KIWA BIO-TECH PRODUCTS GROUP CORP Form 10QSB November 07, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

x QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

o TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____to___

Commission file number: 000-33167

KIWA BIO-TECH PRODUCTS GROUP CORPORATION

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

<u>Delaware</u> 77-0632186 (State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employe

incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

415 West Foothill Blvd, Suite 206 Claremont, California 91711-2766 (909) 626-2358 (Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. **YES x NO o**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). **YES o NO x**

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PART FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

Item	_	mber 30, 2007 Jnaudited)	Dec	ember 31, 2006 (Audited)
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,752	\$	498,103
Accounts receivable, net of bad debt allowance of \$269,546 and				
\$258,667, respectively		441,583		929,446
Inventories		696,267		541,340
Prepaid expenses		102,822		302,007
Other current assets		65,844		57,011
Total current assets		1,356,268		2,327,907
Property, Plant and Equipment:				
Buildings		1,094,238		1,046,116
Machinery and equipment		642,147		585,282
Automobiles		74,063		47,772
Office equipment		90,671		78,096
Computer software		9,606		9,240
Property plant and equipment - total		1,910,725		1,766,506
Less: accumulated depreciation		(390,212)		(286,039)
Property plant and equipment - net		1,520,513		1,480,467
Construction in progress		101,333		34,548
Intangible asset - net		303,682		337,027
Deferred financing costs		150,293		211,793
Deposit to purchase the proprietary technology		126,443		126,443
Total assets	\$	3,558,532	\$	4,518,185
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
(DEFICIENCY)				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,632,627	\$	983,980
Construction costs payable		308,202		366,879
Due to related parties-non-trade		454,438		496,806
Due to related parties-trade		70,000		-
Current portion of bank notes payables		2,810		5,405
Total current liabilities		2,468,077		1,853,070
Long-term liabilities, less current portion:				
Unsecured loans payable		1,531,129		1,472,717
Bank notes payable		18,243		1,351
Long-term convertible notes payable		2,120,562		2,365,962
Less: discount relating to warrants		(958,312)		(1,371,446)
Long-term convertible notes payable - net		1,162,250		994,516
Total long-term liabilities		2,711,622		2,468,584
Minority interest in a subsidiary		110,278		103,362

Shareholders' equity (deficiency)		
Common stock - \$0.001 par value Authorized 200,000,000 shares at		
September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 respectively. Issued and		
outstanding 76,847,710 and 70,149,556 shares at September 30, 2007		
and December 31, 2006, respectively	76,848	70,150
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value Authorized 20,000,000 shares, nil		
shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December		
31, 2006, respectively	-	-
Additional paid-in capital	8,844,813	8,311,975
Stock-based compensation reserve	(348,198)	(523,468)
Deficit accumulated	(10,311,326)	(7,766,654)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	6,418	1,166
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)	(1,731,445)	93,169
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,558,532	\$ 4,518,185
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

	Th	ree Months End	led S	•	N	ine Months End	ed Se	•
Item	Φ.	2007	Φ.	2006	ф	2007	Φ.	2006
Net sales	\$	2,957,972	\$		\$	6,214,712	\$	930,442
Cost of sales		2,718,712		852,885		5,763,387		872,840
Gross profit		239,260		53,183		451,325		57,602
Operating expenses:		464.044		211 766		640.000		722 000
Consulting and professional fees		161,241		244,566		618,380		532,880
Officers' compensation		58,811		48,381		213,280		163,451
General and administrative		275,532		167,473		651,055		329,380
Selling expenses		77,650		40,133		284,916		46,611
Research and development		41,931		46,891		134,730		63,253
Depreciation and amortization								
(excluding depreciation of								
production and research facilities)		35,234		23,060		96,098		93,291
Allowance and provision		(60)		48,039		604		51,138
Total operating expenses		650,339		618,543		1,999,063		1,280,004
Operating loss		(411,079)		(565,360)		(1,547,738)		(1,222,402)
Interest expenses		(171,743)		(70,784)		(573,647)		(120,635)
Loss before minority interest in a								
subsidiary's profit		(582,822)		(636,144)		(2,121,385)		(1,343,037)
Minority interest in a subsidiary's								
profit		(15,699)		(134)		(8,778)		(134)
Loss from continuing operations		(598,521)		(636,278)		(2,130,163)		(1,343,171)
Loss on discontinued operations:								
Discontinued urea entrepot trade -								
Commission paid to a related party		-		-		(414,509)		
Net loss	\$	(598,521)	\$	(636,278)	\$	(2,544,672)	\$	(1,343,171)
Other comprehensive income								
(loss):								
Translation adjustment		(7,653)		12,159		(34,234)		28,356
Comprehensive loss	\$	(606,174)	\$	(624,119)	\$	(2,578,906)	\$	(1,314,815)
Net loss from continuing								
operations per common share								
-basic and diluted	\$	(0.008)	\$	(0.010)	\$	(0.034)	\$	(0.022)
Net loss on discontinued operations								
per common share -basic and								
diluted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Weighted average number of								
common shares outstanding-basic								
and diluted		76,122,358		64,565,278		74,033,591		61,801,131
		•		• •		• •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency) (Unaudited)

	Common Stock			Stock-based A Compensation			
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Reserve		Income	Deficiency
Balance, January 1, 2007	70,149,556	70,150	8,311,975	(523,468)	(7,766,654)	1,166	93,169
Issuance of common stock for exercise of warrants at January 5, 2007	1,000,000	1,000	(1,000)	-	-	-	_
Issuance of common stock for cashless exercise of warrants							
on April 11, 2007 Issuance of common stock for cashless exercise of warrants	610,278	610	(610)	-	-	-	-
on April 20, 2007 Issuance of common	97,844	98	(98)	-	-	-	-
stock for conversion of principal and interest of 6% Notes during nine months ended September 30,							
2007	4,290,032	4,290	288,918	-	-	-	293,208
Issuance of 700,000 shares of common stock to a consultant	700 000	700	125 200				126,000
on April 18, 2007 Issuance of 250,000 shares of warrants to	700,000	700	125,300	_	-	_	126,000
a consultant Amortizaton of fair value of warrants to a financing consultant in the nine months ended September 30,	-	-	44,414	-		-	44,414
2007 Amortization of fair	_	_	_	57,886	_	_	57,886
value of employee stock option cancelled Amortization of fair				55,792	-	-	55,792
value of employee stock options granted in 2006	_			61,592	<u>-</u>	_	61,592
Fair value of warrants issued to a related party in June	-	-	15,172	_	_	_	15,172

Fair value of warrants							
issued to a related							
party in September	-	-	60,742	-	-	-	60,742
Net loss for nine							
months ended							
September 30, 2007	-	-	-	-	(2,544,672)	-	(2,544,672)
Other comprehensive							
income for nine							
months ended							
September 30, 2007	-	-	-	-	-	5,252	5,252
Balance, September							
30, 2007	76,847,710	76,848	8,844,813	(348,198)	(10,311,326)	6,418	(1,731,445)
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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Item	Nine Months End	otember 30, 2006	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (2,544,672)	\$	(1,343,171)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating			·
activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	212,001		127,404
Amortization of detachable warrants, options and stocks as			
compensation	966,950		98,996
Provision for doubtful debt and inventory impairment	10,879		51,138
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2,033		-
Minority interest in subsidiary	8,778		134
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	476,984		450,505
Inventories	(154,927)		(90,716)
Prepaid expenses	(8,947)		(539,771)
Other current assets	(8,833)		(38,185)
Deferred financing cost	-		(50,000)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	691,359		15,841
Construction costs payable	-		(13,909)
Due to related parties-trade	70,000		-
Net cash used in operating activities	(278,395)		(1,331,734)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	(203,768)		(9,144)
Acquisition of intangible assets	-		(126,443)
Net cash used in investing activities	(203,768)		(135,587)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-		754,416
Proceeds from subscription of common stock			
Proceeds from related parties	436,119		106,318
Proceeds from long-term convetible notes	-		1,592,500
Repayment to related parties	(417,932)		(553,942)
Repayment of convertible notes payable	-		(307,135)
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(4,627)		(6,904)
Net cash provided by financing activities	13,560		1,585,253
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	20,252		34,501
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Net increase (decrease)	(448,351)		152,433
Balance at beginning of period	498,103		14,576
Balance at end of period	\$ 49,752	\$	167,009
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash flow Information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 302	\$	34,014
Cash paid for taxes	\$ -	\$	-
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Issuance of detachable warrants in conjunction with loans	\$ 75,914	\$	962,453
Fixed assets invested by minority shareholer of subsidiary	-		120,000

Issuance of warrants as compensation to consultants	44,414	-
Issuance of common stock for long-term convertible notes payable and		
interest	293,209	-
Issuance of stock as compensation to consultants	126,000	-
Issuance of stock for cashless exercise of warrants	1,707	-
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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

References herein to "we", "us", "our" or "the Company" refer to Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Corporation and its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries unless the context specifically states or implies otherwise.

1. <u>Background and Basis of Presentation</u>

Organization – We are the result of a share exchange transaction accomplished on March 12, 2004, between Tintic Gold Mining Company ("Tintic"), a Utah corporation, and Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Ltd. ("Kiwa BVI"). The exchange transaction resulted in a change of control of Tintic, with former Kiwa BVI shareholders owning approximately 89% of Tintic on a fully diluted basis, and Kiwa BVI became Tintic's wholly-owned subsidiary. Subsequent to the share exchange, Tintic changed its name to Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Corporation. On July 21, 2004, we completed our reincorporation in the State of Delaware.

We have established two subsidiaries in China: (1) Kiwa Bio-Tech Products (Shandong) Co., Ltd. ("Kiwa Shandong") in 2002 and (2) Tianjin Kiwa Feed Co., Ltd. ("Kiwa Tianjin") in July 2006. The following chart summarizes our organizational and ownership structure.

Business – Our business plan is to develop, manufacture, distribute and market innovative, cost-effective and environmentally safe bio-technological products for agriculture markets located primarily in China. We have made arrangements to acquire technologies to produce and market bio-fertilizer and bio-enhanced feed products, and also are developing a veterinary drug based on AF-01 Anti-viral aerosol technology. (See section entitled "Overview" in Item 2.)

Basis of Presentation – The consolidated financial statements include the operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Kiwa BVI and Kiwa Shandong, and also its majority-owned subsidiary, Kiwa Tianjin. These consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated during consolidation.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant accounting estimates include bad debt provision, impairment of inventory and long-lived assets, depreciation and amortization and fair value of warrant.

Country Risk – As the Company's principal operations are conducted in China, the Company is subject to special considerations and significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America and/or Western Europe. These risks include, among others, risks associated with the political, economic and legal environments and foreign currency exchange limitations encountered in China. The Company's results of operations may be adversely affected by changes in the political and social conditions in China, and by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, among other things.

In addition, all of the Company's transactions undertaken in China are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), which must be converted into other currencies before remittance out of China may be considered. Both the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies and the remittance of foreign currencies abroad require the approval of the Chinese government.

Credit Risk – The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and intends to establish an allowance for doubtful accounts when outstanding balances are not considered fully collectable. According to the Company's credit policy, the Company generally provides 100% bad debt provision for the amounts outstanding over 365 days after the deduction of the amount subsequently settled after the balance sheet date, which management believes is consistent with industry practice in the China region.

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As of September 30, 2007, there was \$269,546 in accounts receivable over 365 days old. We have booked a reserve for doubtful accounts for the full \$269,546.

Going Concern – The consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated financial statements do not purport to represent the realizable or settlement values.

As of September 30, 2007, we had an accumulated deficit of \$10,311,326, of which \$7,766,654 was incurred from inception to December 31, 2006 and \$2,544,672 (including non-cash expenses \$1,133,338) was incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2007. This trend is expected to continue. Our remaining capital resources are insufficient to allow the Company to execute its business plan both in the short term and in the foreseeable future. To the extent that we are unable to successfully raise the capital necessary to fund our future cash requirements on a timely basis and under acceptable terms and conditions, we will not have sufficient cash resources to maintain operations, and may have to curtail operations and consider a formal or informal restructuring or reorganization. These factors create substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's registered independent public accounting firm, in their report on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, have included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion indicating that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Foreign Currency Translation – The functional currency of the Company is China RMB, which is the primary medium of exchange where Kiwa Shandong and Kiwa Tianjin operate. The Company reports its financial results in United States dollars ("U.S. dollars" or "US\$").

Translations of amounts from RMB into U.S. dollars were at approximately US\$ 1.00 = RMB 8.28 for all periods prior to July 21, 2005. Due to the stability of the RMB during the periods covered by the consolidated financial statements prior to July 21, 2005, no material exchange differences exist during the aforesaid period. On July 21, 2005, the People's Bank of China announced it would appreciate the RMB, increasing the RMB-US\$ exchange rate from approximately US\$ 1.00 = RMB 8.28 to approximately US\$ 1.00 = RMB 8.00. The Company translates its China subsidiaries' assets and liabilities into U.S. dollars using the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date (on September 30, 2007, the prevailing exchange rate of the U.S. dollar against the RMB was US\$ 1.00 = RMB 7.5108), and the statement of operations is translated at the average rates over each month during the reporting period. Equity items are translated at historical exchange rates. Adjustments resulting from the translation from RMB into U.S. dollars are recorded in shareholders' equity as part of accumulated comprehensive income (loss). Gains or losses resulting from transactions in currencies other than RMB are reflected in the statement of operations and comprehensive income.

Revenue Recognition – The Company recognizes sales of its products in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements", as amended by SAB No. 104, "Revenue Recognition". Sales represent the invoiced value of goods, net of value added tax ("VAT"), if any, and are recognized upon delivery of goods and passage of title.

Pursuant to China's value-added tax ("VAT") rules and regulations, Kiwa Shandong as an ordinary VAT taxpayer is subject to a tax rate of 13% ("output VAT"). Such output VAT is payable after offsetting VAT paid by Kiwa Shandong on purchases ("input VAT").

The VAT rate applied for Kiwa Tianjin, as a small-scale VAT taxpayer, is 6%. However as a livestock feed producer, it is exempted from VAT. Such VAT exemption shall be approved by the local tax authority each year. On August 31, 2006 and January 27, 2007, the local tax authority approved the exemption from VAT for Kiwa Tianjin's revenues for fiscal year 2006 and 2007, respectively.

Advertising – The Company expenses all advertising costs as incurred.

Research and Development – Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred.

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Operating Leases – Operating leases represent those leases under which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets remain with the lessors. Rental payments under operating leases are expensed on the straight-line basis over the period of the relevant lease contracts.

Net Loss Per Common Share – Basic loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per common share reflects the potential dilution that would occur if dilutive securities (stock options, warrants, convertible debt, stock subscription and other stock commitments issuable) were exercised. These potentially dilutive securities were not included in the calculation of loss per share for the periods presented because the Company incurred a loss during such periods and thus their effect would have been anti-dilutive. Accordingly, basic and diluted loss per common share is the same for all periods presented. As of September 30, 2007, potentially dilutive securities aggregated 65,621,103 shares of common stock.

Comprehensive (Loss) Income – The Company has adopted SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", which establishes standards for reporting and presentation of comprehensive income (loss) and its components in a full set of general-purpose financial statements. The Company has chosen to report comprehensive income (loss) in the statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Income Taxes – The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the consolidated financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequence attributable to the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rate expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company establishes a valuation when it is more likely than not that the assets will not be recovered.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

Inventories – Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined on a weighted average basis, and net realizable value. Work in progress and finished goods are composed of direct material, direct labor and a portion of manufacturing overhead. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price, in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs to complete and dispose.

As of December 31, 2006, there were \$48,039 in finished goods exceeding their quality guarantee period, and we accrued impairment allowance for these inventories. These inventories were sold out with a price lower than their manufactural cost in September 2007. Management believes that there was no obsolete inventory as of September 30, 2007.

Property, Plant and Equipment – Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Major expenditures for betterments and renewals are capitalized while ordinary repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation and amortization is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets after taking into account the estimated residual value. The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings 20-35 years Machinery 4-12 years and equipment

Automobiles 8 years
Office 5 years
equipment
Computer 3 years
software

Construction in progress represents factory and office buildings under construction. The Company capitalizes interest during the construction phase of qualifying assets in accordance with SFAS No. 34, "Capitalization of Interest Cost". No interest was capitalized during nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

We periodically evaluate our investment in long-lived assets, including property and equipment, for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the net carrying amount may not be recoverable. Our judgments regarding potential impairment are based on legal factors, market conditions and operational performance indicators, among others. In assessing the impairment of property and equipment, we make assumptions regarding the estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets. If these estimates or the related assumptions change in the future, we may be required to record impairment charges for these assets. The Company has determined that there was no impairment of long-lived assets as of September 30, 2007.

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Financial Instruments and Fair Value – The Company accounts for financial instruments under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", which requires that all derivative financial instruments be recognized in the consolidated financial statements and maintained at fair value regardless of the purpose or intent for holding them. Changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments are either recognized periodically in income or stockholders' equity (as a component of comprehensive income), depending on whether the derivative is being used to hedge changes in fair value or cash flows.

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, deposits and prepayments, short-term borrowings, accounts payable, other payables and accruals approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Stock Issued for Compensation and Financing – Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share Based Payment," ("SFAS No.123(R)") which revises SFAS No.123 and supersedes APB 25. SFAS No.123(R) requires that all share-based payments to employees be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values at the date of grant. The calculated fair value is recognized as expense (net of any capitalization) over the requisite service period, net of estimated forfeitures, using the straight-line attribution method under SFAS No. 123(R). However SFAS No. 123(R) does not change the accounting guidance for share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in SFAS No.123 as originally issued and EITF Issue No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services."

Related Parties – Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Reclassification from Prior Year Financial Statements - Certain prior year comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115". This Statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. This Statement is expected to expand the use of fair value measurement, which is consistent with the Board's long-term measurement objectives for accounting for financial instruments. We are required to adopt SFAS No. 159 in the first quarter of 2008 and are currently evaluating the impact that SFAS No. 159 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the AICPA, and the SEC did not or are not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

3. Accounts Receivable

As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the balance of accounts receivable was \$441,583 and \$929,446, net of bad debt provision of \$269,546 and \$258,667, respectively.

4. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories consisted of the following as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

Item	Sep	otember 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Raw materials	\$	630,798	\$ 439,397
Finished goods		65,469	101,271
Others		-	672
Total	\$	696,267	\$ 541,340

As of December 31, 2006, there was \$48,039 in finished goods that exceeded their quality guarantee period, and we accrued impairment allowance for these inventories. The balance of finished goods as of December 31, 2006 in this table is a net balance after offsetting the allowance. These inventories were sold at a price lower than our cost of production in September 2007. There was no additional impaired inventory incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses consisted of the following as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

Item	September	30, 2007	December	31, 2006
Prepaid stock-based				
compensation to				
consultants ⁽¹⁾	\$	89,468	\$	256,800
Prepaid charges				
relating to urea				
entrepot trade ⁽²⁾		-		30,097
Others		13,354		15,110
Total	\$	102,822	\$	302,007

(1) Prepaid stock-based compensation to consultants

5.

The balance \$89,468 of prepaid stock-based compensation on September 30, 2007 related to stock and warrants issued to two consultants, Fisher Capital Partners Limited ("Fisher Capital") and First Trust Group Inc. ("First Trust"), which was treated in accordance with EITF Issue No. 96-18.

Pursuant to an investor relations and international sales and distribution agreement with Fisher Capital dated August 7, 2006, we issued 1.8 million shares of our common stock to the consultant as partial compensation on October 10, 2006. We evaluated the fair value of the stock based on the closing price of our common stock on the issuance date, and amortized for the valid period of the agreement, which had been terminative on August 1, 2007.

Pursuant to a consulting agreement with First Trust dated April 7, 2007, we issued 250,000 shares of warrants and 700,000 shares of common stock to First Trust on April 9 and April 18, 2007, respectively, as compensation for its services. We calculated the fair value of the warrants pursuant to the Black-Scholes option pricing model and evaluated the fair value of the common stock based on the closing price on the date of issuance, and amortized for the valid period of the agreement, which was one year commencing on April 7, 2007.

(2) Prepaid charges relating to urea entrepot trade

On August 8, 2006, as amended on August 20, 2006, the Company entered into a letter of credit contract (the "Letter of Credit Contract",) with UPB International Sourcing Limited ("UPB"), wholly-owned by Wei Li, our CEO, pursuant to which the Company engaged UPB to issue a \$38,500,000 letter of credit in favor of the Company to a urea supplier under a urea purchase contract associated with a urea entrepot trade. The letter of credit is for a term of 90 days and can be reissued each time its term expires until the expiration of the stated term of the urea purchase agreement. The Company must pay UPB a commission equal to 2% of the total credit line, of which 50% must be paid in one month from the date of execution, and the balance must be paid upon the close of the first shipment of urea under the urea purchase contract. As of December 31, 2006, we had paid UPB the first installment and other minor costs in the amount of \$415,097.

The first two shipments were dispatched in mid-October and reached the destination by the end of 2006. Since half of the valid period of the urea purchase and selling contracts had passed and only two shipments were closed, for accounting purpose, we amortized \$385,000 as cost in 2006, or 50% of total agreed commission, assuming that another two shipments would be closed in the rest of the valid period. As of December 31, 2006, the remaining balance of prepaid charges was \$30,097.

In the first half of 2007, the Company paid UPB \$315,000 in total. On July 22, 2007, the Company and UPB entered into a Termination Agreement for the termination of the Letter of Credit Contract, pursuant to which none of the parties shall have any rights or obligations under or with respect to the contract, except for the remaining commission due UPB of \$70,000. Consequently we regarded the urea entrepot trade as a discontinued operation and charged all unamortized payments and the remaining commission due into expenses in the second quarter.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

The total gross amount of property, plant and equipment was \$1,910,725 and \$1,766,506 as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The increase of \$144,219 is mainly due to the upgrade of our Kiwa Shandong facility and appreciation of RMB against US dollar.

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Depreciation expense was \$104,173 and \$87,120 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

All of our property, plant and equipment have been used as collateral to secure the 6% Notes. (See Note 14 below.)

7. <u>Intangible Assets</u>

The Company's intangible assets as of September 30, 2007, consisted of the following:

Expected Amortization
Period

starte	ed on the purchase da	ite of				N	Vet value
	August 1, 2004		Gross carrying value	Accumulated	amortization	at Septe	ember 30, 2007
Patent	8.5 years	\$	480,411	\$	176,729	\$	303,682

The following table presents future expected amortization expense related to the patent:

Future expected		
amortization	Α	mount
2007	\$	14,130
2008		56,519
2009		56,519
2010		56,519
2011		56,519
Thereafter	\$	60.529

This patent is currently collateral securing the 6% Notes. (See Note 14 below.)

8. <u>Deferred Financing Costs</u>

The financing costs relating to the 6% Notes (see Note 14 below) were \$246,000 in total, including a financing commission paid to an investment bank, legal service fees, insurance premium and other related costs. The costs are being amortized over the three-year term of the 6% Notes. The balance as of September 30, 2007 was \$150,293.

9. <u>Deposit to Purchase Proprietary Technology</u>

The balance \$126,443 as of September 30, 2007, is partial payment of the first installment of the transfer fee of anti-viral Aerosol technology pursuant to a Technology Transfer Agreement dated May 8, 2006. (See Note 18 below.)

10. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

Item	Septe	ember 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Consulting and professional payables	\$	418,521	\$ 419,835
Payables to material suppliers		340,957	99,263
Salary payable		164,140	71,793
Interest payable		156,563	80,775
Payables to Kiwa & CAU R&D center		126,485	25,612
Insurance payable		93,733	89,290

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Credit card balance	79,087	69,554
Office rental payable	78,738	54,926
Payables to equipment suppliers	49,027	14,222
Advances from customers	48,397	7,359
Rebates payable to customers	-	40,651
Others	76,980	10,699
Total	\$ 1,632,627 \$	983,980

11. <u>Construction Costs Payable</u>

Construction costs payable represents remaining amounts to be paid for the first phase of construction of our bio-fertilizer facility and recent facility upgrade in Shandong.

12. <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

Amounts due to related parties consisted of the following as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

		Sej	otember 30,	D	ecember 31,
Item	Notes		2007		2006
(1) Non-trade transactions:					
Mr. Wei Li ("Mr. Li")	(i)	\$	415,010	\$	32,398
Discount of fair value of warrants issued to Mr. Li			(60,555)		-
China Star Investment Management Co., Ltd.					
("China Star")	(ii)		169,983		464,408
(2) <u>Trade transaction</u>					
UPB International Sourcing Limited ("UPB")	(iii)		70,000		-
Total		\$	524,438	\$	496,806

(i) Mr. Li

Mr. Li is the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Advances

As of September 30, 2007, the balance of \$365,350 due to Mr. Li primarily consisted of operating expenses that Mr. Li paid on behalf of the Company. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, Mr. Li advanced an additional \$436,119 to the Company, and was repaid \$103,167. Mr. Li agreed that the Company may repay the balance aperiodically when the Company's cash flow circumstances permit.

The Company has also granted detachable warrants to Mr. Li to purchase an aggregate of 220,886 and 1,069,615 shares of common stock relating to two advances to the Company in June and September 2007, which exercise price was the closing price \$0.1055 and \$0.08 on the grant dates, respectively. The fair value of these warrants was \$15,172 and 60,742, respectively.

Motor Vehicle Lease

In December 2004, we entered into an agreement with Mr. Li, pursuant to which Mr. Li leases to the Company a motor vehicle. The monthly rental payment is RMB15,000 (approximately \$1,970).

Guarantees for the Company

Mr. Li has pledged, without any compensation from the Company, all of his common stock of the Company as collateral security for the Company's obligations under the 6% Notes. (See Note 14 below.)

(ii) China Star

China Star is a company which is 28% owned by Mr. Li. Mr. Yunlong Zhang, one of our directors and concurrently general manager of Kiwa Shandong, is also the General Manager of China Star.

The balance due to China Star was \$149,643 and \$464,408 as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. In the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company had repaid \$314,765 to China Star. China Star agreed that the Company could repay the balance aperiodically when the Company's cash flow circumstances permit.

(iii) UPB :issuance of Letter of Credit on behalf of Kiwa BVI

UPB is a company wholly-owned by Mr. Li.

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On August 8, 2006, Kiwa BVI entered into a Letter of Credit Contract with UPB, as amended and supplemented by a Supplementary Agreement dated August 20, 2006.

On July 22, 2007, Kiwa BVI and UPB entered into a Termination Agreement for the termination of the Letter of Credit Contract, pursuant to which none of the parties shall have any rights or obligations under or with respect to the contract, except for the remaining commission due UPB of \$70,000.

13. <u>Unsecured Loans Payable</u>

The balance of unsecured loans payable as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 was \$1,531,129 and \$1,472,717, respectively. The difference of \$58,412 was due to the different exchange rates prevailing at the two dates. Unsecured loans payable consisted of the following at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	September]	December 31,
Item	30, 2007		2006
Unsecured loan payable to Zoucheng Municipal Government, non-interest			
bearing, becoming due within three years from Kiwa Shandong's first			
profitable year on a formula basis, interest has not been imputed due to the			
undeterminable repayment date	\$ 1,198,274	\$	1,152,561
Unsecured loan payable to Zoucheng Science & Technology Bureau,			
non-interest bearing, it is due in Kiwa Shandong's first profitable year,			
interest has not been imputed due to the undeterminable repayment date	332,854		320,156
Total	\$ 1,531,129	\$	1,472,717

Kiwa Shandong qualifies for non-interest bearing loans under a Chinese government sponsored program to encourage economic development in certain industries and locations in China. To qualify for the favorable loan terms, a company must meet the following criteria: (1) be a technology company with innovative technology or product (as determined by the Science Bureau of the central Chinese government); (2) operate in specific industries that the Chinese government has determined are important to encourage development, such as agriculture, environmental conservation, education, and others; and (3) be located in an undeveloped area such as Zoucheng, Shandong Province where the manufacturing facility of the Company is located. In addition, according to the Project Agreement, Zoucheng Municipal Government granted the Company use of at least 15.7 acres in Shandong Province, China at no cost for 10 years to construct a manufacturing facility. Under the agreement, the Company has the option to pay a fee of RMB 480,000 (\$63,029) per acre for the land use right after the 10-year period. The Company may not transfer or pledge the temporary land use right. The Company also committed to invest approximately \$18 million to \$24 million for developing the manufacturing and research facilities in Zoucheng, Shandong Province. (For more details about obligations under the Project Agreement, see Note 18 below.)

14. <u>Long-Term Convertible Notes Payable</u>

On June 29, 2006, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with six institutional investors (collectively, the "Purchasers") for the issuance and sale of (1) 6% secured convertible notes, due three years from the date of issuance, in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,450,000 (the "6% Notes"), convertible into shares of the Company's common stock, and (2) warrants (the "Warrants") to purchase 12,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The required registration statement on Form SB-2 was declared effective on October 31, 2006. The recent update of registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on July 31, 2007. All three sales of the 6% Notes with a principal amount of \$857,500, \$735,000 and 857,500 respectively closed in 2006, the Company received \$2,450,000 in aggregate from the three sales of the 6% Notes and Warrants.

The conversion price of the 6% Notes is based on a 40% discount to the average of the trading price of the Company's common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board. The conversion price is also adjusted for certain subsequent issuances of equity securities of the Company at prices below the conversion price then in effect. The 6% Notes contain a volume limitation that prohibits the holder from converting further 6% Notes if doing so would cause the holder and its affiliates to hold more than 4.99% of the Company's outstanding common stock. In addition, each holder of 6% Notes agrees that they may not convert more than their pro-rata share (based on the original principal amount) of the greater of the \$120,000 principal amount of 6% Notes per calendar month or the average daily dollar volume calculated during the 10 business days prior to a conversion, per conversion.

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The exercise price of the Warrants is \$0.45 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments pursuant to a broad-based weighted average formula for subsequent issues of equity securities by the Company below the trading price of the shares. The Purchase Agreement requires the Company to maintain a reserve of authorized common stock equal to 110% of the number of shares issuable upon full conversion of the 6% Notes and exercise of the Warrants. The Purchase Agreement imposes financial penalties in cash (equal to 2% of the number of shares that the Purchaser is entitled to multiplied by the market price for each day) if the authorized number of shares of common stock is insufficient to satisfy the reserve requirements. The 6% Notes and the Warrants also impose financial penalties on the Company if it fails to timely deliver common stock upon conversion of the 6% Notes and exercise of the Warrants, respectively.

To enable reservation of a sufficient amount of authorized shares that may be issued pursuant to conversion of the 6% Notes and exercise of the Warrants, the Company was required by the Purchase Agreement to amend its Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of common stock. On September 12, 2006, the shareholders of the Company approved an amendment to out certificate of incorporation increasing the number of authorized shares of common stock, from 100,000,000 shares to 200,000,000 shares. The Company incurs a financial penalty in cash or shares at the option of the Company (equal to 2% of the outstanding amount of the 6% Notes per month plus accrued and unpaid interest on the 6% Notes, prorated for partial months) if it breaches this or other affirmative covenants in the Purchase Agreement, including a covenant to maintain a sufficient number of authorized shares under its Certificate of Incorporation to cover at least 110% of the stock issuable upon full conversion of the Notes and the Warrants.

The 6% Notes require the Company to procure the Purchaser's consent to take certain actions including paying dividends, repurchasing stock, incurring debt, guaranteeing obligations, merging or restructuring the Company, or selling significant assets.

The Company's obligations under the 6% Notes and the Warrants are secured by a first priority security interest in the Company's intellectual property pursuant to an Intellectual Property Security Agreement with the Purchasers, and by a first priority security interest in all of the Company's other assets pursuant to a Security Agreement with the Purchasers. In addition, the Company's Chief Executive Officer has pledged all of his common stock of the Company as collateral security for the Company's obligations under the 6% Notes and the Warrants. The Purchasers are accredited investors as defined under the Securities Act and the 6% Notes and the Warrants and the underlying common stock upon conversion and exercise will be issued without registration under the Securities Act in reliance on the exemption provided by Rule 506 under Regulation D under the Securities Act.

The fair value of the Warrants underlying the three sales of the 6% Notes (amounting to 4,287,500 shares, 3,675,000 shares and 4,287,500 shares respectively) at the time of their issuance was determined to be \$545,477, \$416,976 and \$505,503 calculated pursuant to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value was recorded as a reduction to the 6% Notes payable and was charged to operations as interest expense in accordance with effective interest method within the period of the 6% Notes.

The Purchasers of the 6% Notes and Warrants were procured with the assistance of an investment bank pursuant to an engagement letter agreement with the Company. Pursuant to the engagement, the investment bank is entitled to a cash fee equal to 8% of the aggregate proceeds raised in the financing and to warrants in the quantity equal to 8% of the securities issued in the financing. The Company recorded the cash fee and other direct costs incurred for the issuance of the convertible loan in aggregate of \$30,000 as deferred debt issuance costs. Debt issuance costs were amortized on the straight-line method over the term of the 6% Notes, with the amounts amortized being recognized as interest expense.

The warrants issued to the investment bank in connection with each of the 6% Notes (amounting to 343,000 shares, 294,000 shares and 343,000 shares) are exercisable for three years and will have an exercise price equal to \$0.2598.

The fair value of these warrants at the time of their issuance was determined to be \$94,005, \$60,324 and \$77,214 calculated pursuant to the Black-Scholes option pricing mode.

As of September 30, 2007, the Purchasers of the 6% Notes have converted \$329,438 of the principal and \$47,809 of the interest into 4,983,475 shares in total of our common stock, of which \$245,400 of the principal and \$47,809 of the interest were converted into 4,290,032 shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2007. As of September 30, 2007, the balance of principal of the 6% Notes was \$2,120,562 and the net book value after discount of warrants was \$1,162,250.

15. <u>Equity-Based Transactions</u>

(a) Authorized share capital

The Company's authorized capital consists of 200,000,000 shares of common stock and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

(b) Issued and outstanding share capital

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On January 5, 2007, the Company issued a net of 1,000,000 shares of our common stock pursuant to a cashless exercise of warrants by a related party for 1,139,195 warrant shares.

In April 2007, the Company issued a net of 708,122 shares of our common stock pursuant to a cashless exercise request of warrants by a related party for 783,423 shares of warrant shares.

On April 18, 2007 the Company issued 700,000 shares of our common stock to a consultant pursuant to a consulting agreement dated April 7, 2007.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company issued 4,290,032 shares of common stock pursuant to conversions of our 6% Notes.

(c) Options

There was no amendment to our 2004 Stock Incentive Plan nor any stock options granted under it during the first three quarters of 2007. As of September 30, 2007, 1,410,007 options remain available under the Plan for future grants.

16. Stock-based Compensation

On December 13, 2006, we granted options for 2,000,000 shares of common stock under our 2004 Stock Incentive Plan. However four employees who were granted an aggregate of 362,100 options resigned or were dismissed as of September 30, 2007 before any of their options were vested. Pursuant to the terms of the Plan and the options grants, these options are returned to the available option pool under the Plan. As of September 30, 2007, 1,637,900 options are issued and outstanding under the Plan, of which 787,700 are held by executive officers and 153,900 are held by a director.

The Company adopted SFAS 123R for the fiscal year 2006 and going forward. The fair value of the options granted at the grant date was determined pursuant to the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The calculated fair value is expensed over the applicable vesting periods, using the straight-line attribution method.

17. <u>Segment Reporting</u>

Our business includes two market segments - bio-fertilizer, bio-enhanced feed. We no longer engaged in urea entrepot trade since the second quarter of 2007 thus this segment was regarded as a discontinued operation. Management believes that the following table highlights relevant information to the chief operation decision makers for measuring business performances and financing needs and preparing the corporate budget and other items. Expenses and finance activities that relate to our overall business are recorded under the heading "Corporate". As most of the Company's customers are located in China, no geographical segment information is presented.

Item	Bio-fertilizer	Livestock Feed	Corporate ⁽¹⁾	Total
Quarter ended September 30, 2007			_	
Net sales	106,538	2,851,434	-	2,957,972
Gross profit	63,552	175,708	-	239,260
Operating expenses	104,725	97,221	448,393	650,339
Operating profit (loss)	(41,173)	78,487	(448,393)	(411,079)
Interest income (expense)	(8,886)	7	(162,864)	(171,743)
Minority interest in subsidiary	-	(15,699)	-	(15,699)
Net income (loss)	(50,059)	62,795	(611,257)	(598,521)
Total assets as of September 30, 2007	2,277,332	905,593	375,607	3,558,532

Quarter ended September 30, 2006

Net sales	17,381	888,687	-	906,068
Gross profit	6,333	46,850	-	53,183
Operating expenses	216,676	46,188	355,679	618,543
Operating profit (loss)	(210,343)	662	(355,679)	(565,360)
Interest income (expense)	(532)	7	(70,259)	(70,784)
Minority interest in subsidiary	-	(134)	-	(134)
Net income (loss)	(210,593)	803	(426,488)	(636,278)
Total assets as of September 30, 2006	2,360,253	495,664	798,768	3,654,685

⁽¹⁾ The Beijing Representative Office of Kiwa Shandong fulfils part of our corporate managerial function. Most of its expenses relating to this function were categorized under the corporate heading.

18. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The Company has the following material contractual obligations:

Operating lease commitments

The Company leased an office in Beijing under an operating lease since May 2005 with an aggregate monthly lease payment of approximately RMB 40,767 (US\$5,353) and the lease was terminated with the consent of both the lessor and the Company on July 14, 2007. The Company has leased a new office in Beijing from July 15, 2007. The operating lease agreement will expire at January 14, 2009. The monthly rental payment for the new office is RMB 82,322 (\$10,960).

The Company has leased an office in the United States under a commercial lease agreement since July 2005 with an aggregate monthly lease payment of \$983. The lease will expire in June 2008.

The Company has entered into an agreement with Challenge Feed to lease the following facilities for three years commencing on August 1, 2006: (1) an office building with floor area of approximately 800 square meters; (2) storehouses with floor area of approximately 2,500 square meters.; (3) a concentrated feed product line for fowl and livestock; and (4) two workshops with floor area approximately 1,200 square meters. The total monthly rental is RMB 50,000 (\$6,657).

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Lease commitments under the foregoing lease agreements are as follows:

Fiscal year		Amount
2007		\$ 55,527
2008		216,211
2009		58,004
	Total	\$ 329,742

Technology acquisition

On May 8, 2006, the Company entered into a Technology Transfer Agreement with Jinan Kelongboao Bio-Tech Co., Ltd. ("JKB"). Pursuant to the agreement, JKB agreed to transfer its AF-01 Anti-viral aerosol technology for veterinary medicines to the Company. Pursuant to the agreement the Company will pay JKB a transfer fee of RMB 10 million (approximately \$1.3131 million), of which RMB 6 million will be paid in cash and RMB 4 million will be paid in stock. The cash portion will be paid in installments, the first installment RMB 3 million was set for May 23, 2006, initially, of which RMB 1 million has been paid and both parties have agreed to extend the remaining RMB 2 million to the date when the application for new veterinary drug certificate is accepted. Three other installments of RMB 1 million are due upon the achievement of certain milestones, the last milestone being the issuance by the PRC Ministry of Agriculture of a new medicine certificate in respect of the technology. The RMB 4 million stock payment will be due 90 days after the AF-01 technology is approved by the appropriate PRC department for use as a livestock disinfectant for preventing bird flu. The agreement will become effective when the first installment has been fully paid.

Operation of Kiwa-CAU R&D Center

Pursuant to the agreement on joint incorporation of the research and development center between CAU and Kiwa Shandong dated November 14, 2006, Kiwa Shandong agrees to invest RMB1 million (approximately \$131,000) each year to fund research at the R&D Center. The term of this Agreement is ten years starting July 1, 2006.

Investment in manufacturing and research facilities in Zoucheng, Shandong Province in China

According to the Project Agreement with Zoucheng Municipal Government in 2002, the Company committed to invest approximately \$18 million to \$24 million for developing the manufacturing and research facilities in Zoucheng, Shandong Province. Subsequent to the Project Agreement, the local government authorities approved Kiwa Shandong's Articles of Incorporation and its project proposal. The authorities approving the proposal included administrative Committee of Zoucheng Economic Development Zone, Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation Bureaus of Zoucheng county government and Ji'ning municipal government. According to such approval documents, Kiwa Shandong's registered capital is \$3 million and its total investment amount is \$6 million (including \$3 million registered capital). As of May 14, 2007, all the registered capital has fully funded. The total investment amount of a foreign-funded company in China's legal system refers to the sum of capital construction funds and working capital needed in operation, among which registered capital must be funded in the statutory periodical limitation, and the balance doesn't bear any statutory or contractual limitation. Consequently Kiwa Shandong no longer bears a mandatory commitment relating to its total investment amount.

19. <u>Subsequent Event</u>

As of October 24, 2007, the Company entered into three-way agreements with Mr. Wei Li and certain creditors of Mr. Li, pursuant to which the Company issued an aggregate of 3,000,000 shares of its common stock to these creditors for and aggregate consideration of \$225,300. The consideration was paid as follows: These creditors cancelled debt owed to them by Mr. Li in the aggregate amount of \$225,300. In consideration, Mr. Li cancelled debt owed to him by the

Company in the same amount (\$225,300).

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

This quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007, contains "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including statements that include the words "believes", "expects", "anticipates", or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements concerning our expectations regarding our working capital requirements, financing requirements, business, growth prospects, competition and results of operations, and other statements of expectations, beliefs, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends, and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. The forward-looking statements in this quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007, involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained herein.

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Overview

The Company took its present corporate form in March 2004 when the shareholders of Tintic Gold Mining Company, a Utah public corporation ("Tintic"), entered into a share exchange transaction with the shareholders of Kiwa BVI, a privately-held British Virgin Islands corporation that left the shareholders of Kiwa BVI owning a majority of Tintic and Kiwa BVI a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tintic. (See "Business - The Company" under Item 1.) For accounting purposes this transaction was treated as an acquisition of Tintic by Kiwa BVI in the form of a reverse triangular merger and a recapitalization of Kiwa BVI and its wholly owned subsidiary, Kiwa Shandong. On July 21, 2004, we completed our reincorporation in the State of Delaware.

We have established two subsidiaries in China: (1) Kiwa Shandong in 2002, a wholly-owned subsidiary, and (2) Kiwa Tianjin in July 2006, of which we hold 80% equity. Our company chart is presented in Note 1 under Item I.

We develop, manufacture, distribute and market innovative, cost-effective and environmentally safe bio-technological products for agriculture. Our main product groups are bio-fertilizer, biologically enhanced livestock feed, and animal drugs and disinfectants. Our products are designed to enhance the quality of human life by increasing the value, quality and productivity of crops and decreasing the negative environmental impact of chemicals and other wastes. Our businesses, including bio-fertilizer, bio-enhanced feed and AF-01 anti-viral aerosol, are described as follows.

Bio-fertilizer

We have developed a number of bio-fertilizer and other products for plants and are developing more. In 2002, Kiwa BVI chartered Kiwa Shandong, a wholly-owned subsidiary organized under the laws of China, as its offshore fertilizer manufacturing base to capitalize on low-cost, high-quality manufacturing advantages available in China. In October 2003, Kiwa Shandong completed the first phase of construction of its manufacturing facility in Shandong Province, China. In November 2003, Kiwa Shandong began shipping its first bio-fertilizer product to the agricultural market in China. During September 2007, Kiwa Shandong has completed first stage of planned upgrading, including building and equipping a fertilizer production line, and installing fermentation equipment for Bacillus.

Bio-enhanced Feed

On July 11, 2006, we entered into a joint venture with Tianjin Challenge Feed Co., Ltd. ("Challenge Feed") to engage in the developing, manufacturing and marketing of biologically enhanced feed for livestock. The joint venture is through Kiwa Tianjin, our 80% subsidiary formed under the laws of China. Pursuant to the joint venture agreement between the Company and Challenge Feed, we invested \$480,000 in cash for our 80% equity share of Kiwa Tianjin and Challenge Feed invested machinery and equipment used in one of its two bio-feedstuff production lines, with an agreed value of \$120,000 for the remaining 20% equity. We also lease another production line from Challenge Feed. With these two production lines, Kiwa Tianjin's total annual production capacity is approximately 40,000 metric tons of concentrated and supportive feeds.

AF-01 Anti-viral aerosol

On May 8, 2006, we entered into a Technology Transfer Agreement with JKB, which will become fully effective when we have finished paying the first installment of consideration according to the payment schedule in the contract. Pursuant to the agreement, JKB agreed to transfer its AF-01 Anti-viral aerosol technology for veterinary medicine applications to the Company. The AF-01 aerosol technology is a broad-spectrum antiviral agent with potent inhibitory and/or viricidal effects on a variety of RNA viruses found in animals and fowls such as bird flu. We will acquire the exclusive production rights and other related rights to produce an anti-viral aerosol drug for use with animals. Our hope is to develop a commercialized product in the form of a spray for applying in fowl houses and other animal holding facilities to prevent and cure virus-caused diseases.

We are now in the process of negotiations to acquire veterinary drug factory targets and applying for statutory licenses for the AF-01 technology. Before marketing this product, we will need to: (1) successfully complete a safety evaluation, pre-clinical study, pharmacological and toxicological test, clinical trial report, stability test report, environmental impact report, residue depletion test and other obligatory experiments by statutory authorities; (2) pass an evaluation by the veterinary drug evaluation institution established by the Administrative Department for Veterinary Medicine of State Council (the "Administrative Department") and pass a sample quality retrial by a test institution established by the Administrative Department after the application is accepted; (3) acquire a Registration Certificate of New Veterinary Drug from the Administrative Department compliant with its drug qualification standards; (4) acquire a company or factory with GMP qualification and submit the application for Approval Number of Veterinary Drug Products in the name of the acquired company to the Administrative Department; and (5) pass an evaluation of manufacturing requirements by the Administrative Department and procure a Veterinary Drug Manufacturing License. There can be no assurance that we can acquire such prerequisite approvals and licenses, or how much time it will take.

Going Concern

See section subtitled "Going Concern" in Note 1 under Item 1.

Major Customers and Suppliers

Bio-fertilizer products

Three customers accounted for 38.5%, 14.8% and 14.8% of our net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. No other single customer accounted for more than 5.5% of our revenues. Three customers accounted for 52.7%, 11.3% and 10.1% of our net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Three customers accounted for 30.1%, 20.8% and 13.9%, respectively, of our net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Two customers accounted for 21.8% and 17.4% respectively, of our net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Three suppliers accounted for 43.6%, 28.1% and 9.0% of our net purchases for the three months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. Three suppliers accounted for 20.8%, 17.3%, and 14.1% of our purchases of raw materials for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

Three suppliers accounted for 33%, 14% and 10%, respectively, of our purchases of raw materials for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Four suppliers accounted for 18.5%, 17.7%, 13.9 and 11.3%, respectively, of our purchases of raw materials for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Bio-enhanced feed

Five customers accounted for 6.9%, 6.9%, 6.3%, 6.3% and 6.3% of our net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2007. No other single customer accounted for more than 6% of our net sales. For the two months ended September 30, 2006 since Kiwa Tianjin's operation began, three customers accounted for 16.6%, 6.4% and 6.2%, respectively, of our net sales.

Four customers accounted for 11%, 6%, 5% and 5% of our net sales during the nine months ended September 2007. No other single customers accounted for 4% of our revenue.

Three suppliers accounted for 10.7%, 10.0% and 7.5% of our net purchases for the three months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. No other single supplier accounted for more than 6%. For the two months ended September 30,

2006 since Kiwa Tianjin's operation began, three suppliers accounted for 59.6%% and 15.5%, of our purchases of raw materials. The largest supplier is Challenge Feed, our joint venture partner in Kiwa Tianjin, from which we purchased both raw materials and finished goods.

Three suppliers accounted for 8.9%, 8.8% and 8.7% respectively, of our purchases of raw materials for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Results of Operations for Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

Net Sales

Net sales were \$2,957,972 and \$6,214,712 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively. The contribution of each segment and comparison with the same periods of 2006 is shown as follows:

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		Three mo	onths ende	d Sepember	30,	Nine mo	nths ended	l Sepember 3	30,
		2007	2006	Increase	%	2007	2006	Increase	%
Bio-fertilizer:									
Net sales	\$	106,538	17,381	89,157	513.0% \$	135,712	41,755	93,957	225.0%
Quantity									
(Tons)		91	55	36	65.9%	133	101	32	31.9%
Average price									
(i)	\$	1,168	316		\$	1,019	413		
Bio-enhanced									
feed:									
Net sales	\$ 2	2,851,434	888,687	1,962,747	220.9% \$	6,079,000	888,687	5,190,313	584.0%
Quantity									
(Tons)		7,550	3,157	4,393	139.2%	20,561	3,157	17,405	551.4%
Average price									
(ii)	\$	378	282		\$	296	282		
Total net sales	\$ 2	2,957,972	906,068	2,051,904	226.5% \$	6,214,712	930,442	5,284,270	567.9%

- (i) The significant increase of average price of bio-fertilizer in both periods is resulted from the difference of featured products. In 2006 we sold mainly low-end products while medium-to-high-end products in 2007, together with our adjustment of market-positioning strategy. Thus the increase of net sales for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 is much higher than that of quantity.
- (ii) The average price of bio-enhanced feeds has been increasing with the rising of raw material price in China in the past few years. More importantly, we sold over 2,000 tons of fish feeds in the third quarter of 2007 but only 120 tons in the same period of 2006, whose price is relative higher.

Cost of Sales

Costs of sales were \$2,718,712 and \$852,885 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in cost of sales of \$1,865,827 (2.2 fold) was primarily due to the rapid increase of sales.

Costs of sales were \$5,763,387 and \$872,840 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, representing a 5.60 fold increase. The reason of the significant increase in costs of sales is mainly due to the expansion of our business scope.

Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$239,260 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, representing an average profit margin of 8.1%. The profit margin for bio-fertilizer and bio-enhanced feed was 60.0% and 6.2%, respectively. Gross profit was \$53,183 for the three months ended September 30, 2006, reflecting a profit margin of 5.9%.

Gross profit margin for bio-fertilizer for the third quarter was 34.4% excluding sales from disposal of certain products that had exceeded their quality guarantee period. These products were sold for an aggregate price of \$41,033, which is lower than our cost (\$50,575), and for which we had accrued impairment provisions during the third quarter of 2006.

Gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$451,325 and \$57,602 respectively, representing gross profit margins of 7.3% and 6.2%, respectively.

Consulting and Professional Fees

Consulting and professional fees were \$161,241 and \$244,566 for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, representing a decrease of \$83,325 or 34%. The decrease was primarily attributable to relatively high costs in investor relation fees and costs occurred in connection with financing in the third quarter of 2006.

Consulting and professional fees were \$618,380 and \$532,880 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 respectively. The \$85,500 or 16% increase was primarily attributable to an investor relation consulting arrangement for one year beginning August 2006, among which one-third expenses recognized in 2006 and two-thirds in 2007.

Officers' Compensation

Officers' compensation increased by \$10,430, or 22%, to \$58,811 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$48,381 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Officers' compensation was \$213,280 and \$163,451 respectively for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, representing an increase of \$49,829 or 30.5%. The increase for both periods is primarily due to amortization of fair value of stock options granted to officers

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General and Administrative

General and administrative expense was \$275,532 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$167,473 for the same period of 2006, reflecting an increase of \$108,059 or 64%. General and administrative expense was \$651,055 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$329,380 for the same period of 2006, an increase of \$321,675 or 98%. The changes in both periods are primarily a result of operation of the new segment of bio-enhanced feed, increased travelling expenses and employee compensation.

Selling Expenses

During the three months ended September 30, 2007, selling expenses were \$77,650, a \$37,517 or 93% increase over \$40,133, the amount of selling expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Selling expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$284,916 and \$46,611 respectively, reflecting a 5.1-fold or \$238,305 increase. The increase in both periods was due to expansion of sales volume of both bio-enhanced feed and bio-fertilizer.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses decreased \$4,960 or 11% to \$41,931 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$46,891 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. It was \$134,730 and \$63,253 for the first nine months of 2007 and 2006 respectively, representing an increase of \$71,477 or 113%. The increase for the nine-month periods is mainly due to fixed operation fees of Kiwa-CAU Bio-Tech Research & Development Center beginning in July 2006, which amounted to RMB 250,000 (approximately \$33,285) per quarter.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization, excluding depreciation included in cost of production and deprecation of research equipment, increased \$12,174, or 53%, to \$35,234 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$23,060 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Depreciation and amortization for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$96,098 and \$93,291 respectively, representing a \$2,807 or 3% increase. The reason for the increased depreciation and amortization is partially due to the purchase of new fixed assets during current period.

Interest Expenses

Interest expense increased \$100,959 or 142% to \$171,743 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to interest expense of \$70,784 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. Interest expense was \$573,647 and \$120,635 for the nine months ended September 30 of 2007 and 2006, representing a \$453,012 or 376% increase. Major reasons for the changes include the increase of loan interest mainly accrued for the 6% Notes since June 2007, and the amortization of the fair value of warrants relating to the 6% Notes (see Note 14 above in Item I).

Net Loss

Net loss decreased by \$37,757 or 6% to \$598,521 (including non-cash expenses of \$322,023) for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$636,278 for the three months ended September 30, 2006. This decrease resulted from the following factors: (1) a significant increase in gross profit of \$186,077; (2) a increase in operating expenses of \$31,796; (3) an increase in interest expenses of \$100,959; and (4) a \$15,699 of profit shared with a minority shareholder in a subsidiary in 2007 and was only \$134 in 2006.

Net loss increased \$1,201,500 or 89% to \$2,544,672 (including non-cash expenses of \$1,133,338) for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$1,343,171 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. This increase resulted from the following factors: (1) increase in gross profit of \$393,723; (2) increase in operating expenses of \$719,059; (3) increase in interest expenses of \$453,012; (4) there was \$8,778 of profit shared with a minority shareholder in subsidiary in 2007 and \$134 in 2006; and (5) we recognized \$414,509 expenses in connection with urea entrepot trade during the second quarter of 2007.

Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss decreased by \$17,945, or 2%, to \$606,174 for the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$624,119 for the comparable period of 2006. The reasons for the decrease in comprehensive loss in the current period as compared to the comparable period in 2006 primarily include: (1) gross profit increased by \$186,077; (2) all expenses including operation expenses and interest increased by \$132,755; and (3) currency translation adjustments decreased by \$19,812 as compared to the prior period.

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Comprehensive loss increased by \$1,264,091, or 96.1%, to \$2,578,906 for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$1,314,815 for the comparable period of 2006. The reasons for the increase in comprehensive loss in the current period as compared to the comparable period in 2006 primarily include: (1) gross profit increased by \$393,723; (2) all expenses including operation expenses and interest increased by \$1,172,071; (3) \$414,509 expenses in connection with urea entrepot trade were recognized during the second quarter of 2007; and (4) currency translation adjustments decreased by \$62,590 for the nine months ended September 2007 as compared to the prior period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since inception of our ag-biotech business in 2002, we have relied on the proceeds from the sale of our equity securities and loans from both unrelated and related parties to provide the resources necessary to fund our operations and the execution of our business plan. This trend is expected to continue.

As of September 30, 2007, our current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$1,111,809, reflecting a current ratio of 0.55:1, compared to net working capital of \$474,837, reflecting a current ratio of 1.26:1 as of December 31, 2006.

As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, we had cash of \$49,752 and \$498,103, respectively. The \$448,351 decrease is explained below.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, our operations used cash of \$278,395 as compared to \$1,331,734 used in operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we utilized \$203,768 for the purchase of property and equipment and repayment of construction costs payable, as compared to \$9,144 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006. We also used \$126,443 to acquire intangible assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, net cash inflow for financing activities was \$13,560, including advances of \$436,119 from related parties, the repayment \$417,932 to related parties and also repayment of \$4,627 of long-term borrowings. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we generated \$1,585,253 from financing activities, consisting of the proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$754,416, issuance of the long-term convertible notes of \$1,592,500 and several advances from related parties of \$106,318, offset by repayments of amounts due to related parties of \$553,942, repayment of convertible notes payable of \$307,135 and \$6,904 of other long-term borrowings.

As of September 30, 2007, we had an accumulated deficit of \$10,311,326, of which \$7,766,654 was incurred from inception to December 31, 2006 and \$2,544,672 (including non-cash expenses of \$1,133,338) was incurred during nine months ended September 30, 2007. We do not anticipate generating sufficient positive operating cash inflow to fund our planned operations.

Consequently our foreseeable cash flow position in the short term is tight. We expect that we will need to seek additional sources of funding to sustain our operations. To raise additional capital we will need to procure the consent of the holders of the 6% Notes. In addition, if the number of shares issuable upon conversion of the 6% Notes increases significantly, we may need to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance under our certificate of incorporation. There can be no assurance that we can procure these consents in the event necessary, which may prevent us from raising capital. To the extent that we are unable to successfully raise the capital necessary to fund our future cash requirements on a timely basis and under acceptable terms and conditions, we will not have sufficient cash resources to maintain operations, and may have to curtail operations and consider a formal or informal restructuring or reorganization.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At September 30, 2007, we did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, we are not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

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ITEM 3 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Our management team will continue to evaluate our internal control over financial reporting in 2007 as we implement our Sarbanes Oxley testing methodologies.

PART OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not currently involved in any material pending legal proceedings.

ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

We issued detachable warrants to Mr. Li to purchase the aggregate of 1,069,615 shares of common stock of the Company, in connection with the advance agreement with Mr. Li dated September 10, 2007, under which Mr. Li advanced \$213,923 to the Company (as more fully described in Note 12 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 under Part I). This issuance was an unregistered sale of equity securities under the Securities Act. In issuing the warrants, the Company relied on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act for its exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

As of October 24, 2007, the Company issued 3,000,000 unregistered shares of its common stock for an aggregate consideration of \$225,300 to two Chinese citizens. The consideration to the company consisted of the retirement of debt owed by the Company to Mr. Li in a three-way transaction in which the Chinese citizens retired debt owed to them by Mr. Li in the same amount. (For more details, see Note 19 in Item 1 and the Company's 8-K filed on October 29, 2007.) The shares were issued in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6 EXHIBITS

Description of Exhibits

Exhibit Description Incorporated by Exhibit No.

No. Reference in in

		Document	Incorporated Document
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, effective as of July 21, 2004.	Form 8-K filed on July 23, 2004	3.1
3.2	Bylaws, effective as of July 22, 2004.	Form 8-K filed on July 23, 2004	3.2
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, effective as of September 27, 2006.	Form 10-QSB filed on November 15, 2006	3.3
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Exhibit No.	Description	Incorporated by Reference in Document	Exhibit No. in Incorporated Document
10.58	Consulting Agreement dated April 9, 2007, between Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Corporation and First Trust Group, Inc.	Form 10-QSB filed on May 14, 2007	10.58
10.59	Termination of Agreement dated July 15, 2007 between Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Ltd. and China Hua Yang Roneo Corporation	Form 10-QSB filed on August 14, 2007	10.59
10.60	Termination of Agreement dated July 18, 2007 between Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Ltd. and Shengkui Technologies Inc.	Form 10-QSB filed on August 14, 2007	10.60
10.61	Termination of Agreement dated July 22, 2007 between Kiwa Bio-Tech Products Group Ltd. and UPB International Sourcing Limited	Form 10-QSB filed on August 14, 2007	10.61
10.62	Advance agreement with Wei Li dated June 30, 2007	Filed herewith.	
10.63	Advance agreement with Wei Li dated September 10, 2007	Filed herewith.	
10.64	Stock Purchase Agreement between the Company, Mr. Li and the Investors named therein dated October 24, 2007	Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2007	10.1
10.65	Stock Purchase Agreement between the Company, Mr. Li and the Investors named therein dated October 24, 2007.	Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2007	10.2
21	List of Subsidiaries	Form 10-KSB filed on April 2, 2007	
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	Filed herewith.	
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	Filed herewith.	
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith.	

32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Filed herewith.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

KIWA BIO-TECH PRODUCTS GROUP CORPORATION

(Registrant)

/s/ Wei Li Wei Li	November 7, 2007	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Lian Jun Luo Lian Jun Luo	November 7, 2007	Chief Financial Officer and Director (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)
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