant maintenance & engineering service	10	(5,664)	(1,633)	(4,031)	35,030	36,985	(8,273)	5,839
	₩ 10	(6,146)	(2,099)	(4,047)	67,037	36,985	(8,273)	7,361

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

21. Intangible Assets other than Goodwill**(1) Intangible assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017				
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated amortization	Accumulated impairment losses	Book value
Software	₩ 491,281	(476)	(387,497)		103,308
Licenses and franchises	3,398		(3,398)		
Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	36,006		(17,431)		18,575
Mining rights	565,018		(13,977)		551,041
Development expenditures	828,688	(3,707)	(737,249)		87,732
Intangible assets under development	139,644	(11,495)		(3,941)	124,208
Usage rights of donated assets and other	434,250	(16)	(349,529)		84,705
Leasehold rights	24,306		(18,987)		5,319
Greenhouse gas emissions rights	14,505				14,505
Others	293,622		(96,796)	(12,125)	184,701
	₩ 2,830,718	(15,694)	(1,624,864)	(16,066)	1,174,094

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016				
	Acquisition cost	Government grants	Accumulated amortization	Accumulated impairment losses	Book value
Software	₩ 458,382	(595)	(365,161)		92,626
Licenses and franchises	3,398		(3,398)		
Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	35,756		(15,675)		20,081
Mining rights	549,371		(10,511)		538,860
Development expenditures	785,966	(5,152)	(723,561)		57,253
Intangible assets under development	119,474	(11,090)		(3,941)	104,443
Usage rights of donated assets and other	426,346	(21)	(342,244)		84,081
Leasehold rights	23,350		(18,718)		4,632

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Greenhouse gas emissions rights	6,283			6,283
Others	173,213	(88,527)	(12,124)	72,562
	₩ 2,581,539	(16,858)	(1,567,795)	980,821

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

21. Intangible Assets other than Goodwill, Continued**(2) Changes in intangible assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:**

In millions of won

	June 30, 2017						
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Amortization	Impairment	Others	Ending balance
Software	₩ 93,221	4,452		(21,353)		27,464	103,784
(Government grants)	(595)			119			(476)
Licenses and franchises							
Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	20,081	9		(1,376)		(139)	18,575
Mining rights	538,860	13,667	(1,988)	(2,098)		2,600	551,041
Development expenditures	62,405	128		(12,293)		41,199	91,439
(Government grants)	(5,152)			1,445			(3,707)
Intangible assets under development	115,533	23,977				(3,807)	135,703
(Government grants)	(11,090)					(405)	(11,495)
Usage rights of donated assets and other	84,102			(7,263)		7,882	84,721
(Government grants)	(21)			5			(16)
Leasehold rights	4,632			(269)		956	5,319
Greenhouse gas emissions rights	6,283	8,222					14,505
Others	72,562	1,137	(181)	(18,246)	(1)	129,430	184,701
(Government grants)							
	₩ 980,821	51,592	(2,169)	(61,329)	(1)	205,180	1,174,094

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016						
	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Disposal	Amortization	Impairment	Others	Ending balance
Software	₩ 57,886	18,267		(32,378)		49,446	93,221
(Government grants)	(699)			249		(145)	(595)
Licenses and franchises							

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	21,875	85	(39)	(2,697)		857	20,081
Mining rights	499,537	26,311		(899)		13,911	538,860
Development expenditures	51,807	212		(21,993)		32,379	62,405
(Government grants)	(6,835)			2,771		(1,088)	(5,152)
Intangible assets under development	94,886	66,588			(3,945)	(41,996)	115,533
(Government grants)	(10,483)	(1,597)				990	(11,090)
Usage rights of donated assets and other	48,591			(15,513)		51,024	84,102
(Government grants)	(32)			11			(21)
Leasehold rights	745			(351)		4,238	4,632
Greenhouse gas emissions rights	805	6,283				(805)	6,283
Others	97,750	8,273	(550)	(8,916)	3	(23,998)	72,562
(Government grants)	(1)			1			
	₩ 855,832	124,422	(589)	(79,715)	(3,942)	84,813	980,821

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

21. Intangible Assets other than Goodwill, Continued**(3) Significant specific intangible assets as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won and thousands of Australian dollars*

		June 30, 2017			Remaining useful lives
Type	Description	Currency	Amount		
Software				5 months ~ 1 year and	
	ERP system and others	KRW	332	5 months	
	Electricity sales information system	KRW	32,918	4 years 9 months	
	SCADA O/S (POWERON RELIANCE)	KRW	3,524	2 years and 7 months	
Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	Smart technology verification and standard design project conducting right	KRW	5,250	5 years and 3 months	
Mining rights	Mining right of Bylong mine	AUD	401,225	(*)	
Intangible assets under development	Contributions to ARP NRC DC	KRW	44,451		
Usage rights of donated assets and others	Sejong Haengbogdosi sharing charge	KRW	42,729	9 years and 5 months	
	Dangjin power plant load facility usage right	KRW	23,611	3 years 9 months	
Others	Occupancy and use of public waters	KRW	106,180	19 years 5 months	

(*) Mining rights are amortized using the units-of-production method and the amortization has not commenced yet. In millions of won and thousands of Australian dollars

December 31, 2016

Type	Description	Currency	Amount	Remaining useful lives
Software				11 months ~ 1 year and 11 months
	ERP system and others	KRW	506	months
	SCADA O/S (POWERON RELIANCE)	KRW	4,206	3 years and 1 month
Copyrights, patents rights and other industrial rights	Smart technology verification and standard design project conducting right	KRW	5,750	5 years and 9 months
Mining rights	Mining right of Bylong mine	AUD	401,225	(*)
Development expenditures	Development of maintenance system for utility plant	KRW	518	11 months
Intangible assets under development	Contributions to ARP NRC DC	KRW	41,190	
Usage rights of donated assets and others	Sejong Haengbogdosi sharing charge	KRW	44,502	9 years and 11 months
	Dangjin power plant load facility usage right	KRW	26,759	4 years and 3 months
Others	Sillim electricity supply facility usage right	KRW	2,196	4 years and 11 months

(*) Mining rights are amortized using the units-of-production method and the amortization has not commenced yet.

(4) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company recognized research and development expenses of ₩317,959 million and ₩286,848 million, respectively.

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

22. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Trade payables	₩ 2,076,042		2,610,373	
Other trade payables	1,702,609	3,017,853	1,498,582	3,033,780
Accrued expenses	1,144,053	2,071	1,152,933	2,161
Leasehold deposits received	1,457	1,308	1,426	1,008
Other deposits received	197,453	98,317	197,711	93,751
Finance lease liabilities	126,278	353,235	121,176	420,003
Dividends payable	3,166		3,204	
Others (*)		7,472	6	7,472
	₩ 5,251,058	3,480,256	5,585,411	3,558,175

(*) Details of others as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Advance received from local governments	₩	7,472		7,472
Others			6	
	₩	7,472	6	7,472

23. Borrowings and Debt Securities

(1) Borrowings and debt securities as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<i>In millions of won</i>	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	₩ 3,853,446	805,523
Current portion of long-term borrowings	201,196	310,977
Current portion of debt securities	6,505,440	7,825,310
Less : Current portion of discount on long-term borrowings	(927)	(979)
Less : Current portion of discount on debt securities	(1,534)	(1,753)
	10,557,621	8,939,078
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term borrowings	2,080,003	1,799,750
Debt securities	44,193,992	43,012,960
Less : Discount on long-term borrowings	(25,678)	(25,859)
Less : Discount on debt securities	(88,388)	(86,880)
Add : Premium on debt securities	124	156
	46,160,053	44,700,127
	₩ 56,717,674	53,639,205

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

23. Borrowings and Debt Securities, Continued**(2) Repayment schedule of borrowings and debt securities as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won*

	June 30, 2017	
Type	Borrowings	Debt securities
Less than 1 year	₩ 4,054,642	6,505,440
1~ 5 years	695,582	25,971,290
Over 5 years	1,384,421	18,222,702
	₩ 6,134,645	50,699,432

In millions of won

	December 31, 2016	
Type	Borrowings	Debt securities
Less than 1 year	₩ 1,116,500	7,825,310
1~ 5 years	295,162	24,462,410
Over 5 years	1,504,588	18,550,550
	₩ 2,916,250	50,838,270

(3) Short-term borrowings as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:*In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies*

June 30, 2017					
Type	Creditor	Interest rate (%)	Maturity	Foreign currency	Local currency
Local short-term borrowings	KTB Investment and securities and	1.33~1.66	2017.07.03~		₩ 3,530,000

Edgar Filing: KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORP - Form 6-K

	others		2017.12.19		
Foreign short-term borrowings	SCNT and others	6.50	2017.12.03	USD 2,163	2,465
Foreign short-term borrowings	Export-import Bank of Korea	3M Libor+0.41~0.63	2017.12.18	AUD 313,098	274,133
Local bank overdraft	Nonghyup Bank	2.76	2017.07.03		12,500
Local bank overdraft	Woori Bank	Standard overdraft rate+1.12	2018.02.27		34,348
					₩ 3,853,446

In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies

December 31, 2016

Type	Creditor	Interest rate (%)	Maturity	Foreign currency	Local currency
Local short-term borrowings	Woori Investment Bank and others	1.54~2.51	2017.01.25~ 2017.09.13		₩ 436,800
Foreign short-term borrowings	SCNT and others	1.58~6.50	2017.03.30~ 2017.12.03	USD 35,086	42,401
Foreign short-term borrowings	Export-import Bank of Korea	3M Libor+0.54~0.63	2017.05.17~ 2017.12.18	AUD 311,174	271,360
Local bank overdraft	Nonghyup Bank	2.45	2017.01.05		37,000
Local bank overdraft	Woori Bank	Standard overdraft rate+1.12	2017.02.25		17,962
					₩ 805,523

Table of Contents

KOREA ELECTRIC POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

23. Borrowings and Debt Securities, Continued**(4) Long-term borrowings as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:***In millions of won and thousands of foreign currencies***June 30, 2017**

Type	Interest rate (%)	Maturity	Foreign currency	Local currency
Local long-term borrowings				
Korea Development Bank	Others	0.50		₩ 5,286
	Facility	2.45~4.60		71,541
		1yr KoFC bond rate		
	Facility	+0.31		75,000
	Operating funds	2.59~2.75		17,000
KEB Hana Bank	Commercial Paper	3M CD+0.24		100,000
	Facility	4.60		16,257
	Facility	3yr KTB rate -1.25		9,301
Korea Industrial Bank	PF Refinancing	CD+1.25		22,500
Export-Import Bank of Korea	Project loans	1.50		27,988
	Operating funds	2.21		35,000
Korea Resources Corporation	Development of power resources	3yr KTB rate -2.25		5,288
	Facility	3yr KTB rate -2.25		3,386
	Project loans			3,733
	Others	KTB rate -2.25		11,668
Shinhan Bank	Collateral borrowing	2.22~2.32		60,000
	Facility	CB rate+1.10		24,386
	Operating funds	2.70~2.86		25,000
	Others	4.10		85,000
	Others	3yr KTB rate+1.10		85,000
Kookmin Bank	Facility	MOR+0.62~0.79		45,000
Others	Facility	1.75~4.60		155,777
	Facility	CB rate +1.10~1.20		46,207
	PF Refinancing	4.10		62,500

Others	4.50~8.00	2022~2039	102,347
Others	3yr KTB rate -2.25	2023~2028	9,331
			1,104,496

Foreign long-term borrowings

Korea National Oil Corporation Project loans