

NOMURA HOLDINGS INC
Form 6-K
June 01, 2006
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FORM 6-K

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 1-15270

For the month of June 2006.

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

9-1, Nihonbashi 1-chome

Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-8645

Japan

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

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Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes _____ No X

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-_____

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Information furnished on this form:

EXHIBIT

Exhibit Number

1. [(English Translation) Notice of Convocation of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders]
2. [(English Translation) Nomura Report for the 102nd Fiscal Year From April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006]

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: June 1, 2006

By: /s/ Tetsu Ozaki
Tetsu Ozaki
Senior Managing Director

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[English Translation]

(Code: 8604)

May 31, 2006

To: Shareholders

Nobuyuki Koga

Director and President & CEO

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

1-9-1 Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN

Notice of Convocation of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

Dear Shareholder:

I would like to take this opportunity to thank you, our shareholder, for your support to Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the Company).

You are hereby notified that the 102nd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held as follows. You are respectfully requested to attend the meeting with the enclosed proxy card in your possession.

In the event that you are unable to attend the meeting, you may exercise your voting rights via mail or the internet. Please review the proposals described later, indicate your approval or disapproval of the proposals on the enclosed proxy card and, after affixing your seal impression thereon, return the card to the Company or cast your vote through the website specified by the Company (<http://www.evotep.jp/>). (Japanese only)

Description

1. Date and Time: 10:00 a.m. on Wednesday, June 28, 2006
2. Place: Hotel Okura Tokyo, Heian Room (Main Building, first floor)
2-10-4 Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN

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3. Agenda for the Meeting:

Matters to be Reported:

1. Report on the 102nd fiscal year's (April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006) result of operations, balance sheet (as of March 31, 2006) and income statement.
2. Report on the 102nd fiscal year's consolidated balance sheet (as of March 31, 2006) and consolidated income statement and audit report of the independent accountants and the audit committee on such consolidated financial statements.
3. Report on the appropriation of retained earnings for the 102nd fiscal year and reasons, etc.

Matters to be Resolved:

1. Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation (as described later in the attached Reference Material Regarding the Exercise of Voting Rights).
2. Election of Eleven Directors.
3. Issue of Stock Acquisition Rights as Stock Options (as described later in the attached Reference Material Regarding the Exercise of Voting Rights).

An audio replay of the annual shareholder's meeting is available from June 28, 2006.

The replay can be accessed from Nomura's website at

<http://www.nomuraholdings.com/jp/investor/> (Japanese); or <http://www.nomura.com/>. (English)

Note: In case any reference material attached hereof should be amended, the amended material will be disclosed on the Company's website (<http://www.nomuraholdings.com/jp/investor/>).

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Reference Material Regarding the Exercise of Voting Rights

1. Total Number of Voting Rights Owned by all the Shareholders:
19,005,340

2. Agenda and the Referenced Matters:

Proposal No. 1: Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation

1. Reasons for the amendment:

In accordance with the Corporation Law (2005 Law No. 86) of Japan and the Law Concerning Adjustment of Related Laws, Etc. Accompanying the Enforcement of the Corporation Law (2005 Law No. 87) of Japan, coming into effect on May 1, 2006, it is hereby proposed that amendment be made to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company as described below:

(1) Amendment with regard to the matters that are deemed to have been provided in the Articles of Incorporation upon enforcement of the Corporation Law:

- 1) The Company is a company with committees. Hence, the Company is deemed to have a provision in the Articles of Incorporation in accordance with the Corporation Law that the Company shall set up the board of directors, nomination committee, audit committee, compensation committee and accounting auditors.
- 2) With regard to certificates of shares, there is no provision in the Articles of Incorporation that forbids the Company from issuing certificates of shares. Hence, the Company is deemed to have a provision in the Articles of Incorporation on the date that the Corporation Law came into effect that the Company shall issue certificates of shares.
- 3) With regard to a transfer agent, there is a provision in the Articles of Incorporation that the Company shall have a transfer agent. Hence, the Company is deemed to have provided a provision in the Articles of Incorporation on the date of enforcement of the Corporation Law that the Company shall have a share registrar.
- 4) With regard to distribution of surplus, the Company is deemed to have provisions in the Articles of Incorporation that the board of directors shall have the authority to determine distribution of surplus and that it shall not be determined by a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

In order to clarify such deemed provisions in the Articles of Incorporation, it is hereby proposed that the following amendments be made to the existing Articles of Incorporation.

(Articles for reference)

Proposed Article 5 (Governing Bodies), Article 7 (Issuance of Certificates of Shares), Article 11 (Share Registrar) and Article 34 (Organ with the Authority to Determine Distribution of Surplus)

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(2) Changes in terms and expressions in accordance with the Corporation Law

In accordance with the Corporation Law, it is hereby proposed that the terms under the Commercial Code prior to amendment be replaced with those used in the Corporation Law and simultaneously some expressions, and words and terms be modified.

(Articles for reference)

Proposed Article 4 (Method of Giving Public Notices), Article 6 (Authorized Number of Shares), Article 8 (Number of Shares Constituting One Unit), Article 10 (Request for Purchasing Less-Than-A-Full-Unit Shares), Article 13 (Convocation), Article 14 (Record Date of an Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders), Article 18 (Resolutions), Article 19 (Number of Directors and Election), Article 20 (Term of Office), Article 24 (Limitation of Liabilities of Directors), Article 25 (Maintenance of Committees), Article 26 (Authorities of Committees, Etc.), Article 28 (Executive Officers and Authorities of Executive Officers), Article 29 (Terms of office), Article 30 (Representative Executive Officers and Executive Officers with Special Titles), Article 31 (Limitation of Liabilities of Executive Officers), Article 33 (Fiscal Year), etc.

(3) Amendment as a result of the introduction of quarterly dividends

In accordance with the Corporation Law, restrictions on the number of dividend payments are lifted and the Company has determined to introduce quarterly dividends. Hence, it is hereby proposed that four record dates be fixed for each year.

(Article for reference)

Proposed Article 35 (Record Date for Distribution of Surplus)

(4) New provision regarding the new disclosure policy whereby reference materials for a general meeting of shareholders and other documents shall be made available on the Internet

It is hereby proposed that the Company adopt a policy of providing shareholders with information including reference materials for a general meeting of shareholders, business reports, financial statements and consolidated financial statements on the Internet.

(Article for reference)

Proposed Article 17 (Disclosure of Reference Materials for a General Meeting of Shareholders on the Internet)

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- (5) New provision upon adoption of a policy allowing written consent by writing or electronic means resolutions by the entire board of directors

To allow the board of directors to operate flexibly, it is hereby proposed that the Company adopt a policy allowing written consent by writing or electronic means under which a resolution shall be deemed to be adopted by the board of directors without convening a meeting thereof if all the directors consent thereto in writing or by any electronic method.

(Article for reference)

Proposed Article 23 (Resolutions)

- (6) Amendment with regard to the procedure of exercise of rights of shareholders

It is hereby proposed that amendment be made to the existing Articles of Incorporation so that the Share Handling Regulations may govern the procedure of exercise of rights of shareholders, in addition to the handling business relating to shares of the Company.

(Article for reference)

Proposed Article 12 (Share Handling Regulations)

- (7) New provision for the rights of holders of less-than-a-full-unit shares

Holders of less-than-a-full-unit shares are not entitled to vote at any general meeting of shareholders. In addition, the Corporation Law authorizes a company to provide in its articles of incorporation that holders of less-than-a-full-unit shares shall not be entitled to exercise any rights other than those provided by the Corporation Law. Hence, to secure efficient handling of holders of less-than-a-full-unit shares, it is hereby proposed that a new provision be added to that effect.

(Article for reference)

Proposed Article 9 (Rights Pertaining to Less-Than-A-Full-Unit Shares)

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2. Amendment:

(amendment underlined)

Current

As Amended

CHAPTER I

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 4. (Method of Giving Public Notices)

Article 4. (Method of Giving Public Notices)

Public notices of the Company shall be made by electronic public notice; provided, however, that such notices shall be given by publication in Nihon Keizai Shimbun in cases the method of electronic public notice is not available due to any troubles or unavoidable circumstances.

The method of public notices of the Company shall be electronic public notice; provided, however, that such notices shall be given by publication in Nihon Keizai Shimbun in cases the method of electronic public notice is not available due to any troubles or unavoidable circumstances.

Article 5. (Committee System)

The Company shall apply the special provisions regarding the committee system prescribed in Chapter 2, Section 4 of the Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code concerning Audit, etc. of Kabushiki-Kaisha (Law No. 22, 1974) (Special Law).

(Deleted)

(Newly added)

Article 5. (Governing Bodies)

The Company shall, as a company with committees, set up, in addition to the shareholders meetings and directors, the following organs:

(1) board of directors

(2) Nomination Committee, Audit Committee, and Compensation Committee

(3) accounting auditors

CHAPTER II

SHARES

Article 6. (Authorized Number of Shares)

The authorized number of shares shall be 6,000,000,000. In the case of retirement of shares, however, the number of retired shares shall be subtracted from the authorized number of shares.

(Newly added)

Article 7. (Acquisition by the Company of its Shares)

The Company may purchase its own shares with a resolution of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 211-3, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Commercial Code.

Article 8. (Number of Shares Constituting One Unit)

1. The number of shares constituting one unit of shares of the Company shall be one hundred (100).

2. The Company shall not issue share certificates representing shares which do not constitute a full unit of shares (less-than-a-full-unit shares).

CHAPTER II

SHARES

Article 6. (Authorized Number of Shares)

The authorized number of shares of the Company shall be 6,000,000,000.

Article 7. (Issuance of certificates of shares)

The Company shall issue certificates of shares.

(Deleted)

Article 8. (Number of Shares Constituting One Unit)

The number of shares constituting one unit of shares of the Company shall be one hundred (100).

(Transferred to Article 9, Clause 2)

(Newly added)

Article 9. (Rights pertaining to less-than-a-full-unit shares)

1. Any shareholder of the Company (including any beneficial owner of shares of the Company; the same applies hereinafter) shall not exercise any right pertaining to shares which do not constitute a full unit of shares (less-than-a-full-unit shares) he/she has except the following rights:

(1) rights granted by the items listed in Article 189, Paragraph 2 of the Corporation Law.

(2) a right to make a request pursuant to Article 166, Paragraph 1 of the Corporation Law.

(3) a right to be allotted offered shares or offered stock acquisition rights in proportion to the number of shares owned by a shareholder.

(4) a right to make a request pursuant to the following article.

2. The Company shall not issue share certificates representing any number of less-than-a-full-unit shares, unless otherwise provided by the Share Handling Regulations.

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| Current | As Amended |
|--|---|
| <p>Article <u>9</u>. (Request for Purchasing Less-Than-A-Full-Unit Shares)</p> <p>Any shareholder of the Company (<u>including any beneficial owner of shares of the Company; the same applies hereinafter</u>) with <u>less-than-a-full-unit shares</u> may request the Company <u>to the effect that the Company sells</u> shares which will become a full unit of shares, together with the less-than-a-full-unit shares owned by the shareholder, <u>except the cases where the Company does not own the number of shares to be sold under such request.</u></p> | <p>Article <u>10</u>. (Request for Purchasing Less-Than-A-Full-Unit Shares)</p> <p>Any shareholder of the Company may request the Company <u>to sell</u> shares which will become a full unit of shares, together with the less-than-a-full-unit shares owned by the shareholder.</p> |
| <p>Article <u>10</u>. (<u>Transfer Agent</u>)</p> <p>1. The Company shall have <u>a transfer agent with respect to the shares issued by the Company.</u></p> <p>2. <u>The transfer agent</u> and its handling place of business shall be appointed and designated by a resolution of the board of directors, and public notice thereof shall be given.</p> <p>3. <u>The register</u> of shareholders of the Company (including the register of beneficial owners of shares of the Company; the same applies hereinafter) and the register of loss of share certificates of the Company <u>shall be kept at the handling place of business of the transfer agent and the registration of transfer of title to shares, purchase of less-than-a-full-unit shares, registration of loss of share certificates, treatment of requests for purchasing less-than-a-full-unit shares by the Company and other business relating to shares shall be handled by the transfer agent and not by the Company.</u></p> | <p>Article <u>11</u>. (<u>Share Registrar</u>)</p> <p>1. The Company shall have <u>a share registrar.</u></p> <p>2. <u>The share registrar</u> and its handling place of business shall be appointed and designated by a resolution of the board of directors, and public notice thereof shall be given.</p> <p>3. <u>The preparation and keeping of the register</u> of shareholders of the Company (including the register of beneficial owners of shares of the Company; the same applies hereinafter), <u>the register of stock acquisition rights</u> and the register of loss of share certificates of the Company <u>and other business relating to the register of shareholders of the Company, the register of stock acquisition rights and the register of loss of share certificates of the Company shall be delegated to the share registrar and shall not be handled by the Company.</u></p> |
| <p>Article <u>11</u>. (Share Handling Regulations)</p> <p><u>The denominations of share certificates, registration of transfer of title to shares, purchase of less-than-a-full-unit shares, registration of loss of share certificates, treatment of requests for purchasing less-than-a-full-unit shares by the Company and any other handling business</u> relating to shares of the Company shall, except as provided in these ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION , be governed by the Share</p> | <p>Article <u>12</u>. (Share Handling Regulations)</p> <p><u>The handling business</u> relating to shares of the Company shall, except as provided in these ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION , be governed by the Share Handling Regulations to be established by the board of directors or executive officers under authorities delegated by resolutions of the board of directors.</p> |

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Handling Regulations to be established by the board of directors or executive officers under authorities delegated by resolutions of the board of directors.

Article 12. (Record Date)

1. The Company shall deem the shareholders of the Company whose names appear (or are recorded by an electronic method; the same applies hereinafter) as such on the register of shareholders at the closing thereof on March 31 of each year shareholders of the Company entitled to exercise their rights at an ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the fiscal year.

(Deleted)

2. In addition to the preceding paragraph, if necessary, the Company may deem the shareholders of the Company or registered pledgees whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders at the specific date and time determined by a resolution of the board of directors and notified publicly in advance shareholders or registered pledgees entitled to exercise their rights.

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| Current | As Amended |
|---|--|
| <p>CHAPTER III</p> <p>GENERAL MEETINGS OF</p> <p>SHAREHOLDERS</p> | <p>CHAPTER III</p> <p>GENERAL MEETINGS OF</p> <p>SHAREHOLDERS</p> |
| <p>Article 13. (Convocation)</p> <p>1. (Omitted)</p> <p>2. A general meeting of shareholders shall, unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, be convened by <u>President & Chief Executive Officer</u> in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors; provided, however, that when <u>President & Chief Executive Officer</u> is unable so to act, one of the other <u>representative executive</u> officers shall take his place in accordance with the order of priority predetermined by a resolution of the board of directors.</p> <p>(Newly added)</p> <p>(Newly added)</p> | <p>Article 13. (Convocation)</p> <p>1. (Unchanged)</p> <p>2. A general meeting of shareholders shall, unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, be convened by <u>the director doubling as President & Chief Executive Officer</u> in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors; provided, however, that when <u>the director doubling as President & Chief Executive Officer</u> is unable so to act, one of the other <u>directors doubling as representative executive officers</u> shall take his place in accordance with the order of priority predetermined by a resolution of the board of directors.</p> <p><u>Article 14. (Record Date of an Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders)</u></p> <p><u>The record date for voting rights at an ordinary general meeting of shareholders shall be March 31 of each year.</u></p> <p><u>Article 17. (Disclosure of Reference Materials for a General Meeting of Shareholders on the Internet)</u></p> <p><u>The Company may regard its disclosure of information which should be shown in reference materials for a general meeting of shareholders, business reports, financial statements and consolidated financial statements on the Internet in compliance with requirements stipulated by the Ministry of Justice Ordinance as lawful provision of such information to its shareholders.</u></p> |

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Article 16. (Resolutions)

1. Resolutions of a general meeting of shareholders shall, unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, be adopted by a majority of the votes of the shareholders present thereat.

2. Any resolution under Article 343, paragraph 1 of the Commercial Code shall be adopted at such meeting at which shareholders holding not less than one-third (1/3) of the voting rights owned by all shareholders of the Company shall be present, by a majority of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the voting rights of the shareholders so present.

Article 17. (Minutes of Meetings)

The substance of proceedings of a general meeting of shareholders and results thereof shall be recorded in minutes of the meeting, and the chairman, directors and executive officers present shall affix their names and seals thereto (including their electronic signatures; the same applies hereinafter).

Article 18. (Resolutions)

1. Resolutions of a general meeting of shareholders shall, unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, be adopted by a majority of the votes of the shareholders who are present thereat and entitled to exercise their voting rights.

2. Any resolution under Article 309, Paragraph 2 of the Corporation Law shall be adopted at such meeting at which shareholders holding not less than one-third (1/3) of the voting rights owned by all shareholders of the Company who are entitled to exercise their voting rights shall be present, by a majority of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the voting rights of the shareholders so present.

(Deleted)

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| Current | As Amended |
|--|---|
| CHAPTER IV | CHAPTER IV |
| DIRECTORS AND THE BOARD OF | DIRECTORS AND THE BOARD OF |
| DIRECTORS | DIRECTORS |
| Article <u>18</u> . (Number of Directors and Election) | Article <u>19</u> . (Number of Directors and Election) |
| 1. (Omitted) | 1. (Unchanged) |
| 2. The resolution for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall require the presence of shareholders holding not less than one-third (1/3) of the voting rights out of the total number of the voting rights owned by all the shareholders of the Company. | 2. The resolution for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall require the presence of shareholders holding not less than one-third (1/3) of the voting rights out of the total number of the voting rights owned by all the shareholders of the Company <u>who are entitled to exercise their voting rights.</u> |
| 3. (Omitted) | 3. (Unchanged) |
| 4. (Omitted) | 4. (Unchanged) |
| Article <u>19</u> . (Term of Office) | Article <u>20</u> . (Term of Office) |
| The term of office of directors shall expire at the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders with respect to the last <u>closing of accounts</u> within one (1) year after their <u>assumption of office</u> . However, the term of office of any director elected to fill a vacancy shall expire when the term of office of his predecessor would have expired. | The term of office of directors shall expire at the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders with respect to the <u>last fiscal year ending</u> within one (1) year after their <u>election</u> . However, the term of office of any director elected to fill a vacancy shall expire when the term of office of his predecessor would have expired. |
| Article <u>22</u> . (Resolutions) | Article <u>23</u> . (Resolutions) |
| Resolutions of the board of directors shall be adopted by an affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present <u>which directors present</u> shall constitute a majority of all directors <u>then in office</u> . | <u>1</u> . Resolutions of the board of directors shall be adopted by an affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present <u>who</u> shall constitute a majority of all directors <u>who are then in office and entitled to participate in the voting.</u> |

(Newly added)

2. The Company shall deem that a resolution of the board of directors has been adopted in case the requirements stipulated by Article 370 of the Corporation Law have been fulfilled.

Article 23. (Minutes of Meetings)

(Deleted)

The substance of proceedings of a meeting of the board of directors and the results thereof shall be recorded in minutes of the meeting, and the directors present shall affix their names and seals thereto.

Article 24. (Limitation of Liabilities of Directors)

Article 24. (Limitation of Liabilities of Directors)

1. The Company may release the liabilities of directors (including former directors) for the acts prescribed in Article 21-17, paragraph 1 of the Special Law to the extent permitted by laws or ordinances by resolutions of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 266, paragraph 12 of the Commercial Code applied mutatis mutandis in Article 21-17, paragraph 4 of the Special Law.

1. The Company may release the liabilities for damages of directors (including former directors) due to negligence of their duties to the extent permitted by laws or ordinances by resolutions of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 426, Paragraph 1 of the Corporation Law.

2. The Company may execute with outside directors (meaning outside directors defined in Article 188, paragraph 2, item 7-2 of the Commercial Code) an agreement that will limit their liabilities for damages due to the acts prescribed in Article 21-17, paragraph 1 of the Special Law pursuant to the provision of Article 266, paragraph 19 of the Commercial Code applied mutatis mutandis in Article 21-17, paragraph 5 of the Special Law. However, the maximum amount of damages under the agreement shall be the higher of either the amount previously determined which shall not be less than 20 million yen or the amount provided by laws or ordinances.

2. The Company may execute with outside directors (meaning outside directors defined in Article 2 item 15 of the Corporation Law) an agreement that will limit their liabilities for damages due to negligence of their duties pursuant to the provision of Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Corporation Law. However, the maximum amount of damages under the agreement shall be the higher of either the amount previously determined which shall not be less than 20 million yen or the amount provided by laws or ordinances.

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| Current | As Amended |
|---|---|
| CHAPTER V | CHAPTER V |
| NOMINATION COMMITTEE, AUDIT COMMITTEE AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE | NOMINATION COMMITTEE, AUDIT COMMITTEE AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE |
| Article 25. (Maintenance of Committees) | Article 25. (Maintenance of Committees) |
| 1. The Company shall <u>maintain a Nomination Committee, an Audit Committee and a Compensation Committee.</u> | 1. The board of directors shall, <u>by its resolution, appoint from among the directors members to constitute the Nomination Committee, the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee.</u> |
| <u>2. The board of directors shall determine the directors to constitute each of the committees.</u> | (Deleted) |
| 3. The board of directors shall <u>determine</u> the chairman of each of the committees. | 2. The board of directors shall, <u>by its resolution, appoint</u> the chairman of each of the committees. |
| Article 26. (Authorities of Committees) | Article 26. (Authorities of Committees, <u>Etc.</u>) |
| 1. (Omitted) | 1. (Unchanged) |
| 2. <u>In addition to the followings, the</u> Audit Committee shall have authorities to do <u>matters prescribed in laws or ordinances.</u> | 2. <u>The</u> Audit Committee shall have authorities to do <u>the following duties:</u> |
| (1) Audit of execution of functions by the directors and executive officers | (1) Audit of execution of functions by the directors and executive officers <u>and formulation of audit reports</u> |
| (2) Determination of the particulars of proposals concerning the election and dismissal of the <u>independent auditor</u> and the non-reelection of the <u>independent auditor</u> to be submitted to a general meeting of shareholders | (2) Determination of the particulars of proposals concerning the election and dismissal of the <u>accounting auditors</u> and the non-reelection of the <u>accounting auditors</u> to be submitted to a general meeting of shareholders |
| 3. The Compensation Committee shall have authorities to determine the policy with respect to the determination of the particulars of the compensation for each director and executive officer, and the particulars of the compensation for each director and executive officer. | 3. The Compensation Committee shall have authorities to determine the policy with respect to the determination of the particulars of the compensation <u>and other remuneration</u> for each director and executive officer, and the particulars of the compensation <u>and other</u> |

remuneration for each director and executive officer. In case when an executive officer simultaneously serves as employee of the Company, the foregoing shall be applied to the compensation and other remuneration for the employee.

Article 27. (Minutes of Meetings)

(Deleted)

The substance of proceedings of a meeting of each of the committees and results thereof shall be recorded in minutes of the meeting, and the directors present shall affix their names and seals thereto.

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| Current | As Amended |
|--|---|
| CHAPTER VI | CHAPTER VI |
| EXECUTIVE OFFICERS | EXECUTIVE OFFICERS |
| | |
| Article <u>29</u> . (Executive Officers and <u>Execution of Business</u>) | Article <u>28</u> . (Executive Officers and <u>Authorities of Executive Officers</u>) |
| | |
| 1. (Omitted) | 1. (Unchanged) |
| 2. The executive officers shall have authorities to <u>determine the matters delegated by resolutions of the board of directors and execute the business of the Company.</u> | 2. The executive officers shall have authorities to <u>do the following duties:</u> |
| | <u>(1) Determination of execution of the business of the Company delegated by resolutions of the board of directors</u> |
| | <u>(2) Execution of the business of the Company.</u> |
| | |
| Article <u>30</u> . (Term of Office) | Article <u>29</u> . (Term of Office) |
| | |
| The term of office of executive officers shall expire <u>at the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders with respect to the last closing of accounts</u> within one (1) year after their <u>assumption of office.</u> | The term of office of executive officers shall expire <u>on the last day of the fiscal year ending</u> within one (1) year after their <u>election.</u> |
| | |
| Article <u>31</u> . (Representative Executive Officers and Executive Officers with Special Titles) | Article <u>30</u> . (Representative Executive Officers and Executive Officers with Special Titles) |
| | |
| 1. The Company shall, by a resolution of the board of directors, <u>appoint representative executive officers.</u> | 1. The Company shall, by a resolution of the board of directors, <u>select representative executive officers from among the executive officers.</u> |

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2. (Omitted)

2. (Unchanged)

Article 32. (Limitation of Liabilities of Executive Officers)

Article 31. (Limitation of Liabilities of Executive Officers)

The Company may release the liabilities of executive officers (including former executive officers) for the acts prescribed in Article 21-17, paragraph 1 of the Special Law to the extent permitted by laws or ordinances by resolutions of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 266, paragraph 12 of the Commercial Code applied mutatis mutandis in Article 21-17, paragraph 6 of the Special Law.

The Company may release the liabilities for damages of executive officers (including former executive officers) due to negligence of their duties to the extent permitted by laws or ordinances by resolutions of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 426, Paragraph 1 of the Corporation Law.

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Current

As Amended

CHAPTER VII

CHAPTER VII

ACCOUNTS

ACCOUNTS

Article 34. (Fiscal Year)

Article 33. (Fiscal Year)

The fiscal year of the Company shall commence on April 1 of each year and end on March 31 of the following year, and the accounts of the Company shall be closed on the last day of each fiscal year.

The fiscal year of the Company shall commence on April 1 of each year and end on March 31 of the following year.

(Newly added)

Article 34. (Organ with the Authority to Determine Distribution of Surplus)

The Company shall, by a resolution of the board of directors without obtaining a resolution of a general meeting of shareholders, determine the particulars contained in the items of Article 459, Paragraph 1, including distribution of surplus, except as otherwise stipulated by laws or ordinances.

Article 35. (Dividends and Interim Dividends)

Article 35. (Record Date for Distribution of Surplus)

1. Dividends to shareholders shall be paid to the shareholders or registered pledgees whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders of the Company at the closing thereof on March 31 of each year.

1. The record dates for dividends of the Company shall be June 30, September 30, December 31 and March 31 of each year.

2. The Company may, by a resolution of the board of directors, pay interim dividends to the shareholders or registered pledgees whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders of the Company at the closing thereof on September 30 of each year.

2. The Company may, without prejudice to the foregoing paragraphs, fix other dividend record dates and distribute surplus.

3. The Company shall be relieved from the obligation of paying dividends and interim dividends to shareholders if such dividends remain unreceived for three (3) years after the date of the commencement of payment thereof.

3. In case dividends are paid in cash, the Company shall be relieved from the obligation of paying dividends if such dividends remain unreceived for three (3) years after the date of the commencement of payment thereof.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISION

(Newly added)

Article 1. (Transitional Measures for Relief of Liabilities of Directors and Executive Officers)

The Company may release the liabilities of directors and executive officers (including former directors and former executive officers) for the acts prescribed in Article 21-17, Paragraph 1 of the former Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code (Special Law) to the extent permitted by laws or ordinances by resolutions of the board of directors pursuant to the provision of Article 266, Paragraph 12 of the former Commercial Code applied *mutatis mutandis* in Article 21-17, Paragraph 4 of the former Special Law.

Note: Only the provisions that are changed, deleted or added appear in the table. The provisions for which the only change is the section number are not shown.

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Proposal No.2: Election of Eleven Directors

As all of the eleven Directors will have finished their term of office at the conclusion of this Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company proposes the election of eleven Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Nomination Committee.

The nominees are as follows. All of these eleven nominees will continuously assume full responsibilities as Directors to determine material management matters and supervise business execution for the Nomura Group.

| Name (Date of Birth) | Brief History and Representation of Other Companies | Shareholdings of the Company |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. Junichi Ujiie (Oct. 12, 1945) | Nov. 1975 Joined Nomura Jun. 1990 Director Jun. 1992 Director and Head of Americas Division Jun. 1995 Managing Director and Head of Americas Division Jun. 1996 Managing Director in charge of Risk Analysis Division May 1997 President & CEO Apr. 2003 Chairman of the Board of Directors Jun. 2003 Chairman of the Board of Directors and Senior Managing Director April Chairman of the Board of Directors (Representation of other companies) Director and President & CEO, Nomura Institute of Capital Markets Research | 70,235 |
| 2. Nobuyuki Koga (Aug. 22, 1950) | Apr. 1974 Joined Nomura Jun. 1995 Director in charge of Human Resources May 1997 Director in charge of Planning Jun. 1998 Director in charge of Planning Division Apr. 1999 Managing Director in charge of Planning Division Jun. 2000 Executive Vice President Apr. 2003 President & CEO Jun. 2003 Director and President & CEO (Representation of other companies) Director and President & CEO, Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | 34,853 |
| 3. Hiroshi Toda (Sep. 12, 1951) | Apr. 1975 Joined Nomura Jun. 1997 Director in charge of Fixed Income Division Oct. 1998 Director in charge of Global Fixed Income Jun. 2000 Executive Managing Director in charge of Investment Banking Unit Oct. 2001 Director Apr. 2003 Executive Vice President Jun. 2003 Director and Deputy President & COO (Representation of other companies) President and Chief Executive Officer of Nomura Asia Holding N.V. | 28,300 |

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| Name | | | Shareholdings of the Company | | |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|--|--------|
| (Date of Birth) | Brief History and Representation of Other Companies | | | | |
| 4. Kazutoshi Inano (Sep. 4, 1953) | Apr. 1976 | Joined Nomura | 67,300 | | |
| | Jun. 1997 | Director in charge of Human Resources | | | |
| | Apr. 1999 | Director in charge of Marketing Division | | | |
| | Jun. 1999 | Director in charge of Marketing Division and Business Development & IPO Dept. | | | |
| | Jun. 2000 | Executive Managing Director in charge of Retail Business Unit | | | |
| | Oct. 2001 | Director | | | |
| | Apr. 2003 | Executive Vice President | | | |
| | Jun. 2003 | Director and Deputy President & Co-COO | | | |
| | 5. Nobuyuki Shigemune (Aug. 7, 1949) | Apr. 1972 | | Joined Nomura | 24,900 |
| | | Jun. 1993 | | Director in charge of Chubu and Kinki Area of Marketing Division | |
| Jun. 1995 | | Director in charge of Kinki Area of Marketing Division | | | |
| Jun. 1996 | | Director and Osaka Branch Manager | | | |
| May 1997 | | Managing Director stationed in Osaka and Osaka Branch Manager | | | |
| Dec. 1997 | | Managing Director stationed in Osaka | | | |
| Apr. 1999 | | Retired from Managing Director | | | |
| Jun. 1999 | | President, The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Jun. 2003 | | Director and President, The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Mar. 2004 | | Retired from Director and President, The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Apr. 2004 | Advisor | | | | |
| Jun. 2004 | Director | | | | |
| 6. Yukio Suzuki (Jun. 3, 1950) | Apr. 1975 | Joined Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. (NRI) | 10,300 | | |
| | Jun. 1996 | Director, NRI | | | |
| | Mar. 1997 | Retired from Director, NRI | | | |
| | Apr. 1997 | Advisor, Head of Financial Research Center and General Manager of Equity Research Dept. | | | |
| | Jun. 1997 | Director, Head of Financial Research Center and General Manager of Equity Research Dept. | | | |
| | Apr. 1999 | Retired from Director | | | |
| | May 1999 | Advisor | | | |
| | May 1999 | Retired from Advisor | | | |
| | Jun. 1999 | Senior Managing Director in charge of Research Division and General Manager of Economic Research Dept., Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. (NAM) | | | |
| | Jun. 2000 | Executive Managing Director in charge of Research Division and General Manager of Economic Research Dept., NAM | | | |
| | Jun. 2003 | Executive Managing Director, NAM | | | |
| | Mar. 2005 | Retired from Executive Managing Director, NAM | | | |
| | Apr. 2005 | Advisor | | | |
| June 2005 | Director | | | | |
| 7. Masaharu Shibata (Feb. 21, 1937) | Apr. 1959 | Joined, NGK Insulators, Ltd. | 5,000 | | |
| | Jun. 1994 | President & CEO, NGK Insulators, Ltd. | | | |

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Oct. 2001 Director
Jun. 2002 Chairman & CEO, NGK Insulators, Ltd. (currently in office)
(Representation of other companies)

Chairman & CEO, NGK Insulators, Ltd.

Chairman & CEO, NGK Technica, Ltd.

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| Name | | | Shareholdings of the Company |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| (Date of Birth) | Brief History and Representation of Other Companies | | |
| 8. Hideaki Kubori (Aug. 29, 1944) | Apr. 1971 | Registered as attorney at law and Joined Mori Sogo Law Offices | 0 |
| | Mar. 1998 | Left Mori Sogo Law Offices | |
| | Apr. 1998 | Chairman, Hibiya Park Law Offices (currently in office) | |
| | Apr. 2001 | Vice President, Japan Federation of Bar Associations and President, Daini Tokyo Bar Association | |
| | Oct. 2001 | Director | |
| | Mar. 2002 | Retired from Vice President, Japan Federation of Bar Associations; President, Daini Tokyo Bar Association | |
| 9. Haruo Tsuji (Dec. 6, 1932) | Mar. 1955 | Joined Hayakawa Electric Industry Co., Ltd. (currently, Sharp Corporation) | 4,000 |
| | Jun. 1986 | President, Sharp Corporation | |
| | Jun. 1998 | Corporate Advisor, Sharp Corporation (currently in office) | |
| | Jun. 2001 | Statutory Auditor | |
| | Jun. 2003 | Director | |
| 10. Fumihide Nomura (Apr. 13, 1934) | Apr. 1957 | Joined Nomura | 188,626 |
| | Dec. 1976 | Director | |
| | Dec. 1979 | Managing Director | |
| | Dec. 1982 | Statutory Auditor | |
| | Jun. 2003 | Director | |
| | (Representation of other companies) | | |
| | President, Nomura Shokusan Co., Ltd. | | |
| 11. Koji Tajika (Jan. 7, 1936) | Jun. 1993 | CEO of Tohmatsu & Co. | 0 |
| | Jun. 1997 | Chairman & CEO, Tohmatsu & Co. | |
| | May 1999 | Retired from Chairman & CEO, Tohmatsu & Co. | |

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| | |
|-----------|---|
| Jun. 1999 | Chairman, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu |
| May 2000 | Retired from Chairman, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu |
| Jun. 2000 | Trustee of International Accounting Standards Committee Foundation |
| Jun. 2001 | Advisor, Tohmatsu & Co. |
| Apr. 2002 | Professor of Chuo Graduate School of Accounting |
| May 2002 | Retired from Advisor, Tohmatsu & Co. |
| Jun. 2002 | Director of Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (currently in office) |
| Jun. 2003 | Director |
| Jun. 2003 | Statutory Auditor, Sumitomo Corporation (currently in office) |
| Jun. 2003 | Director, Tokyo Star Bank, Limited (currently in office) |
| Dec. 2004 | Retired from Trustee of International Accounting Standards Committee Foundation |
| | Retired from Professor of Chuo Graduate School of Accounting |
| Mar. 2006 | |

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Note 1: The nominees, Masaharu Shibata, Hideaki Kubori, Haruo Tsuji and Koji Tajika satisfy the requirements for an outside director prescribed in Article 2, paragraph 3, item 7 of the Ordinance on Implementation of the Corporation Law.

(Reference)

Masaharu Shibata, Hideaki Kubori, Haruo Tsuji, and Koji Tajika have been nominated as candidate outside directors for the following reasons.

(1) Masaharu Shibata has had ample managerial experience as the Chairman & CEO of NGK Insulators, Ltd. and has held the important position of Vice Chairman of Nippon Keidanren (Japan Business Federation). His achievements and insights have been highly evaluated. If elected as an outside director, Shibata is expected to play a sufficient role in the determination of important managerial matters of our company and in supervising the execution of our company's duties on an ongoing basis.

(2) Hideaki Kubori has exhibited high professionalism in corporate legal affairs as a lawyer, particularly in relation to corporate governance. He has also held important positions as Vice President of the Japan Federation of Bar Associations and President of the Daini Tokyo Bar Association. His achievements and insights have been highly evaluated. If elected as an outside director, he is expected to play a sufficient role in the determination of important managerial matters of our company and in supervising the execution of our company's duties on an ongoing basis.

(3) Haruo Tsuji has had ample managerial experience as President of Sharp Corporation and in successive positions. His achievements and insights have been highly evaluated. If elected as an outside director, he is expected to play a sufficient role in the determination of important managerial matters of our company and in supervising the execution of our company's duties on an ongoing basis.

(4) Koji Tajika has served as Chairman & CEO of Tohmatsu & Co., as Trustee of the International Accounting Standards Committee Foundation, and in other important positions. He is amply familiar with international accounting systems and has exhibited the high professionalism befitting of a financial expert under the US Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of 2002. If elected as an outside director, he is expected to play a sufficient role in the determination of important managerial matters of our company and in supervising the execution of our company's duties on an ongoing basis.

Note 2: There are no conflicts of interests between the Company and the above-mentioned nominees.

Note 3: The brief history above at the Company on or before September 30, 2001 refers to positions and responsibilities at The Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

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Proposal No. 3: Issue of Stock Acquisition Rights as Stock Options

In accordance with the provisions of Articles 236, 238, and 239 of the Corporation Law, upon the issuance of stock acquisition rights under stock option to directors, executive officers, and employees of the Company and to directors, corporate auditors, executive officers, and employees of subsidiaries of the Company, we wish the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to approve the arrangement whereby the payment of moneys will not be required to be paid-in, and whereby the determination of solicitation plan will be delegated to the Board of Directors of the Company.

Two types of stock acquisition rights (Stock Acquisition Rights) are to be issued.

The first is a plan for stock acquisition rights under a condition whereby the value of assets to be financed upon the exercise of stock acquisition rights at the time of issuance shall be determined based on the market price (Stock Option A Plan). The second is a plan for stock acquisition rights under a condition whereby the value of assets to be financed upon the exercise of stock acquisition rights at the time of issuance shall be below the market price (one (1) yen per share) (Stock Option B Plan). The Stock Option B Plan will enable the Company to control cash payment for compensation by granting stock acquisition rights as a partial substitute for cash compensation. Furthermore, Stock Option B Plan will enable the Company to make quasi-deferred payments of compensation by setting a period during which the stock acquisition rights cannot be exercised after they are granted (non-exercise period). Accordingly, Stock Option B Plan will have the same economic effect as the granting of restricted stocks by the Company. In principle, the non-exercise period will be not shorter than two (2) years.

1. The reasons why it is necessary to solicit persons to subscribe for stock acquisition rights under especially favorable conditions
The Company is planning to issue the Stock Acquisition Rights for the purpose of enhancing the incentives of the directors, executive officers and employees of the Company and of the directors, corporate auditors, executive officers and employees of subsidiaries of the Company in order to improve their performances, and of acquiring talented human resources.

2. The maximum number of Stock Acquisition Rights under the solicitation plan in accordance with delegation by resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders

(1) Maximum limit of the number of the Stock Acquisition Rights under Stock Option A Plan
Up to [25,000] units

The total number of shares to be issued or transferred by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights shall be up to 2,500,000 shares of common stock of the Company, and, if the number of shares is adjusted in accordance with the provisions of 4. (1)(i), the number shall be the number of shares under the relevant Stock Acquisition Rights after adjustment multiplied by the maximum limit of the number of Stock Acquisition Rights in the above.

(2) The maximum number of the Stock Acquisition Rights under Stock Option B Plan
Up to [75,000] units

The total number of shares to be issued or transferred by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights shall be up to 7,500,000 shares of common stock of the Company, and if the number of shares is adjusted in accordance with the provisions of 4. (2)(i), the number shall be the number of shares under the relevant Stock Acquisition Rights after adjustment multiplied by the maximum limit of the number of Stock Acquisition Rights in the above.

(The maximum number of the Stock Acquisition Rights relating to Stock Option A Plan and Stock Option B Plan above includes the number of Stock Acquisition Rights to be issued as share-related remuneration to directors and executive officers of the Company.)

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3. Payment of moneys shall not be required for Stock Acquisition Rights.

4. Contents of Stock Acquisition Rights

(1) Contents of Stock Acquisition Rights under Stock Option A Plan

(i) Number of Shares under Stock Acquisition Rights

The number of shares under a Stock Acquisition Right (the Number of Shares under a Stock Acquisition Right) shall be 100 shares of common stock of the Company.

If the shares are split (including allocation without charge of common stock of the Company, the same shall apply hereinafter) or consolidated after the issuance of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the number of shares under the unexercised stock acquisition rights at the time of the stock-split or stock-consolidation shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula. Any fraction of less than one (1) share resulting from the adjustment shall be disregarded

$$\text{Adjusted Number of Shares} = \frac{\text{Number of Shares before Adjustment}}{\text{Ratio of Split or Consolidation}} \times$$

If new shares of common stock are issued or the shares held by the Company are disposed of at a price below the market price of the shares of common stock of the Company (excluding any exercise of stock acquisition rights and any request for the purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares) or the Company issues any securities or stock acquisition rights which are to be converted or to be convertible to the common stock of the Company (including those attached to bonds with stock acquisition rights) and which enable the holders thereof to request the delivery of the common stock of the Company, the number of shares under the stock acquisition rights shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula. Any fraction of less than one (1) share shall be disregarded.

$$\text{Adjusted Number of Shares} = \frac{\text{Number of Shares before Adjustment}}{\text{Exercise Price before Adjustment}} \times \frac{\text{Adjusted Exercise Price}}{\text{Price}}$$

Please refer to (ii) for the adjusted exercise price.

In addition to the above, after the issuance of the stock acquisition rights, in the event of a merger of the Company with another company, a company split, a capital reduction of the Company, or any similar event in which an adjustment of the number of shares is required, the Company may appropriately adjust the number of shares to a reasonable extent.

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(ii) Value of assets financed upon the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights, or the method of calculating such value

The value of assets to be financed upon the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights shall be the amount per share to be issued or transferred by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights (the Exercise Price) multiplied by the Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Rights. The Exercise Price shall be an amount equal to the product of (i) the higher price of either the average of the daily closing price of the common stock of the Company in regular transactions at the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. during the calendar month immediately prior to the month when the Stock Acquisition Rights (excluding dates on which no trade is made) are issued or the closing price of the common stock of the Company in regular transactions at the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. on the issuance date (if there is no closing price on the issuance date, the most recent closing price prior to the issuance date shall apply), (ii) multiplied by 1.05. Any fraction of less than one (1) yen resulting from the adjustment shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

If the shares are split or consolidated after the issuance of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

$$\text{Adjusted Exercise Price} = \frac{\text{Exercise Price before Adjustment}}{\text{Ratio of Split or Consolidation}} \times 1$$

If new shares of common stock are issued or the common stock held by the Company is disposed of at a price below the market price of the common stock of the Company (excluding any cases of the exercise of stock acquisition rights and any request for the purchase of additional less-than-a-full-unit shares), the Exercise Price shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

$$\text{Adjusted Exercise Price} = \frac{\text{Exercise Price before Adjustment}}{\text{Number of Outstanding Shares issued} + \frac{\text{Number of Newly Issued Shares} \times \text{Paid-in Amount per Share}}{\text{Market Price per Share}}}$$

If the common stock of the Company held by the Company is disposed of, $\frac{\text{Number of (Outstanding + Newly Issued) Shares}}{\text{Number of Newly Issued Shares}}$ in the formula above shall read $\frac{\text{Number of Shares of Common Stock of the Company to be Disposed of}}{\text{Number of Newly Issued Shares}}$ and $\frac{\text{Paid-in Amount per Share}}{\text{Paid-in Amount per Share}}$ in the formula above shall read $\frac{\text{Disposal Value per Share}}{\text{Paid-in Amount per Share}}$.

In addition to the above, after the issuance of the stock acquisition rights, in the event of a merger of the Company with another company, a company split, a capital reduction of the Company, or any similar case in which an adjustment of the Exercise Price is required, the Company may appropriately adjust the Exercise Price to a reasonable extent.

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(iii) Exercise Period for the Stock Acquisition Rights

The Board of Directors of the Company or an executive officer designated by a resolution of the Board of Directors shall determine the exercise period for the stock acquisition rights within the period from the issuance date of the stock acquisition rights to the seventh anniversary of such issuance date.

(iv) Matters Concerning Capital and Capital Reserves that will Increase if Shares are Issued by the Exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights

(a) The amount by which the capital will increase if shares are issued by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights will be half of the amount of the limit on increase of capital, etc. calculated in accordance with Article 40(1) of the Corporate Calculation Rules, and any fraction of less than one (1) yen as a result of calculation shall be rounded up to the nearest yen.

(b) The amount by which capital reserves will increase if shares are issued by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights shall be the amount of the limit on increase of capital, etc. as stated in (a) above less the amount of capital to be increased as prescribed in (a) above.

(v) Restriction on the Acquisition of Stock Acquisition Rights by Transfer

Approval by the Board of Directors shall be required for the acquisition of Stock Acquisition Rights by transfer.

(vi) Events for Acquisition of Stock Acquisition Rights

When the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders approves a merger agreement in which the Company is to be the extinguished company or a share exchange agreement or share transfer proposal in which the Company is to become a wholly owned subsidiary, the Company may acquire the stock acquisition rights for no value on a day separately determined by the Board of Directors of the Company or an executive officer designated by resolution of the Board of Directors.

(vii) Any fractions of less than one (1) share out of the shares to be issued or transferred to a person owning the stock acquisition rights who has exercised stock acquisition rights shall be disregarded.

(viii) Other Conditions for the Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

(a) Partial exercise of the respective stock acquisition rights shall not be possible.

(b) Other conditions for the exercise of the rights shall be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company or an executive officer designated by resolution of the Board of Directors.

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(2) Contents of Issuance of Stock Acquisition Rights under Stock Option B Plan

(i) Number of Shares under the Stock Acquisition Right

The number of Shares under a Stock Acquisition Right shall be 100 shares of the common stock of the Company.

If the shares are split or consolidated after the issuance of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the number of shares under unexercised stock acquisition rights at the time of the stock-split or stock-consolidation shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula. Any fraction of less than one (1) share resulting from the adjustment shall be disregarded.

$$\text{Adjusted Number of Shares} = \frac{\text{Number of Shares before Adjustment}}{\text{Ratio of Split or Consolidation}} \times$$

In addition to the above, after the issuance of the stock acquisition rights, in the event of a merger of the Company with another company, a company split, a capital reduction of the Company, or any similar event requiring an adjustment of the number of shares, the Company may appropriately adjust the number of shares to a reasonable extent.

(ii) Value of assets financed upon the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights, or the method for calculating such

The Exercise Price shall be 1 yen, multiplied by the number of shares under the stock acquisition rights.

(iii)~(viii) Same as Stock Option A Plan.

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<For reference>

(1) Directors constituting the Nomination Committee, Audit Committee and Compensation Committee (to be appointed)

| | | |
|------------------------|----------|---|
| Nomination Committee | Chairman | Junichi Ujiie Masaharu Shibata Hideaki Kubori |
| Audit Committee | Chairman | Haruo Tsuji Fumihide Nomura Koji Tajika |
| Compensation Committee | Chairman | Junichi Ujiie Masaharu Shibata Hideaki Kubori |

(2) Executive Officers (to be appointed)

| Title | Name | Principal Positions |
|--|--------------------|---|
| President (Representative Executive Officer) | Nobuyuki Koga | Chief Executive Officer |
| Deputy President (Representative Executive Officer) | Hiroshi Toda | Chief Operating Officer |
| Deputy President (Representative Executive Officer) | Kazutoshi Inano | International Operations Co- Chief Operating Officer |
| Executive Managing Director | Masanori Itatani | Head of Internal Audit |
| Executive Managing Director | Akihiko Nakamura | Chief Information Officer |
| Senior Managing Director | Akihito Watanabe | Head of Group Human Resources Development |
| Senior Managing Director | Tetsu Ozaki | Head of Group Corporate Strategy |
| Senior Managing Director | Masafumi Nakada | Chief Financial Officer |
| Senior Managing Director | Noriaki Nagai | Head of Corporate Office |
| Senior Managing Director | Hideyuki Takahashi | Regional Management of Americas Region |
| Senior Managing Director | Yugo Ishida | Regional Management of Europe Region |

(3) Business Division CEOs

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Takashi Yanagiya | CEO of Global Investment Banking |
| Kenichi Watanabe | CEO of Domestic Retail |
| Takumi Shibata | CEO of Asset Management |
| Yasuo Agemura | CEO of Global Markets |

Akira Maruyama

CEO of Global Merchant Banking

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Voting Platform for Institutional Investors

For management and trust banks or other nominee shareholders (including standing proxies), the Electronic Voting Platform for Institutional Investors is available as one of the online voting methods for general meetings of shareholders of the Company, in addition to the method of casting votes via the Internet. The Electronic Voting Platform is operated by Investor Communication Japan, Inc. (ICJ, Inc.), a joint venture instituted by Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc, etc. Such availability is subject to the prior application for use to ICJ, Inc.

(End)

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[English Translation]

NOMURA

Report for the 102nd fiscal year

From April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

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To Our Shareholders

I am pleased to present you with our business report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006).

The fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, proved a remarkably successful one for us. Amidst the ongoing shift from savings to investment in Japan, we remained focused on offering superior products and services in response to the increasingly diverse needs of our customers. As a result, under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP), we recorded consolidated income before income taxes of 545.0 billion yen and consolidated net income of 304.3 billion yen, achieving our highest net income ever. Return on equity (ROE) was 15.5%, up significantly from the previous year's 5.2%.

In light of these results, we will pay a year-end cash dividend of 36 yen per share. In combination with the interim dividend, the total dividend for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, was 48 yen per share, our highest level ever. Looking ahead, now that restrictions on the frequency of dividend payments have been lifted with Japan's new Corporation Law, we intend to start paying dividends on a quarterly basis. This will enable more flexible distribution of dividends to our shareholders.

In recent years the economic climate has been changing rapidly, while Japan's legal system has continued to evolve. As such, we need to continue forging ahead, never resting on our laurels. Last December we celebrated our eightieth anniversary. Now, in the years leading up to our ninetieth anniversary and beyond to our centenary, Nomura Group will actively expand into new areas of business in a drive towards higher levels of growth.

We look forward to your continued support.

May 2006

Nobuyuki Koga

Director and President & CEO

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

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Attachments to Notice of Convocation of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

Business Report for the Year Ended March 31, 2006

(April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2006)

I. Overview of Business Activities

1. Group Management Policy and Structure of Business Operations

Nomura Group is committed to a management vision of firmly establishing itself as a globally competitive Japanese financial services group. We have also set a management target of achieving an average consolidated return on equity (ROE) of 10-15% over the medium to long term.

In pursuing this vision we will enlarge the scope of our business without being confined within the traditional bounds of the securities industry, while always paying due attention to feedback from our clients. Our goal is thus to transform ourselves into a financial group that provides superior services for all investment needs. By adopting a more aggressive management style, we intend to bolster our profitability and diversify our sources of revenue to establish a solid revenue base – one resilient against the changing market environment – and make our vision a reality.

Nomura Group is organized not around individual legal entities but around globally coordinated business divisions. Nomura Group has five business divisions: Domestic Retail, Global Markets, Global Investment Banking, Global Merchant Banking, and Asset Management. Global Markets is subdivided into three business lines: Global Fixed Income, Global Equity, and Asset Finance.

By taking further steps to enhance the responsibilities and powers of each business division, we will enhance their level of specialization and expand their scope of business, while increasing collaboration. These moves will serve to maximize Nomura Group's overall business potential.

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2. Progress and Results of the Group's Business Activities

(1) Summary

The Japanese economy remained at a standstill until the summer of 2005, but the mood of recovery gradually strengthened in the latter half of the year. The scope of the recovery also widened as capital investment and employment began expanding among companies that had regained profitability thanks to restructuring. The stock market broke out of its narrow trading range in August and started climbing dramatically, fueled by expectations that the Japanese economy had finally emerged from deflation. For some time into the New Year, stock prices fluctuated considerably, but then, at the end of March, the Tokyo Stock Price Index (TOPIX) reached its highest level in approximately six years. Japan's corporate revival was duly acknowledged on the market as stock prices rose in a broad range of industries. With the renewed appetite for capital investment, the amount of funds raised by listed companies through the issue of stocks and bonds on domestic and overseas capital markets reached high levels, while the total value of M&As during 2005 reached 15 trillion yen, the highest level ever. As for supply and demand, foreign investors continued to dominate the buying, although in the latter half of the year individual investors and investment trusts also came into prominence. In the bond market, meanwhile, the yield on newly issued ten-year Japanese Government Bonds ranged between 1.2% and 1.6% before trending up strongly in the wake of the Bank of Japan's decision to end its quantitative easing policy in March. By the end of the fiscal year it was approaching the 1.8% mark.

In this environment, we posted net revenue of 1.146 trillion yen for the year ended March 31, 2006, an increase of 43.4% over the previous year. Non-interest expenses were 700.1 billion yen, an increase of 17.8% from the previous year. Income before income taxes (from continuing and discontinued operations combined) totaled 545.0 billion yen, up 166.1% from the previous year; net income (from continuing and discontinued operations combined) totaled 304.3 billion yen, up 221.3%. These are the highest figures on record since the year ended March 31, 2000, when we began financial reporting under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (financial reporting under US GAAP). As a result, return on equity (ROE) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, was 15.5%.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 799,190 | 1,145,650 | 43.4 |
| Non-interest expenses | 594,355 | 700,050 | 17.8 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 204,835 | 445,600 | 117.5 |
| Income from discontinued operations before income taxes | | 99,413 | |
| Income before income taxes | 204,835 | 545,013 | 166.1 |
| Net income from continuing operations | 94,732 | 256,628 | 170.9 |
| Net income from discontinued operations | | 47,700 | |
| Net income | 94,732 | 304,328 | 221.3 |
| Return on equity (ROE) | 5.2% | 15.5% | |

Table of Contents**(2) Segment Information**

Nomura engages in private equity investments through Global Merchant Banking. Nomura's US GAAP consolidated financial information includes the effect of consolidation/deconsolidation of certain private equity investee companies. Business segment totals exclude these effects as well as gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for relationship purposes.

Net revenue of business segments for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, increased 49.5% year-on-year to 1.060 trillion yen and income before income taxes grew 141.0% year-on-year to 452.0 billion yen. Both net revenue and income before income taxes were record levels since Nomura began full-year financial reporting under US GAAP.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 708,982 | 1,059,799 | 49.5 |
| Non-interest expenses | 521,400 | 607,807 | 16.6 |
| Income before income taxes | 187,582 | 451,992 | 141.0 |

During the period under review, stock brokerage commissions and commissions for distribution of investment trusts increased in Domestic Retail; client order flow and trading revenue in Global Markets grew; Global Investment Banking enjoyed strong performance in equity underwriting and M&A; Global Merchant Banking sold stakes in investee companies such as Millennium Retailing; and Asset Management saw assets under management expand on the back of robust sales of funds offering frequent distributions and emerging market stock funds. As a result, net revenue and income before income taxes increased in all five business segments.

a. Domestic Retail

In Domestic Retail, net revenue grew 46.7% year-on-year to 446.5 billion yen, while income before income taxes increased 143.0% year-on-year to 197.2 billion yen. During the year, we bolstered our ability to respond to our clients' diversifying needs. We enhanced our consultation abilities by adding staff education and training programs as well as increasing the capacity of our call centers, and we developed and introduced new products with a client-focused approach. Amidst active equity markets these efforts yielded steady results, as stock brokerage commissions, commissions for distribution of investment trusts, and sales credit all rose significantly.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 304,367 | 446,535 | 46.7 |
| Non-interest expenses | 223,200 | 249,330 | 11.7 |
| Income before income taxes | 81,167 | 197,205 | 143.0 |

Table of Contents**b. Global Markets**

In Global Markets, net revenue increased 52.7% year-on-year to 371.1 billion yen, while income before income taxes increased 162.1% year-on-year to 157.7 billion yen. Fixed Income revenue grew as a result of firm client order flow, strong derivative trading underpinned by a positive turnaround in the market environment, and contributions from the asset finance business. In Equity, active stock markets led to a recovery in order flow from domestic and foreign institutional investors, while block trades, MPOs (Multiple Private Offerings), and trading gains in equity derivatives helped push up overall net revenue.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 243,087 | 371,108 | 52.7 |
| Non-interest expenses | 182,901 | 213,387 | 16.7 |
| Income before income taxes | 60,186 | 157,721 | 162.1 |

c. Global Investment Banking

In Global Investment Banking, net revenue grew by 32.1% year-on-year to 99.7 billion yen, while income before income taxes increased by 76.4% compared to the previous year to 51.5 billion yen. Equity underwriting fees increased as we served as lead manager for JR Central's large privatization offering and as lead manager for large public offerings from Mitsui & Co. and All Nippon Airways. These and other deals symbolized our ability to respond to Japanese companies' financing needs in conjunction with the economic recovery. M&A/Financial advisory fees increased to a record level since we adopted US GAAP reporting, as we acted as financial advisor for a number of large deals, including the establishment of a joint holding company by Ito-Yokado, Seven-Eleven Japan, and Denny's Japan. In international deals, we acted as lead manager for deals for a number of Asia's representative companies, including South Korea's POSCO and Lotte Shopping, and India's ICICI Bank.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 75,445 | 99,666 | 32.1 |
| Non-interest expenses | 46,231 | 48,127 | 4.1 |
| Income before income taxes | 29,214 | 51,539 | 76.4 |

Table of Contents**d. Global Merchant Banking**

In Global Merchant Banking, net revenue grew by 830.0% year-on-year to 68.2 billion yen, while income before income taxes grew 58.5 billion yen compared to the previous year to 55.4 billion yen. This was the result of large contributions from Nomura Principal Finance's sale of its stake in Millennium Retailing Inc. to Seven & I Holdings, and the partial sale of Wanbishi Archives and other investee companies.

We actively invested in start-ups in Japan, Europe, and the United States, primarily in the growth sectors of biotechnology, technology, and health care, and recovered some of our investments through IPOs.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 7,338 | 68,244 | 830.0 |
| Non-interest expenses | 10,370 | 12,809 | 23.5 |
| Income before income taxes | Δ 3,032 | 55,435 | |

e. Asset Management

In Asset Management, net revenue rose by 34.4% year-on-year to 65.8 billion yen, while income before income taxes increased 106.5% year-on-year to 20.6 billion yen. In Japan, the investment trust market has undergone a full-fledged recovery, as evidenced by the fact that assets under management in stock investment trusts are approaching a record level. We expanded our product lineup to meet clients' increasingly diverse asset management needs. Examples of these products include the My Story Profit Distribution-type Fund, the Nomura Multi-currency Japan Stock Fund and other funds offering frequent distributions, as well as the Nomura Fund Masters Global Emerging Markets Stock fund and other emerging market stock funds. As a result, both assets under management and earnings increased during the year.

| | Millions of yen | | % |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Year ended March 31, 2005 | Year ended March 31, 2006 | |
| Net revenue | 48,993 | 65,843 | 34.4 |
| Non-interest expenses | 39,005 | 45,220 | 15.9 |
| Income before income taxes | 9,988 | 20,623 | 106.5 |

(3) Financial Position

As of March 31, 2006, total assets stood at 35.026 trillion yen, up 537.2 billion yen compared with March 31, 2005; this reflected an increase in collateralized agreements, although assets of discontinued operations decreased. Liabilities stood at 32.963 trillion yen, up 342.3 billion yen compared with March 31, 2005, reflecting an increase in trading liabilities, although liabilities of discontinued operations decreased. Total shareholders' equity stood at 2.063 trillion yen, up 194.9 billion yen compared with March 31, 2005, mainly due to an increase in retained earnings offset by share repurchases.

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3. Current Challenges for Nomura Group Current Business Environment

The business environment in which Nomura Group operates is poised for unprecedented change. With the Japanese economy well on the way to recovery, and as the global economy continues to expand, the flow of money into the stock market is expected to continue, fueled by growing asset management needs. And signs of change are everywhere: Japan's social structure is being transformed as baby boomers retire en masse; the legal system is being overhauled; deregulation is advancing. Meanwhile, business opportunities for the financial services sector as a whole are proliferating rapidly as personal financial assets grow, the shift from savings to investment accelerates, and companies adopt more aggressive financial strategies. However, the business environment is unpredictable as competition is intensifying.

Amidst this climate of change, we believe it is vital to expand our business by building on our greatest asset, our customer base, while responding flexibly to changes without straying from our core commitment of seeing eye to eye with our clients.

Management Challenges and Strategies

The greatest management challenges facing Nomura Group are maintaining our growth trend and implementing our management vision. To that end, our operational structure underwent an overhaul in April. First, the number of the holding company's executive officers was reduced to eleven, their sole concern being defined as the development of the Group as a whole. Meanwhile, the responsibilities and powers of the business divisions were enhanced through the appointment of business division CEOs. And to underline our determination to expand the scope of our business, the word "Securities" was removed from the name of the Group in Japanese: it is now simply the "Nomura Group" as in English. Having adopted this new organizational framework, the Nomura Group now stands ready to expand and grow its existing business divisions, create new businesses, and rebuild its business overseas.

Expansion and Growth of Existing Business Divisions

Having appointed business division CEOs and taken other steps to enhance the responsibilities and powers of our individual business divisions, we now intend to further develop the business of each, going beyond conventional wisdom and refusing to be content with the status quo. Here are the strategies being pursued to that end in each business division.

In Domestic Retail, we will expand Nomura Group's client base by encouraging a shift of personal financial assets from savings, where they have concentrated, to the securities market. With that in mind we will pursue a "Core Value Formation" strategy, which involves promptly offering products and services focusing on the core values that each client considers most important. We will also continue our efforts to educate people about investing with the goal of attracting more players into the securities market.

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In Global Markets, which comprises Global Fixed Income, Global Equity, and Asset Finance, we will expand revenues by furnishing customers with high-value-added solutions. Specifically, we will provide liquidity for financial products such as interest rates, foreign exchange, credit, and equity, as well as for real-estate-related products; and we will harness such financial techniques as securitization and derivatives.

In Global Investment Banking, we will work to expand our M&A advisory and corporate finance businesses by providing high-value-added solutions tailored to each client's individual strategy. We will also harness our domestic and international networks to establish a strong presence in Asia and further expand our business globally.

In Global Merchant Banking, we will work to maximize returns on investment by tapping Nomura Group's own capital for investing in companies and, while fostering coordination with other business divisions, by boosting the corporate value of companies in which we invest.

In Asset Management, we will put in place an organizational framework that, through centralization and strengthening of research capabilities, is capable of generating value added over the medium to long term. By diversifying the range of products we offer and expanding our investment trust sales channels, we will also work to increase the amount of assets under our management and expand our revenue base. In the field of defined contribution pension plans, we will make an effort to expand Nomura Group's client base by offering an integrated package of services embracing everything from support with adopting plans to provision of individual products.

New Businesses

Whether Nomura Group can continue to grow in today's fast-changing business environment hinges on its ability to keep reforming itself from within. If we are to capitalize on opportunities for growth in such a climate, we believe that besides expanding and growing our existing business divisions, it will also be vital to take action to broaden our business portfolio by thinking outside the box.

Already over the past few years we have taken tentative steps to create new businesses. We have moved into the real estate field and begun handling real estate loans; launched a financial firm harnessing the Internet; and entered the trust and banking agency businesses. We intend to build on this momentum. Meanwhile, we expect to see our existing businesses develop in new directions as we overhaul, expand, and grow them by, for example, reforming our commission structure, accelerating the opening of new branches, and expanding sales channels through partnerships in the securities brokerage field. In these areas, too, we plan to take aggressive action.

International Business

Internationally, we do not intend to pursue an identical business strategy in all corners of the globe; instead, we will develop different strategies tailored to different regions. In Asia, we will conduct business in line with local business practices. In Europe, we will strengthen our revenue basis. In the United States, we will increase our focus on our core businesses.

To meet these challenges, we will pool the collective strengths of Nomura Group both at home and abroad. While working to expand and develop Japan's financial and securities markets, we will also take steps to implement our management vision and maximize shareholder value by increasing profitability throughout Nomura Group.

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4. Financing

With respect to financing, we have continued to improve the efficiency of our cash management structure by making effective use of cash available within Nomura Group, including overseas, and by centralizing external funding activities at Nomura Holdings, Inc. and Nomura Europe Finance N.V. At the same time, we have focused on optimizing our corporate finance structure by raising funds in the most appropriate way to meet our needs of the liquidity of our assets and currencies.

5. Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures focus primarily on investment in systems related to the different businesses pursued by the Group, being designed to support both our domestic and global business lines in the conduct of operations. Specifically, steps are being taken to enhance and develop new system infrastructure in order to accommodate the ongoing diversification and expansion of our business while keeping pace with the rapid increase in transactions on the domestic stock market since the summer of the fiscal year under review; upgrade Nomura Home Trade functions and services; develop a wrap account service system; and perform system enhancements to our trading system in the wholesale field. Measures have also been undertaken to enhance computer center functions so that operations can be maintained in the event of a disaster.

During the year ended March 31, 2006, Nomura Securities opened a new branch in Kariya, Aichi Prefecture. In the coming year new branches are also to be opened in Ichikawa, Chiba Prefecture; Sagami-hara, Kanagawa Prefecture; Sakurashinmachi, Setagaya Ward, Tokyo; Kojimachi, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo; and Koshigaya, Saitama Prefecture. This series of moves is in line with our strategy of creating a network of branches each with its own distinctive character reflecting local conditions – a strategy designed to enable us to offer our clients high-quality financial services while responding effectively to their increasingly diverse needs.

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6. Results of Operations and Assets

(1) Consolidated Results of Operations and Assets

| Category | (in billions of yen except per share data in yen) U.S.GAAP | | | | | | | | Remarks |
|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|------|--|---------|
| | 2003 | | 2004 | | Year 2005 | | 2006 | | |
| | (4/1/02 3/31/03) | (4/1/03 3/31/04) | (4/1/04 3/31/05) | (4/1/05 3/31/06) | | | | | |
| Total revenue | 807.7 | 1,045.9 | 1,126.2 | 1,792.8 | | | | | |
| Net revenue | 566.3 | 803.1 | 799.2 | 1,145.7 | | | | | |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 47.4 | 282.7 | 204.8 | 445.6 | | | | | |
| Income from discontinued operations before income taxes | | | | 99.4 | | | | | Note 3 |
| Net income | 119.9 | 172.3 | 94.7 | 304.3 | | | | | |
| Net income per share-basic | 61.26 | 88.82 | 48.80 | 159.02 | | | | | |
| Net income per share-diluted | 61.26 | 88.82 | 48.77 | 158.78 | | | | | |
| Total assets | 21,169.4 | 29,753.0 | 34,488.9 | 35,026.0 | | | | | |
| Net assets (Shareholders' Equity) | 1,642.3 | 1,785.7 | 1,868.4 | 2,063.3 | | | | | |

Note 1: The accounting and financial reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States .

Note 2: Income from continuing operations before income taxes for the year ended March 31, 2003, represents Income before income taxes and cumulative effect of accounting change .

Note 3: Millennium Retailing Inc. (MR) was one of the investments in private equity business and a consolidated subsidiary. MR is classified as discontinued operations in accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets and its results of operations are separately reported. Please refer to Note 8 of consolidated financial statements.

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(2) Non-Consolidated Results of Operations and Assets

| Category | (in billions of yen except per share data in yen) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | |
| | (4/1/02 | 3/31/03) | (4/1/03 | 3/31/04) | (4/1/04 | 3/31/05) | (4/1/05 | 3/31/06) |
| Operating revenue | | 102.6 | | 135.3 | | 269.6 | | 220.7 |
| Property and equipment fee revenue | | 60.9 | | 63.0 | | 55.8 | | 61.1 |
| Rent revenue | | 30.7 | | 29.9 | | 29.5 | | 31.7 |
| Royalty on trademark | | 5.1 | | 6.9 | | 14.9 | | 23.0 |
| Dividend from subsidiaries | | | | 29.4 | | 162.2 | | 95.7 |
| Ordinary income | | 10.7 | | 39.4 | | 179.4 | | 131.3 |
| Net income | | (12.8) | | 33.3 | | 148.1 | | 17.9 |
| Net income per share | | (6.70) | | 17.19 | | 76.26 | | 9.34 |
| Total assets | | 2,121.1 | | 2,469.7 | | 3,010.8 | | 3,627.8 |
| Net assets (Shareholders' Equity) | | 1,342.0 | | 1,367.0 | | 1,485.5 | | 1,446.6 |

II. Overview of the Company (as of March 31, 2006)

1. Major Business Activities

We primarily operate investment and financial services business focusing on the securities business as our core business. We provide wide-ranging services to customers for both financing and investment through operations in Japan and other major financial capital markets around the world. Such services include securities trading and brokerage, underwriting, distribution, arrangement of placement and distribution, arrangement of private placement, asset management and other broker-dealer business and financing.

2. Organizational Structure

(1) The Company and Domestic Significant Subsidiaries

The Company: Head office (Tokyo)

Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.: Head office and 133 branches

| Area | Number of Offices |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Tokyo | Head office and 29 branches |
| Kanto area excluding Tokyo | 28 branches including Yokohama branch |
| Hokkaido area | 4 branches including Sapporo branch |
| Tohoku area | 8 branches including Sendai branch |
| Chubu area | 20 branches including Nagoya branch |

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| | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Kinki area | 21 branches including Osaka branch |
| Chugoku area | 8 branches including Hiroshima branch |
| Shikoku area | 4 branches including Takamatsu branch |
| Kyushu and Okinawa area | 11 branches including Fukuoka branch |

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Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Principal Finance Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Capital Investment Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Pension Support & Service Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Facilities, Inc. (Tokyo)

Nomura Investor Relations Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Funds Research And Technologies Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Research & Advisory Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Business Services Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Institute of Capital Markets Research (Tokyo)

JOINVEST Securities Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

(2) Overseas Significant Subsidiaries
<Americas Region>

Nomura Securities International, Inc. (New York, U.S.)

<Europe Region>

Nomura International plc (London, U.K.)

<Asia & Oceania Region>

Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited

Nomura Singapore Limited

3. Common Stocks

| | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) Total Number of Authorized Shares: | 6,000,000,000 |
| (2) Total Number of Issued Shares: | 1,965,919,860 |
| (3) Number of Shareholders: | 226,488 |

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(4) Major Shareholders (Top 10)

| Names of Shareholders | Number of Shares Owned and Percentage of | | Number of Shares and Percentage of Investment in the Shareholder | |
|--|---|------|--|-----|
| | Voting Right (in thousand shares) | (%) | (in thousand shares) | (%) |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 107,478 | 5.66 | | |
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan ,Ltd. (Trust Account) | 86,808 | 4.57 | | |
| Depository Nominees Inc. | 83,975 | 4.42 | | |
| State Street Bank and Trust Company | 82,467 | 4.34 | | |
| State Street Bank and Trust Company 505103 | 54,795 | 2.88 | | |
| The Chase Manhattan Bank N.A. London | 44,345 | 2.33 | | |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 4) | 26,282 | 1.38 | | |
| Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation (Trust Account) | 19,309 | 1.02 | | |
| Nippon Life Insurance Company | 19,007 | 1.00 | | |
| The Sumitomo Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (Trust Account B) | 18,684 | 0.98 | | |

Note: The Company has 59,822 thousand shares of treasury stock as of March 31, 2006 which is not included in the Major Shareholders list above.

4. Acquisition, disposal and holding of treasury stock

(1) Acquisition

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Common stock | 36,595,661 shares |
| Total acquisition amount | 49,506,526 thousand yen |

Stocks acquired according to resolution of the Board, included above, are as follows;

Reason of acquisition:

Respond quickly to change in the business environment and enable execution of financial strategies which will contribute to increase shareholders' value.

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Common stock | 11,501,500 shares |
| Total acquisition amount | 15,507,994 thousand yen |

(2) Disposal

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Common stock | 504,389 shares |
| Total disposal amount | 678,244 thousand yen |

(3) Balance at end of year

| | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Common stock | 59,822,266 shares |
|--------------|-------------------|

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5. Employees
Number of employees

| | Number of Employees |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| Total | 14,668 |

Note1: Number of employees excluding temporary employees consists of the total number of employees of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries which do not include private equity entities accounted for as consolidated subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements.

Note2: Number of employees excludes seconded employees outside the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Note3: Number of employees includes 1,948 Financial Advisers and Saving Advisers.

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6. Business Combinations

(1) Status of Significant Subsidiaries

| Name | Location | Capital (in millions) | Percentage of Voting Right | Type of Business |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 10,000 | 100% | Securities |
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 17,180 | 100% | Investment Trust Management & Investment Advice |
| The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 30,000 | 100% | Banking & Trust |
| Nomura Principal Finance Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 8,935 | 100% | Investment Company |
| Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 1,000 | 100% | Leasing & Formulating products selling |
| Nomura Capital Investment Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 1,000 | 100% | Financial |
| Nomura Pension Support & Service Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 950 | 100% | Defined Contribution Pension Administration |
| Nomura Facilities, Inc. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 480 | 100% | Business Space & Facility Management Service |
| Nomura Investor Relations Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 400 | 100% | Consulting |
| Nomura Funds Research And Technologies Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 400 | 51% | Investment Trust Assessment & Investment Advice |
| Nomura Research & Advisory Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 400 | 100% | Unlisted Privately Held Companies Research & Venture Capital Partnerships Administration |
| Nomura Business Services Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 300 | 100% | Office Work Service |
| Nomura Institute of Capital Markets Research | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ 110 | 100% | Research Investigation |

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| Name | Location | Capital | | Percentage of | | Type of Business |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | (in millions) | | Voting Right | | |
| JOINVEST Securities Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 6,400 | 100% | | Securities |
| Nomura Holding America Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 2,918.62 | 100% | | Holding Company |
| Nomura Securities International, Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 920 | 100%* | | Securities |
| Nomura Asset Capital Corporation | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 630.2 | 100%* | | Mortgage |
| The Capital Company of America, LLC | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 935.19 | 100%* | | Mortgage |
| Nomura Securities (Bermuda) Ltd. | Pembroke, Bermuda | US\$ | 137.67 | 100%* | | Securities |
| Nomura Corporate Research and Asset Management Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 42 | 100%* | | Investment Trust Administration |
| Nomura Derivative Products Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 400 | 100%* | | Financial |
| Nomura Europe Holdings plc | London, U.K. | ¥ | 194,921 | 100% | | Holding Company |
| Nomura International plc | London, U.K. | £ | 818.82 | 100%* | | Securities |
| Nomura Bank International plc | London, U.K. | £ | 170 | 100%* | | Financial |
| Nomura Bank (Switzerland) Ltd. | Zurich, Switzerland | S | 120 | 100%* | | Securities/ Financial |
| Nomura Bank (Deutschland) GmbH | Frankfurt, Germany | Euro | 10 | 100%* | | Securities/ Financial |
| Banque Nomura France | Paris, France | Euro | 22.88 | 100%* | | Securities/ Financial |
| Nomura Global Funding plc | London, U.K. | ¥ | 22,119 | 100% | | Financial |
| Nomura Europe Finance N.V. | Amsterdam, The Netherlands | Euro | 51.3 | 100%* | | Financial |
| Nomura Principal Investment plc | London, U.K. | £ | 845.45 | 100% | | Investment Company |
| Nomura Asia Holding N.V. | Amsterdam, The Netherlands | ¥ | 84,105 | 100% | | Holding Company |
| Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | ¥ | 45,198 | 100%* | | Securities |
| Nomura Singapore Limited | Singapore, Singapore | S\$ | 203 | 100%* | | Securities/ Financial |
| Nomura Investment Banking (Middle East) B.S.C. (Closed) | Manama, Bahrain | US\$ | 25 | 100%* | | Securities/ Financial |

Note 1: Capital is stated in the functional currency of each subsidiary. Percentages with * in the Percentage of Voting Right column include voting rights from indirect holding shares.

Note 2: The total number of subsidiaries as of March 31, 2006 was 526. Of these subsidiaries, 347 subsidiaries principally from Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. (NBB) which operate in the leasing business primarily as anonymous associations were precluded from the scope of consolidation, because NBB did not primarily benefit from or was not primarily liable for the assets owned and profits and losses generated by these associations. The total number of consolidated subsidiaries was 179 as of March 31, 2006. The total number of affiliates being applied the equity method of accounting such as Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. was 14 as of March 31, 2006.

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(2) Progress and Achievement of Business Combinations

a. A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Nomura Satellite Communications Co., Ltd. (NS), which undertook the production of images and information programs concerning portfolio investment, transferred all of its business to Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2005. NS changed its name to JOINVEST Securities Co., Ltd (JS) in November, 2005 and it was registered as a securities company on March 15, 2006. JS provides comprehensive financial services through the internet.

b. The current achievement of business combinations is disclosed in I. Overview of Business Activities .

7. Major Lenders

| Lender | Type of Loan | Loan Amount (in millions of yen) | Number and Voting Right Percentage of Company's Shares, which the Lender Owns (in thousand shares) (%) | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|------|
| | | | | |
| The Bank of Tokyo- Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. | Long-term loan | 125,000 | | |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation | Long-term loan | 70,000 | | |
| Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. | Long-term loan | 50,000 | | |
| | | 30,000 | | |
| | Short-term loan | | | |
| Resona Bank, Ltd. | Long-term loan | 50,000 | | |
| Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation | Long-term loan | 15,000 | | |
| The Norinchukin Bank | Long-term loan | 20,000 | 1,651 | 0.09 |
| The Dai-ichi Mutual Life Insurance Company | Long-term loan | 20,000 | 6,618 | 0.35 |
| | | 40,000 | | |
| | Short-term loan | (40,000) | | |
| | (Long-term loan due within one year) | | | |
| Nippon Life Insurance Company | Short-term loan | 30,000 | 19,007 | 1.00 |
| | | (30,000) | | |
| | (Long-term loan due within one year) | | | |
| Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company | Long-term loan | 21,000 | 500 | 0.03 |
| Nomura Europe Finance N.V. | Short-term loan | 1,132,000 | | |
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. | Short-term loan | 45,000 | | |

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8. Directors and Executive Officers

(1) Directors

| Position | Name | Responsibilities |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Chairman of the Board | Junichi Ujiie | |
| Director | Nobuyuki Koga | |
| Director | Hiroshi Toda | |
| Director | Kazutoshi Inano | |
| Director | Nobuyuki Shigemune | Audit Mission Director |
| Director | Yukio Suzuki | Audit Mission Director |
| Director | Masaharu Shibata | Chairman & CEO of NGK Insulators, Ltd. |
| Director | Hideaki Kubori | Chairman of Hibiya Park Law Offices |
| Director | Haruo Tsuji | Corporate Advisor of Sharp Corporation |
| Director | Fumihide Nomura | President of Nomura Shokusan Co., Ltd. |
| Director | Koji Tajika | Certified Public Accountant |

Note 1: Among the directors, Masaharu Shibata, Hideaki Kubori, Haruo Tsuji, and Koji Tajika are outside directors, as prescribed by Article 188 Paragraph 2 item 7-2 of the Commercial Code of Japan.

Note 2: The Committee System of the Company is as follows:
Nomination Committee

Chairman Junichi Ujiie
Masaharu Shibata
Hideaki Kubori

Audit Committee

Chairman Haruo Tsuji
Fumihide Nomura
Koji Tajika

Compensation Committee

Chairman Junichi Ujiie
Masaharu Shibata
Hideaki Kubori

Retired director during the year ended March 31, 2006

| Position at the time of retirement | Name | Date of retirement | Responsibilities |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Director | Shozo Kumano | June 28, 2005 | Audit Mission Director |

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(2) Executive Officers

| Position | Name | Responsibilities |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Senior Managing Director | Junichi Ujiie | |
| President and Chief Executive Officer (Representative Executive Officer) | Nobuyuki Koga | Chief Executive Officer |
| Deputy President and Chief Operating Officer (Representative Executive Officer) | Hiroshi Toda | Chief Operating Officer |
| Deputy President and Co-Chief Operating Officer (Representative Executive Officer) | Kazutoshi Inano | Co-Chief Operating Officer |
| Senior Managing Director | Takashi Yanagiya | Head of Global Investment Banking |
| Senior Managing Director | Kenichi Watanabe | Head of Domestic Retail |
| Senior Managing Director | Takumi Shibata | Head of Asset Management |
| Senior Managing Director | Manabu Matsumoto | (Executive Vice president of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Hiromi Yamaji | Global Investment Banking |
| Senior Managing Director | Shogo Sakaguchi | (Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Masanori Itatani | Head of Internal Audit |
| Senior Managing Director | Yoshimitsu Oura | (Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Yusuke Yamada | (Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Hitoshi Tada | (Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Yasuo Agemura | Head of Global Markets |
| Senior Managing Director | Akihiko Nakamura | Head of Global IT & Operations |
| Senior Managing Director | Hideyuki Takahashi | Regional Management of Americas Region |
| Senior Managing Director | Hiroshi Tanaka | Head of Secretariat |
| Senior Managing Director | Noriyasu Yoshizawa | Regional Management of China |
| Senior Managing Director | Yasuo Yoshihara | Head of Ethics & Discipline Dept. |
| Senior Managing Director | Akira Maruyama | Head of Global Merchant Banking |
| Senior Managing Director | Akihito Watanabe | Head of Global Research |
| Senior Managing Director | Tetsu Ozaki | Head of Global Corporate Communications and Corporate Planning |
| Senior Managing Director | Shigesuke Kashiwagi | Head of Global Fixed Income |
| Senior Managing Director | Yugo Ishida | Regional Management of Europe Region |
| Senior Managing Director | Atsuo Sakurai | Head of Asset Finance |
| Senior Managing Director | Masafumi Nakada | Chief Financial Officer |
| | | Head of Global Risk Management and IR |
| Senior Managing Director | Hiromasa Yamazaki | Head of Global Equity |
| Senior Managing Director | Kamezo Nakai | (Executive Vice President of Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Takahide Mizuno | (Executive Vice President of Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd.) |

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| | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Senior Managing Director | Atsushi Yoshikawa | (Executive Vice President of Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd.) |
| Senior Managing Director | Yasuaki Fukui | (President of Nomura Fund Research And Technologies Co., Ltd) |

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Note 1: Junichi Ujiie, Nobuyuki Koga, Hiroshi Toda, and Kazutoshi Inano are serving concurrently as directors.

Note 2: Junichi Ujiie, Takashi Yanagiya, Kenichi Watanabe, Takumi Shibata, Manabu Matsumoto, Hiromi Yamaji, Shogo Sakaguchi, Yoshimitsu Oura, Yusuke Yamada, Hitoshi Tada, Yasuo Agemura, Hiroshi Tanaka, Noriyasu Yoshizawa, Yasuo Yoshihara, Akira Maruyama, Shigesuke Kashiwagi, Atsuo Sakurai, Hiromasa Yamazaki, Kamezo Nakai, Takahide Mizuno, Atsushi Yoshikawa and Yasuaki Fukui, who were executive officers, resigned on March 31, 2006.

Note 3: Changes in executive officers on and after April 1, 2006, are as follows.

| | |
|---|--|
| Promoted (effective April 1, 2006) | Masanori Itatani, Executive Managing Director (currently Senior Managing Director) Akihiko Nakamura, Executive Managing Director (currently Senior Managing Director) |
| Newly Appointed (effective April 1, 2006) | Noriaki Nagai, Senior Managing Director |

Note 4: The board of executive officers as of April 1, 2006, is as follows.

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| President &CEO | Nobuyuki Koga | Chief Executive Officer |
| Deputy President &COO | Hiroshi Toda | Chief Executive Officer, International Operations |
| Deputy President &Co-COO | Kazutoshi Inano | Co-Chief Operating Officer |
| Executive Managing Director | Masanori Itatani | Head of Internal Audit |
| Executive Managing Director | Akihiko Nakamura | Chief Information Officer |
| Senior Managing Director | Akihito Watanabe | Head of Group Human Resources Development |
| Senior Managing Director | Tetsu Ozaki | Head of Group Corporate Strategy |
| Senior Managing Director | Masafumi Nakada | Chief Financial Officer |
| Senior Managing Director | Noriaki Nagai | Head of Corporate Office |
| Senior Managing Director | Hideyuki Takahashi | Regional Management of Americas Region |
| Senior Managing Director | Yugo Ishida | Regional Management of Europe Region |

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9. Stock Acquisition Rights

Stock acquisition rights currently issued (as of March 31, 2006)

Stock acquisition rights pursuant to the provisions of Article 280-20 and 280-21 of the Commercial Code of Japan

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 1

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 1,885 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,885,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1,804 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 2

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 1,950 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,950,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1,629 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 3

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 1,351 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,351,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 4

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 1,595 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,595,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1,615 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 5

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 1,379 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,379,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1 yen |

Table of Contents**Stock Acquisition Rights No. 6**

| | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 806 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 806,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 7

| | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 2,760 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 276,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1 yen |

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 8

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Number of stock acquisition rights | 17,370 |
| Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 1,737,000 shares |
| Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| Issue price of stock | 1,415 yen |

In addition, the Company issued Stock Acquisition Rights No. 9 on April 24, 2006, in accordance with the resolution of its Executive Management Board held on April 21, 2006.

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| (1) Number of stock acquisition rights | 30,081 |
| (2) Type of share and number of shares | Common stock / 3,008,100 shares |
| (3) Issue price of stock acquisition rights | 0 yen |
| (4) Issue price of stock | 1 yen |

(5) Exercise period of stock acquisition rights From April 25, 2008 to April 24, 2013

In accordance with the issuance of Stock Acquisition Rights No. 9, the Company adjusted the issue prices of stocks under the relevant outstanding stock acquisition rights on April 25, 2006.

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 1

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Issue price of stock | 1,802 yen |
|----------------------|-----------|

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 2

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Issue price of stock | 1,626 yen |
|----------------------|-----------|

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 4

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Issue price of stock | 1,613 yen |
|----------------------|-----------|

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 8

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Issue price of stock | 1,413 yen |
|----------------------|-----------|

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Details of stock acquisition rights issued with especially favorable terms to persons other than shareholders during the year ended March 31, 2006

Stock Acquisition Rights No. 5

(1) Number of the stock acquisition rights issued

1,486 (1,000 shares per stock acquisition right)

(2) Type and number of shares under stock acquisition rights

Common stock / 1,486,000 shares

(3) Issue price of stock acquisition right

0 yen

(4) Amount to be paid per share upon exercising the stock acquisition right

1 yen

(5) Exercise period of stock acquisition rights

From April 26, 2007, to April 25, 2012

(6) Conditions to exercise stock acquisition rights

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right

2. For a person to whom stock acquisition rights have been given (the Optionee), to satisfy all of the following conditions

- i) The Optionee maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or a company, a majority of whose outstanding shares or interests (only limited to those with voting rights) are held directly or indirectly by the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Company's Subsidiary), during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in cases the Optionee loses such position by either of the following situations:
 - a) Regarding the Optionee as a director or executive officer of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement from office on account of the expiration of the Optionee's term of office or other similar reasons; or
 - b) Regarding the Optionee as an employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement due to the attainment of the retirement age, transfer by order of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, retirement mainly due to sickness or injuries, discharge for a compelling business reason, or other similar reasons.
- ii) The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following:

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a) The Company or the Company's Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) Any other reason similar to a).

3. Regarding the successors of the Optionee, the Optionee must have satisfied both the conditions of 2. i) and ii) above immediately prior to the occurrence of succession.

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(7) Cancellation events and conditions of stock acquisition rights

In the event that the Company has acquired stock acquisition rights, the Company may, at any time, cancel the stock acquisition rights without any compensation.

(8) Details of favorable terms

Stock acquisition rights have been allotted in gratis to the directors, executive officers, and employees of the Company's subsidiaries. The fair value of the stock acquisition right is 1.37 million yen per right.

(9) Name of persons who received allotments and the number of stock acquisition rights

1) Certain Employees and Others (Top 10)

| Company | Name | Number |
|---|---------------------|---------------|
| Nomura Securities International, Inc. (NSI) | Najib Canaan | 94 |
| Nomura Corporate Research and Asset Management Inc. | Robert Levine | 75 |
| Nomura International plc (NIP) | James Barratt | 59 |
| NSI | David M Findlay | 56 |
| NSI | Joseph R Schmuckler | 47 |
| NIP | Barry Nix | 42 |
| NIP | Gary Wilder | 40 |
| NIP | Derek Vago | 39 |
| NIP | David Benson | 37 |
| NIP | Percy Marchant | 36 |
| Total 10 | | 525 |

2) Stock acquisition rights Issued to Certain Employees and Others

| | Number of persons | Number of rights |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Directors (except Audit Committee members) and Executive Officers of the Company's Subsidiaries | 9 | 333 |
| Employees of the Company's Subsidiaries | 99 | 1,153 |

Note: The name of the companies are those as at the date of allotment.
Stock Acquisition Rights No. 6

(1) Number of the stock acquisition rights issued

806 (1,000 shares per stock acquisition right)

(2) Type and number of shares under stock acquisition rights

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Common stock / 806,000 shares

(3) Issue price of stock acquisition right

0 yen

(4) Amount to be paid per share upon exercising the stock acquisition right

1 yen

(5) Exercise period of stock acquisition rights

From June 4, 2007, to June 3 2012

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(6) Conditions to exercise stock acquisition rights

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right

2. For a person to whom stock acquisition rights have been given (the Optionee), to satisfy all of the following conditions

- i) The Optionee maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or a company, a majority of whose outstanding shares or interests (only limited to those with voting rights) are held directly or indirectly by the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Company's Subsidiary), during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in cases the Optionee loses such position by either of the following situations:
 - a) Regarding the Optionee as a director or executive officer of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement from office on account of the expiration of the Optionee's term of office or other similar reasons; or
 - b) Regarding the Optionee as an employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement due to the attainment of the retirement age, transfer by order of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, retirement mainly due to sickness or injuries arising out of duty, discharge for a compelling business reason, or other similar reasons.
- ii) The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following:
 - a) The Company or the Company's Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or
 - b) Any other reason similar to a).

3. Regarding the successors of the Optionee, the Optionee must have satisfied both the conditions of 2. i) and ii) above immediately prior to the occurrence of succession.

(7) Cancellation events and conditions of stock acquisition rights

In the event that the Company has acquired stock acquisition rights, the Company may, at any time, cancel the stock acquisition rights without any compensation.

(8) Details of favorable terms

Stock acquisition rights have been allotted in gratis to the directors, executive officers, and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The fair value of the stock acquisition right is 1.36 million yen per right.

(9) Name of persons who received allotments and the number of stock acquisition rights

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1) Directors of the Company

| Name | Number |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Nobuyuki Shigemune | 6 |
| Masaharu Shibata | 3 |
| Hideaki Kubori | 3 |
| Haruo Tsuji | 3 |
| Fumihide Nomura | 3 |
| Koji Tajika | 3 |
| Total 6 | 21 |

2) Executive Officers of the Company

| Name | Number |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Nobuyuki Koga | 35 |
| Junichi Ujiie | 29 |
| Hiroshi Toda | 23 |
| Kazutoshi Inano | 23 |
| Takashi Yanagiya | 18 |
| Kenichi Watanabe | 18 |
| Takumi Shibata | 18 |
| Manabu Matsumoto | 16 |
| Hiromi Yamaji | 12 |
| Shogo Sakaguchi | 12 |
| Masanori Itatani | 12 |
| Yoshimitsu Oura | 12 |
| Yusuke Yamada | 12 |
| Hitoshi Tada | 12 |
| Yasuo Agemura | 12 |
| Akihiko Nakamura | 10 |
| Hideyuki Takahashi | 10 |
| Hiroshi Tanaka | 10 |
| Noriyasu Yoshizawa | 10 |
| Yasuo Yoshihara | 10 |
| Akira Maruyama | 10 |
| Akihito Watanabe | 10 |
| Tetsu Ozaki | 10 |
| Shigesuke Kashiwagi | 10 |
| Yugo Ishida | 10 |

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| | |
|-------------------|-----|
| Atsuo Sakurai | 10 |
| Masafumi Nakada | 10 |
| Hiromasa Yamazaki | 10 |
| Kamezo Nakai | 6 |
| Takahide Mizuno | 6 |
| Atsushi Yoshikawa | 6 |
| Yasuaki Fukui | 6 |
| Total 32 | 418 |

3) Certain Employees and Others (Top 16)

| Company | Name | Number |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Nomura Securities Co, Ltd. (NSC) | Kazuo Okizaki | 10 |
| NSC | Isao Shirai | 10 |
| NSC | Sigeyuki Kurokawa | 10 |
| NSC | Masaki Nishimatsu | 10 |
| NSC | Toshio Hirota | 10 |
| NSC | Koji Nagai | 10 |
| NSC | Toshihiro Iwasaki | 10 |
| NSC | Masahiko Kitayama | 10 |
| NSC | Minoru Kobayashi | 10 |
| NSC | Minoru Aoki | 10 |
| NSC | Shinichiro Watanabe | 10 |
| NSC | Shouichi Nagamatsu | 10 |
| NSC | Yasuyuki Kato | 10 |
| NSC | Tomonori Soeda | 10 |
| NSC | Hiroyuki Suzuki | 10 |
| NSC | Etsuo Misonou | 10 |
| Total 16 | | 160 |

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- 4) Certain Employees and Others, who received equal or more stock acquisition rights compared to the minimum amount (6 allotments: 6,000 shares) allotted to Directors and Executive Officers of the Company, except those listed on 3)

| Company | Name | Number |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. | Toshio Ando | 9 |
| NSC | Kenichi Sinbashi | 6 |
| NSC | Yuki Takahashi | 6 |
| Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. | Yoshifumi Kawabata | 6 |
| The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | Makoto Sonobe | 6 |
| Nomura Business Service Co., Ltd. | Kenichi Yunoki | 6 |
| Nomura Facilities, Inc. | Satoru Ito | 6 |
| Nomura Holdings, Inc. | Yukio Suzuki | 6 |
| | Total 8 | 51 |

- 5) Stock acquisition rights Issued to Certain Employees and Others

| | Number of persons | Number of rights |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Employee of the Company | 1 | 6 |
| Directors (except Audit Committee members) and Executive Officers of the Company's Subsidiaries | 41 | 273 |
| Audit Committee Members of the Company's Subsidiaries | 5 | 11 |
| Employees of the Company's Subsidiaries | 53 | 77 |

Note: The name of the companies are those as at the date of allotment.
Stock Acquisition Rights No. 7

- (1) Number of the stock acquisition rights issued

2,760 (100 shares per stock acquisition right)

- (2) Type and number of shares under stock acquisition rights

Common stock / 276,000 shares

- (3) Issue price of stock acquisition right

0 yen

- (4) Amount to be paid per share upon exercising the stock acquisition right

1 yen

- (5) Exercise period of stock acquisition rights

From July 26, 2007 to July 25, 2012

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(6) Conditions to exercise stock acquisition rights

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right

2. For a person to whom stock acquisition rights have been given (the Optionee), to satisfy all of the following conditions

- i) The Optionee maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or a company, a majority of whose outstanding shares or interests (only limited to those with voting rights) are held directly or indirectly by the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Company's Subsidiary), during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the commencement of the exercise period. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in cases the Optionee loses such position by either of the following situations:
 - a) Regarding the Optionee as a director or executive officer of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement from office on account of the expiration of the Optionee's term of office or other similar reasons; or
 - b) Regarding the Optionee as an employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement due to the attainment of the retirement age, transfer by order of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, retirement mainly due to sickness or injuries, discharge for a compelling business reason, or other similar reasons.
- ii) The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following:
 - a) The Company or the Company's Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or
 - b) Any other reason similar to a).
- iii) Regarding the successors of the Optionee, the Optionee must have satisfied both the conditions of 2. i) and ii) above immediately prior to the occurrence of succession.

(7) Cancellation events and conditions of stock acquisition rights

In the event that the Company has acquired stock acquisition rights, the Company may, at any time, cancel the stock acquisition rights without any compensation.

(8) Details of favorable terms

Stock acquisition rights have been allotted in gratis to the Company's subsidiaries. The fair value of the stock acquisition right is 0.13 million yen per right.

(9) Name of persons who received allotments and the number of stock acquisition rights

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1) Certain Employees and Others (Top 9)

| Company | Name | Number |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Nomura International plc (NIP) | Joachim Willnow | 688 |
| NIP | David Clatworthy | 430 |
| NIP | Michael Fullalove | 413 |
| NIP | Jean-Marc Mocquard | 413 |
| Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited(NIHK) | John McGowan ROBSON | 273 |
| NIHK | TSANG Man Chung Timothy | 223 |
| NIHK | NG Tze Chiew Diana | 208 |
| NIP | Marc Baylis | 59 |
| NIP | Dominik Von Eynern | 53 |
| | Total 9 | 2,760 |

2) Stock acquisition rights Issued to Certain Employees and Others

| | Number of persons | Number of rights |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Employees of the Company's Subsidiaries | 9 | 2,760 |

Note: The name of the companies are those as at the date of allotment.
Stock Acquisition Rights No. 8

(1) Number of the stock acquisition rights issued

17,630 (100 shares per stock acquisition right)

(2) Type and number of shares under stock acquisition rights

Common stock / 1,763,000 shares

(3) Issue price of stock acquisition right

0 yen

(4) Amount to be paid per share upon exercising the stock acquisition right

1,415 yen

(5) Exercise period of stock acquisition rights

From July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2012

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(6) Conditions to exercise stock acquisition rights

1. Not to be partial exercise of one stock acquisition right

2. For a person to whom stock acquisition rights have been given (the Optionee), to satisfy all of the following conditions

i) The Optionee maintains position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or a company, a majority of whose outstanding shares or interests (only limited to those with voting rights) are held directly or indirectly by the Company (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Company's Subsidiary), during the time between the grant of the stock acquisition rights and the exercise. The Optionee is deemed to maintain such position as a director, executive officer or employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary in cases the Optionee loses such position by either of the following situations:

a) Regarding the Optionee as a director or executive officer of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement from office on account of the expiration of the Optionee's term of office or other similar reasons; or

b) Regarding the Optionee as an employee of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary: retirement due to the attainment of the retirement age, transfer by order of the Company or the Company's Subsidiary, retirement mainly due to sickness or injuries arising from duty, discharge for a compelling business reason, or other similar reasons.

ii) The Optionee, at the time of exercising the stock acquisition rights, does not fall within either of the following:

a) The Company or the Company's Subsidiary determines in accordance with their Employment Regulations to dismiss the Optionee by suggestion or disciplinary procedures; or

b) Any other reason similar to a).

3. Regarding the successors of the Optionee, the Optionee must have satisfied both the conditions of 2. i) and ii) above immediately prior to the occurrence of succession.

(7) Cancellation events and conditions of stock acquisition rights

In the event that the Company has acquired stock acquisition rights, the Company may, at any time, cancel the stock acquisition rights without any compensation.

(8) Details of favorable terms

Stock acquisition rights have been allotted in gratis to the directors, executive officers, and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. The fair value of the stock acquisition right is 0.04 million yen per right.

(9) Name of persons who received allotments and the number of stock acquisition rights

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1) Directors of the Company

| Name | Number |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Nobuyuki Shigemune | 40 |
| Yukio Suzuki | 40 |
| Masaharu Shibata | 40 |
| Hideaki Kubori | 40 |
| Haruo Tsuji | 40 |
| Fumihide Nomura | 40 |
| Koji Tajika | 40 |
| Total 7 | 280 |

2) Executive Officers of the Company

| Name | Number |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Nobuyuki Koga | 250 |
| Junichi Ujje | 210 |
| Hiroshi Toda | 170 |
| Kazutoshi Inano | 170 |
| Takashi Yanagiya | 130 |
| Kenichi Watanabe | 130 |
| Takumi Shibata | 130 |
| Manabu Matsumoto | 130 |
| Hiromi Yamaji | 90 |
| Shogo Sakaguchi | 90 |
| Masanori Itatani | 90 |
| Yoshimitsu Oura | 90 |
| Yusuke Yamada | 90 |
| Hitoshi Tada | 90 |
| Yasuo Agemura | 90 |
| Akihiko Nakamura | 60 |
| Hideyuki Takahashi | 60 |
| Hiroshi Tanaka | 60 |
| Noriyasu Yoshizawa | 60 |
| Yasuo Yoshihara | 60 |
| Akira Maruyama | 60 |
| Akihito Watanabe | 60 |
| Tetsu Ozaki | 60 |

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| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Shigesuke Kashiwagi | 60 |
| Yugo Ishida | 60 |
| Atsuo Sakurai | 60 |
| Masafumi Nakada | 60 |
| Hiromasa Yamazaki | 60 |
| Kamezo Nakai | 60 |
| Takahide Mizuno | 60 |
| Atsushi Yoshikawa | 60 |
| Yasuaki Fukui | 60 |
| Total 32 | 2,970 |

3) Certain Employees and Others (Top 21)

| Company | Name | Number |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. | Toshio Ando | 90 |
| Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (NSC) | Kazuo Okizaki | 60 |
| NSC | Isao Shirai | 60 |
| NSC | Shigeyuki Kurokawa | 60 |
| NSC | Masaki Nishimatsu | 60 |
| NSC | Toshio Hirota | 60 |
| NSC | Koji Nagai | 60 |
| NSC | Toshihiro Iwasaki | 60 |
| NSC | Masahiko Kitayama | 60 |
| NSC | Minoru Kobayashi | 60 |
| NSC | Minoru Aoki | 60 |
| NSC | Shinichiro Watanabe | 60 |
| NSC | Shouichi Nagamatsu | 60 |
| NSC | Yasuyuki Kato | 60 |
| NSC | Tomonori Soeda | 60 |
| NSC | Hiroyuki Suzuki | 60 |
| NSC | Etsuo Misonou | 60 |
| Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. | Yoshifumi Kawabata | 60 |
| The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. | Makoto Sonobe | 60 |
| Nomura Business Service Co., Ltd. | Kenichi Yunoki | 60 |
| Nomura Facilities, Inc. | Satoru Ito | 60 |
| Total 21 | | 1,290 |

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- 4) Certain Employees and Others, who received equal or more stock acquisition rights compared to the minimum amount (40 allotments: 4,000 shares) allotted to Directors and Executive Officers of the Company, except those listed on 3)

| Company | Name | Number |
|---|---------------------|--------|
| Nomura Babcock & Brown Co., Ltd. | Masatake Aida | 50 |
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. (NAM) | Shigeru Fujinuma | 50 |
| Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (NSC) | Eiichi Machida | 50 |
| NSC | Kenichi Shinbashi | 40 |
| NSC | Yuki Takahashi | 40 |
| The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (NTB) | Nobuto Nakahari | 40 |
| Nomura Investor Relations Co., Ltd.(NIR) | Noriyuki Ushiyama | 40 |
| Nomura Funds Research And Technologies., Co. Ltd. | Yuji Miyaji | 40 |
| NSC | Yoshiro Shimizu | 40 |
| NSC | Hisatoshi Matsuyama | 40 |
| NAM | Keiichi Tezuka | 40 |
| NAM | Masami Kitaoka | 40 |
| NAM | Norio Kinoshita | 40 |
| NAM | Kazuhiko Hama | 40 |
| NAM | Nobumitsu Matsuki | 40 |
| NAM | Nobuo Katayama | 40 |
| NAM | Yuki Kimura | 40 |
| NAM | Ken Tsubouchi | 40 |
| NAM | Mitsunori Minamio | 40 |
| NAM | Katsutoshi Kato | 40 |
| NAM | Hirokatsu Ogawa | 40 |
| NAM | Kenji Dobashi | 40 |
| NAM | Koji Hayashi | 40 |
| NTB | Yusaku Sakaguchi | 40 |
| NTB | Tomozo Uemura | 40 |
| NTB | Kazuhiro Yamashita | 40 |
| NIR | Miyoshi Fukamachi | 40 |
| Total 27 | | 1,110 |

- 5) Stock acquisition rights Issued to Certain Employees and Others

| | Number of persons | Number of rights |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Employee of the Company | 1 | 30 |
| Directors (except Audit Committee members) and Executive Officers of the Company's Subsidiaries | 65 | 2,720 |

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| | | |
|---|-----|--------|
| Audit Committee Members of the Company s Subsidiaries | 9 | 260 |
| Employees of the Company s Subsidiaries | 372 | 11,370 |

Note: The name of the companies are those as at the date of allotment.

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10. Matters to be Necessary for the Performance of Functions of the Audit Committee

The resolution of the Board of Directors regarding the performance of functions of the Audit Committee is as follows:

A. Matters regarding the Business Execution Structure

- (1) Executive officers shall execute their business in accordance with the management organization and allocation of business duties determined by the Board of Directors.
- (2) Decision-making for matters that are delegated to executive officers by the Board of Directors shall be determined by the following organizations or procedures:
 - (a) The Board of Representative Executive Officers: Allocation of capital resources in Nomura Group and material matters regarding management of Nomura Group;
 - (b) The Internal Controls Committee: Matters regarding internal control and procedures and promotion of proper corporate behavior within Nomura Group;
 - (c) The Commitment Committee: Material matters regarding less liquid positions of Nomura Group and matters regarding important positions from a risk management perspective of Nomura Group; or
 - (d) Collective decision-making system: Matters other than (a), (b), and (c)
- (3) Executive officers shall focus on Business Lines, Business Support Lines and other divisions to establish the appropriate organizations of Nomura Group and effectively manage such organizations.

B. Matters regarding the Audit System

- (1) The Audit Committee shall enforce its powers prescribed by laws and regulations to audit the legality, adequacy and efficiency of the business execution by executive officers by use of the independent auditor, other accounting firms and internal staff.
- (2) In order to support audit by the Audit Committee and supervise effectively the business execution by the Board of Directors, directors appointed by the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as Audit Mission Directors) shall perform the following duties in accordance with the instructions by the Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee:
 - (a) attendance at meetings of the Board of Executive Officers, the Board of the Representative Executive Officers, the Group Management Council, the Internal Controls Committee, the Commitment Committee and any other important committees;

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- (b) hearing reports on business execution from executive officers and employees;
- (c) inspection and investigation of minutes of the meetings prescribed in item (a) above, documents circulated for obtaining approval and other documents relating to the business execution;
- (d) inspection of the Company or its subsidiaries (including its consolidated subsidiaries); and
- (e) report to the Audit Committee on matters prescribed in items from (a) to (d) above; provided, however, that the Audit Mission Directors shall not be precluded from reporting to the Board of Directors.

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- (3) The Company shall staff five or more employees, including a Managing Director at the Office of Audit Committee who will be dedicated to supporting the audit.
- (4) The Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee shall evaluate employees of the Office of the Audit Committee. The Company shall obtain consent regarding the recruit, transfer or punishment of the employees of the Office of Audit Committee from the Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee.
- (5) The Audit Committee may engage attorneys, certified public accountants, consultants or other outside advisers as deemed to be necessary.

C. Reporting System on Business Execution

- (1) Executive officers shall report on the status of business execution in accordance with the following items; provided, however, that they shall immediately report material matters to the Board of Directors or any other appropriate committees.
 - (a) Executive officers shall report, not less frequently than quarterly, the following items to the Board of Directors. In this case, the executive officers may delegate such reports to other executive officers:
 - i) the status of discussion at meetings of the Board of Executive Officers, the Board of Representative Executive Officers, the Internal Controls Committee and the Commitment Committee;
 - ii) the financial condition of Nomura Group;
 - iii) the status of business execution at Business Segments and Business Lines; and
 - iv) any other important matters regarding the business execution.
 - (b) In the event that directors and executive officers find any fact in the following items, they shall report immediately to any member of the Audit Committee or any Audit Mission Director. The Audit Mission Director shall report to any member of the Audit Committee immediately upon receiving such reports:
 - i) any legal or financial problems that may have a material impact on the business or financial conditions of Nomura Group; and
 - ii) any order from any regulatory authority or other facts that may cause Nomura Group to incur a great loss.
- (2) In the event that executive officers or employees are requested to report on the business execution by a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee or any Audit Mission Director, they shall immediately report on such matters.

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D. Retention and Maintenance of Information regarding the Business Execution

Executive officers shall retain the following documents (including their electronic records. The same applies hereinafter.) and the relevant materials for not shorter than ten years and maintain the access to such documents if necessary:

- (1) minutes of the General Shareholders Meetings;
- (2) minutes of the Board of Directors meetings;
- (3) minutes of the Nomination, Audit and Compensation Committees meetings;
- (4) minutes of the Board of Executive Officers meetings;
- (5) minutes of the Board of Representative Executive Officers meetings;
- (6) minutes of the Group Management Council meetings;
- (7) minutes of the Internal Controls Committees meetings;
- (8) minutes of the Commitment Committee meetings;
- (9) minutes of meetings of any other committees established under a special mission directed by the President & CEO;
- (10) documents regarding requests for managerial decisions;
- (11) contracts;
- (12) accounting records, balance sheets, income statements, business reports and their supplementary schedules; and
- (13) copies of the documents submitted to the tax office and other regulatory authorities and stock exchanges.

E. Risk Management Policy

- (1) Executive officers shall acknowledge the importance of classification, evaluation, monitoring and management of the following risks relating to the execution of Nomura Group's business and establish the structure for control and management of such risks at each company of Nomura Group.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk refers to the potential loss of the Company's assets resulting from changes in market prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates or other market factors.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the potential loss in the value of a transaction because of a counterparty or issuer failing to perform its contractual commitment when the Company has a claim to the counterparty or holds the securities issued by the issuer.

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(c) Event Risk

Event risk refers to the potential loss in value that the Company may suffer through unpredictable events that cause unexpected market price moves. Event risks can be caused by changes in political or economic factors.

(d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the following:

- i) the potential loss that the Company may suffer through reduced access to funding resources or circumstances that would oblige the Company to finance at unusually high interest rates upon decreases of the performance of the Company and others; and
- ii) the potential loss that the Company may suffer through failure to trade in a market or circumstances that would oblige the Company to trade at unusually disadvantageous prices upon market disruption and others.

(e) Operational Risk

Operational risk refers to the potential costs associated with failure to process the business properly or other errors or improper actions by officers and employees or malfunction of the system management.

(f) Legal Risk

Legal risk refers to the risk of non-compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements, and potential loss from the inability to recover payments due from a counterparty owing to the non-enforceability of a contract.

- (2) Executive officers shall report to the Board of Representative Executive Officers the status of risk management systems at each company within Nomura Group. The Board of Representative Executive Officers shall analyze the risk management status of the entire Nomura Group based on the report and take appropriate measures to establish the most suitable risk management system for the business.

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F. Compliance System

- (1) Executive officers shall strive to maintain compliance systems at each company within Nomura Group. Executive officers shall report to any member of the Audit Committee or any Audit Mission Director, and to the Board of Representative Executive Officers in the event that the executive officers find any material illegal activities or other important matters regarding compliance at a company within Nomura Group. The Board of Representative Executive Officers shall discuss such matters and, if necessary, based on the results of the discussion, recommend the company take appropriate measures.
- (2) Executive officers shall establish a Compliance Hotline as a tool that employees can use to report questionable conduct from the view point of compliance directly to the personnel appointed by the Board of Directors (the Information Recipients).
- (3) The Board of Directors shall appoint (i) at least one non-executive director of the Company or outside lawyer; and (ii) one executive officer of the Company as Information Recipients.
- (4) The executive officer, as an Information Recipient, shall designate personnel in each of America, Europe and Asia & Oceania Region who will receive internal reporting from the relevant employees (the Regional Information Recipients). The executive officer as an Information Recipient shall receive reports from the Regional Information Recipients on material internal reporting and the responses.
- (5) The Company shall permit anonymous submission from employees regarding accounting or auditing matters of questionable conduct from the viewpoint of compliance.
- (6) The Information Recipients shall report to the Internal Controls Committee, not less frequently than quarterly, the status of operations of the Compliance Hotline; provided, however, that the Information Recipients or Regional Information Recipients shall immediately report to the Audit Committee on material matters that may violate laws and regulations.
- (7) The Company shall have its consolidated private investees in the Merchant Banking business (the Private Investees) establish whistle-blowing procedures. The Company shall establish an appropriate structure under which information recipients in each of the Private Investees will immediately report to the Audit Committee, through the executive officer as an Information Recipient, on material matters that may violate laws and regulations; provided, however, that the foregoing may not be applied to a Private Investee that deems to have minor effect on Nomura Group in terms of its financial conditions, reputation and corporate social responsibilities.
- (8) In the event that the Audit Committee recognizes problems in the operation of the Compliance Hotline, the Audit Committee may express its opinion and request the executive officers to take steps to improve the Compliance Hotline.

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G. Internal Audit System

- (1) Executive officers shall establish an internal audit division and implement an internal audit program that will help ensure effective and adequate internal control and procedures regarding the entire business of Nomura Group.
- (2) The Internal Controls Committee shall discuss or determine basic matters concerning internal control and procedures at each company within Nomura Group, the annual internal audit plan and the status of internal audit and its results.
- (3) Executive officers shall report the following items to the Internal Controls Committee:
 - (a) executive officers shall report on the annual internal audit plan of Nomura Group not less frequently than annually; and
 - (b) executive officers shall report on the status of internal audit in Nomura Group and its results not less frequently than quarterly.
- (4) Any member of the Audit Committee may recommend that executive officers (i) change the internal audit plan, (ii) implement additional audit procedures; (iii) establish an improvement plan regarding the annual internal audit plan, the status of internal audit and its results.

H. Audit of Financial Reports and Statements

- (1) The Audit Committee has the following powers regarding the appointment of an independent auditor and other accounting firms that audit financial statements (including financial statements in Form 20-F submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission):
 - (a) determining particulars of proposals concerning the election and dismissal of the independent auditor and the non-retention of the independent auditor to be submitted to a General Meeting of Shareholders; and
 - (b) determining particulars of proposals concerning the election and dismissal of other accounting firms to be submitted to the Board of Directors or the Board of Representative Executive Officers.
- (2) The Audit Committee shall approve the annual audit plan of the independent auditor and other accounting firms (including key audit items and staffing).
- (3) The Audit Committee shall audit other matters than those relating to accounting in financial reports (including consolidated financial statements) and their supplementary schedules (hereinafter collectively referred to as financial reports) and financial statements in accordance with laws and regulations and procedures established by the Audit Committee.
- (4) The Audit Committee shall hear the report from the independent auditor and other accounting firms on the audit reports on matters relating to accounting in financial reports and financial statements through financial reports and statements (including disagreements between executive officers and such auditor or accounting firms regarding financial reporting) and determine whether the method

and result of the audit are appropriate.

- (5) The Audit Committee may request executive officers, the independent auditor or other accounting firms that audit financial statements to explain about important financial problems regarding preparing financial reports and financial statements (including matters concerning election or application of critical accounting policies and internal control over financial reporting).

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(Reference)

System for Guaranteeing Appropriate Conduct of Operations

I. Matters necessary to enable the audit committee to perform its functions

By exercising its powers as prescribed by law and making use of the independent auditor, other accounting firms, and internal organizational structures, the Audit Committee shall audit the legality, soundness, and efficiency of operations implemented by executive officers, and thereby contribute to ensuring the appropriate conduct of Nomura Group's operations.

1. Directors and employees supporting the Audit Committee in its duties

1.1. Supporting directors

1.1.1. To support the Audit Committee in conducting audits and ensure effective overview of operations by the Board of Directors, full-time directors who do not concurrently serve as executive officers shall be appointed by the Board of Directors as Audit Mission Directors.

1.1.2. Audit Mission Directors shall perform the duties stipulated in the Audit Committee Regulations in accordance with the instructions of the Audit Committee or of a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Committee.

1.2. Supporting employees and their independence from executive officers

1.2.1. To support the Audit Committee in the performance of its duties, an Office of Audit Committee shall be established, consisting of five or more employees including a Managing Director.

1.2.2. Evaluation of employees in the Office of the Audit Committee shall be performed by the Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Committee. The consent of the Audit Committee, or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Committee, shall be obtained when recruiting, transferring, or disciplining an employee of the Office of Audit Committee.

2. System for reporting on conduct of operations

2.1. Executive officers shall report to the Board of Directors on the conduct of operations not less frequently than quarterly. Executive officers may delegate the making of such reports to other executive officers.

2.2. Directors and executive officers shall report any of the matters stipulated below to a member of the Audit Committee, or to an Audit Mission Director, promptly upon discovery. An Audit Mission Director who receives such a report shall immediately report the matter to a member of the Audit Committee.

(a) Any legal or financial problems that may have a substantial impact on the operations or finances of Nomura Group

(b) An order from a regulatory authority, or any other circumstance that may cause Nomura Group significant losses

2.3. If an executive officer or an employee is asked either by a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Committee or by an Audit Mission Director to report on matters pertaining to operations that they perform, they shall immediately report on the same.

3. Other systemic measures designed to ensure effective auditing by the Audit Committee

3.1. With respect to the non-accounting-related aspects of financial reports and related documentation (including financial reports and supplementary schedules, as well as consolidated financial statements; the same applies below) and of financial statements (including the financial statements in Form 20-F submitted to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission), and with respect to business reports (including supplementary schedules; the same applies below), the Audit Committee shall conduct audits in accordance with the law and with the procedures established by the Audit Committee itself.

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3.2. With respect to the accounting-related aspects of financial reports and related documentation and of financial statements, the Audit Committee shall determine whether the auditing methods and results are appropriate upon receiving a report from the independent auditor, or from the accounting firm that audits the financial statements, on the audit report pertaining to the financial reports and related documentation or to the financial statements in question (which report shall include mention of any serious disagreements between executive officers and the auditor or accounting firm regarding financial reporting).

3.3. The Audit Committee may ask executive officers, the independent auditor, or other accounting firms that audit financial statements for an explanation of important problems relating to the preparation of financial reports and related documentation, business reports, and financial statements (including matters concerning election or application of critical accounting policies, and matters relating to procedures for internal control of financial reporting).

3.4. During auditing, the Audit Committee may, as it deems necessary, engage attorneys, certified public accountants, consultants, or other outside advisers.

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II. Matters relating to the establishment of a system for ensuring that execution of duties by executive officers conforms to the law and the articles of association, and for otherwise guaranteeing appropriate conduct of operations

1. System for ensuring appropriate implementation of duties by executive officers

1.1. Executive officers shall pledge to abide by Nomura Group Code of Ethics, and shall conduct business lawfully in conformity with the articles of association and the provisions of the law.

1.2. Executive officers shall strive to develop compliance systems at all companies within Nomura Group. If, at any company within the Group, they should uncover a serious breach of the law or another grave matter affecting compliance, they shall report the matter to a member of the Audit Committee or to an Audit Mission Director, and at the same time report it to the Group Executive Management Committee. The Group Executive Management Committee shall discuss the matter in question and, if it deems necessary, advise the company in question to take appropriate action on the basis of the results of its deliberations.

2. System for maintenance and management of information pertaining to implementation of duties by executive officers

Executive officers shall, for not less than ten years, keep on file minutes of meetings, documents regarding requests for managerial decisions, contracts, financial reports, and other important documentation (including that in electronic format), along with related materials. If necessary, they shall moreover maintain that documentation in accessible form.

3. Rules and other aspects of the system for managing risk of loss

3.1. Executive officers shall be aware of the importance of classifying, assessing, monitoring, and managing the various risks affecting conduct of Nomura Group's operations, namely, market risk, credit risk, event risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, and legal risk, and they shall, at each company within Nomura Group, make every effort to monitor and manage those risks

3.2. Executive officers shall report to the Group Executive Management Committee on the progress of development of risk management systems at each company within Nomura Group. On the basis of their reports, the Group Executive Management Committee shall analyze the state of risk management throughout Nomura Group and take appropriate measures to establish the most suitable risk management system for the operations in question.

4. System for ensuring that the duties of executive officers are performed efficiently

4.1. Executive officers shall execute operations in accordance with the management structure and allocation of executive duties determined by the Board of Directors.

4.2. Decisions on matters delegated by resolution of the Board of Directors to executive officers to decide shall be made by the following organizations or in accordance with the following procedures:

(a) Group Executive Management Committee

Allocation of management resources within Nomura Group and key matters relating to management

(b) Internal Controls Committee

Matters regarding internal control of Nomura Group and promotion of proper corporate behavior

(c) Commitment Committee

Material matters regarding less liquid positions of Nomura Group, and matters regarding important positions for managing risk

(d) Collective decision-making system Matters other than (a)-(d)

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4.3. The Group Executive Management Committee shall ensure the efficient running of Nomura Group by determining or revising allocation of necessary management resources in light of business plans and budgetary requests from each business division and region.

4.4. A Group Management Council shall be established, and efficient conduct of operations shall thereby be fostered through the pooling of information, the exchange of views, and the discussion of strategies among senior executives of Nomura Group.

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5. System for ensuring that execution of duties by employees conforms to the law and the articles of association

5.1. Executive officers shall take steps to foster awareness of Nomura Group Code of Ethics among employees, and shall ensure that they abide by it.

5.2. Executive officers shall clarify the responsibilities and powers of employees by delimiting their authority, and shall thereby establish a system of accountability with respect to execution of operations.

5.3. Execution of duties in compliance with the provisions of the law shall be fostered by appointing operational managers within each company in Nomura Group in Japan, with the goals of promoting remedial measures on matters considered questionable in light of social ethics and social justice, and of ensuring that actions taken by employees are rooted in respect for the law and in social norms.

6. System for guaranteeing appropriate conduct of operations within Nomura Group

6.1. Nomura Group's auditing system

6.1.1. The Audit Committee shall, working as necessary in partnership with audit committees or the like at Group subsidiaries (including consolidated subsidiaries), audit the legality, soundness, and efficiency of operations implemented by Nomura Group.

6.1.2. A member of the Audit Committee designated by the Committee shall, taking action either directly himself or working, as necessary, through other members of the Audit Committee or through an Audit Mission Director, inspect the Company or its subsidiaries.

6.2. Internal audit system

6.2.1. Executive officers shall help ensure sound, effective internal control of Nomura Group's overall operations by establishing departments responsible for internal audits and implementing such audits.

6.2.2. The Internal Controls Committee shall hold discussions or make decisions on basic matters relating to internal controls at each company within Nomura Group, as well as on annual plans for internal audits, their state of implementation, and results.

6.2.3. Executive officers shall report to the Internal Controls Committee on the status of internal audits within Nomura Group and their results not less frequently than quarterly.

6.2.4. With respect to annual plans for internal audits, their state of implementation, and results, a member of the Audit Committee may recommend to executive officers that plans be changed, that additional audit procedures be implemented, or that remedial measures be formulated.

6.3. Compliance hotline

6.3.1. Executive officers shall establish a compliance hotline as a means whereby employees can report legally questionable conduct within Nomura Group directly to persons designated by the Board of Directors.

6.3.2. Anonymity shall be guaranteed to providers of information on legally questionable conduct relating specifically to accounting or auditing of accounts.

6.3.3. Consolidated private investees in the Merchant Banking business, except those whose impact on Nomura Group is negligible in terms of finances, reputation, and corporate social responsibilities, shall be required to establish whistle-blowing procedures, and channels shall be put in place for the receipt of relevant information from them.

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11. Compensation Committee's Policies about Directors and Executive Officers' Compensation

Nomura Group's vision is to establish its status firmly as a globally competitive Japanese financial institution. As a management target to indicate an increase of shareholders' value, the Company intends to maintain an average consolidated ROE of 10 to 15% over the medium- to long-term.

Our fundamental policies in Nomura Group's directors and executive officers' compensations (Executive Compensation) are,

- i) to link Executive Compensation with the achievement of strategic business objectives above and award them in a manner that further motivates them toward achievement of their respective goals and thereby maximize their performance, and
- ii) to introduce equity based compensation and enhance their long term incentives.

Executive Compensation is composed of base salary, cash bonus and stock bonus.

(1) Base Salary

Base salary for each of directors and executive officers is calculated by aggregating the following amounts.

- i) Amount reflecting his/her career
- ii) Amount reflecting his/her post and responsibilities
- iii) Amount reflecting previous year's consolidated ROE (Note)

(2) Cash Bonus

In determining cash bonus payable to each of directors or executive officers, we consider both quantitative and qualitative factors. Quantitative factors include consolidated net income, consolidated return on equity (ROE) and segment / business-line results. Qualitative factors include achievement of strategic business objectives, achievement of pre-established goals of individuals and subjective assessments of individual contribution. Aggregated cash bonus amount of directors and executive officers of Nomura Group does not exceed 3% of the consolidated net income of Nomura.

(3) Stock Bonus

In determining the stock bonus payable to each of directors or executive officers, we consider not only such factors as consolidated net income or consolidated ROE but also such factors as proportion of cash bonus, stock bonus and base salary and costs and effects in awarding such bonus.

Note: In calculating the amount of the base salary based on the previous year's consolidated ROE, we refer to the table below.

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|----------|-----------|------------|--------|
| Consolidated ROE (x) | X<0% | 0% ≤X<5% | 5% ≤X≤10% | 10% <X≤15% | 15% <X |
|----------------------|------|----------|-----------|------------|--------|

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| Amount | 0 | Y * 1/3 | Y * 2/3 | Standard Amount (Y) | Y * 4/3 |
|--------|---|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|
|--------|---|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|

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12. Compensation paid to Directors and Executive Officers

| | (Amount in Millions of yen) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Directors | | Executive Officers | | Total | |
| | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
| Fixed amount based on resolution of Compensation Committee | 8 | 223 | 35 | 2,052 | 43 | 2,275 |
| Non-cash compensation based on resolution of Compensation Committee | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Retirement bonus upon resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders | | | | | | |
| (Note.2) | | | 1 | 77 | 1 | 77 |
| Total | | 223 | | 2,130 | | 2,353 |

Note 1: There were 11 Directors and 32 Executive Officers as of March 31, 2006. Four Directors are serving concurrently as Executive Officers, whose compensation are included in those of Executive Officers. The number above in the table includes one director who retired on June 28, 2005, and three executive officers who retired on March 31, 2005.

2: The amount has been accrued by resolution at the 98th General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 26, 2002.

13. Fees to Independent Accountants

| Item | (Amount in Millions of yen) |
|--|-----------------------------|
| | Amount |
| (1) Aggregate Fees to be paid by the Company and its subsidiaries to the independent accountants | 954 |
| (2) Out of the aggregate fees (1) above, aggregate fees for audit services prescribed in Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Law to be paid by the Company and its subsidiaries to the independent accountants | 765 |
| (3) Out of the aggregate fees (2) above, fees to be paid by the Company to the independent accountants | 289 |

(Note) The audit agreement between the Company and the independent accountants does not separate or is not able to separate effectively audit fees for audit under the Special Commercial Law and the Securities and Exchange Law. Therefore, the fees (3) above include audit fees for audit under the Securities and Exchange Law.

III. Subsequent Events

There are no material subsequent events.

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Note: Amounts and numbers of shares presented in this Business Report have been rounded except for amounts and numbers described in Our Results of Operations and Assets regarding the year ended March 31, 2004, or before.

Table of Contents**Consolidated Balance Sheet** (As of March 31, 2006)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash deposits: | 1,555,636 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 991,961 |
| Time deposits | 518,111 |
| Deposits with stock exchanges and other segregated cash | 45,564 |
| Loans and receivables: | 1,363,681 |
| Loans receivable | 682,824 |
| Receivables from customers | 26,810 |
| Receivables from other than customers | 656,925 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (2,878) |
| Collateralized agreements: | 17,027,807 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell | 8,278,834 |
| Securities borrowed | 8,748,973 |
| Trading assets and private equity investments (including securities pledged as collateral): | 13,697,441 |
| Securities inventory | 12,739,805 |
| Derivative contracts | 592,360 |
| Private equity investments | 365,276 |
| Other assets: | 1,381,470 |
| Office buildings, land, equipment and facilities | 330,964 |
| Lease deposits | 47,582 |
| Non-trading debt securities | 220,593 |
| Investments in equity securities | 219,486 |
| Investments in and advances to affiliated companies | 223,912 |
| Deferred tax assets | 145,024 |
| Other | 193,909 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 35,026,035 |

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| LIABILITIES | |
| Short-term borrowings | 691,759 |
| Payables and deposits: | 1,239,731 |
| Payables to customers | 247,511 |
| Payables to other than customers | 619,271 |
| Time and other deposits received | 372,949 |
| Collateralized financing: | 20,263,012 |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 10,773,589 |
| Securities loaned | 6,486,798 |
| Other secured borrowings | 3,002,625 |
| Trading liabilities: | 6,527,627 |
| Securities sold but not yet purchased | 5,880,919 |
| Derivative contracts | 646,708 |
| Other liabilities: | 641,980 |
| Accrued income taxes | 188,770 |
| Accrued pension and severance costs | 65,041 |
| Other | 388,169 |
| Long-term borrowings | 3,598,599 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 32,962,708 |

Commitments and contingencies**SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY**

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| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Common stock | 182,800 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 159,527 |
| Retained earnings | 1,819,037 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income | (15,225) |
| Minimum pension liability adjustment | (14,096) |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | (1,129) |
| Less-Common stock held in treasury, at cost | (82,812) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | 2,063,327 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | 35,026,035 |

Table of Contents**Consolidated Income Statement** (April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2006)

| | (Millions of Yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| Commissions | 356,325 |
| Fees from investment banking | 108,819 |
| Asset management and portfolio service fees | 102,667 |
| Net gain on trading | 304,223 |
| Gain on private equity investments | 12,328 |
| Interest and dividends | 693,813 |
| Gain on investments in equity securities | 67,702 |
| Private equity entities product sales | 88,210 |
| Other | 58,753 |
| Total revenue | 1,792,840 |
| Interest expense | 647,190 |
| Net revenue | 1,145,650 |
| Compensation and benefits | 325,431 |
| Commissions and floor brokerage | 32,931 |
| Information processing and communications | 89,600 |
| Occupancy and related depreciation | 55,049 |
| Business development expenses | 32,790 |
| Private equity entities cost of goods sold | 48,802 |
| Other | 115,447 |
| Non-interest expenses | 700,050 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 445,600 |
| Income tax expense | 188,972 |
| Income from continuing operations | 256,628 |
| Income from discontinued operations before income taxes | 99,413 |
| Income tax expense | 51,713 |
| Gain on discontinued operation | 47,700 |
| Net income | 304,328 |

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Notes:

[Basis of Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements]

1. Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) pursuant to the provision of paragraph 1 of Article 179 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Japanese Commercial Code. However, certain disclosures required under U.S. GAAP are omitted pursuant to the same provision.

2. Scope of consolidation and entity method application

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and other entities in which it has a controlling financial interest (collecting referred to as Nomura). Because the usual condition for a controlling financial interest in an entity is ownership of a majority of the voting interest, the Company consolidates its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation (FIN) No. 46 (revised December 2003), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities , the Company also consolidates any variable interest entities for which Nomura is the primary beneficiary. Investments in entities in which Nomura has significant influence over operating and financial decisions (generally defined as 20 to 50 percent of voting interest) are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are reported in Investments in and advances to affiliated companies.

[Significant Accounting Policies]

3. Basis and methods of valuation for securities, derivatives and others

(1) Trading assets and trading liabilities

Trading assets and trading liabilities, including contractual commitments arising pursuant to derivative transactions, are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet on a trade date basis at fair value. The related gains and losses are recognized currently in income.

(2) Private equity investments

Private equity investments are primarily carried at fair value. Corresponding changes in the fair value of these investments are recognized currently in income.

(3) Investments in equity securities and non-trading debt securities

Investments in equity securities consist of marketable and non-marketable equity securities that have been acquired for operating purposes and other than operating purposes. In accordance with U.S. GAAP for broker-dealers, investments in equity securities for operating purposes and other than operating purposes are recorded at fair value and unrealized gains and losses are recognized currently in income.

Investments in equity securities for operating purposes and Investments in equity securities for other than operating purposes are included in the Other assets section of the consolidated balance sheet in Investments in equity securities and Other, respectively.

Non-trading debt securities are recorded at market or fair value together with the related hedges and the related gains and losses are recognized currently in income.

4. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation for tangible assets is generally computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of assets according to general class, type of construction and use. Software is generally amortized by the straight-line method over its estimated useful life. Intangible assets that have determinable lives will continue to be amortized by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

5. Long-lived assets

SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets provides guidance on the financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the estimated future undiscounted cash flow is less than the carrying amount of the assets, a loss would be recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeded its fair value.

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6. Basis of allowances

(1) Allowance for loan losses

Allowances for loan losses on margin transaction loans related to broker dealers and loans receivable from financial institutions in the inter-bank money market used for short-term financing are provided for based primarily on historical loss experience.

Allowances for loan losses on loans receivable in connection with banking/financing activities reflect management's best estimate of probable losses. The evaluation includes an assessment of the ability of borrowers to pay by considering various factors such as changes in the nature of the loan, volume of the loan, deterioration of pledged collateral, delinquencies and the current financial situation of the borrower.

(2) Accrued pension and severance costs

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Board No. 87, Employers' Accounting for Pensions, accrued pension and severance costs are recorded based on the fair value of the projected benefit obligation and the plan assets at the end of year to prepare for the employees' retirement and severance benefits. The minimum pension liability adjustment is additionally provided when the accumulated benefit obligation, excluding the assumption about future compensation levels from the projected benefit obligation, exceeds the fair value of plan assets and accrued pension liabilities.

The unrecognized prior service cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

Actuarial gains and losses in excess of 10% of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the fair value of plan assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of active participants.

7. Hedging activities

In addition to its trading activities, Nomura, as an end user, uses derivative financial instruments to manage its interest rate and currency exposures or to modify the interest rate characteristics of certain non-trading assets and liabilities.

These derivative financial instruments are linked to specific assets or specific liabilities and are designated as hedges as they are effective in reducing the risk associated with the exposure being hedged, and they are highly correlated with changes in the market or fair value of the underlying hedged items, both at inception and throughout the life of the hedge contracts. Nomura applies fair value hedge accounting to these hedging transactions, and the relating unrealized profit and losses are recognized together with those of the hedged assets and liabilities as interest revenue or expense.

8. Discontinued operations

On January 31, 2006, Nomura sold its stake in Millennium Retailing Inc. (MR). MR was one of the investments in private equity business and a consolidated subsidiary. At March 31, 2006, MR is classified as discontinued operations in accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets and its results of operations are separately reported.

9. Foreign currency translation

For the consolidated financial statements, all assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date; all revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the respective years and the resulting translation adjustments are accumulated and reported as Cumulative translation adjustments in shareholder's equity. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date and the resulting translation gains or losses are recognized currently in income.

10. The Company and its wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries adopted the consolidated tax return system.

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[Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet]

11. Assets pledged

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Pledged securities that can be sold or re-pledged by the secured party, including Gensaki Repo transactions, included in Trading assets, private equity investments and non-trading debt securities. | 5,610,310 million yen |
| Securities and loans receivables, which have been pledged as collateral, primarily to stock exchanges and clearing organizations, without allowing the secured party the right to sell or re-pledge them. | 2,227,492 million yen |
| The asset balances, which have been pledged as collateral for secured loans from special purpose entities. | 320,984 million yen |
| Securities and loans receivable, which have been pledged to collateralize borrowing transactions, and pledged for other purposes. * | 2,518,097 million yen |

* In addition, Nomura re-pledged ¥640,483 million of securities borrowed as collateral for bank loans and other loans.

12. Contingencies

Legal and Arbitration Proceedings

In the normal course of business, Nomura is involved in lawsuits and other legal proceedings and, as a result of such activities, is subject to ongoing legal risk. The management of Nomura believes that the ultimate resolution of such litigation will not be material to the consolidated financial statements.

The legal disputes include the actions described below.

In 1998, one of the Company's European subsidiaries, Nomura Principal Investment plc (NPI), acquired approximately 46% of the issued share capital of Investicni a postovni banka, a.s. (IPB), a Czech bank (through its relationship with a Dutch company as the holder of the shares). On June 16, 2000, the Czech National Bank (CNB) placed IPB into forced administration. On June 19, 2000, the administrator appointed by the CNB transferred IPB's entire business to Ceskoslovenska obchodni banka (CSOB), another Czech bank.

NPI and Nomura International plc (NIP) are involved in both bringing and defending a number of legal claims arising out of the circumstances surrounding NPI's acquisition of its interest in IPB, the imposition of forced administration, and the immediate sale by the administrator of IPB's entire business to CSOB.

The legal disputes include international arbitration proceedings in which the Czech Republic is seeking damages against NPI. CSOB is also pursuing a legal action before the Czech courts seeking damages against NPI, NIP and others arising out of IPB's sale of a Czech brewery. Nomura believes that all such claims brought against it are without merit and Nomura is vigorously defending them.

Furthermore, in March 2006, the International Arbitral Tribunal presiding over the Dutch company's claim against the Czech Republic (brought under the Bilateral Investor Treaty between the Netherlands and the Czech Republic) issued an award on liability in favor of the Dutch company, holding the Czech Republic's actions pertaining to IPB to be a breach of its obligation under the Treaty for fair and equitable treatment.

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13. Guarantees

In accordance with FIN No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, Nomura recognizes obligations under certain issued guarantees and records the fair value of these guarantee obligations on the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table sets forth the information about maximum potential payout or notional total of derivative contracts, standby letters of credit and other guarantees that could meet the definition of a guarantee.

For information about the maximum potential amount of future payments that Nomura could be required to make under certain derivatives, the notional amount of contracts has been disclosed. However, the maximum potential payout for certain derivative contracts, such as written interest rate caps and written currency options, cannot be estimated, as increases in interest or foreign exchange rates in the future could be theoretically unlimited. Nomura records all derivative contracts at fair value on the consolidated balance sheet. Nomura believes the notional amounts generally overstate its risk exposure.

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Derivative contracts *1 | 25,401,478 million yen |
| Standby letters of credit and other guarantees *2 | 6,993 million yen |

*1 The carrying value of derivative contracts is 782,586 million yen.

*2 The carrying value of standby letters of credit and other guarantees is 56 million yen.

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| 14. Accumulated depreciation and amortization of Office buildings, land, equipment and facilities. [Notes to the Consolidated Income Statement] | 211,521 million yen |
|--|---------------------|

| | |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| 15. Basic net income per share | 159.02 yen |
|--------------------------------|------------|

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR S REPORT

The Board of Directors

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

May 15, 2006

Ernst & Young ShinNihon

Michiyoshi Sakamoto
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

Koichi Hanabusa
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

Hiroki Matsumura
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

In accordance with Paragraph 2, Article 21-32 of The Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code Concerning Audits, etc. of Joint Stock Corporations, we have audited the consolidated balance sheet of Nomura Holdings, Inc. as of March 31, 2006, and the related consolidated income statement applicable to the 102nd fiscal year from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to independently express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit includes procedures applied to the accounts of the subsidiaries or other consolidated subsidiaries as considered necessary.

As a result of our audit, it is our opinion that the consolidated balance sheet and the related consolidated income statement referred to above present properly the financial position and the results of operations of Nomura Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries in accordance with the related regulations and the Articles of Incorporation.

We have no interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed in compliance with the Certified Public Accountants Law.

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Report of the Audit Committee on the Consolidated Financial Statements

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the Company) audited the Company's consolidated balance sheet and income statement (the consolidated financial statements) applicable to the 102nd fiscal year (from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006) and, based on the result of the audit, hereby report as follows:

1. OUTLINE OF THE AUDITING METHOD USED

In accordance with the auditing principles and assignment of responsibilities decided by the Audit Committee, each member of the Audit Committee, by himself or through each of the Audit Mission Directors, heard the report and explanation from the Company's independent accountants and examined the Company's consolidated financial statements. In addition, we requested reports on accounting from the Company's subsidiaries and consolidated subsidiaries as necessary and investigated the conditions of the business and the assets of such subsidiaries.

2. RESULT OF THE AUDIT

- (1) We acknowledge that both the method and result of the audit by Ernst & Young ShinNihon, the Company's independent accountants, are appropriate.
- (2) We have nothing to point out with respect to the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of our investigations into the Company's subsidiaries and consolidated subsidiaries.

May 16, 2006

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF
NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Haruo Tsuji, Chairman
Fumihide Nomura
Koji Tajika

Note: Messrs. Haruo Tsuji and Koji Tajika are outside directors as defined in the exceptional clause of Article 21-8, paragraph 4 of Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code concerning Audit, etc. of *Kabushiki-Kaisha*.

Table of Contents**Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet** (As of March 31, 2006)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|--|-------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Current Assets: | 1,831,963 |
| Cash and cash deposits | 13,961 |
| Short-term loans receivable | 1,624,010 |
| Accounts receivable | 158,126 |
| Deferred tax assets | 7,387 |
| Other current assets | 28,485 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (5) |
| Fixed Assets: | 1,795,813 |
| Tangible fixed assets: | 39,072 |
| Buildings | 14,753 |
| Furniture & fixtures | 15,480 |
| Land | 8,839 |
| Intangible assets: | 63,002 |
| Software | 63,000 |
| Others | 2 |
| Investments and others: | 1,693,739 |
| Investment securities | 310,547 |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 1,126,801 |
| Long-term loans receivable | 150,465 |
| Long-term guarantee deposits | 52,069 |
| Deferred tax assets | 35,058 |
| Other investments | 18,832 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (33) |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 3,627,776 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities: | 1,574,943 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,322,000 |
| Payables to customers and others | 100,871 |
| Accrued income taxes | 117,418 |
| Other current liabilities | 34,654 |
| Long-term Liabilities: | 606,185 |
| Bonds payable | 180,000 |
| Long-term borrowings | 421,000 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 5,185 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 2,181,128 |
| SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | |
| Common stock | 182,800 |
| Capital surplus: | 114,518 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 112,504 |
| Other capital surplus: | 2,014 |
| Premium over acquisition cost of Treasury stock sold | 2,014 |
| Earned surplus: | 1,145,018 |
| Earned surplus reserve | 81,858 |

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| | |
|--|------------------|
| Voluntary reserves: | 1,020,029 |
| Reserve for specified fixed assets | 29 |
| General reserve | 1,020,000 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings | 43,131 |
| Net unrealized gain on investments | 84,761 |
| Less treasury stock | (80,448) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | 1,446,649 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | 3,627,776 |

Table of Contents**Non-Consolidated Income Statement** (April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2006)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|--|-------------------|
| Operating revenue | 220,699 |
| Property and equipment fee revenue | 61,118 |
| Rent revenue | 31,736 |
| Royalty on trademark | 23,035 |
| Dividend from subsidiaries | 95,670 |
| Others | 9,141 |
| Operating expenses | 97,648 |
| Compensation and benefits | 3,811 |
| Rental and maintenance | 34,176 |
| Data processing and office supplies | 23,586 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,272 |
| Others | 6,585 |
| Interest expense | 5,218 |
| Operating income | 123,050 |
| Non-operating revenue | 8,401 |
| Non-operating expenses | 169 |
| Ordinary income | 131,282 |
| Special profits | 8,987 |
| Profit on sales of investment securities | 8,987 |
| Special losses | 124,313 |
| Loss on sales of investment securities | 341 |
| Loss on devaluation of investment securities | 96 |
| Loss on devaluation of investments in subsidiaries | 115,432 |
| Loss on abandonment of fixed assets | 8,444 |
| Income before income taxes | 15,956 |
| Income taxes - current | 12,681 |
| Income taxes - deferred | (14,603) |
| Net income | 17,878 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward | 48,121 |
| Interim dividend | 22,868 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings | 43,131 |

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Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements:

The amounts shown therein are rounded to the nearest million.

[Significant Accounting Policies]

1. Basis and methods of valuation for financial instruments

(1) Other securities

a. Securities with market value

Recorded at market value

The difference between the cost using the moving average method or amortized cost and market value less deferred taxes is recorded as Net unrealized gain on investments in Shareholders equity on the balance sheet.

b. Securities without market value

Recorded at cost using the moving average method or amortized cost

With respect to investments in investment enterprise partnerships and similar ones which are regarded as equivalent to securities in accordance with Paragraph 2, Article 2 of the Securities and Exchange Law, the pro rata shares of such partnerships are recorded at net asset values based on the available current financial statements on the reporting date set forth in the partnership agreements.

(2) Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates

Recorded at cost using the moving average method

2. Depreciation and amortization

(1) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated primarily on the declining balance method, except for buildings acquired after April 1, 1998, which are depreciated on the straight-line method.

(2) Amortization of intangible assets, investments and others

Intangible assets, investments and others are amortized over their estimated useful lives primarily on the straight-line method.

3. Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

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Financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen using exchange rates as of the balance sheet date. Gains and losses resulting from translation are reflected in the income statement.

4. Provisions

(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

To provide for bad loans, the Company recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts based on an estimate of the uncollectible amounts calculated using historical loss ratios or a reasonable estimate based on the financial condition of individual borrowers.

(2) Accrued bonuses

To prepare for bonus payments to employees, the estimated amount was recorded in accordance with the prescribed calculation method.

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5. Finance leases other than those for which the ownership of the leased property are deemed as transfers to the lessee are accounted for primarily as ordinary rental transactions.

6. Hedging activities

Mark-to-market profits and losses on hedging instruments are deferred as assets or liabilities to reduce the risks such as interest rate fluctuation until the profits or losses on the underlying hedged items are included in the income statement. Certain eligible foreign currencies denominated monetary items are translated at forward exchange rates and the differences are amortized over the remaining period.

7. Consumption taxes and local consumption taxes are accounted for based on the tax exclusion method.

8. The Company applies the consolidated tax return system.

9. Accounting for Impairment of Fixed Assets

From the year ended March 31, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Opinion, Accounting for Impairment of Fixed Assets issued by the Business Accounting Council on August 9, 2002, and Guidance No.6 Guidance for Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASB) on October 31, 2003.

This adoption had no effect on the income statement for the year ended March 31, 2006.

[Notes to Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet]

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| 10. Short-term receivables from subsidiaries: | 1,821,320 million yen |
| Short-term payables to subsidiaries: | 1,339,030 million yen |
| Long-term receivables from subsidiaries: | 199,725 million yen |

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| 11. Accumulated depreciation on tangible fixed assets: | 68,535 million yen |
|--|--------------------|

12. In addition to the fixed assets on the balance sheet, the Company uses computers and personal computers under finance lease contracts.

13. Securities deposited

The Company loaned investment securities with a market value of 107,632 million yen based on securities loan contracts which provide borrowers with the rights to resell or repledge the securities.

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 14. Guarantee obligations | 2,528,766 million yen |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|

Set forth below is a summary of the Company's guarantee obligations:

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Bonds/medium-term notes, Commercial paper | 2,465,777 million yen |
| Swap transactions, etc. | 62,989 million yen |

15. Amounts to be excluded from profits available for dividends

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The amount to be excluded from the calculation of profits available for dividends as of March 31, 2006, as determined by Item 3 of Article 124 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Commercial Code was 84,761 million yen.

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[Notes to Non-Consolidated Income Statement]

| | | |
|-----|---|---------------------|
| 16. | Operating revenue from subsidiaries | 220,120 million yen |
| | Operating expenses to subsidiaries | 36,167 million yen |
| | Non-operating transactions with subsidiaries | 17,400 million yen |
| 17. | Property and equipment fee revenue consists of revenue mainly from Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (NSC), a subsidiary of the Company, from leasing furniture, fixtures and software. | |
| 18. | Rent revenue consists of revenue mainly from NSC from renting office accommodations. | |
| 19. | Royalty on trademark consists of revenue from NSC from the use of the Company's trademark. | |
| 20. | Others includes fees from securities lending and interest received on loans mainly from NSC. | |
| 21. | Net income per share | 9.34 yen |

Table of Contents**The Appropriation of Non-Consolidated Retained Earnings and Reason for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006**

| | (Yen) |
|--|-----------------------|
| Unappropriated retained earnings | 43,130,665,791 |
| Reversal of voluntary reserve: | 26,003,533,497 |
| Reversal of general reserve | 26,000,000,000 |
| Reversal of reserve for specified fixed assets | 3,533,497 |
| Total | 69,134,199,288 |

The amount above is appropriated as below.

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Appropriation: | |
| Cash dividends (36.00 yen per share) | 68,619,513,384 |
| Total | 68,619,513,384 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings to be carried forward | 514,685,904 |

(1) Policy on Appropriation of Retained Earnings

Nomura seeks to enhance shareholder value by capturing business opportunities as they develop. To achieve this goal, Nomura maintains sufficient capital to support its business.

Nomura reviews its sufficiency of capital as appropriate, taking into consideration economic risks inherent in its businesses, regulatory requirements, and maintenance of a sufficient debt rating for a global financial institution.

In regard to cash dividends, Nomura first decides target dividend amounts, the minimum level of cash dividend, taking into account the firm's dividend-on-equity ratio (DOE) of about 3%. When Nomura achieves a sufficient level of profit, it will decide the amount of the year-end cash dividend taking into consideration a pay-out ratio of over 30%. Nomura seeks to ensure sustainable growth of its target dividend in the mid- to long-term.

As for retained profits, Nomura intends to invest in business areas where high profitability and growth may reasonably be expected, including development and expansion of infrastructure, to maximize value for shareholders.

(2) Reason for Appropriation of Retained Earnings

The Company proposes a cash dividend of 36.00 yen per share upon the dividend policy described above. As the Company paid out an interim dividend of 12.00 yen per share in December 2005, the annual dividend per share is 48 yen per share.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

May 15, 2006

Ernst & Young ShinNihon

Michiyoshi Sakamoto
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

Koichi Hanabusa
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

Hiroki Matsumura
Certified Public Accountant
Designated and operating Partner

In accordance with Paragraph 4, Article 21-26 of The Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code Concerning Audits, etc. of Joint Stock Corporations, we have audited the non-consolidated balance sheet, the non-consolidated income statement, the accounting matters stated in the business report, the proposal for appropriation of non-consolidated retained earnings, and the accounting matters stated in the supplementary schedules of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the Company) applicable to the fiscal year from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006. These financial reports and the supplementary schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to independently express an opinion on these financial reports and the supplementary schedules based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports and the supplementary schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial reports and the supplementary schedules. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial reports and supplementary schedules. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit included procedures applied to the accounts of the Company's subsidiaries as considered necessary.

As a result of our audit, it is our opinion that:

- a) the non-consolidated balance sheet and the non-consolidated income statement present properly the Company's financial position and the results of its operations in accordance with the related regulations and the Articles of Incorporation,
- b) the accounting matters stated in the business report present properly the Company's affairs in accordance with the related regulations and the Articles of Incorporation,
- c) the proposal for appropriation of non-consolidated retained earnings is presented in accordance with the related regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and
- d) there is nothing to point out as to the accounting matters stated in the supplementary schedules in accordance with the provisions of the Commercial Code.

We have no interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed in compliance with the Certified Public Accountants Law.

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Report of the Audit Committee

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the Company) audited the execution by the Directors and Executive Officers of the Company of their duties during the 102nd fiscal year (from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006) and, based on the result of the audit, hereby reports as follows:

1. OUTLINE OF THE AUDITING METHOD USED

We audited resolutions of the Board of Directors including appointment of Audit Mission Directors (non-executive but full-time directors appointed for the purpose of supplementing audits conducted by the Audit Committee) concerning matters prescribed in Article 21-7, paragraph 1, item 2 of Law for Special Exceptions to the Commercial Code concerning Audit, etc. of *Kabushiki-Kaisha* (Special Law) and Article 193 of Ministry of Justice Ordinance concerning the Commercial Code, and internal control and procedures in accordance with such resolutions. In addition, in accordance with the auditing principles and assignment of responsibilities decided by the Audit Committee, and in cooperation with the Company's departments in charge of internal control and procedures, each member of the Audit Committee conducted an audit individually or through each of the Audit Mission Directors by the following method: attended important meetings of the Company; heard reports on the Company's business from the Directors, Executive Officers, and others; reviewed documents authorizing corporate actions and other important documents; investigated the conditions of the business and assets of the Company; and with respect to the Company's subsidiaries requested reports on their businesses as necessary and investigated the conditions of their businesses and assets. In addition, we heard the report and explanation from the Company's independent accountants and examined the Company's financial reports and supplementary schedules.

With respect to certain other matters, including: (i) any transactions by Directors or Executive Officers on their own behalf or on behalf of a third party that comes within the types of business carried on by the Company; (ii) transactions in which the interests of any Director or Executive Officer are contrary to or conflict with those of the Company; (iii) the gratuitous grant of benefits to others by the Company; (iv) unusual transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries or shareholders; and (v) acquisitions by the Company of its own shares and dispositions thereof, we, in addition to the above mentioned auditing method, requested reports on such transactions from the Directors, Executive Officers and others as necessary, and investigated any such transactions in detail.

2. RESULT OF THE AUDIT

(1) We acknowledge that resolutions of the Board of Directors concerning matters prescribed in Article 21-7, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Special Law and Article 193 of Ministry of Justice Ordinance concerning the Commercial Code are appropriate and internal control and procedures are operated in accordance with such resolutions.

(2) We acknowledge that both the method and result of the audit by Shin Nihon & Co., the Company's independent accountants, are appropriate.

(3) We acknowledge that the business report presents fairly the Company's conditions in conformity with applicable laws and regulations of Japan and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company (the Articles of Incorporation).

(4) We have nothing to point out, in light of the conditions of the business and the assets of the Company and other circumstances, with respect to the proposal concerning the appropriations of retained earnings.

(5) We acknowledge that the supplementary schedules present fairly the matters that are required to be included therein and we have nothing to point out with respect thereto.

(6) We acknowledge that there are no material facts in the execution of the duties of any Director or Executive Officer concerning his unjust action or his violation of the laws and regulations of Japan or the Articles of Incorporation.

In addition, we acknowledge that there is no failure by the Directors or Executive Officers in the execution of their duties in connection with:

(i) any transactions by Directors or Executive Officers on their own behalf or on behalf of a third party that comes within the types of business carried on by the Company; (ii) transactions in which the interests of any Director or Executive Officer are contrary to or conflict with those of the Company; (iii) the gratuitous grant of benefits to others by the Company; (iv) unusual transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries

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or shareholders: and (v) acquisitions by the Company of its own shares and dispositions thereof.

(7) We have nothing to point out with respect to the execution by the Directors or Executive Officers of their duties in connection with the subsidiaries of the Company.

May 16, 2006

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF

NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Haruo Tsuji, Chairman

Fumihide Nomura

Koji Tajika

Note: Messrs. Haruo Tsuji and Koji Tajika are outside directors as defined in the exceptional clause of Article 21-8, paragraph 4 of the Special Law.

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Corporate Citizenship

Nomura Group: Contributing to a better world.

Donation of introductory economics textbook T-Shirt Shop to junior high schools

In the past, Nomura Group has donated the educational comic book *The Secret of Money* to elementary schools and the financial primer *Finance for Beginners* to junior high schools throughout Japan. Based on comments that came in from teachers around Japan, we saw a need for a textbook to be used in social studies classes.

This led us to produce a textbook on finance and economics for junior high school students. When samples were sent out to schools all over the country in March 2006, a flood of requests came in and by the end of April we had donated some 70,000 copies.

The text centers on three junior high school students who set up their own firm to manufacture and sell T-shirts and outlines the many challenges that they deal with in running their business. Containing sections on such subjects as marketing, labor issues, and corporate social responsibility, the text has been extremely well received for the straightforward way it explains how the economy works.

An instructor's guide is also available to help teachers use the text effectively in the classroom. The text was prepared under the supervision of Professor Takamitsu Sawa of the Institute of Economic Research of Kyoto University

Special sponsorship of the Nikkei Stock League competition

Nikkei Stock League, organized by Nihon Keizai Shimbun, Inc. is a contest in which junior high school, high school, and college students learn about portfolios and write reports on themes of their choice.

Students consider which stocks to include in their portfolios. In the search for information, they carefully sift through newspaper articles and access corporate websites. Some even pay actual visits to companies. Relying on the information they have personally collected, contestants then select stocks, conduct virtual investments, and write a report.

Contestants are evaluated on the performance of their portfolios and the content of their reports, and the winning team is sent on a study tour to the United States. The winning team in the competition's sixth year was a group of second- and third-year students from Keio University.

More than 25,000 entrants have participated in the competition since it was first launched in 2000, attracted by the opportunity to gain experience with the real economy and think independently.

Special sponsorship of the Pacific Music Festival

The Pacific Music Festival (PMF) is an international music education festival initiated in 1990 by the late Leonard Bernstein, one of the great musical figures of the twentieth century. Every summer more than a hundred up-and-coming musicians selected from across the globe gather in Sapporo Art Park to take part in the PMF Academy education program under the direction of renowned instructors, including leading musicians from the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra. This year, its seventeenth, the festival was honored to welcome Valery Gergiev as its principal conductor, and the participants showcased the fruits of their many hours of practice during a series of concerts in various locations between July 8 and August 3.

As special corporate supporter, Nomura Securities and the Nomura Cultural Foundation are proud to be associated with the festival and its goal of developing global musical culture by nurturing young musicians.

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Corporate Data (as of March 31, 2006)

Capital: ¥182,799,788,854

Number of common stock issued: 1,965,919,860 shares

Number of shareholders: 226,488

(Number of shareholders holding one unit or more: 197,450)

Stock exchange listings:

Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya, New York, and Singapore

Number of employees (consolidated basis): 14,668

Dividends

| | 97/3 | 98/3 | 99/3 | 00/3 | 01/3 | 02/3 | 03/3 | 04/3 | | 05/3 | | 06/3 | | (Yen) |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | Interim | Year-end | Interim | Year-end | Interim | Year-end | |
| Dividends per share | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 17.5 | 15 | 15 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 36 | |

* Including commemorative dividend of ¥1

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| Name | Title |
|--------------------|---|
| Junichi Ujiie | Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Nomination Committee and Chairman of the Compensation Committee |
| Nobuyuki Koga | (President & Chief Executive Officer) |
| Hiroshi Toda | (Deputy President & Chief Operating Officer) |
| Kazutoshi Inano | (Deputy President & Co-Chief Operating Officer) |
| Nobuyuki Shigemune | Audit Mission Director |
| Yukio Suzuki | Audit Mission Director |
| Masaharu Shibata* | Member of the Compensation Committee and member of the Nomination Committee |
| Hideaki Kubori* | Member of the Compensation Committee and member of the Nomination Committee |
| Haruo Tsuji* | Chairman of the Audit Committee |
| Fumihide Nomura | Member of the Audit Committee |
| Koji Tajika* | Member of the Audit Committee |

* Outside director

Executive Officers

| Name | Principal Positions |
|------------------|--|
| Nobuyuki Koga | President & Chief Executive Officer Representative Executive Officer |
| Hiroshi Toda | Deputy President & Chief Operating Officer Representative Executive Officer International Operations |
| Kazutoshi Inano | Deputy President & Co-Chief Operating Officer Representative Executive Officer |
| Masanori Itatani | Executive Managing Director Head of Internal Audit |
| Akihiko Nakamura | Executive Managing Director Chief Information Officer |
| Akihito Watanabe | Senior Managing Director Head of Group Human Resources Development |

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| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Tetsu Ozaki | Senior Managing Director |
| | Head of Group Corporate Strategy |
| Masafumi Nakada | Senior Managing Director |
| | Chief Financial Officer |
| Noriaki Nagai | Senior Managing Director |
| | Head of Corporate Office |
| Hideyuki Takahashi | Senior Managing Director |
| | Regional Management of Americas Region |
| Yugo Ishida | Senior Managing Director |
| | Regional Management of Europe Region |

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Shareholder Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Fiscal year | From April 1 to March 31 |
| Number of Shares Constituting One Unit | one hundred (100) |
| Record date for dividends | 1 st Quarter: June 30 |
| (In of after the fiscal year ending March 31, 2007) | 2 nd Quarter: September 30 |
| | 3 rd Quarter: December 31 |
| | Year-end: March 31 |
| Annual shareholders meeting | held in June |
| Publication of public notices | Published electronically (on the Company's official website) http://www.nomuraholdings.com/jp/investor/ public notices may be published in Nihon Keizai Shimbun if electronic publication is impossible due to unavoidable reasons. |

<Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements>

This report contains forward-looking statements that are based on our current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about our business, our industry and capital markets around the world. These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as may, will, expect, anticipate, estimate, plan or similar words. These statements discuss future expectations, identify strategies, contain projections of our results of operations or financial condition, or state other forward-looking information. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause our actual results, performance, achievements or financial position expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement in this report.