

PGT, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
July 30, 2014  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**þ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 28, 2014**

**OR**

**¨ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number 000-52059**

**PGT, Inc.**  
**1070 Technology Drive**  
**North Venice, FL 34275**

**Registrant's telephone number: 941-480-1600**

**State of Incorporation**  
**Delaware**

**IRS Employer Identification No.**  
**20-0634715**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value 47,298,765 shares, as of July 28, 2014.



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**PGT, INC.**

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**Table of Contents****PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)****PGT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME***(in thousands, except per share amounts)*

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
	<i>(unaudited)</i>		<i>(unaudited)</i>	
Net sales	\$ 81,622	\$ 62,847	\$ 144,346	\$ 112,410
Cost of sales	55,477	41,817	98,429	73,821
Gross margin	26,145	21,030	45,917	38,589
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,951	14,285	26,329	27,310
Gain on sale of assets held for sale				(2,195)
Income from operations	13,194	6,745	19,588	13,474
Interest expense, net	891	697	1,789	1,509
Other (income) expense, net	(278)	461	(101)	677
Income before income taxes	12,581	5,587	17,900	11,288
Income tax expense (benefit)	4,780	(4,335)	6,747	(3,898)
Net income	\$ 7,801	\$ 9,922	\$ 11,153	\$ 15,186
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.30
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.28
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	47,265	49,947	47,207	51,232
Diluted	49,706	53,142	49,716	55,018
Comprehensive income	\$ 7,649	\$ 9,697	\$ 10,911	\$ 14,803

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents****PGT, INC.****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS***(in thousands except per share amounts)*

	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>December 28, 2013</b>
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,422	\$ 30,204
Accounts receivable, net	28,179	20,821
Inventories	15,805	12,908
Prepaid expenses	1,159	1,538
Other current assets	3,409	3,166
Deferred income taxes, net	1,313	2,763
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>83,287</b>	<b>71,400</b>
Property, plant and equipment, net	51,174	44,123
Trade name and other intangible assets, net	38,441	38,869
Other assets, net	1,842	2,240
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 174,744</b>	<b>\$ 156,632</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18,570	\$ 15,522
Current portion long-term debt	4,901	4,890
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>23,471</b>	<b>20,412</b>
Long-term debt	70,573	72,365
Deferred income taxes, net	13,380	13,380
Other liabilities	1,743	1,400
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>109,167</b>	<b>107,557</b>
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred stock; par value \$.01 per share; 10,000 shares authorized; none outstanding		
Common stock; par value \$.01 per share; 200,000 shares authorized; 49,389 and 48,868 shares issued and 47,299 and 46,871 shares outstanding at June 28, 2014, and December 28, 2013, respectively	494	489
Additional paid-in-capital	235,880	229,269
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,465)	(2,223)
Accumulated deficit	(157,261)	(168,414)

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Subtotal shareholders' equity	76,648	59,121
Less Treasury stock, at cost	(11,071)	(10,046)
Total shareholders' equity	65,577	49,075
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 174,744	\$ 156,632

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



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## PGT, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

*(in thousands)*

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 11,153	\$ 15,186
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,015	2,352
Amortization	428	3,251
Provision for allowances of doubtful accounts	(307)	(102)
Amortization and write off of deferred financing costs	467	1,189
Stock-based compensation	611	556
Derivative financial instruments	147	218
Tax benefit for stock options exercised	(5,201)	
Deferred income tax	1,449	(3,898)
Gain on disposal of assets		(2,180)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(7,619)	(8,385)
Inventories	(2,898)	(2,552)
Prepaid and other assets	296	(263)
Accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities	7,532	2,033
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,073	7,405
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(7,835)	(2,123)
Proceeds from sales of assets		7,472
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(7,835)	5,349
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Payments of long-term debt	(2,000)	(37,500)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		80,000
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,025)	(56,091)
Payments of financing costs		(3,557)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	804	1,226
Tax benefit for stock options exercised	5,201	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,980	(15,922)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,218	(3,168)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	30,204	18,743
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 33,422	\$ 15,575

**Non-cash transaction:**

Property and equipment additions in accounts payable	(1,231)
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**PGT, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*(unaudited)*

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PGT, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, PGT Industries, Inc. (collectively the Company ) after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. These statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ( GAAP ) for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the remainder of the current year or for any future periods. Each of our Company s fiscal quarters ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013, consisted of 13 weeks.

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 28, 2013, are derived from the audited consolidated financial statements, but do not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 28, 2013, and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended June 28, 2014, should be read in conjunction with the more detailed audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 28, 2013, included in the Company s most recent Form 10-K annual report. Accounting policies used in the preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies described in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company s Form 10-K.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2013-11, Income Taxes: Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward Exists, which requires tax benefits to be presented in the financial statement as a reduction to deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward or a tax credit carryforward. We adopted this standard in the first quarter of 2014, and it did not impact the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**NOTE 2. WARRANTY**

Most of our manufactured products are sold with warranties. Warranty periods, which vary by product components, generally range from 1 to 10 years, although the warranty period for a limited number of specifically identified components in certain applications is a lifetime. However, the majority of the products sold have warranties on components which range from 1 to 3 years. The reserve for warranties is based on management s assessment of the cost per service call and the number of service calls expected to be incurred to satisfy warranty obligations on the current net sales.

During the quarter, we recorded warranty expense at a rate of 1.50% of sales. This rate is higher than the 1.25% of sales accrued in the second quarter of 2013, due to an increase in the number of service claims. We assess the adequacy of our warranty accrual on a quarterly basis and adjust the previous amounts recorded, if necessary, to reflect a change in estimate of the future costs of claims yet to be serviced.

The following table summarizes current period charges, any adjustment to previous estimates if necessary, as well as settlements, which represent actual costs incurred during the period, for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013. The reserve is determined after assessing Company history and through specific identification. Expected future obligations are discounted to a current value using a risk-free rate for obligations with similar maturities.

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The following provides information with respect to our warranty accrual:

Accrued Warranty	Beginning of Period	Charged to Expense	Adjustments <i>(in thousands)</i>	Settlements	End of Period
Three months ended June 28, 2014	\$ 2,656	\$ 1,228	\$ (236)	\$ (1,342)	\$ 2,306
Three months ended June 29, 2013	\$ 3,573	\$ 786	\$ (270)	\$ (961)	\$ 3,128
Six months ended June 28, 2014	\$ 2,666	\$ 2,326	\$ (146)	\$ (2,540)	\$ 2,306
Six months ended June 29, 2013	\$ 3,858	\$ 1,530	\$ (459)	\$ (1,801)	\$ 3,128

**NOTE 3. INVENTORIES**

Inventories consist principally of raw materials purchased for the manufacture of our products. We have limited finished goods inventory since all products are custom, made-to-order and usually ship upon completion. Finished goods inventory costs include direct materials, direct labor, and overhead. All inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market value. Inventories consisted of the following:

	June 28, 2014	December 28, 2013
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Raw materials	\$ 13,025	\$ 11,305
Work in progress	501	329
Finished goods	2,279	1,274
	\$ 15,805	\$ 12,908

**NOTE 4. STOCK COMPENSATION EXPENSE**

On March 28, 2014, the Board of Directors adopted, and on May 7, 2014, our stockholders approved, the PGT, Inc. 2014 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan. The Board of Directors determined that grants of restricted shares and other share-based awards to our officers, employees, directors, independent contractors and consultants are an important part of our long-term incentive compensation program, which we use in order to strengthen the commitment of such individuals to the Company, motivate them to faithfully and diligently perform their responsibilities, and attract and retain competent and dedicated individuals, whose efforts will result in the long-term growth and profitability of the Company.

*2014 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan*

The 2014 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan, among other things:

provides 1,500,000 common shares available for grants of equity awards,

sets forth the types of awards eligible under the plan, including issuances of options, share appreciation rights, restricted shares, restricted share units, share bonuses, other share-based awards and cash awards,

identifies those eligible to receive the equity awards, including company officers, employees, directors, and certain independent contractors and consultants, and

confirms that the governance and administration of such equity plan is the responsibility of the Board of Directors, or Compensation Committee at the direction of the Board.

**Exercises**

In the second quarter of 2014, there were 65,906 options exercised at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.61 per share. For the six months ended June 28, 2014, there were 498,068 options exercised at a weighted average exercise price of \$1.61 per share.

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**Issuance**

During the second quarter of 2014, we granted 34,515 restricted stock awards to certain members of the Board of Directors under the 2014 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan. The restrictions on these awards lapse on the first anniversary of the grant date. For the six months ended June 28, 2014, we granted 20,000 options and 178,777 restricted stock awards to certain directors, executive and non-executive employees of the Company. The options vest over a five-year period from March 2014, and have an exercise price of \$11.81 per share based on the NASDAQ market price of the underlying common stock on the close of business on the day the options were granted. The restricted stock awards granted in the first quarter were issued as two separate grants, the first being both performance and service based awards with a weighted average fair value on date of grant of \$11.81 per share based on the NASDAQ market price of the common stock on the close of business on the day the awards were granted, and vest over a three-year period. The second awards were service based only, with a weighted average fair value on date of grant of \$11.81 per share based on the NASDAQ market price of the common stock on the close of business on the day the awards were granted, and vest over a three-year period.

We record stock compensation expense over an award's vesting period based on the award's fair value at the date of grant. We recorded compensation expense for stock based awards of \$0.4 million for the second quarter of 2014 and \$0.2 million for the second quarter of 2013. We recorded compensation expense for stock based awards of \$0.6 million for the first six months of 2014, and \$0.6 million for the first six months of 2013. As of June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013, there was \$1.9 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option agreements and restricted share awards. These costs are expected to be recognized in earnings on a straight-line basis over the weighted average remaining vesting period of 1.8 years.

**NOTE 5. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE**

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS reflects the dilutive effect of potential common shares from securities such as stock options, and restricted stock.

Our weighted average shares outstanding for the three months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013, excludes underlying options of 164,262 and 22,510 respectively, because their effects were anti-dilutive. Our weighted average shares outstanding for the six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013, excludes underlying options of 105,597 and 27,642, respectively, because their effects were anti-dilutive.

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The table below presents the calculation of EPS and a reconciliation of weighted average common shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS for our Company:

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
	<i>(in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>			
Net income	\$ 7,801	\$ 9,922	\$ 11,153	\$ 15,186
Weighted-average common shares Basic	47,265	49,947	47,207	51,232
Add: Dilutive effect of stock compensation plans	2,441	3,195	2,509	3,786
Weighted-average common shares Diluted	49,706	53,142	49,716	55,018
<b>Net income per common share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.30
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.28

**NOTE 6. TRADE NAMES and OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Trade names and other intangible assets are as follows:

	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>December 28, 2013</b>	<b>Original Useful Life (in years)</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
<b>Intangible assets:</b>			
Trade names	\$ 38,441	\$ 38,441	indefinite
Customer relationships	55,700	55,700	10
Less: Accumulated amortization	(55,700)	(55,272)	
Subtotal		428	
Intangible assets, net	\$ 38,441	\$ 38,869	

**Indefinite Lived Intangible Asset**

The impairment evaluation of the carrying amount of intangible assets with indefinite lives is conducted annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. The evaluation is performed by comparing the carrying amounts of these assets to their estimated fair values. If the estimated fair value



is less than the carrying amount of the intangible assets, an impairment charge is recorded to reduce the asset to its estimated fair value. The estimated fair value is determined using the relief from royalty method that is based upon the discounted projected cost savings (value) attributable to ownership of our trade names, our only indefinite lived intangible assets.

In estimating fair value, the method we use requires us to make assumptions, the most material of which are net sales projections attributable to products sold with these trade names, the anticipated royalty rate we would pay if the trade names were not owned (as a percent of net sales), and a weighted average discount rate. These assumptions are subject to change based on changes in the markets in which these products are sold, which impact our projections of future net sales and the assumed royalty rate. Factors affecting the weighted average discount rate include assumed debt to equity ratios, risk-free interest rates, and equity returns, each for market participants in our industry.

Our year-end test of trade names, performed as of December 28, 2013, utilized a weighted average royalty rate of 4.0% and a discount rate of 16.1%. As of December 28, 2013, the estimated fair value of the trade names exceeded book value by approximately 79%, or \$30.3 million. We believe our projected sales are reasonable based on available information regarding our industry and the core markets that we serve. We also believe the royalty rate is appropriate and could improve over time based on market trends and information. The discount rate was based on current financial market trends and will remain dependent on such trends in the future.

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No impairment test was conducted during the six months ended June 28, 2014, because no impairment indicators were identified.

**Amortizable Intangible Assets**

We perform an impairment test on our amortizable intangible assets any time that impairment indicators exist. As of June 28, 2014, all amortizable intangible assets have been fully amortized.

**NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT**

On May 28, 2013, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with the various financial institutions and other persons from time to time parties thereto as lenders (the "Lenders"), SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent (in such capacity, the "Administrative Agent"), as collateral agent, as swing line lender and as a letter of credit issuer, and the other agents and parties thereto. The Credit Agreement establishes new senior secured credit facilities in an aggregate amount of \$105.0 million, consisting of an \$80.0 million Tranche A term loan facility maturing in five years that will amortize on a basis of 5% annually during the five-year term, and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility maturing in five years that includes a \$5.0 million swing line facility and a \$10.0 million letter of credit facility. As of June 28, 2014, there were \$0.6 million of letters of credit outstanding and \$24.4 million available on the revolver.

Interest on all loans under the Credit Agreement is payable either quarterly or at the expiration of any LIBOR interest period applicable thereto. Borrowings under the term loans and the revolving credit facility accrue interest at a rate equal to, at our option, a base rate or LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin is based on our leverage ratio, ranging from 300 to 350 basis points in the case of LIBOR and 200 to 250 basis points in the case of the base rate. We will pay quarterly fees on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility equal to 0.50% as well as a quarterly letter of credit fee at a rate per annum equal to the applicable margin for LIBOR loans on the face amount of any outstanding letters of credit.

On September 16, 2013, we entered into two interest rate caps and an interest rate swap to hedge a portion of our debt against volatility in future interest rates (See Note 11).

The Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a maximum leverage ratio (based on the ratio of total funded debt to consolidated EBITDA, each as defined in the Credit Agreement) and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio (based on the ratio of consolidated EBITDA minus net cash taxes minus capital expenditures to cash interest expense plus scheduled principal payments of term loans, each as defined in the Credit Agreement), which will be tested quarterly based on the last four fiscal quarters and is set at levels as described in the Credit Agreement. As of June 28, 2014, our current leverage as defined in the calculation was 1.58, and we were in compliance and expect to be in the future.

The Credit Agreement also contains a number of affirmative and restrictive covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of additional debt, liens on property, acquisitions and investments, loans and guarantees, mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions, asset sales, dividends and other payments in respect of our capital stock, prepayments of certain debt and transactions with affiliates. The Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default.

In connection with entering into the Credit Agreement, on May 28, 2013, we terminated the credit agreement, dated as of June 23, 2011, among PGT Industries, Inc., as the borrower, the Company, as guarantor, the lenders from time to time party thereto and General Electric Capital Corporation, as administrative agent and collateral agent (the "Old Credit Agreement"). Proceeds from the term loan facility under the Credit Agreement were used to repay amounts outstanding under the Old Credit Agreement, repurchase shares of our common stock having an aggregate value of

approximately \$50 million, and pay certain fees and expenses.

On August 5, 2013, we entered into Amendment No. 1 (the Amendment ) to the Credit Agreement dated May 28, 2013. The Amendment permits us to make capital expenditures (as defined in the Credit Agreement) in an amount up to but not exceeding \$14.0 million in connection with the expansion and operation of our glass processing business and activities without reducing the amount of capital expenditures otherwise permitted.

The face value of the debt as of June 28, 2014, was \$77.0 million. Related debt issuance costs and the debt discount are being amortized to Interest expense, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt.

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The contractual future maturities of long-term debt outstanding as of June 28, 2014, are as follows (excluding unamortized debt discount and issuance costs):

	<i>(in thousands)</i>
2014	\$ 3,000
2015	4,000
2016	4,000
2017	3,000
2018	63,000
Total	\$ 77,000

**NOTE 8. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

The following table shows the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013:

<i>Three months</i>	<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>	<b>Interest Swap</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Balance at March 29, 2014	\$ (1,773)	\$ (540)	\$ (2,313)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	444	(403)	41
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	(291)		(291)
Tax effect	(56)	154	98
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	97	(249)	(152)
Balance at June 28, 2014	\$ (1,676)	\$ (789)	\$ (2,465)
<i>Three months</i>	<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>	<b>Interest Swap</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Balance at March 30, 2013	\$ (1,572)	\$	\$ (1,572)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassification	(498)		(498)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	33		33
Tax effect	240		240

Net current-period other comprehensive loss	(225)		(225)
Balance at June 29, 2013	\$ (1,797)	\$	\$ (1,797)

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<i>Six Months</i>	<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>	<b>Interest Swap</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Balance at December 28, 2013	\$ (1,837)	\$ (386)	\$ (2,223)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	345	(557)	(212)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	(128)		(128)
Tax effect	(56)	154	98
<b>Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>(403)</b>	<b>(242)</b>
Balance at June 28, 2014	\$ (1,676)	\$ (789)	\$ (2,465)

  

<i>Six Months</i>	<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>	<b>Interest Swap</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Balance at December 29, 2012	\$ (1,414)	\$	\$ (1,414)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassification	(656)		(656)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	33		33
Tax effect	240		240
<b>Net current-period other comprehensive loss</b>	<b>(383)</b>		<b>(383)</b>
Balance at June 29, 2013	\$ (1,797)	\$	\$ (1,797)

Reclassification out of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013:

	<b>Amount reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Three months ended</b>		
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>	<b>Affected line item in statement where Net Income is presented</b>
Detail about accumulated other comprehensive loss components			

	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>			
Effective Portion of aluminum forward contracts	\$ (292)	\$ 33	Cost of Sales
Tax effect	110	(13)	Tax expense
	\$ (182)	\$ 20	Net of Tax

	<b>Six months ended</b>		
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>	
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
<b>Aluminum Forward Contracts</b>			
Effective Portion of aluminum forward contracts	\$ (36)	\$ 33	Cost of Sales
Tax effect	15	(13)	Tax expense
	\$ (21)	\$ 20	Net of Tax

**NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES***Litigation*

Our Company is a party to various legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. Although the ultimate disposition of those proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes the outcome of any claim that is pending or threatened, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on our operations, financial position or cash flows.

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**NOTE 10. INCOME TAXES**

We recognized income taxes at a rate of 38.0% and 37.7% for the three months and six months ended June 28, 2014, which is slightly lower than the statutory rate of 38.8%. The rate is lower than the statutory rate due mainly to the estimated impact of the section 199 manufacturing deduction.

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$4.3 million and \$3.9 million for the three and six months ended June 29, 2013. The income tax benefit in the prior year was due primarily to a \$3.9 million reversal of a portion of our deferred tax asset valuation allowance in the second quarter. As of the year ended 2013 and the six months ended June 28, 2014, we have no valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets.

**NOTE 11. DERIVATIVE**

We enter into aluminum forward contracts to hedge the fluctuations in the purchase price of aluminum extrusion we use in production. Our contracts are designated as cash flow hedges since they are highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows attributable to forecasted purchases of aluminum.

In addition, we entered into LIBOR rate hedges on September 16, 2013, to offset the changes in cash flows of the debt interest rate payments that are attributable to the fluctuations of LIBOR rates. With the exception of the time value portion of our caps, these contracts are designated as cash flow hedges since they are highly effective in offsetting the changes in the monthly interest payments attributable to the changes in interest rates during the term of the agreement.

We net cash collateral from payments of margin calls on deposit with our brokers against the liability position of open contracts for the purchase of hedge instruments on a first-in, first-out basis. For statement of cash flows presentation, we present net cash receipts from and payments to the margin account as investing activities.

**Derivative Financial Instruments – Aluminum Contracts**

Guidance under the Financial Instruments topic of the Codification requires us to record our hedge contracts at fair value and consider our credit risk for contracts in a liability position, and our counter-party's credit risk for contracts in an asset position, in determining fair value. We assess our counter-party's risk of non-performance when measuring the fair value of financial instruments in an asset position by evaluating their financial position, including cash on hand, as well as their credit ratings. We assess our risk of non-performance when measuring the fair value of our financial instruments in a liability position by evaluating our credit ratings, our current liquidity including cash on hand and availability under our revolving credit facility as compared to the maturities of the financial liabilities. In addition, we entered into a master netting arrangement (MNA) with our commodities broker that provides for, among other things, the close-out netting of exchange-traded transactions in the event of the insolvency of either party to the MNA.

We maintain a \$2.0 million line of credit with our commodities broker to cover the liability position of open contracts for the purchase of aluminum in the event that the price of aluminum falls. Should the price of aluminum fall to a level which causes our liability for open aluminum contracts to exceed \$2.0 million, we are required to fund daily margin calls to cover the excess.

At June 28, 2014, the fair value of our aluminum forward contracts was in a net liability position of \$0.1 million. We had 23 outstanding forward contracts for the purchase of 7.2 million pounds of aluminum, approximately 34% of our anticipated needs through June 2015, at an average price of \$0.88 per pound with maturity dates of between less than one month and eleven months. We assessed the risk of non-performance of the Company to these contracts and recorded a de minimis adjustment to fair value as of June 28, 2014.



As of December 28, 2013, the fair value of our aluminum forward contracts was in a net liability position of approximately \$0.5 million. We had 33 outstanding forward contracts for the purchase of 9.5 million pounds of aluminum at an average price of \$0.89 per pound with maturity dates of between less than one month and eighteen months through June 2015. We assessed the risk of non-performance of the Company on these contracts and recorded a de minimis adjustment to fair value as of December 28, 2013.

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Although it is our intent to have our aluminum hedges qualify as highly effective for reporting purposes, for the three months ended June 28, 2014, all 23 outstanding contracts did not qualify as effective. Effectiveness of aluminum forward contracts is determined by comparing the change in the fair value of the forward contract to the change in the expected cash to be paid for the hedged item. The effective portion of the gain or loss on our aluminum forward contracts is reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, and is reclassified into earnings in the same line item in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income as the hedged item in the same period or periods during which the transaction affects earnings. When a cashflow hedge becomes ineffective, and if the forecasted hedged transaction is still probable of occurrence, amounts previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss remain in accumulated other comprehensive loss and are recognized in earnings in the period in which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The change in value of the aluminum forward contracts occurring after ineffectiveness is recognized in Other (income) expense, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. We do not expect the gains or losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss as of June 28, 2014, that will be reclassified to earnings within the next three months to be material.

As of December 28, 2013, our aluminum hedges qualified as effective for reporting purposes, and amounts were recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss.

**Derivative Financial Instruments Interest Rate Contract**

On September 16, 2013, we entered into two interest rate caps and one interest rate swap. The first is a one year interest rate cap agreement with a notional amount of \$40.0 million, that was designated as a cash flow hedge that protects the variable rate debt from an increase in the floating one month LIBOR rate of greater than 0.50%. The second is a two year interest rate cap agreement with a notional amount of \$20.0 million that was designated as a cash flow hedge that protects the variable rate debt from an increase in the floating one month LIBOR rate of greater than 0.50%. Effectiveness for the interest rate caps will be measured by comparing the changes in the intrinsic value of the cap with the change in the fair value of the forecasted interest payments due to changes in the LIBOR interest rate when LIBOR is greater than 0.50%. The intrinsic value portions of the interest rate caps are expected to be highly effective due to the critical terms of the cap exactly matching those of the hedged debt. The time value portion of the caps are deemed ineffective and will be marked to market in the reporting period.

The swap is a forward starting three year six months interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$40.0 million that effectively converted a portion of the floating rate debt to a fixed rate of 2.15% that starts September 28, 2014, with a termination date of May 18, 2018. Since all of the critical terms of the swap and cap exactly matched those of the hedged debt, no ineffectiveness was identified in the hedging relationship. Consequently, all changes in fair value are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income. Hedge effectiveness for the interest rate swap is evaluated on a quarterly basis by comparing changes in the cumulative gain or loss from the forward-starting interest rate swap with the cumulative changes in the discounted expected cash flows of future monthly interest related to changes of the swap rate.

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The impact of the offsetting derivative instrument is depicted below:

As of June 28, 2014

(in thousands)

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts of Balance Sheet	Net amounts of Assets Presented in Balance Sheet	Gross Amounts not offset in Balance Sheet		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Interest rate caps	\$ 8	\$	\$ 8	\$	\$	\$ 8

As of June 28, 2014

(in thousands)

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Balance Sheet	Net amounts of Liabilities Presented in Balance Sheet	Gross Amounts not offset in Balance Sheet		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Aluminum Forward Contract	\$ 72	\$	\$ 72	\$	\$	\$ 72
Interest rate swap	\$ 1,188	\$	\$ 1,188	\$	\$	\$ 1,188

As of December 28, 2013

(in thousands)

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts of Balance Sheet	Net amounts of Assets Presented in Balance Sheet	Gross Amounts not offset in Balance Sheet		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Interest rate caps	\$ 34	\$	\$ 34	\$	\$	\$ 34

As of December 28, 2013

(in thousands)

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts offset in Balance Sheet	Net amounts of Liabilities Presented in Balance Sheet	Cash		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Collateral Pledged	
Aluminum Forward Contract	\$ 479	\$	\$ 479	\$	\$	\$ 479
Interest rate swap	\$ 630	\$	\$ 630	\$	\$	\$ 630

The fair value of the aluminium hedges and interest rate cap are classified in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

Derivatives in a net asset (liability) position	Balance Sheet Location	June 28, December 28,	
		2014	2013
<i>(in thousands)</i>			
<b>Hedging Instruments:</b>			
Aluminum forward contracts	Accrued Liabilities	\$ (72)	\$ (441)
Aluminum forward contracts	Other Liabilities		(38)
Interest rate cap	Other Current Assets	5	21
Interest rate cap	Other Assets	3	13
Interest rate swap	Other Liabilities	(1,188)	(630)
<b>Total hedging instruments</b>		<b>\$ (1,252)</b>	<b>\$ (1,075)</b>

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The following represents the gains/(losses) on derivative financial instruments for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013, and their classifications within the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements:

	<b>Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships</b>				
	<b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion) Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Location of Gain or (Loss) Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)</b>	<b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>		<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Aluminum contracts	\$ 308	\$ (498)	Cost of sales	\$ (136)	\$ 33
Interest rate swap	\$ (403)	\$	Interest expense, net	\$	\$

	<b>Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion)</b>		<b>Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) Three Months Ended</b>	
			<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
			<i>(in thousands)</i>	
			<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
Aluminum contracts	Other Expense, net		\$ 291	\$ (116)
Interest rate swap	Other Expense, net		\$	\$

	<b>Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships</b>		
	<b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion) Six Months Ended</b>	<b>Location of Gain or (Loss) Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)</b>	<b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) Six Months Ended</b>
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>		<b>June 29, 2013</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		<i>(in thousands)</i>
Aluminum contracts	\$ 308	Cost of sales	\$ (136)
Interest rate swap	\$ (403)	Interest expense, net	\$

	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013		June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013
Aluminum contracts	\$ (47)	\$ (656)	Cost of sales	\$ (392)	\$ 33
Interest rate swap	\$ (557)	\$	Interest expense, net	\$	\$
			<b>Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion)</b>	<b>Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) Six Months Ended (in thousands)</b>	
				<b>June 28, 2014</b>	<b>June 29, 2013</b>
Aluminum contracts			Other Expense, net	\$ 128	\$ (368)
Interest rate swap			Other Expense, net	\$	\$

**NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. A three-tier fair value hierarchy is used to prioritize the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

The accounting guidance concerning fair value allows us to elect to measure financial instruments at fair value and report the changes in fair value through the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. This election can only be made at certain specified dates and is irrevocable once made. We do not have a policy regarding specific assets or liabilities to elect to measure at fair value, but rather make the election on an instrument-by-instrument basis as they are acquired or incurred.

**Table of Contents****Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

The following assets and liabilities are measured in the consolidated financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis and are categorized in the table below based upon the lowest level of significant input to the valuation:

**Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date  
of Net Asset (Liability) Using:  
(in thousands)**

Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs	
	June 28, 2014	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Aluminum forward contracts	\$ (72)	\$	\$ (72)	\$		
Interest rate caps	8		8			
Interest rate swap	(1,188)		(1,188)			
Derivative financial instruments, net liability	\$ (1,252)	\$	\$ (1,252)	\$		

Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs	
	December 28, 2013	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Aluminum forward contracts	\$ (479)	\$	\$ (479)	\$		
Interest rate caps	34		34			
Interest rate swap	(630)		(630)			
Derivative financial instruments, net liability	\$ (1,075)	\$	\$ (1,075)	\$		

The following is a description of the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the basis for classifying these assets and liabilities as Level 2.

Aluminum forward contracts identical to those held by us trade on the London Metal Exchange ( LME ). The LME provides a transparent forum and is the world's largest center for the trading of futures contracts for non-ferrous metals. The prices are used by the metals industry worldwide as the basis for contracts for the movement of physical material throughout the production cycle. Based on this high degree of volume and liquidity in the LME, we believe the valuation price at any measurement date for contracts with identical terms as to prompt date, trade date and trade price as those we hold at any time represents a contract's exit price to be used for purposes of determining fair value.

Interest rate cap contracts identical to that held by us are sold by financial institutions. The valuation price at any measurement date for a contract with identical terms, exercise price, expiration date, settlement date, and notional quantities, as the one we hold, is used for determining the fair value.





**Table of Contents*****Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of financial assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded or disclosed at fair value at June 28, 2014, and December 28, 2013, respectively:

	June 28, 2014		December 28, 2013	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
<i>(in thousands)</i>				
<b>Financial assets and liabilities</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,422	\$ 33,422	\$ 30,204	\$ 30,204
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 28,179	\$ 28,179	\$ 20,821	\$ 20,821
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18,570	\$ 18,570	\$ 15,522	\$ 15,522
Long-term debt (including current portion)	\$ 75,474	\$ 75,474	\$ 77,255	\$ 77,255

The following provides a description of the methods and significant assumptions used in estimating the fair value of our financial instruments that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

*Cash and cash equivalents* The estimated fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying amounts due to their highly liquid or short-term nature.

*Accounts receivable, net* The estimated fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

*Accounts payable and accrued liabilities* The estimated fair value of these financial instruments approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

*Debt* The estimated fair value of this debt is based on Level 2 inputs of debt with similar terms and characteristics.

**NOTE 13. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

During the first quarter of 2013, we sold the Salisbury, North Carolina facility for approximately \$8.0 million in cash (approximately \$7.5 million net of selling costs), resulting in a gain of \$2.2 million.

**NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On July 25, 2014, we entered into a definitive agreement, pursuant to which CGI Windows & Doors Holding, Inc. will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of PGT. The transaction is valued at approximately \$111 million and is expected to close in September, 2014. We have received commitments from certain banks to provide a long-term debt facility of \$235 million which, together with cash on hand is expected to be used to consummate the acquisition, repay existing indebtedness, and for general corporate purposes.

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 28, 2013, included in our most recent Form 10-K annual report as well as our reports on Forms 10-Q and 8-K and other publicly available information. All amounts herein are unaudited.

### **Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

From time to time, we have made or will make forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These statements do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements usually can be identified by the use of words such as goal, objective, plan, expect, anticipate, intend, project, believe, may, could, or other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements provide our current expectations or forecasts of future events, results, circumstances or aspirations. Our disclosures in this report contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We may also make forward-looking statements in our other documents filed or furnished with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in oral presentations. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and by their nature are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control. Our actual results may differ materially from those set forth in our forward-looking statements. There is no assurance that any list of risks and uncertainties or risk factors is complete. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

Changes in new home starts and home remodeling trends

The economy in the U.S. generally or in Florida where the substantial portion of our sales are generated

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Raw material prices, especially aluminum

Transportation costs

Level of indebtedness

Dependence on our WinGuard branded product lines

Product liability and warranty claims

Federal and state regulations

Dependence on our manufacturing facilities

Any forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf speak only as of the date they are made and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of subsequent events or circumstances. Before making any investment decision, you should carefully consider all risks and uncertainties disclosed in all our SEC filings, including our reports on Forms 8-K, 10-Q and 10-K and our registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, all of which are accessible on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) and at <http://ir.pgtindustries.com/sec.cfm>.

**EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW**

**Sales and Operations**

On July 28, 2014, we issued a press release, and held a conference call on July 29, 2014, to review the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014. During the call, we also discussed current market conditions and progress made regarding certain business initiatives. The overview and estimates contained in this report are consistent with those given in our press release and our conference call remarks. We are neither updating nor confirming that information.

We generated net sales of \$81.6 million, up over last year's second quarter net sales of \$62.8 million, a continuation of the sales growth that we have experienced since late 2012. This growth of 29.9% primarily resulted from our new construction sales, as well as marketing programs focused on driving our WinGuard products into the repair and remodel market. Our growth in new construction sales shifted our mix from 30% of total sales in the second quarter of 2013, to 36% in the second quarter of 2014. Our WinGuard new construction products led this shift, with sales up 55% over prior year.

During the quarter, impact sales grew 32.8% over prior year, and represented 77.5% of total sales, driven by our WinGuard products with sales of \$58.2 million. Our percentage of impact sales has grown from the 75.8% of total sales from a year ago. In addition, our non-impact products sales grew 20.7% over prior year, with sales in both non-impact vinyl and non-impact aluminum up 42% and 13%, respectively, year over year.

Gross margin dollars increased 24.3%, or \$5.1 million, to \$26.1 million compared to the second quarter of 2013, primarily driven by strong revenue growth. As a percent, however, our gross margin for the quarter decreased by 1.5%, attributable to increased material costs resulting from our sales growth exceeding internal capacities for finished glass processing. Additionally, our margins were impacted by the residual effects of aggressive pricing strategies initiated during the first quarter to gain market share, a shift in mix towards new construction, and additional employee related costs. These factors were partially offset by leveraging higher year over year sales, as well as the favorable impact of our price increase announced in the third quarter of last year. We also improved year over year on efficiencies in scrap and labor.

As stated in Note 14 to the Financial Statements, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire CGI Windows & Doors Holding, Inc., pursuant to which CGI will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of PGT. The transaction, valued at approximately \$111 million, will enhance PGT's leadership position in the growing impact-resistant window and door industry, diversify and broaden PGT's brand portfolio, and position PGT to more effectively compete against the national manufacturers. The acquisition is expected to close in September 2014. Deutsche Bank and Keybank NA have committed to providing a long-term debt facility of \$235 million which, together with cash on hand is expected to be used to consummate the acquisition, repay existing indebtedness, and for general corporate purposes.

As we look forward, we expect to capitalize on improving economic conditions, especially in our core Florida market, and our investments in consumer promotions and advertising. The new glass plant that we are constructing to address our internal capacity constraint is progressing according to plan and we expect it to be operational by the beginning of the fourth quarter. In addition, we are dedicating resources on hiring and training new employees to meet demand, in line with projected top line growth. We expect to continue the momentum of strong year over year sales growth into the third quarter. July sales, in fact, were up approximately 17% over prior year, and we are forecasting third quarter sales to be between \$74 million and \$77 million, compared to \$64.9 million in third quarter of 2013.

**Table of Contents****Performance Summary**

The following table presents financial data derived from our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income as a percentage of total net sales for the periods indicated:

	<i>(unaudited)</i>				<i>(unaudited)</i>			
	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>June 29,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>		<b>June 29,</b>	
	<b>June 28,</b>		<b>June 29,</b>		<b>June 28,</b>		<b>June 29,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>		<b>2013</b>		<b>2014</b>		<b>2013</b>	
	<i>(in thousands)</i>				<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Net sales	\$ 81,622	100.0%	\$ 62,847	100.0%	\$ 144,346	100.0%	\$ 112,410	100.0%
Cost of sales	55,477	68.0%	41,817	66.5%	98,429	68.2%	73,821	65.7%
Gross margin	26,145	32.0%	21,030	33.5%	45,917	31.8%	38,589	34.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,951	15.9%	14,285	22.8%	26,329	18.2%	27,310	24.3%
Gain on sale of assets held for sale		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	(2,195)	-2.0%
Income from operations	13,194	16.2%	6,745	10.7%	19,588	13.6%	13,474	12.0%
Interest expense, net	891	1.1%	697	1.1%	1,789	1.2%	1,509	1.3%
Other (income) expense, net	(278)	-0.3%	461	0.7%	(101)	-0.1%	677	0.6%
Income before income taxes	12,581	15.4%	5,587	8.9%	17,900	12.4%	11,288	10.0%
Income tax expense (benefit)	4,780	5.9%	(4,335)	-6.9%	6,747	4.7%	(3,898)	-3.5%
Net income	\$ 7,801	9.6%	\$ 9,922	15.8%	\$ 11,153	7.7%	\$ 15,186	13.5%

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 28, 2014, AND JUNE 29, 2013**

The following table represents total sales by product category for the three months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013:

Product category:	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>June 29, 2013</b>		<b>% change</b>
	<b>June 28, 2014</b>		<b>Sales</b>	<b>% of sales</b>	
	<b>Sales</b>	<b>% of sales</b>	<b>Sales</b>	<b>% of sales</b>	
	<i>(in millions)</i>				
Impact Window and Door Products	\$ 63.3	77.5%	\$ 47.6	75.8%	32.8%
Other Window and Door Products	18.3	22.5%	15.2	24.2%	20.7%

Total net sales	\$ 81.6	100.0%	\$ 62.8	100.0%	29.9%
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Net sales of impact window and door products, which include our WinGuard, PremierVue and Architectural Systems product lines, were \$63.3 million for the second quarter of 2014, an increase of \$15.6 million, or 32.8%, from \$47.6 million for the 2013 second quarter. WinGuard product sales, which grew both in new construction and repair and remodel markets, represented 71% and 72% of our net sales for the second quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively. PremierVue and Architectural Systems grew 88.9% over the prior year quarter, due to focused sales efforts.

Net sales of other window and door products were \$18.3 million for the second quarter of 2014, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 20.7%, from \$15.2 million for the 2013 second quarter. This increase was due mainly to an increase in sales of our non-impact vinyl products, whose sales were up \$1.9 million. Additionally, non-impact aluminum products increased \$0.8 million and Eze-Breeze product sales grew \$0.5 million. Our non-impact products sales increase was also impacted from the growth in new construction sales, as overall new construction sales increased by 52%. We also are continuing to see market preferences shift from aluminum to vinyl products, as we saw a 39% sales increase in combined impact and non-impact vinyl products.

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**Table of Contents*****Gross margin***

Gross margin was \$26.1 million, or 32.0% of sales, up 24.3%, compared to \$21.0 million, or 33.5% for the second quarter of 2013. The 1.5% decrease in gross margin as a percentage of net sales was due to an increase in material costs from purchasing finished glass in excess of our current glass capacities to support our sales growth, resulting in a decrease of 1.3%, as well as impacts to margin from a shift in mix towards new construction, resulting in a decrease of 0.9%, and the residual effects of aggressive pricing strategies initiated during the first quarter to gain market share, resulting in a decrease of 0.8%. Additionally, employee related costs in connection with a higher sales base impacted our margin by 1.3%. These factors were partially offset by leveraging higher sales, and the favorable impact of the price increase announced in the third quarter of 2013, which combined to positively impact gross margin by 1.8%. Additionally, improved year over year efficiencies achieved in labor and scrap, also positively impacted gross margins by 1.0%.

***Selling, general and administrative expenses***

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$13.0 million for the second quarter of 2014, a decrease of \$1.3 million from \$14.3 million for the second quarter of 2013. The key factors driving the reduction was the 2013 expenses incurred on the secondary offering and debt refinancing of \$1.5 million, and a decrease of \$1.6 million in amortization expense. These reductions in costs were partially offset by an increase of \$1.2 million in selling activities and distribution costs consistent with higher sales, and \$0.6 million in increased employee related costs, consistent with higher volume.

***Interest expense, net***

Interest expense, net was \$0.9 million in the second quarter of 2014, an increase of \$0.2 million from \$0.7 million for the second quarter of 2013. Our interest expense increased slightly from prior year due to the increased debt balance, while offset by decreased interest rates from the new agreement, and decreased amortization related deferred financing costs.

***Other (income) expense, net***

Other income, net of \$0.3 million in the second quarter of 2014, compared with a net expense of \$0.5 million in the second quarter of 2013. The amount in 2014 primarily relates to the gain on changes in the fair value and settlements of our ineffective portion of aluminum hedges, while in 2013 it relates to the write-off of deferred financing costs from the old debt agreement, along with the changes in the fair value and settlements of our ineffective aluminum hedges.

***Income tax expense***

We recognized income taxes at a rate of 38.0%, which is slightly lower than the statutory rate of 38.8% for the three months ended June 28, 2014. The rate is lower than the statutory rate due mainly to the estimated impact of the Section 199 manufacturing deduction.

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$4.3 million for the three months ended June 29, 2013. The income tax benefit in 2013 is due primarily to a \$3.9 million reversal of a portion of our deferred tax asset valuation allowance in the second quarter, along with a change in our annual effective tax rate excluding the discrete item. As of year ended 2013, and the three months ended June 28, 2014, we have no valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 28, 2014 AND JUNE 29, 2013**

The following table represents total sales by product category for the six months ended June 28, 2014, and June 29, 2013:

	<b>June 28, 2014</b>		<b>June 29, 2013</b>		<b>% change</b>
	<b>Sales</b>	<b>% of sales</b>	<b>Sales</b>	<b>% of sales</b>	
	<i>(in millions)</i>				
<b>Product category:</b>					
Impact Window and Door Products	\$ 111.2	77.1%	\$ 85.6	76.2%	29.9%
Other Window and Door Products	33.1	22.9%	26.8	23.8%	23.6%
Total net sales	\$ 144.3	100.0%	\$ 112.4	100.0%	28.4%



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Net sales of impact window and door products, which include our WinGuard, PremierVue and Architectural Systems product lines, were \$111.2 million for the first six months of 2014, an increase of \$25.6 million, or 29.9%, from \$85.6 million in net sales for the first six months of 2013. The increase was due mainly to an increase in Aluminum and Vinyl WinGuard of \$16.9 million and \$6.0 million, respectively. WinGuard product sales, which grew in both new construction and repair and remodel markets, represented 71% and 72% of our net sales for the first six months of 2014 and 2013, respectively. PremierVue and Architectural Systems grew 55.8% over the prior year six months due to focused sales efforts.

Net sales of other window and door products were \$33.1 million for the first six months of 2014, an increase of \$6.3 million, or 23.6%, from \$26.8 million in net sales for the first six months of 2013. This increase was due mainly to an increase in new construction sales of our non-impact vinyl products, whose total sales were up \$3.2 million, our non-impact aluminum products which were up \$2.3 million, and an increase in Eze-Breeze product sales of \$0.8 million.

***Gross margin***

Gross margin was \$45.9 million, or 31.8% of net sales for the first six months of 2014, compared to \$38.6 million, or 34.3% for the first six months of 2013, an increase of \$7.3 million, or 19.0%. The 2.5% decrease in gross margin as a percentage of net sales was due to an increase in material costs from purchasing finished glass in excess of our current glass capacities to support our sales growth, resulting in a decrease of 1.5%, as well as impacts to margin from a shift in mix towards new construction, resulting in a decrease of 1.3%, and the residual effects of aggressive pricing strategies initiated during the first quarter to gain market share, resulting in a decrease of 0.8%. Additionally, employee related costs impacted our margin by 0.6%. These factors were partially offset by leveraging higher sales, and the favorable impact of the price increase announced in the third quarter of 2013, which combined to positively impact gross margin by 1.5%. Additionally, efficiency achieved in labor and scrap also positively impacted gross margins by 0.2%.

***Selling, general and administrative expenses***

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$26.3 million for the first six months of 2014, a decrease of \$1.0 million from the \$27.3 million for the first six months of 2013. The key factors driving the reduction were the 2013 expenses incurred on the secondary offering and debt refinancing of \$1.5 million, and a decrease in amortization expense of \$2.8 million. These decreases in costs were partially offset by an increase of \$2.1 million in additional selling activities and distribution costs consistent with higher sales, and \$1.2 million in employee related costs.

***Gain on assets held for sale***

During the first quarter of 2013, we sold the Salisbury, North Carolina facility for approximately \$8.0 million in cash (approximately \$7.5 million net of selling costs), resulting in a gain of \$2.2 million.

***Interest expense, net***

Interest expense, net was \$1.8 million in the first six months of 2014, an increase of \$0.3 million from the \$1.5 million for the first six months of 2013. Our interest expense increased slightly from prior year due to the increased debt balance, while offset by decreased interest rates from the new agreement, and decreased amortization related deferred financing costs.

***Other (income) expense, net***

Other income, net was \$0.1 million in the first six months of 2014, compared to other expense of \$0.7 million in the first six months of 2013. The amount in 2014 primarily relates to the gain on changes in the fair value and settlements of our ineffective portion of aluminum hedges, while the amount in 2013 relates to the write off of \$0.3 million of deferred financing costs relating to the old debt agreement, along with the changes in the fair value and settlements of our ineffective aluminum hedges.

***Income tax expense (benefit)***

We recognized income taxes at a rate of 37.7%, which is slightly lower than the statutory rate of 38.8% for the six months ended June 28, 2014. The rate is lower than the statutory rate due mainly to the estimated impact of the Section 199 manufacturing deduction.

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We recorded an income tax benefit of \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 29, 2013. The income tax benefit in 2013 is due primarily to a \$3.9 million reversal of a portion of our deferred tax asset valuation allowance in the second quarter, along with a change in our annual effective tax rate excluding the discrete item. As of year ended 2013 and the six months ended June 28, 2014, we had no valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our principal source of liquidity is cash flow generated by operations, supplemented by borrowings under our credit facilities. This cash generating capability provides us with financial flexibility in meeting operating and investing needs. Our primary capital requirements are to fund working capital needs, meet required debt service payments on our credit facilities and fund capital expenditures.

**Consolidated Cash Flows**

*Operating activities.* Cash provided by operating activities during the first six months was \$8.1 million, compared to \$7.4 million in the first six months of 2013. This is higher mainly due to an increase in sales volume, which was offset by higher disbursements to vendors and personnel due to the increased sales demand.

Direct cash flows from operations for the first half of 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	<b>Direct Cash Flows</b>	
	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 28,</b>	<b>June 29,</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Collections from customers	\$ 140.7	\$ 107.3
Other collections of cash	1.4	1.1
Disbursements to vendors	(83.6)	(68.1)
Personnel related disbursements	(48.9)	(31.6)
Income taxes paid	(0.1)	(0.1)
Debt service costs (interest)	(1.4)	(1.2)
<b>Cash provided by operations</b>	<b>\$ 8.1</b>	<b>\$ 7.4</b>

Days sales outstanding (DSO), which we calculate as accounts receivable divided by quarterly average daily sales, was 31 days at June 28, 2014, compared to 33 days at June 29, 2013.

Inventory on hand as of June 28, 2014, increased \$1.7 million to \$15.8 million, compared to June 29, 2013. Inventory turns during the first six months of 2014 increased to 12.4 from 10.4 for the first six months of 2013.

We monitor and evaluate raw material inventory levels based on the need for each discrete item to fulfill short-term requirements calculated from current order patterns and to provide appropriate safety stock. Because all of our products are made-to-order, we have only a small amount of finished goods and work in process inventory. As a result of these factors, our inventories are not excessive, and we believe the value of such inventories will be realized through sale.

*Investing activities.* Cash used by investing activities was \$7.8 million for the first six months of 2014, compared to cash provided in investing activities of \$5.3 million for the first six months of 2013. During the first six months of 2014, \$3.6 million was spent on the glass facility and other capital expenditures. In 2013, the cash provided by investing activities was due to proceeds from the sale of the Salisbury, North Carolina facility, of \$7.5 million, during the first quarter of 2013.

*Financing activities.* Cash provided by financing activities was \$3.0 million in the first six months of 2014, primarily due to \$6.0 million from the exercise of stock options and excess tax benefits from stock options, which was partially offset by \$2.0 million for the payment of debt and \$1.0 million for the purchase of treasury stock. Cash used in financing activities was \$15.9 million in the first six months of 2013, due to a \$7.5 million prepayment of debt, \$6.1 million for stock repurchases and \$3.6 million to pay certain fees and expenses relating to the offering. This was offset by proceeds from exercises of stock options totaling \$1.2 million. The repurchase of \$50 million in shares was funded by a \$50 million increase in debt, resulting in no change in cash.

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*Debt Covenant.* In accordance with the Credit Agreement (defined below) we are required to meet certain financial covenants, the most restrictive of which is a maximum ratio of Total Funded Debt to Consolidated EBITDA for the trailing four quarters. This maximum ratio decreases during the term of the agreement from 3.75X to 3.0X. Consolidated EBITDA as defined in the agreement is determined as follows: Consolidated net income/(loss) plus interest expense (net of interest income), income taxes, depreciation, amortization, as well as other non-recurring items such as restructuring charges, plant consolidation costs, manufacturing inefficiencies incurred with plant consolidations, and non-cash stock compensation. We closely monitor compliance with our various debt covenants. As of June 28, 2014, our current leverage as defined in the calculation was 1.58, and we were in compliance and expect to be in the future.

*Capital Resources.* On May 28, 2013, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement ) with the various financial institutions and other persons from time to time parties thereto as lenders (the Lenders ), SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent (in such capacity, the Administrative Agent ), as collateral agent, as swing line lender and as a letter of credit issuer, and the other agents and parties thereto. The Credit Agreement establishes new senior secured credit facilities in an aggregate amount of \$105.0 million, consisting of an \$80.0 million Tranche A term loan facility maturing in five years that will amortize on a basis of 5% annually during the five-year term, and a \$25.0 million revolving credit facility maturing in five years that includes a \$5.0 million swing line facility and a \$10.0 million letter of credit facility. As of June 28, 2014, there were \$0.6 million of letters of credit outstanding and \$24.4 million available on the revolver.

Interest on all loans under the Credit Agreement is payable, either quarterly, or at the expiration of any LIBOR interest period applicable thereto. Borrowings under the term loans and the revolving credit facility accrue interest at a rate equal to, at our option, a base rate or LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin is based on our leverage ratio, ranging from 300 to 350 basis points in the case of LIBOR and 200 to 250 basis points in the case of the base rate. We pay quarterly fees on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility equal to 0.50% as well as a quarterly letter of credit fee at a rate per annum equal to the applicable margin for LIBOR loans on the face amount of any outstanding letters of credit.

The Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a maximum leverage ratio (based on the ratio of total funded debt to consolidated EBITDA, each as defined in the Credit Agreement) and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio (based on the ratio of consolidated EBITDA minus net cash taxes minus capital expenditures to cash interest expense plus scheduled principal payments of term loans, each as defined in the Credit Agreement), which will be tested quarterly based on the last four fiscal quarters and is set at levels as described in the Credit Agreement. As of June 28, 2014, our current leverage as defined in the calculation was 1.58, and we were in compliance and expect to be in the future.

The Credit Agreement also contains a number of affirmative and restrictive covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of additional debt, liens on property, acquisitions and investments, loans and guarantees, mergers, consolidations, liquidations and dissolutions, asset sales, dividends and other payments in respect of our capital stock, prepayments of certain debt and transactions with affiliates. The Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default.

PGT, Inc. has unconditionally guaranteed all loans and other obligations under the Credit Agreement and related documents, and such guarantee is secured by a lien on substantially all of the assets of our wholly owned subsidiary, PGT Industries, Inc., subject to certain limitations. PGT, Inc. has no operations or assets independent of its subsidiary.

The face value of the debt as of June 28, 2014, was \$77.0 million. Related debt issuance costs and the debt discount are being amortized to interest expense, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt.

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The contractual future maturities of long-term debt outstanding as of June 28, 2014, are as follows (excluding unamortized debt discount and issuance costs):

	<i>(in thousands)</i>
2014	\$ 3,000
2015	4,000
2016	4,000
2017	3,000
2018	63,000
Total	\$ 77,000

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*Capital Expenditures.* Capital expenditures vary depending on prevailing business factors, including current and anticipated market conditions. For the first six months of 2014, capital expenditures were \$7.8 million, compared to \$2.1 million for the first six months of 2013. We expect to spend approximately \$18 to \$20 million on capital expenditures in 2014, which includes an additional \$7.0 million in the third and fourth related to the new glass plant facility, along with continuing capital expenditures related to the new enterprise resource planning ( ERP ) system, new products and manufacturing initiatives. We anticipate that cash flows from operations and liquidity from the revolving credit facility, if needed, will be sufficient to execute our business plans.

*Hedging.* We enter into aluminum forward contracts to hedge the fluctuations in the purchase price of aluminum extrusion we use in production. We enter into these contracts by trading on the London Metal Exchange ( LME ). We trade on the LME using an international commodities broker that offers global access to all major markets. We maintain a \$2.0 million line of credit with our commodities broker to cover the liability position of open contracts for the purchase of aluminum in the event that the price of aluminum falls. Should the price of aluminum fall to a level which causes our liability for open aluminum contracts to exceed \$2.0 million, we are required to fund daily margin calls to cover the excess.

## **Contractual Obligations**

There has been no significant changes to our Disclosures of Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments table in Part II, Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of our Form 10-K annual report for year ended December 28, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2014.

## **Significant Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Significant accounting policies are those that are both important to the accurate portrayal of a Company's financial condition and results and require subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. We make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and accompanying notes. Certain estimates are particularly sensitive due to their significance to the financial statements and the possibility that future events may be significantly different from our expectations.

We identified our significant accounting policies in our Form 10-K annual report for the year ended December 28, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2014. There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies during the first six months of 2014.

## **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which states the core principal of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. The provisions of the guidance will be effective for us beginning in first quarter of 2017. Management is still reviewing the impact of this new guidance on our financials.

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

We utilize derivative financial instruments to hedge price movements in aluminum materials used in our manufacturing process and to hedge interest rate fluctuation associated with our debt. We entered into aluminum hedging instruments that settle at various times through June 2015 and cover approximately 45% of our anticipated need through June 2015 at an average price of \$0.89 per pound. For forward contracts for the purchase of aluminum on June 28, 2014, a 10% decrease in the price of aluminum per pound would decrease the fair value of our forward contracts of aluminum by \$0.6 million. This calculation utilizes our actual commitment of 7.2 million pounds under contract (to be settled throughout June 2015) and the market price of aluminum as of June 28, 2014, which was approximately \$0.88 per pound.

We experience changes in interest expense when market interest rates change. Changes in our debt could also increase these risks. Based on debt outstanding at June 28, 2014, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates would result in approximately \$0.6 million of additional interest costs annually.



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**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

A control system, however, no matter how well conceived and operated can at best provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Additionally, a control system reflects the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of error or fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected, and due to these inherent limitations, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, with the assistance of management, evaluated the design, operation and effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report (the Evaluation Date). Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purposes of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the second quarter of fiscal year 2012, we started the implementation of our new Enterprise Resource Planning System (ERP System). We expect to continue the final phases of implementation into the fourth quarter. The implementation of this ERP System has affected and will continue to affect our internal controls over financial reporting by, among other things, improving user access security and automating a number of accounting, back office and reporting processes and activities. Management will continue to evaluate the operating effectiveness of related key controls during subsequent periods.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* During the period covered by this report, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation described above that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to the conduct of our business in the ordinary course. We carry insurance coverage in such amounts in excess of our self-insured retention as we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances and that may or may not cover any or all of our liabilities with respect to claims and lawsuits. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Although our business and facilities are subject to federal, state and local environmental regulation, environmental regulation does not have a material impact on our operations. We believe that our facilities are in material compliance with such laws and regulations. As owners and lessees of real property, we can be held liable for the investigation or

remediation of contamination on such properties, in some circumstances without regard to whether we knew of or were responsible for such contamination. Our current expenditures with respect to environmental investigation and remediation at our facilities are minimal, although no assurance can be provided that more significant remediation may not be required in the future as a result of spills or releases of petroleum products or hazardous substances or the discovery of previously unknown environmental conditions.

#### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part 1, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Form 10-K annual report for the year ended December 28, 2013, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

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Additional risk and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

**Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

**Issuer Purchases of Equity**

During the second quarter of 2014, we repurchased 5,826 shares of our common stock at an average price per share of \$10.65.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2013, PGT Inc. repurchased 6,791,171 shares of its common stock from the secondary offering of JLL Partners Fund IV, L.P. PGT purchased these shares from the selling stockholder at a price per share of \$7.36, which represented the offering price to the public less the underwriting discounts and commissions. These shares were cancelled and retired.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

The following items are attached or incorporated herein by reference:

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of PGT, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2010, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated By-Laws of PGT, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2010, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 4.1 Form of Specimen Certificate (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement of the Company on Form S-1, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 26, 2006, Registration No. 333-132365)

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- 4.3 PGT Savings Plan (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Form S-8 Registration Statement, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 15, 2007, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.1 Credit Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2013, among PGT, Inc., PGT Industries, Inc., the lenders party thereto, certain other financial institutions, and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 28, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 3, 2013, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.2 Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated August 5, 2013, by and among the Company and the Lenders party thereto, and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent for the Lenders, amending Credit Agreement dated May 28, 2013, (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 5, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 9, 2013, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.3 Form of PGT, Inc. 2006 Equity Incentive Plan Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement of the Company on Form S-1, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 8, 2006, Registration No. 333-132365)

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- 10.4 Form of Employment Agreement, between PGT Industries, Inc. and, individually, Rodney Hershberger, Jeffery T. Jackson, Mario Ferrucci III, Deborah L. LaPinska, Monte Burns, David B. McCutcheon, Bradley West and Todd Antonelli (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 20, 2009, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 26, 2009, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.8 Form of PGT, Inc. 2006 Equity Incentive Plan Replacement Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2010, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.9 PGT, Inc. Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2010, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.10 Supply Agreement, executed on January 24, 2014, by and between Keymark Corporation and PGT Industries, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 24, 2014, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 28, 2014, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.11 Supply Agreement, executed on December 16, 2013, by and between PPG Industries, Inc. and PGT Industries, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 16, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 20, 2013, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.12 Sales Contract, executed on November 12, 2013, by and between E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, through its Packaging and Industrial Polymers business, and PGT Industries, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 12, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 13, 2013, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.13 Supply Agreement, executed on January 24, 2014, by and between, SAPA Extruder, Inc. and PGT Industries, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 24, 2014, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 28, 2014, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.14 Supply Agreement, executed on April 29, 2014, by and between Royal Group, Inc. and PGT Industries, Inc., (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 29, 2014, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 5, 2014, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 10.15 Agreement and Plan of Merger, executed on July 25, 2015, with CGI Windows and Doors Holdings, Inc., and PGT Industries, Inc., and Cortec Group IV, L.P., solely in its capacity as the representatives of the equity holders of CGI (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Current Report For 8-K dated July 25, 2014, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 29, 2014, Registration No. 000-52059)
- 31.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document\*
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema\*
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase\*
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase\*
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase\*
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase\*

\* Filed herewith.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**PGT, INC.**

**(Registrant)**

Date: July 30, 2014

/s/ Bradley West  
Bradley West  
Vice President and Chief Financial Officer