

Ammex Gold Mining Corp.
Form 10KSB
September 28, 2007

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-KSB

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 333-113296

Ammex Gold Mining Corp.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Nevada

98-0409895

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation)

(Employer Identification Number)

346 Waverley Street, Ottawa, Ontario Canada

K2P 0W5

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(Zip code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code:

(613) 226-7883

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: NONE

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: 25,000,000 shares of common stock

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. \$2,631

Of the 45,739,203 shares of voting stock of the registrant issued and outstanding as of August 31, 2007, 40,302,203 shares were held by non-affiliates. The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant computed by reference to the closing bid price of our Common Stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board on September 26, 2007 was approximately \$9,672,528 (based on a closing price of \$0.24 per share).

PART I.

This Form 10-KSB contains "forward-looking statements" relating to AmMex Gold Mining Corp. ("AmMex", "we", "our", or the "Company") which represent our current expectations or beliefs including, but not limited to, statements concerning our operations, performance, financial condition and growth. For this purpose, any statements contained in this Form 10-KSB that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may", "anticipate", "intend", "could", "estimate", or "continue" or the negative or other comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, such as credit losses, dependence on management and key personnel, variability of quarterly results, and our ability to continue our growth strategy and competition, certain of which are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes and results could differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to predict all of such factors, nor can we assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Item 1. Description of Business.

Background

We were incorporated on November 20, 2002 under the laws of the state of Nevada. Our initial focus was to develop high speed wireless internet access to the public via public hot spots. A hot spot is a location that is typically positioned in an area of high public traffic such as a downtown core; train, bus, ferry, or subway locations; hotel lobbies; coffee shops and similar venues. We were not successful in launching this business and we terminated this business in early 2006. In June 2006, Christopher Crupi was hired as our new president and chief executive officer and Boris Machula, our former president, tendered his resignation. With the appointment of Mr. Crupi, management made the decision to refocus the Company's business operations on precious metal exploration, primarily gold and silver in North America. On August 18, 2006, we amended our certificate of incorporation with the state of Nevada to change our name to Ammex Gold Mining Corp. We believe that the name change more accurately reflects our new corporate direction.

Also, in connection with the appointment of Christopher Crupi and our decision to change our business plan, 57.6 million restricted shares of common stock were cancelled. This restricted block of common stock was held by our

former President, Boris Machula. The cancellation of these shares was made in conjunction with Mr. Machula's decision to resign as both the President and Director.

Ammex Gold Mining Corp. ("Ammex" "we" or "us") is an exploration stage mining company with no ore reserves or mining operations. Our activities to date have been, and our current activities are, limited to searching for material from which we may be able to extract precious minerals and designing a process for profitable extraction. There is no assurance that commercially viable mineral deposits exist on any property we own or may acquire. Any further exploration will be required before a final evaluation as to the economic and legal feasibility of our plans can be made.

Exploration Stage Company

We are an exploratory stage company engaged in the search for gold and other precious metal deposits primarily in Nevada and Mexico. As of the date of this report, we have not established that mineral reserves exist on any of our properties of a type and in a quantity and concentration that would warrant commercial mining. There can be no assurance that commercially viable mineral deposits will be found to exist on our properties, or that we will be able to design a commercially viable process to extract the precious metals.

We expense all costs related to the maintenance and exploration of mineral claims in which we have secured exploration rights prior to establishment of proven and probable reserves. To date, we have not established the commercial feasibility of our exploration prospects; therefore, all exploration costs are being expensed. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves, the costs then incurred to develop such property are capitalized.

As an exploration stage company, we are not in a position to fund our cash requirements through our current operations. If we are unable to secure adequate capital to continue our exploration efforts, shareholders may lose some or all of the value of their common stock.

Properties

Minera Jeronimo:

On July 25, 2006 the corporation acquired 100% of Minera Jeronimo S.A. de C.V. We acquired Minera Jeronimo by issuing 1,455,000 restricted common shares, valued at \$1.63 per share for a total consideration of \$2,371,650. We must maintain the concessions in good standing. Minera Jeronimo has the option to acquire a 65% interest in six mining concessions located in NW Sonora, Mexico, subject to \$400,000 in exploration work commitments.

The key asset in Minera Jeronimo is the El Tiliche project, located in NW Sonora, Mexico, approximately 50 kilometers NE of the Penoles-Newmont Herradura Gold Mine, within the gold belt that stretches from southern California to central Sonora. The Mesquite mine and the Picacho mine are among other large gold producers in this belt. Minera Jeronimo controls a very strategically located and large 14,300 hectares of mineral rights in 6 contiguous mining concessions. El Tiliche has been advanced over the past 2 years with a number of exploration programs and now boasts at least 6 drill-ready targets. Numerous surface samples have yielded over 5 grams gold per ton and over 100 grams silver per ton, which compares very well with early results at other producing mines in this belt.

The El Tiliche concessions are located at the intersection of a series of NE-SW high angle structures that pass through the Herradura gold deposit, and NW trending transform faults that makeup part of the Sonora-Mojave Megashear. Gold and silver mineralization associated with low angle faulting, as well as with higher angle structures, has been recognized in a number of areas within the concession block. Numerous small mine workings and prospects were mapped and sampled during a recently completed detailed reconnaissance of the property.

Intrusive and volcanic rocks of Jurassic age outcrop over a wide area in numerous low hills that are separated by areas of thin alluvial cover, and mineralized zones often project under this alluvial cover. During the recently completed detailed reconnaissance of the area, 584 rock chip samples were collected and sent to ALS Chemex Laboratories for analysis. Based on this analysis, we began a 4,000-plus meter drill program.

Drilling results to date have not been promising and we have decided to focus our attention on the Bailey Hills project described below.

Bailey Hills Property (Elko Nevada):

On July 31, 2006 we entered into an option agreement to earn an 80% interest from Consolidated Global Minerals Ltd. in the Bailey Hills property located along the Carlin Trend within the Great Basin of Nevada. The Bailey Hills project covers approximately 4.5 square miles (approx. 3,000 acres) and consists of 150 mining claims within the southernmost part of the Carlin Trend, along a prospective northwest structural zone which hosts numerous world-class gold deposits.

Under the terms of the option agreement, we can earn a 80% interest in the property from Consolidated Global Minerals Ltd. with an upfront cash payment of US\$25,000; and expenditures of US\$4,000,000 within a three-year period, payable as follows: US\$1,000,000 on or before August 1, 2008, \$1,500,000 on or before August 1, 2009 and \$1,500,000 on or before August 1, 2010. The upfront cash payment has been made. We have also advanced \$200,000 towards our first year work commitment. The expenditures include minimum advance royalties of \$30,000 per year due on October 20th of each year. The agreement is subject to a 3% NSR upon commencement of commercial production. We have the right to purchase 1% of the NSR for \$1 million. In August 2007 the Company amended its Bailey Hills agreement dated August 1, 2006. The amendment has been made to the period in which the company must meet its \$4,000,000 expenditures, from a three-year period to a four-year period.

The structural and lithologic setting at Bailey Hills, both on a regional and property scale, is a direct analog to that at the 1.5 million ounce gold Rain / Emigrant deposits (Newmont), located 43 miles north-northwest of the Bailey Hills project. Underlying the Bailey Hills property are the same units which host gold at Rain, and proximal intrusions are noted at both. Recognition of these intrusive bodies at Bailey Hills was previously hampered by post-mineralization volcanic cover rocks, but geophysical surveys have identified intrusive rocks and numerous high angle faults underlying the claim area.

A substantial database of geological, geochemical and geophysical data has been obtained for the project from previous operators. Results from surface exploration, geophysics and initial drilling compare well with the lithology, geochemistry and structure of several known mines on the Carlin Trend. A CSAMT (resistivity) geophysical survey has been completed and based on the results of the CSAMT we began a first phase drill program of approximately 12 deep drill holes.

Callaghan Property (Austin, Nevada):

On July 17, 2006 we signed a Letter of Intent to acquire a 100% interest in 29 claims, located 13 miles northeast of Austin, Nevada (Callaghan Property). Pursuant to this Letter of Intent, we must make a minimum advance royalty payment totaling \$145,141 over a six year period and \$35,000 every year thereafter. We have made a total of \$20,141 in payments to date. (See Note 9 of our Financial Statement.) The property consists of 29 claims covering approximately 560 acres, where surface samples have shown gold grades of up to 31 grams per tonne over a width of 3 feet. Geologically, it is located within and adjacent to the Callaghan Mountain structural window through the Roberts Mountains Thrust, in an area of strong hydrothermal alteration and highly anomalous geochemistry. These are associated with high angle faulting as well as the low angle thrust zones.

Available data from prior exploration in the area confirms in detail the presence of highly anomalous concentrations of gold, arsenic, antimony, mercury, zinc and silver in soils, rock chips and drill cuttings, with associated decalcification of silty limestones and locally intense silicification. There have been narrow drill intercepts and

surface rock samples with gold contents up to 0.10 ounces per ton. Lithologic units very favorable to mineralization are thinly overlain by thrust plates of less favorable host rocks.

An exploration target is located on the southern extension of the poorly defined Cottonwood Spring resource of 50,000 - 75,000 ounces of gold, apparently controlled by faulting and favorable lithologies. Our technical personnel are currently compiling a large amount of data produced by earlier exploration groups to better define additional structural, geochemical and lithological exploration targets.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Company has the right to earn a 100% interest in 29 unpatented mining claims situated near Austin, Nevada in consideration for minimum advance royalty payments totalling \$145,141 over a six year period and \$35,000 every year thereafter, an annual work commitment of \$25,000 per year commencing from July 12, 2007 and costs to keep the property in good standing. In addition, the property vendor is entitled to a 2% NSR on any production up to a maximum of \$10,000,000. The Company will have the right to purchase 1% of the NSR for \$1,000,000.

The term of the contract is 25 years and renewable for another 25 years. Subsequent to year end the Company terminated its option on this property.

Regulation and Licensing

As a publicly held corporation, we are required to file SEC reports in addition to other federal and state government reports. Principal among these reports are the Annual Reports on Form 10-KSB, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-QSB, and Current Reports on Form 8-K; for 2005, all such reports were filed as required.

Our exploration activities will be subject to various laws and regulations governing prospecting, taxes, labor standards, occupational safety and health, waste disposal, protection and reclamation of the environment, protection of endangered and protected species, toxic substances and other matters. We may in the future be subject to clean up liability under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 and other federal and state rules that establish cleanup liability for the release of hazardous substances. Further amendments to current laws and regulations governing operations and activities of companies involved in mineral exploration are actively considered from time to time and could have a material adverse impact on us.

We may also be subject to environmental and employment regulations at the state level. We do not expect to incur a material expense in complying with state requirements, unless or until we advance to the development or production stage.

We will be required to obtain necessary permits or exemptions for exploration work to commence. Once we commence exploratory activities, we may experience material adverse economic effects as a result of complying with applicable laws relating to the protection of the environment. If and when we are able to commence exploration or production, such issues will become more complex and costly to deal with.

Environmental and other laws and regulations change periodically. We cannot determine the impact of future changes in such laws and regulations on our operations or future financial position. We believe the Company is currently in substantial compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations. If we are not in compliance with any such law or regulation, we may be subject to fines, clean-up orders, restrictions on operations, or other penalties.

Competition

The business of mineral exploration is highly competitive and tends to be dominated by a limited number of major mining companies. Although we do not compete directly against any particular firms for sales or market share, many of the human and physical resources we may require - such as engineering professionals, geologists, skilled equipment operators, and managers, as well as extractive and metallurgical processes and equipment -- are also sought by companies with substantially greater financial means than we possess, which places us at a competitive disadvantage in obtaining such resources. Accordingly, we cannot be certain that we will be able to obtain the human and physical resources we may need from time to time or to obtain them at an affordable cost.

Market Description

Gold and Silver

We are a precious metals exploration and development company. The gold and silver markets have been strong since 2001, where gold and silver has increased from \$268 per ounce to its current price of approximately \$730 per ounce and silver has increased from \$4.58 per ounce to its current price of approximately \$13.50 per ounce (as of September 25, 2006). Management believes that both the gold and silver markets will remain strong for the foreseeable future. Management believes that for so long as gold remains above \$300 per ounce, the properties under exploration remain commercially viable if geological results prove positive.

Employees

As of August 31, 2007 besides its 3 executive officers, the Company employed 2 full-time employees. We believe that our relationship with our employees is positive and we are currently designing a stock incentive plan.

Item 1a. Risk Factors

COMPANY RISKS

Before you invest in our securities, you should be aware that there are various risks. You should consider carefully these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this annual report before you decide to purchase our securities. If any of the following risks and uncertainties develop into actual events, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected and you could lose all of your investment in our company.

We have no current operations and a history of losses. Losses will likely continue in the future.

We have no current operations and extremely limited resources. We have incurred losses in the past and will likely continue to incur losses unless our exploratory drilling program proves successful. Even if our drilling program identifies gold or other mineral reserves, there can be no assurance that we will be able to commercially exploit these resources or generate sufficient revenues to operate profitably.

We will need to raise additional capital.

The commercial exploitation of the mining property and the potential acquisition of additional properties will require additional capital. There is no commitment in place to secure this additional financing. Any equity financing may be dilutive to shareholders, and debt financing, if available, would increase expenses and may involve restrictive covenants. The Company may be required to raise additional capital, at times and in amounts, which are uncertain, especially under the current capital market conditions. Under these circumstances, if the Company is unable to acquire additional capital or is required to raise it on terms that are less satisfactory than desired, it may have a material adverse effect on its financial condition.

We need to obtain financing in order to continue our operations.

On a prospective basis, we will require both short-term financing for operations and long-term capital to fund our mining activities. We have no existing bank lines of credit and have not established any definitive sources for additional financing. We will require additional funding if we want to commercially exploit the any mining property. Additional financing may not be available to us, or if available, then it may not be available upon terms and conditions acceptable to us. If adequate funds are not available, then we may be required to delay, reduce or abandon our mining properties.

There are no confirmed mineral deposits on any properties which we may derive any financial benefit.

Neither the Company nor any independent geologist, has confirmed commercially mineable ore deposits. In order to carry out additional exploration programs of any potential ore body and to place it into commercial production, we will require substantial additional funding.

We have no history as a mining company.

We have no history of earnings or cash flow from mining operations and our current management has limited experience in the mining industry. If we are able to proceed to production, commercial viability will be affected by factors that are beyond our control. Including the particular attributes of the deposit, the fluctuation in metal prices, the cost of construction and operating a mine, prices and refining facilities, the availability of economic sources for energy, government regulations including regulations relating to prices, royalties, restrictions on production, quotas on exploration of minerals, as well as the costs of protection of the environment.

No ongoing mining operations

We are not a mining company and have no ongoing mining operations of any kind. We have interests in mining concessions which may or may not lead to production.

There may be insufficient mineral reserves to develop the property and our estimates may be inaccurate .

There is no certainty that any expenditures made in the exploration of any properties will result in discoveries of commercially recoverable quantities of ore. Most exploration projects do not result in the discovery of commercially mineable deposits of ore and no assurance can be given that any particular level of recovery of gold from discovered mineralization will in fact be realized or that any identified mineral deposit will ever qualify as a commercially mineable ore body which can be legally and economically exploited. Estimates of reserves, mineral deposits and production costs can also be affected by such factors as environmental regulations and requirements, weather, environmental factors, unforeseen technical difficulties, unusual or unexpected geological formations and work interruptions. In addition, the grade of ore ultimately mined may differ from that indicated by drilling results. Short term factors relating to reserves, such as the need for orderly development of ore bodies or the processing of new or different grades, may also have an adverse effect on mining operations and on the results of operations. There can be no assurance that gold recovered in small scale laboratory tests will be duplicated in large scale tests under on-site production conditions. Material changes in estimated reserves, grades, stripping ratios or recovery rates may affect the economic viability of any project.

We face fluctuating gold and mineral prices and currency volatility.

The price of gold as well as other precious base metals has experienced volatile and significant price movements over short periods of time and is affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including international economic and political trends, expectations of inflation, currency exchange fluctuations (including, the US dollar relative to other currencies) interest rates, global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and increases in production due to improved mining and production methods. The supply of and demand for gold, other precious and base metals are affected by various factors, including political events, economic conditions and production costs in major mineral producing regions.

Mining operations are hazardous, raise environmental concerns and raise insurance risks.

Mining operations are by their nature subject to a variety of risks, such as cave-ins and other accidents, flooding, environmental hazards, the discharge of toxic chemicals and other hazards. Such occurrences may delay development or production, increase production costs or result in a liability. We may not be able to insure fully or at all against such risks, due to political or other reasons, or we may decide not to take out insurance against such risks as a result of high premiums or other reasons. We intend to conduct our business in a way that safeguards public health and the environment and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Environmental hazards may exist on properties in which we hold an interest which are unknown to us and may have been caused by prior owners. Changes to mining laws and regulations could require additional capital expenditures and increase operating and/or reclamation costs. Although we are unable to predict what additional legislation, if any, might be proposed or enacted, additional regulatory requirements could render certain mining operations uneconomic.

Requirement for Permits and Licenses

Our future operations, including exploration and development activities, required permits from various governmental authorities. Such operations are and will be governed by laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labor standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, mine safety and other matters. There can be no assurance that we will be able to acquire all required licenses or permits or to maintain continued operations at economically justifiable costs.

Currency Fluctuations

Any mining operations we undertake outside of the United States will be subject to currency fluctuations. Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and any foreign currency may adversely impact our operations. We do not anticipate that we will enter into any type of hedging transactions to offset this risk.

Political Stability

We intend to conduct operations in democratic and stable countries. However, with Mexico, like other developing countries, there is a greater likelihood of political unrest and changing rules and regulations regarding foreign investment. Political unrest would likely destabilize the country. This would in all likelihood adversely impact our proposed operations in any foreign jurisdiction.

Title Matters

While we intend to conduct our own due diligence prior to committing significant funds to any project, mining properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims and title may be affected by undetected defects. Should this occur, we face significant delays, costs and the possible loss of any investments or commitment of capital.

Because of the speculative nature of exploration for gold and other precious metals, there is substantial risk that our business will fail.

The search for gold and other precious metals as a business is extremely risky. We cannot provide any assurances that the gold mining interests that we acquired will contain commercially exploitable reserves of gold or other precious metals. Exploration for minerals is a speculative venture necessarily involving substantial risk. Any expenditure that we make may not result in the discovery of commercially exploitable reserves of gold.

The gold market is a volatile market, will have a direct impact on the Company's revenues and profits and will probably affect whether the Company will be able to succeed.

The current price of an ounce of gold on September 25, 2007 was approximately \$730 per ounce. The price of gold has increased over the past few years. This has contributed to the renewed interest in gold mining and companies engaged in that business, including the exploration for gold. However, in the event that the price of gold falls, the interest in the gold mining industry may decline and the value of the Company's business could be adversely affected. Further, although it is anticipated that gold mining costs outside of the United States and Canada will be appreciably lower, no assurances can be given that the situation will remain, or that gold will remain at a price that will make mining operations profitable. Finally, in recent decades, there have been periods of both overproduction and underproduction of gold resources. Such conditions have resulted in period of excess supply of and reduced demand for gold on a worldwide basis and on a domestic basis. These periods have been followed by periods of short supply of and increased demand for gold. The excess or short supply of gold has placed pressure on prices and has resulted in dramatic price fluctuations even during relatively short periods of seasonal market demand. We cannot predict what the market for gold will be in the future.

Government regulation, or changes in such regulation may adversely affect the Company's business.

The Company has and will, in the future, engage experts to assist it with respect to its operations. The Company is beginning to deal with the various regulatory and governmental agencies, and the rules and regulations of such agencies. No assurances can be given that it will be successful in its efforts. Further, in order for the Company to operate and grow its business, it needs to continually conform to the laws, rules and regulations of such jurisdiction. It is possible that the legal and regulatory environment pertaining to the exploration and development of gold mining properties will change. Uncertainty and new regulations and rules could increase the Company's cost of doing business or prevent it from conducting its business.

Our success will be largely dependent upon our ability to hire key personnel.

The Company will have to hire key employees and consultants knowledgeable in operating exploratory and drilling activities. There can be no assurance that we will be able to locate qualified employees or consultants and if located, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient funds to pay for their services. In addition, both Mr. Reed and Mr. Crupi do not devote a majority of their time to the operations of the Company. There can be no assurance that either Mr. Crupi or Mr. Reed will be able to commit sufficient time to our operations.

Our executive officers serve as executive officers of another mining company.

Both Mr. Crupi and Mr. Reed also serve as executive officers of Paramount Gold and Silver Corp, an exploratory stage mining company. Our executive officers may be presented with business opportunities suitable for either entity. No formal plan or arrangement has been agreed upon to determine the resolution of any conflicts of interest.

We are in competition with companies that are larger, more established and better capitalized than we are.

Many of our potential competitors have:

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greater financial and technical resources;

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longer operating histories and greater experience in mining;

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greater awareness of the political, economic and governmental risks in operating in Ghana.

It is unlikely that we will be able to sustain profitability in the future.

We incurred losses during four last fiscal years and there can be no assurance that we will be able to reverse this trend. Even if we are able to successfully identify commercially exploitable mining reserves, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient financing to exploit these reserves or find a willing buyer for the properties.

We have no reserves, no mining operations, and no income

We currently have no revenues from operations, no mining operations, and no reserves. Reserves, by definition, contain mineral deposits in a quantity and in a form from which the target minerals may be economically and legally extracted or produced. We have not established that precious minerals exist in any quantity in the property which is the focus of our exploration efforts, and unless or until we do so we will not have any income from operations.

Exploration for economic deposits of minerals is speculative.

The business of mineral exploration is very speculative, since there is generally no way to recover any of the funds expended on exploration unless the existence of mineable reserves can be established and the Company can exploit those reserves by either commencing mining operations, selling or leasing its interest in the property, or entering into a joint venture with a larger resource company that can further develop the property to the production stage. Unless we can establish and exploit reserves before our funds are exhausted, we will have to discontinue operations, which could make our stock valueless.

It is unlikely that we will be able to sustain profitability in the future.

We incurred significant losses in 2006 and 2007 and there can be no assurance that we will be able to reverse this trend. Even if we are able to successfully identify commercially exploitable mining reserves, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient financing to exploit these reserves or find a willing buyer for the properties.

We have no reserves, no mining operations, and no income

We currently have no revenues from operations, no mining operations, and no reserves. Reserves, by definition, contain mineral deposits in a quantity and in a form from which the target minerals may be economically and legally extracted or produced. We have not established that precious minerals exist in any quantity on any property which is the focus of our exploration efforts, and unless or until we do so we will not have any income from operations.

We self-insure against typical business risks.

The Company does not maintain property and liability insurance against risks which are typical in the operation of its business. In view of its very limited operations, the difficulty of obtaining such insurance, the high deductibles and broad exclusions common to such policies, as well as the direct cost involved, the Company has determined not to obtain such coverage until it is warranted by its operations. The lack of such insurance could result in significant economic hardship for the Company should it suffer losses prior to obtaining coverage, perhaps resulting in the failure of our business.

We are experiencing recurring liquidity problems.

We have incurred net losses since our inception, and do not expect to generate revenues from mining operations in the foreseeable future. We have had to rely on periodic infusions of capital to cover our operating expenses. If we are unable to secure timely infusions of cash we will not be able to continue with the exploration of our properties and the designing of our recovery systems, will not be able to generate revenues, and may be forced to discontinue operations.

Our stock price may be volatile

The market price of our common stock has historically been volatile. We believe investors should expect continued volatility in our stock price as a result of various factors, including:

1. low daily trading volume,
2. generally large spreads between quoted bid and offer prices,
3. uncertainty of the company's future,
4. sales of substantial amounts of our common stock by existing stockholders, including short sales,
5. Company disclosures regarding the results of various stages of our exploration operations.

Such volatility may make it difficult or impossible for you to obtain a favorable selling price for our shares.

We expect to issue additional common shares in the future which would dilute the outstanding shares .

The prices at which we sell these securities and other terms and provisions will depend on prevailing market conditions and other factors in effect at that time, all of which are beyond our control.

Growth of our businesses is substantially dependent upon our ability to attract, develop and retain qualified and skilled mining professionals .

A key component of our ability to grow our lines of business includes our ability to attract, develop and retain qualified mining professionals. The available pool of qualified candidates is limited. We cannot assure that we will be able to recruit, develop and retain qualified candidates in sufficient numbers to meet our staffing needs. Failure to attract and retain mining professionals could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The mining industry is highly competitive and the success and future growth of our business depend upon our ability to remain competitive in identifying and developing mining properties with sufficient reserves for economic exploitation.

The mining industry is highly competitive and fragmented with limited barriers to entry, especially at the exploratory stages. We compete in national, regional and local markets with large multi-national corporations and against start-up operators hoping to identify a mining reserve. Some of our competitors have significantly greater financial resources than we do. This puts us at a competitive disadvantage if we choose to further exploit mining opportunities. As we expand into new geographic markets, our success will depend in part on our ability to locate and exploit mineral reserves.

The loss of key members of our senior management team could adversely affect the execution of our business strategy and our financial results.

We believe that the successful execution of our business strategy and our ability to move beyond the exploratory stages depends on the continued employment of key members of our senior management team. If any members of our senior management team become unable or unwilling to continue in their present positions, our financial results and our business could be materially adversely affected.

We operate in a regulated industry and changes in regulations or violations of regulations may result in increased costs or sanctions that could reduce our revenues and profitability .

Our organization is subject to extensive and complex foreign, federal and state laws and regulations. If we fail to comply with the laws and regulations that are directly applicable to our business, we could suffer civil and/or criminal penalties or be subject to injunctions or cease and desist orders. While we believe that we are currently compliant with applicable rules and regulations, if there are changes in the future, there can be no assurance that we will be able to comply in the future, or that future compliance will not significantly adversely impact our operations.

We have not voluntarily implemented various corporate governance measures, in the absence of which, shareholders may have more limited protections against interested director transactions, conflicts of interest and similar matters .

Recent federal legislation, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, has resulted in the adoption of various corporate governance measures designed to promote the integrity of the corporate management and the securities markets. Some of these measures have been adopted in response to legal requirements. Others have been adopted by companies in

response to the requirements of national securities exchanges, such as the NYSE or The Nasdaq Stock Market, on which their securities are listed. Among the corporate governance measures that are required under the rules of national securities exchanges and Nasdaq are those that address board of directors' independence, audit committee oversight, and the adoption of a code of ethics. While our board of directors has adopted a Code of Ethics and Business Conduct, we have not yet adopted any of these corporate governance measures and, since our securities are not listed on a national securities exchange or Nasdaq, we are not required to do so. It is possible that if we were to adopt some or all of these corporate governance measures, shareholders would benefit from somewhat greater assurances that internal corporate decisions were being made by disinterested directors and that policies had been implemented to define responsible conduct. For example, in the absence of audit, nominating and compensation committees comprised of at least a majority of independent directors, decisions concerning matters such as compensation packages to our senior officers and recommendations for director nominees may be made by a majority of directors who have an interest in the outcome of the matters being decided. Prospective investors should bear in mind our current lack of corporate governance measures in formulating their investment decisions.

SPECIAL NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-KSB contains "forward-looking statements" relating to Ammex Gold Mining Corp. (Ammex we, our or the Company) which represent our current expectations or beliefs including, but not limited to, statements concerning our operations, performance, financial condition and growth. For this purpose, any statements contained in this Form 10-KSB that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may", "anticipate", "intend", "could", "estimate", or "continue" or the negative or other comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, such as credit losses, dependence on management and key personnel, variability of quarterly results, and our ability to continue our growth strategy and competition, certain of which are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes and results could differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to predict all of such factors, nor can we assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Item 2. Description of Properties.

Our corporate headquarters are located at 346 Waverley Street, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2P 0W5. We lease approximately 750 square feet . Our monthly rent is \$700 Our current lease runs through to July 31, 2010. A director of the company is also a director of the corporation which owns the leased premises. The office facilities meet our current needs and our current monthly rent is equivalent to the monthly rent we would be required to pay for similar office space.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of the Security Holders.

No matters were submitted to a vote of our security holders during the most recent quarter.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters.

A. Market Information

Our common stock trades on the NASDAQ Over-the-Counter-Bulletin Board under the symbol ("AMXG"). There is a very limited market for our common stock, with very limited trading activities. Until July 6, 2006, there was no posted bid or ask price for our common stock. The reported bid quotations reflect inter-dealer prices without retail markup, markdown or commissions, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

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The high and low bid price for those periods in which quotes are available is set forth below:

2007

HIGH

LOW

First Quarter

\$0.63

\$0.31

Second Quarter

\$0.52

\$0.35

Third Quarter (through September 25)

\$0.52

\$0.24

2006

First Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

Second Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

Third Quarter

\$1.92

\$0.04

Fourth Quarter

\$0.72

\$0.32

2005

First Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

Second Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

Third Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

Fourth Quarter

\$nil

\$nil

B. Holders

As of August 31, 2007 there were 132 shareholders of record of our Common Stock.

Our transfer agent is Corporate Stock Transfer . Their mailing address is 3200 Cherry Creek Drive South, Suite 430, Denver, Colorado 80209 and their telephone number is 303-282-4800.

C. Dividends

Holders of our common stock are entitled to receive such dividends as our board of directors may declare from time to time from any surplus that we may have. We have not paid dividends on our common stock since the date of our incorporation and we do not anticipate paying any common stock dividends in the foreseeable future. We anticipate that any earnings will be retained for development and expansion of our businesses and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Future dividend policy will depend upon our earnings, financial condition, contractual restrictions and other factors considered relevant by our Board of Directors and will be subject to limitations imposed under Nevada law.

D. Equity Compensation Plans

2007/08 Stock INCENTIVE AND COMPENSATION PLAN

We have approved the 2007/08 Stock Incentive and Compensation Plan n (the Plan). The purpose of the Plan is to enhance the profitability and value of the Company for the benefit of its stockholders by enabling the Company to attract, retain and reward directors, employees and consultants (collectively, Participants) and strengthen the mutuality of interests between such persons and the Company s stockholders.

Awards

Pursuant to the Plan, the Company may issue non-qualified stock options (Non-Qualified Stock Options), incentive stock options (Incentive Stock Options), together with Non-Qualified Stock Options referred to herein as Stock Options), stock appreciation rights (Stock Appreciation Rights), restricted stock (Restricted Stock) and registered stock (Registered Stock), (collectively, the Awards) to eligible Participants.

All employees of and consultants to the Company and its affiliates are eligible to be granted Non-Qualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock and Registered Stock. All employees and directors of the Company and its affiliates are eligible to be granted Incentive Stock Options.

The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock which may be issued under the Plan with respect to which Awards may be granted shall not exceed 6,000,000 shares of Common Stock . Pursuant to the Plan, we have issued 500,000 shares to each of Charles Reed and Christopher Crupi and 250,000 shares to Lucie Letellier, CFO (1,500,000 shares of common stock in total. As of the date hereof, no Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock or Registered Stock have been issued under the Plan.

If any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right granted under the Plan expires, terminates or is cancelled for any reason without having been exercised in full or, with respect to Stock Options, the Company repurchases any Stock Option, the number of shares of Common Stock underlying the repurchased Stock Option, and/or the number of shares of Common Stock underlying any unexercised Stock Appreciation Right or Stock Option shall again be available for the purposes of Awards under the Plan.

Administration

The Plan is administered and interpreted by a Committee (Committee) appointed by the Board of Directors, or if no Committee, by the Board of Directors. The Company expects the Plan will be administered by the newly formed Compensation Committee. The Committee has full authority, among other things, to: (a) select the eligible employees and consultants to whom Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock or Registered Stock may from time to time be granted; (b) determine, in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by each Award to an eligible employee or consultant granted; and (c) determine the terms and conditions of any Award granted hereunder, including, but not limited to, the exercise or purchase price (if any), any restriction or limitation, any vesting schedule or acceleration thereof, or any forfeiture restrictions or waiver thereof, regarding any Stock Option or other Award, and the Common Stock relating thereto, based on such factors, if any, as the Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion.

Stock Options

The option price per Common Stock purchasable under an Incentive Stock Option shall not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock at the time of grant. For the purposes of the Plan, the fair market value means: (i) if the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on the Nasdaq National Market or Nasdaq SmallCap Market, the last sale price of the Common Stock in the principal trading market for the Common Stock on such date; (ii) if the Common Stock is not listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on the Nasdaq National Market or Nasdaq SmallCap Market, but is traded in the over-the-counter market, the closing bid price for the Common Stock on such date, as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board or the National Quotation Bureau, Incorporated or similar publisher of such quotations; and (iii) if the fair market value of the Common Stock cannot be otherwise determined, such price as the Committee shall determine, in good faith, based on reasonable methods set forth under Section 422 of the Code.

The purchase price of shares of Common Stock subject to a Non-Qualified Stock Option shall be determined by the Committee.

The term of each Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee, but no Stock Option shall be exercisable more than ten (10) years after the date the Stock Option is granted.

Stock Awards

Shares of Restricted Stock or Registered Stock may be issued to eligible employees or consultants either alone or in addition to other Awards granted under the Plan. The Committee shall determine the eligible persons to whom, and the time or times at which, grants of Restricted Stock or Registered Stock will be made, the number of shares to be

awarded, the price (if any) to be paid by the recipient, the time or times within which such Awards may be subject to forfeiture, the vesting schedule and rights to acceleration thereof, and all other terms and conditions of the Awards.

The purchase price of Restricted Stock shall be fixed by the Committee. The purchase price for shares of Restricted Stock may be zero to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Participant shall not be permitted to transfer shares of Restricted Stock awarded under the Plan during a period set by the Committee.

Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights

Stock Appreciation Rights may be granted in conjunction with all or part of any Stock Option (a Reference Stock Option) granted under the Plan (Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights). In the case of a Non-Qualified Stock Option, such rights may be granted either at or after the time of the grant of such Reference Stock Option. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, such rights may be granted only at the time of the grant of such Reference Stock Option.

A Tandem Stock Appreciation Right or applicable portion thereof granted with respect to a Reference Stock Option shall terminate and no longer be exercisable upon the termination or exercise of the Reference Stock Option, except that, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, at the time of grant, a Tandem Stock Appreciation Right granted with respect to less than the full number of shares covered by the Reference Stock Option shall not be reduced until and then only to the extent the exercise or termination of the Reference Stock Option causes the number of shares covered by the Tandem Stock Appreciation Right to exceed the number of shares remaining available and unexercised under the Reference Stock Option.

Upon the exercise of a Tandem Stock Appreciation Right, a Participant shall be entitled to receive up to, but no more than, an amount in cash and/or Common Stock equal in value to the excess of the fair market value of one share of Common Stock over the option price per share specified in the Reference Stock Option multiplied by the number of shares in respect of which the Tandem Stock Appreciation Right shall have been exercised, with the Committee having the right to determine the form of payment.

Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights

Stock Appreciation Rights may also be granted without reference to any Stock Options granted under the Plan (Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights). The term of each Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Right shall be fixed by the Committee, but shall not be greater than ten (10) years after the date the right is granted.

Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee at grant. Subject to such terms and conditions, Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the option term, by giving written notice of exercise to the Company specifying the number of Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights to be exercised.

Upon the exercise of a Non-Tandem Stock Appreciation Right, a Participant shall be entitled to receive, for each right exercised, up to, but no more than, an amount in cash and/or Common Stock equal in value to the excess of the fair market value of one share of Common Stock on the date the right is exercised over the fair market value of one (1) share of Common Stock on the date the right was awarded to the Participant.

Transfer of Awards

No Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right granted shall be transferable by the Participant otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. All Stock Options and all Stock Appreciation Rights granted to Participants shall be exercisable, during the Participant's lifetime, only by the Participant. Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights shall be transferable, to the extent permitted, only with the underlying Stock Option. Shares of Restricted Stock may not be transferred prior to the date on which shares are issued, or, if later, the date on which any applicable restriction period lapses.

Termination of Employment

Generally, unless otherwise determined by the Committee at grant, if a Participant is terminated for cause, any Stock Option held by such Participant shall thereupon terminate and expire as of the date of termination. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee at grant, any Stock Option held by a Participant:

(i)

on death or termination of employment or consultancy by reason of disability or retirement may be exercised, to the extent exercisable at the Participant's death or termination, by the legal representative of the estate or Participant as the case may be, at any time within a period of one (1) year from the date of such death or termination;

(ii)

on termination of employment or consultancy by involuntary termination without cause or for good reason may be exercised, by the Participant at any time within a period of ninety (90) days from the date of such termination; or

(iii)

on termination of employment or consultancy by voluntary termination but without good reason and occurs prior to, or more than ninety (90) days after, the occurrence of an event which would be grounds for termination by the Company for cause, any Stock Option held by such Participant may be exercised, to the extent exercisable at termination, by the Participant at any time within a period of thirty (30) days from the date of such termination,

but in no event beyond the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option.

Amendments to the Plan

The Board may at any time amend, in whole or in part, any or all of the provisions of the Plan, or suspend or terminate the Plan entirely. Provided, however, that, unless otherwise required by law or specifically provided in the Plan, the rights of a Participant with respect to Awards granted prior to such amendment, suspension or termination, may not be impaired without the consent of such Participant and, provided further, without the approval of the stockholders of the Company, if and to the extent required by the applicable provisions of Rule 16b-3 of the 1934 Act or, if and to the extent required, under the applicable provisions of the Code, no amendment may be made which would, among other things: increase the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued under the Plan; change the classification of Participants eligible to receive Awards under the Plan; decrease the minimum option price of any Stock Option; extend the maximum option period; change any rights under the Plan with regard to non-employee directors; or require stockholder approval in order for the Plan to continue to comply with the applicable provisions.

E. Sale of Unregistered Securities

We have issued shares of our common stock for services rendered and to acquire mineral rights. We relied on the exemptive provisions of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. We have also offered shares pursuant to the exemptive provisions of Regulation S.

Item 6.**SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL DATA**

The following consolidated financial data has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with our audited interim financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005.

	Year	
	Ended June 30,	Year Ended
	2007	June 30,
	<i>(Audited)</i>	2006
		<i>(Audited)</i>
Revenue	\$ 2,631	\$ -0-
Expenses	\$ 2,037,562	\$ 196,999
Cash	\$ 25,183	\$ -0-
Total Assets	\$ 2,521,026	\$ 334
Current Liabilities	\$ 231,409	\$ 9,586
Total Liabilities	\$ 231,409	\$ 9,586
Working Capital (Deficit)	\$ (124,325)	\$ (9,252)
Accumulated Deficit	\$ (2,310,963)	\$ (271,632)

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The statements contained in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Forward-looking statements are made based upon management's current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects upon the Company. There

can be no assurance that future developments affecting the Company will be those anticipated by management. Actual results may differ materially from those included in the forward-looking statements.

Readers are also directed to other risks and uncertainties discussed in other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Introduction

We are an exploratory stage mining company, that is, we have option agreements on mining claims on certain properties but no proven reserves. We are an exploratory stage mining company, that is, we have option agreement on claims to numerous mining concessions in Mexico and Nevada. We have not proven that they contain precious metals having commercial value. Both internally and using independent laboratories, we have conducted numerous tests on the surface assays and core samples from drilling.

Comparison of our operating results between 2007 and 2006 is difficult as we had not yet undertaken our new business venture.

Results Of Operations For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007 as compared to June 30, 2006

Revenues

We are an exploratory mining company with no revenues from operations to date. All of our revenues to date represent interest income which we have earned as a result of our cash holdings. Our cash holdings were generated from the sale of our securities. Interest income for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$2,631. We had no interest income in the prior year. All funds generated from the sale of our securities are deposited in an interest bearing account subject to transfer to our operating account to meet ongoing expenses.

Operating Expenses

We incurred expenses totaling \$2,037,562 as compared to \$196,999 during the prior year. The significant increase in expenses is a result of the implementation of our exploratory drilling program. Exploration expenses totaled \$1,116,537, fees for geologists were \$234,876 and advertising and promotion expenses totaled \$54,799. Similar expenses were not incurred in our prior fiscal year as we had not yet commenced our mineral exploration program.

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Consulting fees increased to \$90,398 from \$50,166 and professional fees increased to \$250,112 from \$21,551. The only expense item which declined was compensation, declining from \$120,000 to \$75,000 as we decided to rely more on third party contractors.

We incurred a net loss for the year of \$2,034,931 as compared to \$59,587 in our prior year. We had a basic and diluted net loss per share of \$0.047 as compared to \$0.001.

We issued a total 668,000 shares of our Common Stock for services rendered and 1,455,000 shares of our Common Stock for the acquisition of mineral properties. The value of the Common Stock was determined based upon the closing bid price of our Common Stock on the date of grant.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Assets and Liabilities

At June 30, 2007 we had cash totaling \$25,183 and prepaid expenses of \$81,793. Total current assets were \$107,084.

We have recorded our mineral properties at \$2,406,650 which represents our acquisition of the Minera Jeronimp S.A. de C.V. for 1,455,000. The shares were valued at \$1.63 per share.

We have current liabilities totaling \$231,409, a working capital deficit of \$124,325 and an accumulated deficit of \$2,310,963. Subsequent to our year end, we repaid this demand note obligation by issuing the holder thereof 327,272 shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$0.55 per share.

To date, the operations of the Company have been primarily funded by the sale of common stock. Our continued operations will be dependent upon our ability to secure either additional equity or debt financing, of which there can be no assurance. We do not expect to generate revenues from mining activities in the foreseeable future.

The Company had negligible assets in 2006. This reflects the decision to terminate its prior business activities.

Plan of Operation For Fiscal Year 2008

The Company intends to concentrate its drill program on the Bailey Hills project in Nevada and currently has determined several drill targets. We have commenced drilling on the North side of Bailey Hills using Layne Drilling as our contractor. To the extent that we can secure additional financing, we will actively seek out other opportunities for quality projects with a view to establishing resource rich projects. The geography of focus will be the United States and Mexico.

We have signed an option agreement for a copper and molybdenum property in Arizona and are currently conducting due diligence thereon including review of the feasibility report previously prepared.

We are currently evaluating several gold and silver projects in the United States and Mexico and will develop a program for due diligence in the first quarter with drilling thereafter.

Critical Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Release No. 60, which was released by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), encourages all companies to include a discussion of critical accounting policies or methods used in the preparation of financial statements. The Company's consolidated financial statements include a summary of the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Management believes the following critical accounting policies affect the significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of Estimates - Management's discussion and analysis or plan of operation is based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates these estimates, including those related to allowances for doubtful accounts receivable and long-lived assets. Management bases these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We review the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment at least annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets is measured by comparison of its carrying amount to the undiscounted cash flows that the asset or asset group is expected to generate. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the property, if any, exceeds its fair market value.

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual method of accounting and according to the provision of Statement of Financial Accounting No. 7 (SFAS 7), Accounting and Reporting for Development Stage Enterprises, as if it were devoting substantially all of its efforts to acquiring and exploring mineral properties. It is industry practice that mining companies in the development stage are classified under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as exploration stage companies. Until such properties are acquired and developed, the Company will continue to prepare its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with entities in the exploration or development stage.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment, under the modified prospective method. SFAS No. 123(R) eliminates accounting for share-based compensation transactions using the

intrinsic value method prescribed under APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and requires instead that such transactions be accounted for using a fair-value-based method. Under the modified prospective method, we are required to recognize compensation cost for share-based payments to employees based on their grant-date fair value from the beginning of the fiscal period in which the recognition provisions are first applied. For periods prior to adoption, the financial statements are unchanged, and the pro forma disclosures previously required by SFAS No. 123, as amended by SFAS No. 148, will continue to be required under SFAS No. 123(R) to the extent those amounts differ from those in the Statement of Operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements. We do not anticipate entering into any off-balance sheet arrangements during the next 12 months.

Item 7a. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure.

Our major commodity price risk exposure relates to the then current market value of any silver or gold reserves which we choose to exploit. A dramatic drop in the price of gold or silver would make commercial exploitation of any of our properties less likely than if prices remained at their current level.

We are also subject to currency fluctuations between the United States, Mexico and Canada. We do not plan on entering into any hedging transactions. Rather, management will continue to evaluate the market risks and address these issues should they become material to the Company's ongoing operations.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Our financial statements have been examined to the extent indicated in their reports by HLB Cinnamon Jang Willoughby & Company and have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and pursuant to Regulation S-B as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and are included herein, on Page F-1 hereof in response to Part F/S of this Form 10-KSB.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Effective February 12, 2007 we engaged the services of HLB Cinnamon Jang Willoughby LLP as our new certifying accountant and we discharged Amisano Hanson LLP on February 11, 2007. The decision to terminate Amisano Hanson LLP was made by our entire Board of Directors.

Amisano Hanson LLP's audit for the year ended June 30, 2006 did not contain an adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion, nor was such report qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles.

During their tenure as auditors, there were no disagreements with the former accountants on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreement(s), if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant would have caused it to make reference to the subject matter through the date of such resignation, declination or dismissal.

A report on Form 8-k was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission regarding this matter was filed on February 20, 2007.

Item 9A . Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(c) under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Christopher Crupi. Based upon that evaluation, we have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by Paramount in reports that it files under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over our financial reporting. A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

There are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system of internal control, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of controls. Accordingly, even effective internal controls can provide only

reasonable assurances with respect to financial statement preparation. Further, because of changes in conditions, the effectiveness of internal control may vary over time.

Changes in Internal Controls

None.

Item 9b. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The following information sets forth the names of our officers and directors, their present positions, and some brief information about their background.

Name

Age

Position(s)

Christopher Crupi

38

Director/CEO/Pres

Charles William Reed

65

Director and Vice President

Lucie Letellier

46

Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

Christopher Crupi

Mr. Crupi is a chartered accountant. He serves as our President, Chief Executive Officer and Director. Mr. Crupi oversees the administrative and operations activities of the Company. He does not devote his full time to our Company as he also serves as the chief executive officer of Paramount Gold and Silver Corp., a public company listed on the American Stock Exchange with mining interests in Mexico and South America. From 2000 to 2004, Mr. Crupi was a Vice President of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP. In addition to his duties at Paramount, Mr. Crupi is also President and Chief Financial Officer of AmMex Gold and Silver Corp., a publicly traded mining exploration company with property interests in both the United States and Mexico. Mr. Crupi received his Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Ottawa in 1992. Mr. Crupi received his Chartered Accountant designation in 1995.

Charles William Reed

Mr. Reed serves as our Vice President and Director. Mr. Reed is our manager of exploration in Mexico. Mr. Reed does not devote his full time to our Company as he serves in similar roles with Paramount Gold and Silver Corp. where he currently devotes a majority of his time. Mr. Reed has significant mining experience in Mexico, as he was formerly Chief Geologist - Mexico for Minera Hecla S. A. de C. V. (Hecla), a subsidiary of Hecla Mining (NYSE:HL) from 1998 to 2004, and Regional Geologist, Mexico and Central America for Echo Bay Exploration from 1993 to 1998. While at Hecla, Mr. Reed supervised detailed exploration at the Noche Buena project, Sonora, and the San Sebastian silver and gold mine, Durango. He also discovered and drilled the Don Sergio vein that was later put into production. Mr. Reed received his Bachelor of Science Degree, Mineralogy, from the University of Utah in 1969 and is a Registered Professional Geologist in the State of Utah. He also completed an Intensive Spanish Program at Institute De Lengua Espanola, San Jose, Costa Rica in 1969.

Lucie Letellier

Subsequent to year end Lucie Letellier was appointed Chief Financial Officer by the board of directors. Prior to her appointment as our new Chief Financial Officer, since July 2006, Ms. Letellier served as our controller, in charge of day to day accounting operations with respect to the Company's mining exploration operations. She has been responsible for the proper maintenance of our joint venture accounting and consolidation accounting with respect to our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Ms. Letellier prepares and delivers quarterly and annual financial statements in accordance with US GAAP for review or audit.

Ms. Letellier also currently serves as the Chief Financial Officer for Paramount Gold and Silver Corp. and is responsible for its accounting and financial functions. From 1990 to 2005, Ms. Letellier was Senior Accountant in the Office of Marc S. Chabot, Chartered Accountant.

Committees of the Board of Directors

We presently do not have an audit committee, compensation committee, nominating committee, an executive committee of our board of directors, stock plan committee or any other committees.

Compensation of Directors

Our directors do not receive cash compensation for their services as directors or members of committees of the board, but are reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in attending board or committee meetings.

Terms of Office

There are no family relationships among our directors and/or officers. Our directors are appointed for one-year terms to hold office until the next annual general meeting of the holders of our Common Stock or until removed from office in accordance with our by-laws. Our officers are appointed by our board of directors and hold office until removed by our board of directors.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

Except as indicated in this Annual Report, no event listed in Sub-paragraphs (1) through(4) of Subparagraph (d) of Item 401 of Regulation S-B, has occurred with respect to any of our present executive officers or directors or any nominee for director during the past five years which is material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of such director or officer.

Code of Ethics

The Company has recently adopted a Code of Ethics that meets the requirements of Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. We will provide to any person without charge, upon request, a copy of such Code of Ethics. Persons wishing to make such a request should contact Christopher Crupi, our chief executive officer at our corporate headquarters located at 346 Waverley Street, Ottawa, Ontario K2P1B8. .

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For companies registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent shareholders are required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of

all Section 16(a) forms they file. To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial owners were complied with on a timely basis for the period which this report relates.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The following table discloses compensation paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 to (i) the Company's Chief Executive Officer, and (ii) individual(s) who were the only executive officers, other than the Chief Executive Officer, serving as executive officers at the end of fiscal year whose total salary and bonus exceeded \$100,000 (the "Named Executive Officers"). No restricted stock awards, long-term incentive plan payouts or other types of compensation, other than the compensation identified in the chart below, were paid to these executive officers during these fiscal years.

(a) Name and Principal Position	(b) Year	Annual Compensation			Long Term Compensation			(i) All Other Compensation (\$)
		(c) Salary (\$)	(d) Bonus (\$)	(e) Other Annual Compensation (\$)	(f) Awards Restricted Stock Awards(s) (\$)	(g) Payouts Securities Underlying Options/ SARs (#)	(h) Payouts LTIP Payouts (\$)	

Christopher Crupi

President/Director

2005

-0-

-0-

-0-

2006

- 0-

-0-

-0-

2007

75,000(1)

(2)

Bill Reed

Vice president/director

2005

-0-

-0-

-0-

2006

-0-

-0-

-0-

2007 \$13,800(3)

(4)

(1)

Mr. Crupi is to receive an annual salary of \$75,000. No cash compensation was paid to Mr. Crupi. Rather, Mr. Crupi was issued 183,000 shares of our common stock as stock based compensation.

(2)

Mr. Crupi was issued 3,000,000 shares of restricted common stock on June 30, 2006 as incentive to create shareholder value. Pursuant to an employment agreement effective June 30, 2006 Mr. Crupi is to receive an annual salary of \$75,000 to act as CEO of the Company. Subsequent to year end 500,000 shares and options were issued to Mr. Crupi to sit as a director and as an incentive to build shareholder value.

(3)

We reimburse Mr. Reed for expenses and pay a nominal per diem in connection with the services he has provided as a geologist

(4)

No share based compensation was issued to Mr. Reed during our fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. However, subsequent to our year end, he has been issued a total of 500,000 shares and options were issued to Mr. Reed to sit as a director.

Directors Compensation

Our directors are reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in connection with attendance at meetings of the Board and of Committees of the Board. They receive share based compensation as noted above. Accordingly, it may be necessary for us to compensate newly appointed directors in order to attract a quality governance team. At this time the Company has not identified any specific individuals or candidates nor has it entered into any negotiations or activities in this regard.

Stock Options Granted/Exercised in Last Year

No stock options have been exercised.

In connection with our 2007/08 stock incentive and compensation plan, we have issued a total of 1,000,000 stock options (500,000 each to Mr. Crupi and Mr. Reed) at an exercise price of \$.40 per share.

Employment Agreements

Pursuant to an employment agreement effective June 30, 2006 Mr. Crupi is to receive an annual salary of \$75,000 to act as President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

Mr. Reed is to receive a per diem fee \$300 as a professional geologist when working on a company project.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

The following table sets forth certain information as of August 31, 2007 with respect to the beneficial ownership of the Company's Common Stock by: (i) all persons known by the Company to be beneficial owners of more than 5%

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of the Company's Common Stock, (ii) each director and Named Executive Officer, and (iii) by all executive officers and directors as a group.

Name

No. of Shares of Common Stock (1)

Percent of Class

Christopher Crupi

4,228,455(1)(2)

9.0%

Charles Reed

2,209,545(2)

4.7%

(1) Includes 3,728,455 shares of common stock and 500,000 stock options which are exercisable at a price of \$.40 per share.

(2) Includes 1,709,545 shares of common stock and 500,000 stock options which are exercisable at a price of \$.40 per shae

(3) Under Rule 13d-3, a beneficial owner of a security includes any person who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise has or shares: (i) voting power, which includes the power to vote, or to direct the voting of shares; and (ii) investment power, which includes the power to dispose or direct the disposition of shares. Certain shares may be deemed to be beneficially owned by more than one person (if, for example, persons share the power to vote or the power to dispose of the shares). In addition, shares are deemed to be beneficially owned by a person if the person has the right to acquire the shares (for example, upon exercise of an option) within 60 days of the date as of which the information is provided. In computing the percentage ownership of any person, the amount of shares outstanding is deemed to include the amount of shares beneficially owned by such person (and only such person) by reason of these acquisition rights. As a result, the percentage of outstanding shares of any person as shown in this table does not necessarily reflect the person's actual

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ownership or voting power with respect to the number of shares of common stock actually outstanding on September 15, 2007. As of September 15, 2007, there were 45,739,203 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding. The table above assumes the exercise of outstanding options which would result in 46,739,203 issued and outstanding shares of our common stock.

Subsequent to year end Ms. Letellier was granted 250,000 shares to sit as an officer of the Company.

Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
(a)	(b)	(c)

Securities Available for

Issuance under a plan

(2007/08).

1,000,000(1)

\$.40

4,700,000

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Except as described below, none of the following persons has any direct or indirect material interest in any transaction to which we are a party during the past two years, or in any proposed transaction to which the Company is proposed to

be a party:

(A) any director or officer;

(B) any proposed nominee for election as a director;

(C) any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to our common stock; or

(D) any relative or spouse of any of the foregoing persons, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same house as such person or who is a director or officer of any parent or subsidiary.

Christopher Crupi is a director and officer of the corporation and is also a director of another corporation which holds a premises lease agreement with the corporation.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

AUDIT FEES. The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered was \$15,000 and \$10,000 for the audit of our annual financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and \$ 4,033 and \$ 6,880 for the reviews of the financial statements included in our Forms 10-QSB for the fiscal years ended 2007 and 2006 respectively.

AUDIT-RELATED FEES. The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services by the principal accountant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and not reported under the caption "Audit Fee."

TAX FEES. No fees were billed in each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning services.

ALL OTHER FEES. Other than the services described above, there were no other services provided by our principal accountants for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

We do not have an audit committee. Therefore, our entire Board of Directors (the "Board") serves in the capacity of the audit committee. In discharging its oversight responsibility as to the audit process, our Board obtained from the

independent auditors a formal written statement describing all relationships between the auditors and us that might bear on the auditors' independence as required by Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1, "Independence

Our Board discussed with the auditors any relationships that may impact their objectivity and independence, including fees for non-audit services, and satisfied itself as to the auditors' independence. The Board also discussed with management and the independent auditors the quality and adequacy of its internal controls. The Board reviewed with the independent auditors their management letter on internal controls.

Our Board discussed and reviewed with the independent auditors all matters required to be discussed by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, including those described in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended, "Communication with Audit Committees". Our entire Board, acting in the capacity of the audit committee reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 with the independent auditors. Management has the responsibility for the preparation of the Company's financial statements and the independent auditors have the responsibility for the examination of those statements. Based on the above-mentioned review and discussions with the independent auditors our Board of Directors approved the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and recommended that they be included in its Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2007, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

a.

The following report and financial statements are filed together with this Annual Report.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006
AND CUMULATIVE SINCE INCEPTION.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND JUNE 30,
2006 AND CUMULATIVE SINCE INCEPTION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIENCY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(b)

Index to Exhibits

23.1 Consent

31.1

Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

31.2

Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32 .1

Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32 .2

Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMMEX GOLD MINING CORP.

Date: September 28, 2007

By: /s/ Christopher Crupi

Christopher Crupi

CEO and Director

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Christopher Crupi

Date: September 28, 2007

Christopher Crupi

CEO/ Director

By: /s/ Charles Reed

Date: September 28, 2007

Charles Reed

Vice President/Director

AmMex Gold Mining Corp.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

Consolidated Financial Statements

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

MANAGEMENT S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the shareholders of AmMex Gold Mining Corp. (An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

The consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto are the responsibility of the management of AmMex Gold Mining Corp. (An Exploration Stage Mining Company). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

Management has developed and maintained a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and to facilitate the preparation of relevant, reliable and timely financial information.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control.

Christopher Crupi

Christopher Crupi, CA

President and Chief Financial Officer.

AmMex Gold Mining Corp.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006

(Expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

June 30,

June 30,

2007

2006

Assets

Current Assets:

Cash	\$	25,183	\$	-
Prepaid Expenses		81,793		-
Accounts Receivable		108		-
Current Assets of Discontinued Operations		-		334
		107,084		334

Fixed Assets: (Note 7)

Mineral Properties: (Note 9)

		7,292		-
		2,406,650		-
	\$	2,521,026	\$	334

Liabilities and Shareholders Equity

Liabilities

Current Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$	51,409	\$	9,586
Demand Note (Note 6)		180,000		-
Total Liabilities:		231,409		9,586

Capital Stock:

Common stock, \$0.001 par value		42,902		102,083
Additional Paid-in capital (Notes 3, 5 and 8)		4,557,678		164,697
Deficit accumulated during the Development Stage		(2,306,563)		(271,632)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(4,400)		(4,400)
		2,289,617		(9,252)
	\$	2,521,026	\$	334

Going concern (Note 1) Commitments (Note 10) and Subsequent Events (Note 12)

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors:

Christopher Crupi

Charles William Reed

Director

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

AmMex Gold Mining Corp.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

Consolidated Statement of Operations**For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006**

(Expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2007	For the Year Ended June 30, 2006	Cumulative Since Inception March 29, 2005 to June 30, 2007
Revenue			
Interest Income	\$ 2,631	\$ -	\$ 2,631
Expenses:			
Exploration Expenses	1,116,537	-	1,116,537
Geologists	234,876	-	234,876
Advertising and Promotion	54,799	-	54,799
Consulting Fees	90,398	50,166	259,711
Corporate Communications	120,978	-	120,978
Employment Compensation	75,000	120,000	195,000
Insurance	41,641	-	41,641
Amortization	810	-	810
Office and Miscellaneous	29,908	5,282	40,330
Professional Fees	250,112	21,551	329,338
Rent	10,786	-	10,786
Travel and Lodging	8,623	-	8,623
Interest and Service charges	3,094	-	3,125
Total Operating Expenses	2,037,562	196,999	2,416,554
Loss for the year before other item and discontinued operations	2,034,931	196,999	2,413,923
Other item:			
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	102,960	102,960
Loss from continuing operations	2,034,931	94,039	2,310,963
Discontinued operations- Schedule 1	-	34,452	-
Net loss for the year	2,034,931	59,587	2,310,963

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Other comprehensive loss:

Foreign currency translation	-	2,092	-
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ 2,034,931	\$ 61,679	\$ 2,310,963
Loss per Share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.00	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	42,902,840	106,379,776	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

AmMex Gold Mining Corp.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006**

(Expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Year Ended June 30, 2007	Year Ended June 30, 2006	November 20, 2002 (Date of Inception) to June 30, 2007
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Net Loss for the year	\$ (2,034,931)	\$ (59,587)	\$ (2,280,963)
Add (deduct) non-cash items:			
Consulting fees Note 5(b)	322,558	40,000	445,000
Management fees	75,000	120,000	195,000
Write-off of accounts receivable	333	-	333
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-	(675)
Depreciation	810	-	810
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	(137,412)	(137,412)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Accounts receivable	(108)	(334)	(108)
Prepaid expenses	(17,201)	-	(17,201)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	41,824	1,286	21,309
	(1,611,715)	(36,047)	(1,773,907)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of equipment	(8,102)	-	(8,102)
Acquisition of mineral properties	(35,000)	-	(35,000)
	(43,102)	-	(43,102)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Capital stock issued	1,500,000	-	1,524,780
Demand note	180,000	-	180,000
Advances from related parties	-	31,960	137,412
	1,680,000	31,960	1,842,192

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Effect of Foreign Currency Translation	-	(2,092)	-
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period	25,183	(6,179)	25,183
Cash, beginning of the period	-	6,179	-
Cash, end of the period	\$ 25,183	\$ -	\$ 25,183

Supplemental information regarding cash flows (Note 5)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

AMMEX GOLD MINING CORP.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIENCY

for the period November 20, 2002 (Date of Inception) to June 30, 2007

(Stated in US Dollars)

	Common Shares		Additional	Deficit	Accumulated	Total
	Number	Amount	Paid-in	Accumulated	Other	Stockholders
			Capital and	During the	Comprehensive	Deficiency
			Warrants	Pre-exploration	Loss	
				Stage		
Issued for services on November 23, 2002	57,600,000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
at \$0.0002 per share			57,600	(45,600)	-	12,000
Issued for cash	48,600,000	48,600	(28,350)	-	-	20,250
at \$0.0004 per share						
Foreign currency - translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(374)	(374)
Net loss for the period ended June 30, 2003	=	=	=	<u>(47,677)</u>	=	<u>(47,677)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2003	106,200,000	106,200	(73,950)	(47,677)	(374)	(15,801)
Issued for cash	181,200	181	4,349	-	-	4,530
at \$0.025 per share						
Contributed services	-	-	40,000	-	-	40,000
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(229)	(229)
Net loss for the year ended June 30, 2004	=	=	=	<u>(80,605)</u>	=	<u>(80,605)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2004	106,381,200	106,381	(29,601)	(128,282)	(603)	(52,105)
Contributed services	-	-	30,000	-	-	30,000
Note 4						

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Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(1,705)	(1,705)
Net loss for the year ended June 30, 2005	=	=	=	<u>(83,763)</u>	=	<u>(83,763)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2005	106,381,200	106,381	399	(212,045)	(2,308)	(107,573)

/cont d

AMMEX GOLD MINING CORP.

Continued

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIENCY

for the period November 20, 2002 (Date of Inception) to June 30, 2007

(Stated in US Dollars)

	Common Shares			Deficit	Accumulated	Accumulated	Total
	Number	Amount	Additional	During the	_Other	Comprehensive	Stockholders
			Paid-in	Pre-exploration	Loss	Loss	Deficiency
			Capital	Stage			
Issued for services Notes 5 and 8	3,000,000	3,000	117,000	-	-	-	120,000
Shares returned to treasury Note 8	(7,297,360)	(7,298)	7,298	-	-	-	-
Contributed services Note 5	-	-	40,000	-	-	-	40,000
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(2,092)	(2,092)
Net loss for the year ended June 30, 2006	-	-	-	(59,587)	-	-	(59,587)
Balance June 30, 2006	102,083,840	102,083	164,697	(271,632)	(4,400)	-	(9,252)
Capital issued for financing	750,000	750	1,499,250	-	-	-	1,500,000
Capital issued for services	668,000	668	461,482	-	-	-	462,150
Capital issued on acquisition of Minera Jeronimo	1,455,000	1,455	2,370,195	-	-	-	2,371,650

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Cancellation of shares	(62,054,000)	(62,054)	62,054	-	-	-
Net Loss	-	-	-	(2,034,931)	-	(2,034,931)
Balance June 30, 2007	42,902,840	\$ 42,902	\$ 4,557,678	\$ (2,306,563)	\$ (4,400)	\$ 2,289,617

The number of shares issued and outstanding has been restated to give retroactive effect for four forward stock splits, on a six for one basis, a two for one basis, a two for one basis and a two for one basis effective April 29, 2003, March 1, 2006, May 3, 2006 and May 31, 2006, respectively. The par value and additional paid in capital were adjusted in conformity with the number of shares then issued.

AMMEX GOLD MINING CORP.

AMMEX GOLD MINING CORP.

(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS OF OASIS WIRELESS INC.

For the year ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and

For the period from November 20, 2002 (Date of Inception) to June 30, 2007

(Stated in US Dollars)

(Audited)

Schedule 1

	Year-Ended		November 20, 2002 (Date of Inception) to June 30, <u>2007</u>
	June 30 <u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	
Revenue			
Contract income	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u>1,027</u>
Expenses			
Amortization	-	-	1,250
Consulting fees	-	-	23,577
Office and miscellaneous	-	<u> -</u>	<u>9,642</u>
	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	<u>(34,469)</u>
Loss before the following	-	-	(33,442)
Loss on disposal of equipment	-	-	(676)
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	34,452	34,452
Write-off of receivables	<u> -</u>	<u> -</u>	<u>(334)</u>

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Net Income for the period	-	34,452	-
Other comprehensive loss foreign exchange	<u> -</u>	<u> (2,092)</u>	<u> -</u>
Comprehensive loss for the period	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 32,360</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Note 1 Basis of Presentation and Going Concern

a)

Basis of Presentation

The Company, incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada, is a natural resource company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of silver, gold and precious metal properties. The consolidated financial statements of AmMex Gold Mining Corp. include the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiary Minera Jeronimo S.A. de C.V. In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position at June 30, 2007 and the consolidated results of operations and consolidated statements of cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2007.

b)

Going Concern

These financial statements have been prepared with the on-going assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, certain conditions noted below currently exist which raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The operations of the Company have primarily been funded by the sale of common stock. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on the Company's ability to complete additional equity financings or generate profitable operations in the future. Management's plan in this regard is to secure additional funds through future equity financings. Such financings may not be available on reasonable terms.

June 30, 2007

Deficit accumulated during the exploration stage	\$2,306,563
Working capital deficiency	124,325

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The significant accounting policies followed by the Company are as follows:

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following disclosure of the estimated fair value of financial instruments is made in accordance with the requirements of SFAS No. 107 Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. The fair value of financial instruments classified as current assets including cash approximate carrying value due to the short-term maturity of the instruments.

Fixed Assets

-

Fixed Assets are capitalized at cost. Amortization is recorded on a declining balance basis at a rate between 20% and 30% per annum.

Mineral Properties

The Company has been in the exploration stage since its inception on November 20, 2002, and has not yet realized any revenues from its planned operations. It is primarily engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mining properties. The Company expenses all costs related to the maintenance and exploration of mineral claims in which it has secured exploration rights prior to establishment of proven and probable reserves. To date, the Company has not established the commercial feasibility of its exploration prospects; therefore, all exploration costs are being expensed. Mineral property acquisition costs are initially capitalized when incurred using the guidance in EITF 04-02,

Whether Mineral Rights Are Tangible or Intangible Assets. The Company assesses the carrying cost for impairment under SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets* at each fiscal quarter end.

When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves, the costs then incurred to develop such property are capitalized. Such costs will be amortized using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the probable reserve. If mineral properties are subsequently abandoned or impaired, any capitalized costs will be charged to operations.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Taxes

Potential benefits of income tax losses are not recognized in the accounts until realization is more likely than not. The company has adopted SFAS No. 109 as of its inception. Pursuant to SFAS No. 109 the company is required to compute tax asset benefits for net operating losses carried forward. Potential benefits of net operating losses have not been recognized in these financial statements because the company cannot be assured it is more likely than not it will utilize the net operating losses carried forward in future years; and accordingly is offset by a valuation allowance.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional currency is the U.S. dollar. Translation gains and losses that arise from exchange rates fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the results of operations as incurred. Transactions in foreign currency are translated into U.S dollars as follows:

- Monetary items at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date;

- Non-monetary items at the historical exchange rate;

- Revenue and expenses that are monetary items are valued at the average rate in effect during the applicable accounting period.

Comprehensive Income

SFAS No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in the financial statements. As at June 30, 2007, the Company's only component of comprehensive income was foreign currency translation adjustments.

Asset Retirement Obligation

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143 (SFAS 143), Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations , which requires that an asset retirement obligation (ARO) associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset be recognized as a liability in the period in which it is incurred and becomes determinable, with an offsetting increase in the carrying amount of the associated asset. The cost of the tangible asset, including the initially recognized ARO, is depleted, such that the cost of the ARO is recognized over the useful life of the asset. The

ARO is recorded at fair value, and accretion expense is recognizable over time as the discounted liability is accreted to its expected settlement value. The fair value of the ARO is measured using expected future cash flow, discounted at the Company's credit-adjusted-risk-free interest rate. To date, no material asset retirement obligation exists due to the early stage of the Company's mineral exploration. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Environmental Protection and Reclamation Costs

The operations of the Company have been, and may in the future be affected from time to time in varying degrees by changes in environmental regulations, including those for future removal and site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company may vary from region to region and are not predictable.

Environmental expenditures that relate to ongoing environmental and reclamation programs are charged against statements of operations as incurred or capitalized and amortized depending upon their future economic benefits. The Company does not anticipate any material capital expenditures for environmental control facilities.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Share

The Company computes net income (loss) per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share . SFAS No. 128 requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders (numerator) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (denominator) during the period. Diluted EPS give effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. In computing Diluted EPS, the average stock price for the period is used in determining the number of shares assumed to be purchased from the exercise of stock options or warrants. Diluted EPS excludes all dilutive potential shares if their effect is anti dilutive.

Note 3 Business Combination

By a conditional sale purchase contract dated July 25, 2006, the Company acquired 100% of Minera Jeronimo S.A. de C.V. (Jeronimo), a Mexican corporation, by the issuance of 1,455,000 restricted common shares at \$1.63 per share for a total consideration of \$2,371,650. Jeronimo has the option to acquire a 65% interest in six mining concessions located in NW Sonora, Mexico, subject to \$400,000 in exploration work commitments. The acquisition was accounted for by the purchase method, however, there were no identifiable assets acquired other than the rights to six mining concessions in Mexico.

Note 4 Related Party Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2007, directors received payments on account of professional fees and reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$ 30,374 (2006: \$162,666). Included in prepaid expenses is the unearned portion of the services for shares of \$3,091 issued to an officer of the Company. The expense related to the issuance of these shares recognized in 2007 was \$87,909.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, 183,000 common shares were issued to a shareholder for services. The shares issued to the directors were valued at fair market value on the dates of issuance for total value of \$75,000.

By a lease agreement dated July 6, 2006, with a company having a director in common with a director of the Company, the Company agreed to lease office premises for three years commencing August 1, 2006. Rent expense for the year related to this lease was \$10,786.

The Company acquired the shares of its wholly owned subsidiary, Jeronimo, from a group of individuals of which a Director of the Company, was a significant owner of the property. The transaction was recorded at the exchange amount, which was the amount agreed to between the parties.

Note 5 Supplemental Information Regarding Cash Flows

There were no interest or income taxes paid during 2007 or 2006.

Non-cash Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the company entered into certain non-cash operating activities as follows:

a)

During the year ended June 30, 2007 the company acquired Minera Jeronimo S.A. de C.V. for 1,455,000 common shares at \$1.63 per share for consideration of \$2,371,650.

b)

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 668,000 common shares valued at \$462,150 for services. At June 30, 2007, \$397,559 has been charged to expenses and \$64,591 has been included in prepaid expenses.

Note 6 Demand Note

The note is non-interest bearing and payable on demand. Prior to repayment the holder has the right to convert the note into common shares of the company at a rate one common share for every \$0.55 of principal outstanding. The note was converted to common shares of the company subsequent to the year end.

Note 7 Fixed Assets

Cost	Additions	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value at June 30, 2007	Net Book Value at June 30, 2006
Opening Balance	During the year	During the year		
\$ _____ -	\$ <u>8,102</u>	\$ <u>810</u>	\$ <u>7,292</u>	\$ _____ -

Note 8 Share Capital

Total authorized share capital of the Company is as follows:

200,000,000 Common shares with a par value of \$0.001

a)

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 668,000 common shares valued at \$462,150 for services. At June 30, 2007, \$397,559 has been charged to expenses and \$64,591 has been included in prepaid expenses.

b)

During the year ended June 30, 2007 the company acquired Minera Jeronimo S.A. de C.V. from a related party for 1,455,000 common shares at \$1.63 per share for consideration of \$2,371,650.

c)

On July 28, 2006, the Company entered into a private placement share subscription agreement for the issuance of 750,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$2.00 per share and 750,000 share purchase warrants. The warrants are

exercisable into one common share for each warrant held at \$3.50 per warrant until January 31, 2007.

d)

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company cancelled and returned to treasury 57,600,000 restricted common shares held by a former director of the Company and 4,454,000 common shares held by a shareholder of the Company, all for no consideration.

Note 9 Mineral Properties

The Company has three properties located within Nevada and Mexico. The Company has capitalized acquisition costs on these mineral properties as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Austin, Nevada	\$ 10,000	\$ -
Elko, Nevada	25,000	-
Jeronimo, Mexico	<u>2,371,650</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 2,406,650</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

a)

Austin, Nevada

By a Letter of Intent dated July 12, 2006, the Company has the right to earn a 100% interest in 29 unpatented mining claims situated near Austin, Nevada in consideration for minimum advance royalty payments totaling \$145,141 over a six year period and \$35,000 every year thereafter as follows:

- \$10,141 upon signing of agreement (paid);
- \$10,000 by July 12, 2007;
- \$15,000 by July 12, 2008;
- \$20,000 by July 12, 2009;
- \$25,000 by July 12, 2010;
- \$30,000 by July 12, 2011;
- \$35,000 by July 12, 2012 and on each anniversary date thereafter.

In addition, an annual work commitment of \$25,000 per year commencing from July 12, 2007 and costs to keep the property in good standing are required. In addition, the property vendor is entitled to a 2% net smelter return royalty (NSR) on any production up to a maximum of \$10,000,000. The Company will have the right to purchase 1% of the NSR for \$1,000,000.

The term of the contract is 25 years and renewable for another 25 years. As noted in Note 12 to the financial statements, the company terminated its agreement related to this property.

b)

Jerónimo, México

The Company's subsidiary, Minera Jerónimo S.A. de C.V. has the option to acquire a 65% interest in six mining concessions located in NW Sonora, Mexico, subject to \$400,000 in exploration work commitments.

Note 9 Mineral Properties (continued)

c)

Elko, Nevada (see note 10)

By an option agreement dated August 1, 2006, the Company has the right to earn an 80% interest in 24 unpatented mining claims situated in Elko County, Nevada in consideration for the payment of \$25,000 (paid) and incurring expenditures of \$4,000,000 within a three-year period as follows:

- \$1,000,000 on or before August 1, 2008;
- \$1,500,000 on or before August 1, 2009; and
- \$1,500,000 on or before August 1, 2010.

These expenditures include minimum advance royalties of US\$30,000 per year due on October 20th of each year.

This agreement is subject to a 3% NSR upon commencement of commercial production. The Company has the right to purchase each 1% of the NSR for \$1,000,000.

Note 10 Commitments

By a lease agreement dated July 6, 2006, with a company having a director in common with a director of the Company, the Company agreed to lease office premises for three years commencing August 1, 2006 for the following consideration:

2008	\$	7,832
2009	\$	7,832
2010	\$	7,832

By letter agreements dated July 10, 2006, the Company engaged three consultants to provide investor relations services to the Company in consideration for a total of \$5,000 per month for three months and 150,000 common shares.

Note 11 Income Taxes

No provision for income taxes has been provided for in these financial statements due to the net loss. At June 30, 2007, the Company has net operating losses to carry forward, which expire commencing in 2023 totaling approximately \$1,607,606 (\$ (2006 - \$271,632). The tax effect of the significant components within the Company's future tax asset (liability) at June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	2007		2006	
United States				
Loss carry forwards	\$	390,110	\$	92,355
Property, plant and equipment		275		-
Mexico				
Loss carry forwards		219,557		-
Valuation allowance		(609,942)		(92,355)
Net deferred tax asset	\$	-	\$	-

The income tax expense differs from the amounts computed by applying the statutory tax to pre-tax losses as a result of the following:

	2007		2006	
	United States	Mexico	United States	Mexico
Net operating Loss	\$1,303,074	\$ 731,857	\$ 59,587	\$ -
Statutory Tax Rate	34%	30%	34%	30%
Effective Tax Rate	-	-	-	-
Expected recovery at statutory rates	443,045	219,557	20,260	-
Adjustments to benefits resulting from:				
Depreciation	275	-	-	-
Stock based compensation	(135,184)	-	-	-
(Unrecognized) benefits of non-capital losses	(308,136)	(219,557)	(20,260)	-
Income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Note 12 Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2007 the Company approved the 2007/08 stock incentive and compensation plan and set aside 6,000,000 shares of common stock for that purpose. The plan has been filed under regulation S-8 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Act. Pursuant to the plan 1,000,000 shares were issued to directors, the shares were valued at \$0.40 per share based on the trading value of the stock at the date of issuance.

On August 8, 2007 the Company closed a private placement financing 1,309,091 common shares for total proceeds of \$720,000.

On August 1, 2007 the Company amended its Elko, Nevada agreement dated August 1, 2006. The amendment has been made to the period in which the company must meet its \$4,000,000 expenditures, from a three-year period to a four-year period.

Subsequent to the year end, the Company terminated its agreement related to the Austin, Nevada property.

On August 9, 2007 the Board of Directors approved the repayment of the \$180,000 demand note by issuance of 327,272 common shares of the company at a price of \$0.55 each.

Note 13 Discontinued Operations

By a special resolution of the shareholders of the Company dated December 19, 2006, the Company has dissolved its wholly owned subsidiary Oasis. The only asset of Oasis as at June 30, 2006, was amount receivable totaling \$334 this asset was written-off in the period ended September 30, 2006.

Note 14 Change in Accounting Policy

During the year ended June 30, 2007 the Company changed its accounting policy to capitalize the acquisition costs of mineral properties in conformity with the provisions of in EITF 04-02, Whether Mineral Rights Are Tangible or Intangible Assets . The adoption of this accounting policy had no effect on comparative figures.